



Generation 26 Application Information Session: Serving English Learners

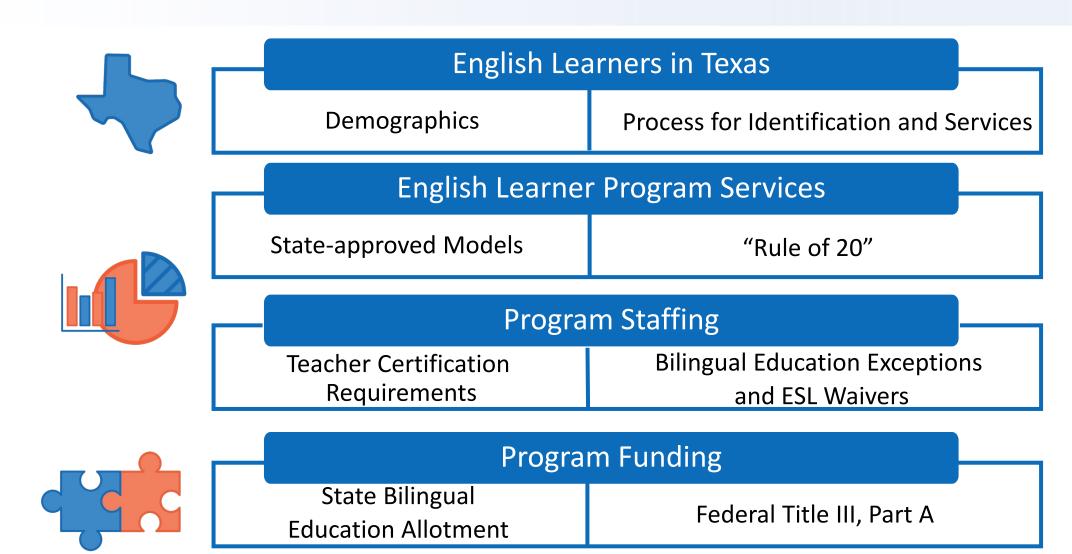
Division of English Learner Support



Charter Applicants will:

- Understand English learner demographics in Texas and identify key steps in the State's process for identifying and serving English learners
- Understand certification requirements and the steps to take if appropriately certified staff is not available
- Differentiate allowable uses of State and Federal funds to support academic success of English learners











English Learners in Texas





| Question | What is the difference between the terms Limited English Proficient, English Language Learner, and English Learner? |
|----------|---|
| | Texas Education Code (TEC) 29.052 refers to students who are in the process of acquiring English and have a primary language other than English as Limited English Proficient (LEP). |
| Answer | Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 89 used the term English Language Learner (ELL) but in recent revisions updated to the term English Learner (EL) in alignment with the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA). |
| | These terms are used interchangeably. |



Identified English Learners in Texas

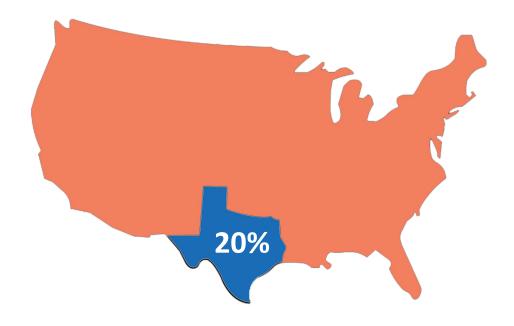
Top 10 States with Highest EL Student Enrollment (2016-17)*NCES

1. California

2. Texas

- 3. New York
- 4. Florida
- 5. New Jersey
 - 6. Illinois
 - 7. Georgia
- 8. Washington
 - 9. Arizona
 - 10. Virginia

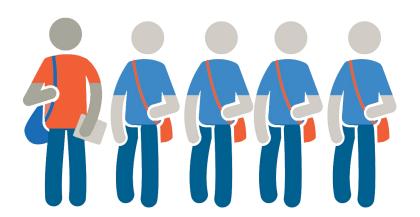
Texas serves just under one in five (20%) of the nation's English learners





Identified English Learners in Texas

In addition to having 1 out of 5 ELs in the country...



20% = EL Population in Texas

1 in 5 students in Texas

There was almost a **4% increase** from the 2017-2018 school year (39,880 identified ELs)





Distribution of English Learners Across Texas

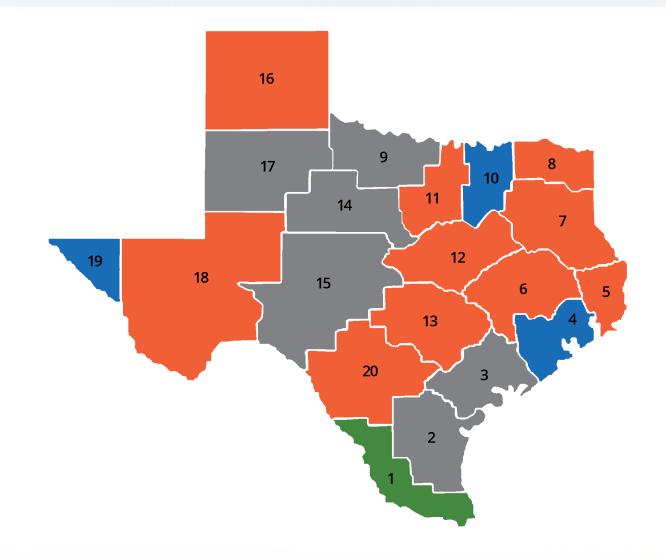
Distribution of EL Population

0 – 9% of Students

10 – 19% of Students

20 – 29% of Students

30 – 39% of Students





TEM Identified English Learners in Texas

For more information about the demographics of English Learners in Texas please click here.





| Question | Are open-enrollment charter schools in Texas required to provide Bilingual or ESL Education? |
|----------|--|
| Answer | Yes. Texas Education Code (TEC) 12.104 states that open-enrollment charter schools are subject to the requirements outlined in Subchapter B, Chapter 29 related to bilingual education. |



Statutory Requirements

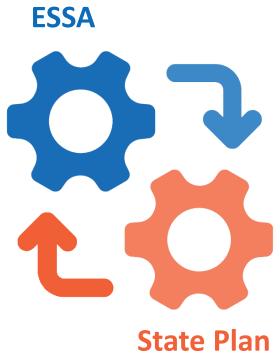




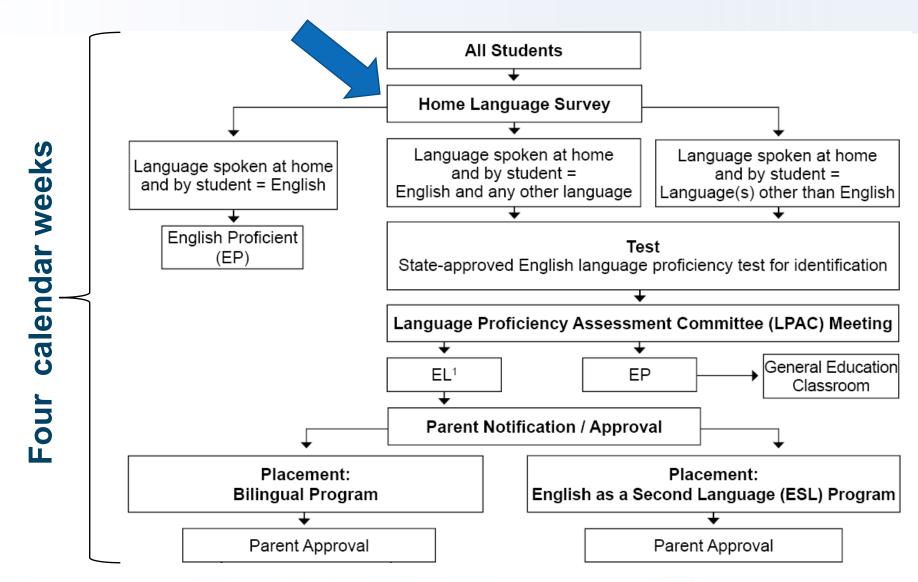
Standardized Statewide Processes

Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) State Plan, Title III, Part A requires that Texas have a standardized, statewide process for:

- English learner identification
- English learner placement in program services
- Monitoring of English acquisition
- Reclassification of English learners as English proficient
- Post-reclassification monitoring





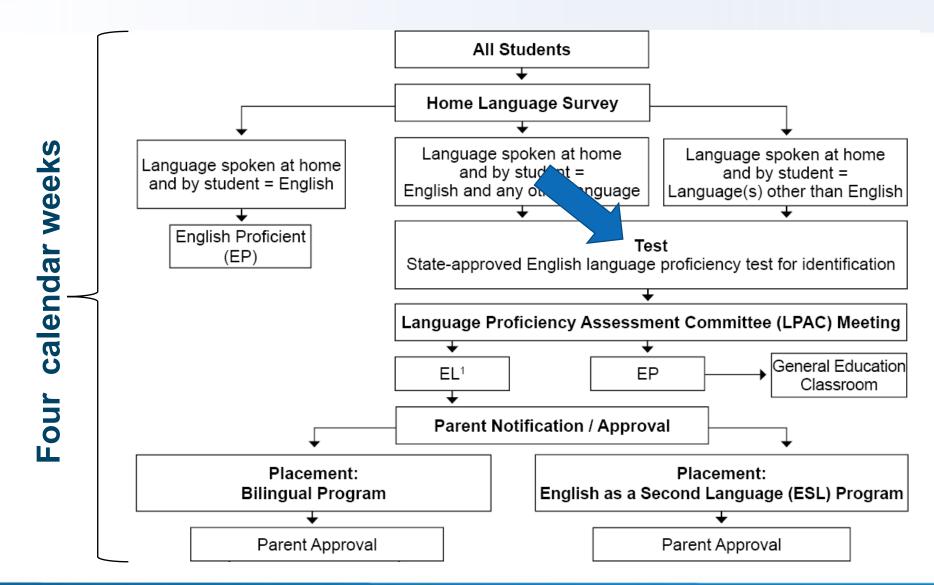




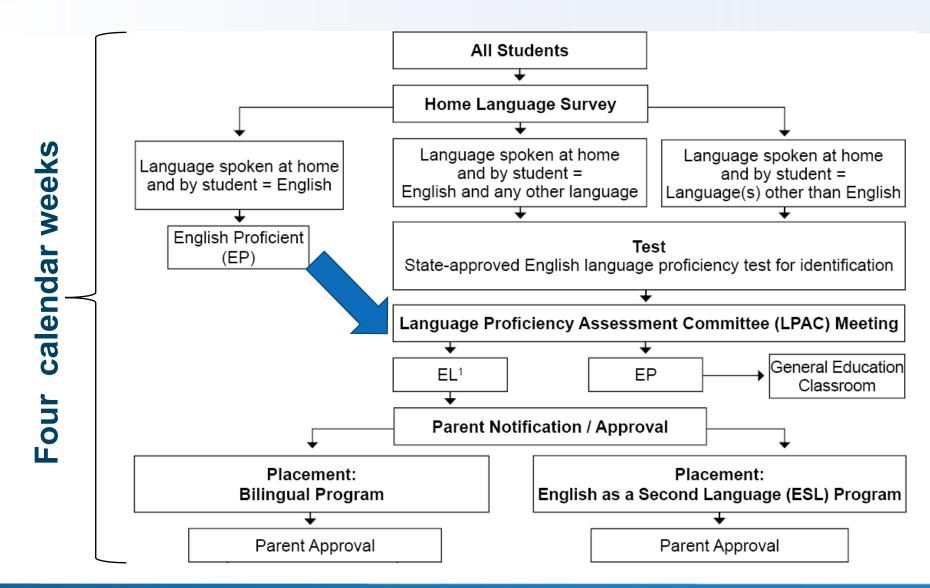
| HOME LANGUAGE SURVEY-19 TAC Chapter 89, Subchapter BB, §89.1215 (Home Language Survey applicable ONLY if administered for students enrolling in pre-kindergarten through grade 12) | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENT OR GUARDIAN FOR STUDENTS ENROLLING IN PREKINDERGARTEN THROUGH GRADE 8 (OR BY STUDENT IN GRADES 9-12): The state of Texas requires that the following information be completed for each student who enrolls in a Texas public school for the first time. It is the responsibility of the parent or guardian, not the school, to provide the language information requested by the questions below. | | | | | |
| Dear Parent or Guardian: | | | | | |
| To determine if your child would benefit from Bilingual and/or English as a Second Language program services, please answer the two questions below. | | | | | |
| If either of your responses indicates the use of a language other than English, then the school district must conduct an assessment to determine how well your child communicates in English. This assessment information will be used to determine if Bilingual and/or English as a Second Language program services are appropriate and to inform instructional and program placement recommendations. If you have questions about the purpose and use of the Home Language Survey, or you would like assistance in completing the form, please contact your school/district personnel. | | | | | |
| For more information on the process that must be followed, please visit the following website: http://web.esc20.net/LPAC-Interactive/InteractiveFlowchart-EN.htm . | | | | | |
| This survey shall be kept in each student's permanent record folder. NAME OF STUDENT: STUDENT ID#: | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| ADDRESS: | | | | | |
| CAMPUS: | | | | | |
| NOTE: PLEASE INDICATE ONLY ONE LANGUAGE PER RESPONSE. | | | | | |
| 1. What language is spoken in the child's home most of the time ? | | | | | |
| 2. What language does the child speak most of the time ? | | | | | |

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT/CHARTER SCHOOL



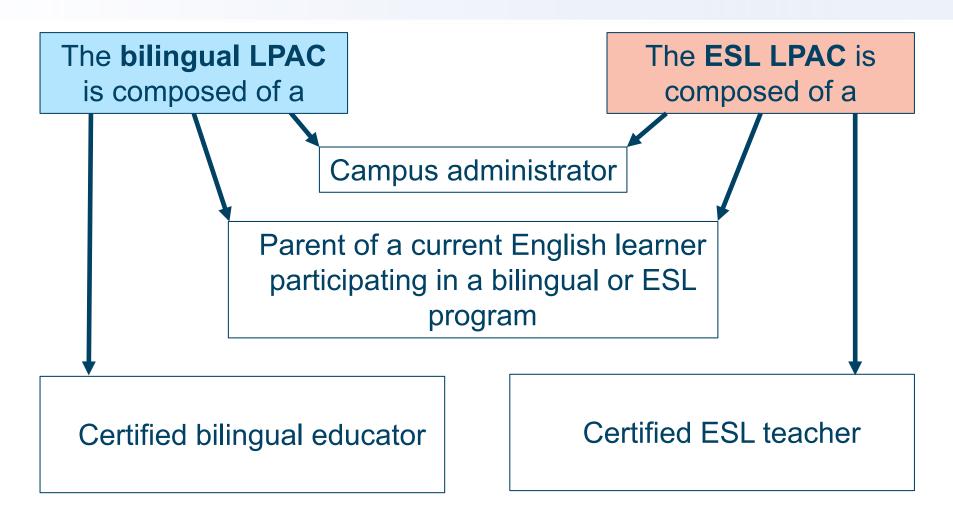








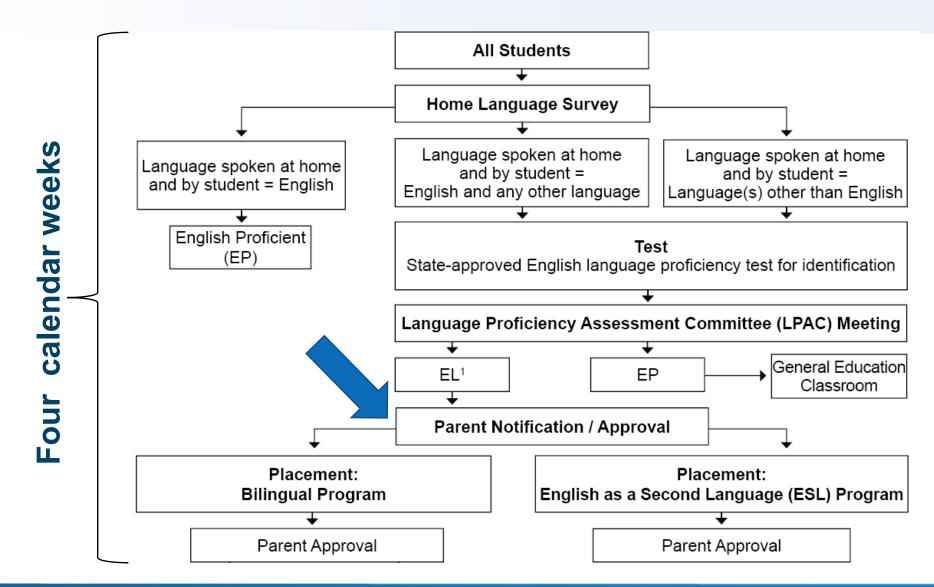
LPAC Membership



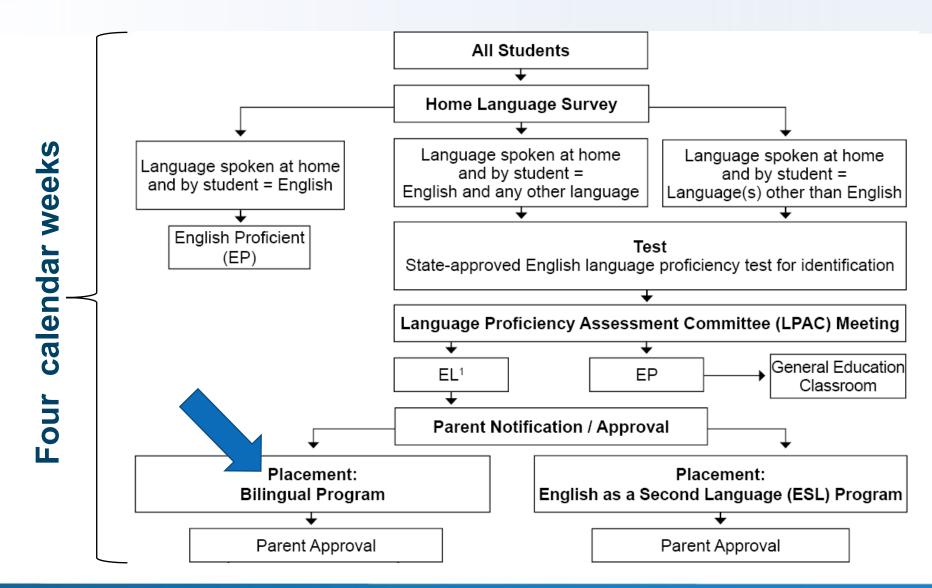
All members must be present!

19 TAC §89.1220 (b); TEC §29.063











For more information about identification of English learners please <u>click here</u>.



TEA Checking for Understanding



Language Proficiency Assessment Committee (LPAC)



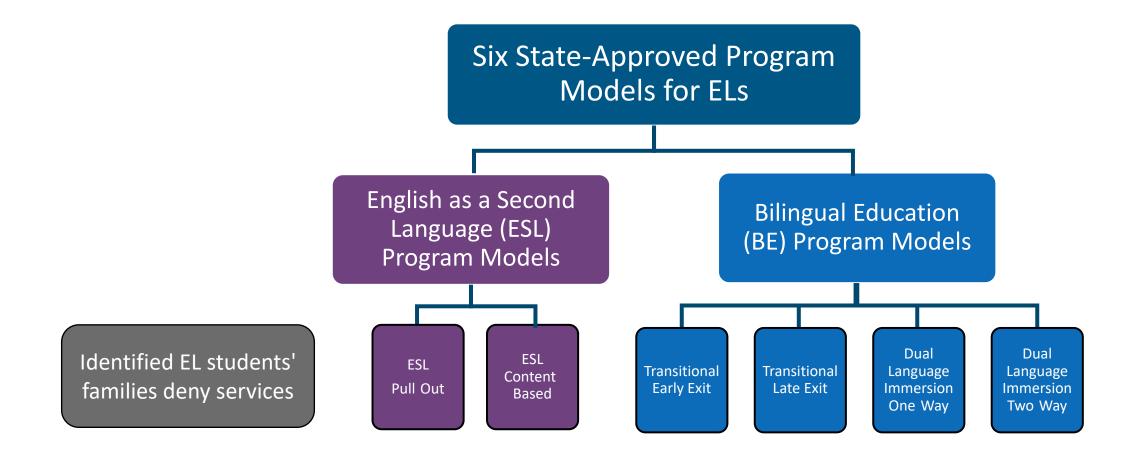




English Learner Program Services

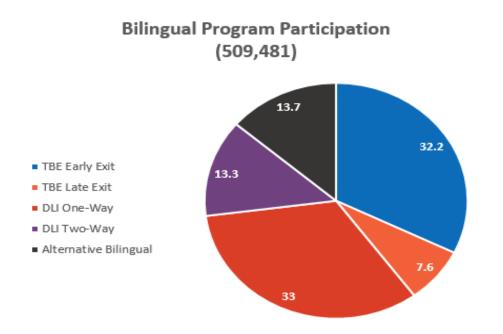


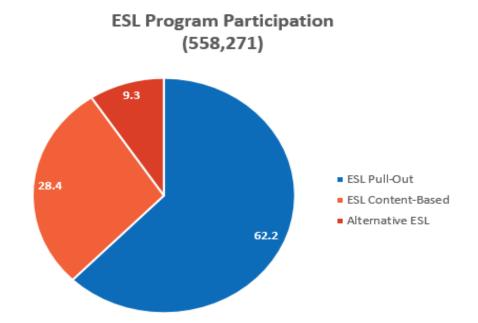
TEA English Learner Program Models in Texas





2019-2020 Statewide Bilingual and ESL Program Participation

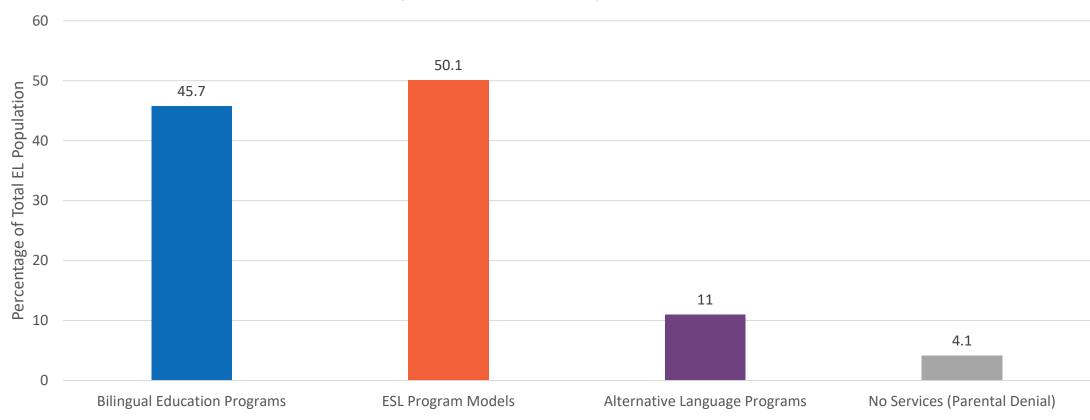






2019-2020 English Learner Program Participation Data









TEM State-Approved Bilingual Education Program Models

| Program Model Type | Goal | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Transitional bilingual/ early exit | Primary language is used as a resource to attain full proficiency in English. | |
| Transitional bilingual/late exit | | |
| Dual language immersion/one way | Full proficiency in English <u>and</u> another language. | |
| Dual language immersion/ two way | | |



State-Approved ESL Program Models

| Program Model | Goal |
|-------------------|---|
| Content-Based ESL | Second language acquisition methods are |
| Pull-Out ESL | used to attain full proficiency in English. |



State-Approved ESL Program Models

For more information about program models in Texas please <u>click here</u>.







Program Staffing



Certification Requirements – Bilingual Education

| Program Model | Departmentalization | Paired Teaching |
|---|--|--|
| Transitional Bilingual Education Program Models • early-exit • late-exit | Local decision to use more than one content-area teacher to deliver core content instruction Teacher/s must be certified in bilingual education | Local decision to use two content-area teachers to deliver core content instruction Teachers/ must be certified in bilingual education |
| Dual Language Program Models • one-way • two- way | Local decision to use more than one content-area teacher to deliver core content instruction Teacher/s must be certified in bilingual education | Local decision to use two content-area teachers to deliver core content instruction Teacher/s instructing in the partner language component of instruction must be certified in bilingual education. Teacher/s delivering the English component of instruction must be certified in either bilingual education or English as a Second Language (ESL) |



Summary: State-approved ESL Program Models

| Program Model | Goal | Instructional Approach |
|----------------------|---|---|
| Content-Based ESL | English learners will attain full proficiency in English in order to participate equitably in school. | English learners receive all content area instruction (English Language Arts and Reading, Mathematics, Science, and Social Studies) by teacher(s) certified in ESL and the appropriate grade level and content area. |
| Pull-Out ESL | | English learners receive instruction in English Language Arts and Reading (ELAR) by an ESL certified teacher. A pull-out model can be implemented by an ELAR and ESL certified teacher within the ELAR classroom through co-teaching of an ESL certified teacher and ELAR certified teacher through an additional ESL/ELAR course provided by an ESL and ELAR certified teacher |



Staffing: Bilingual Education Exceptions and ESL Waivers

School districts that are unable to employ a sufficient number of teachers shall:

- take all reasonable affirmative steps to assign appropriately certified teachers to the required Bilingual Education (BE) and ESL programs.
- apply on or before November 1 for an exception to the bilingual education program or a waiver of the certification requirements in the ESL program

The <u>approval</u> of an exception to the Bilingual Education program or an ESL waiver shall be <u>valid only during the school year for which it was granted</u>.

19 TAC §89.1207 (a)(1)

19 TAC §89.1245 (a) (b)



DistrictInformation

BilingualException

ESLWaiver

Staffing: Bilingual Education Exceptions and ESL Waivers

| Bilingual Education Exceptions/ ESL Waivers Application 2019-2020 GREY FIELDS ARE AUTOMATICALLY COMPLETED FROM YOUR ENTRIES. IF AN ITEM IS NOT APPLICABLE, LEAVE THE ITEM BLANK. | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| | | S S | | Superintendent | | Assurances |
| CDN (AskTed) | District | ESC Region | (Format: Salutation, Firstname, Lastname) | Email | Application for | Verified |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 1 | | 1/2010 | | |
| | ELs | | | Bilingual/ESL Contact | Phone | |
| | (District Wide) | | (Format: Salutation, Firstname, Lastname) | Email | (Format: (Area) 999 - 9999 x99999) | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | J I | | | | |
| | | | a District-wide Number | | | Teachers needed |
| | Skip if not applying for a Bilingual Exception. | Bilingual Certified (all personnel) employed in the district | | Teachers needed to instruct ELs under a bilingual education exception (Spanish) | Teachers needed to instruct ELs under a bilingual education exception (languages other than (Spanish) | to instruct ELs under a Bilingual Education Exception |
| | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | a District-wide Number | | | |
| | Skip if not applying for an ESL Waiver | ESL Certified Teachers (all grade levels) employed in the district | ESL Certified Teachers (all grade levels) currently instructing in an ESL Program | Teachers needed to Instruct ELs under an ESL Waiver | | |
| | | | | 0 | | |
| ' | | | | | • | |



Staffing: Bilingual Education Exceptions and ESL Waivers

ALTERNATIVE LANGUAGE PROGRAM AND RECRUITING ACTIVITIES FOR SCHOOL YEAR 2019-2020

Please save a copy of this form prior to submission with the school district's/charter's completed application. Do not attach any other documents when submitting this form. Maintain all other supporting documentation at the local level.

ALTERNATIVE LANGUAGE PROGRAM PEIMS CODES

Alternative Language Program PEIMS Codes can only be utilized if a school district/charter has submitted a bilingual education exception and/or an ESL Waiver and must be used in combination with the appropriate Parent Permission Codes as described below. The Code Guide for Bilingual and ESL Program Association provides further details on how to appropriately use these codes for participating students.

- If the parent of an English learner approves placement of the student in the bilingual education program but the school district/charter is under a **bilingual education exception**, the Parental Permission Code is E, the Alternative Language Program Code is 01, and the Bilingual Education and ESL Program Codes are 0.
- If the parent of an English learner approves placement of the student in the ESL program but the school district/charter is under an **ESL waiver**, the Parental Permission Code is J, the Alternative Language Program Code is 02, and the Bilingual and ESL Program Codes are 0.



Bilingual Exceptions and ESL Waivers: Documentation Requirements

As per TAC Chapter 89.1207(a)(2)(D) for LEAs filing a Bilingual Education Exception and 89.1207(b)(2)(D) for LEAs filing an ESL Waiver, LEAs shall maintain written records of <u>all documents</u> supporting the application and assurances listed in the application:

- (A) a **description of the proposed alternative language program** designed to meet the affective, linguistic, and cognitive needs of the English learners;
- (B) the **number of teachers for whom a bilingual education exception is needed** by grade level and per campus;
- (C) a copy of the school district's comprehensive professional development plan; and
- (D) a copy of the **bilingual allotment budget** documenting that a **minimum of 10%** of the funds were used to fund the comprehensive professional development plan.



TEA Comprehensive PD Plan

Implementation of a comprehensive professional development plan that:

- (i) is ongoing and targets the development of the knowledge, skills, and competencies needed to serve the needs of English learners;
- (ii) includes the **teachers who are not certified or not appropriately certified** who are assigned to implement the proposed alternative program; and
- (iii) may include additional teachers who work with English learners;

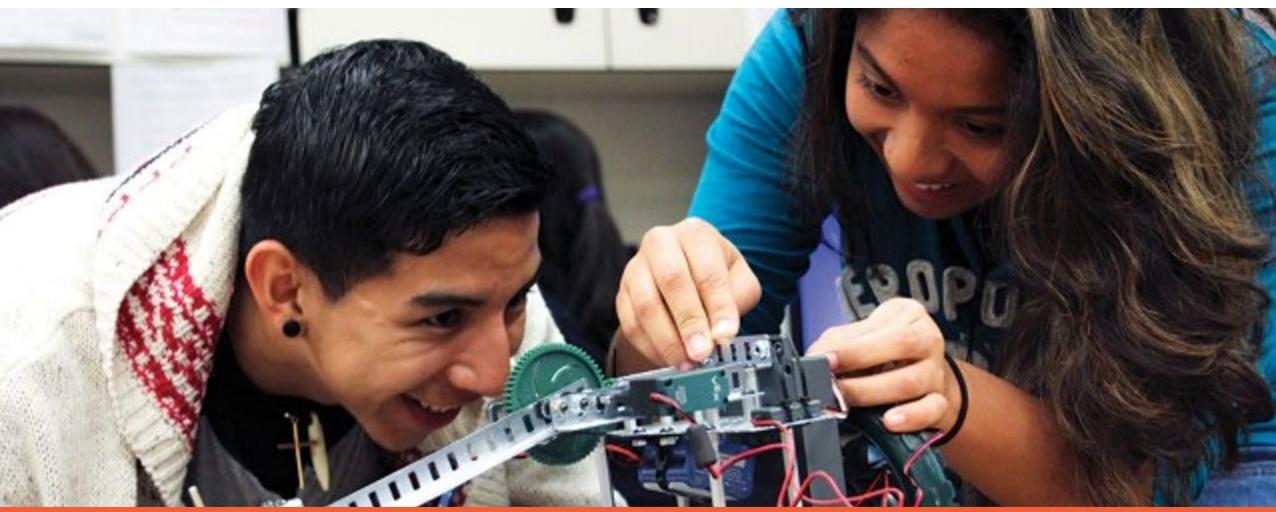
Allowable Use of BEA Funds for Comprehensive PD Plan



Bilingual Education Exceptions and ESL Waivers

For more information about Bilingual Education Exceptions and ESL Waivers please <u>click here</u>.



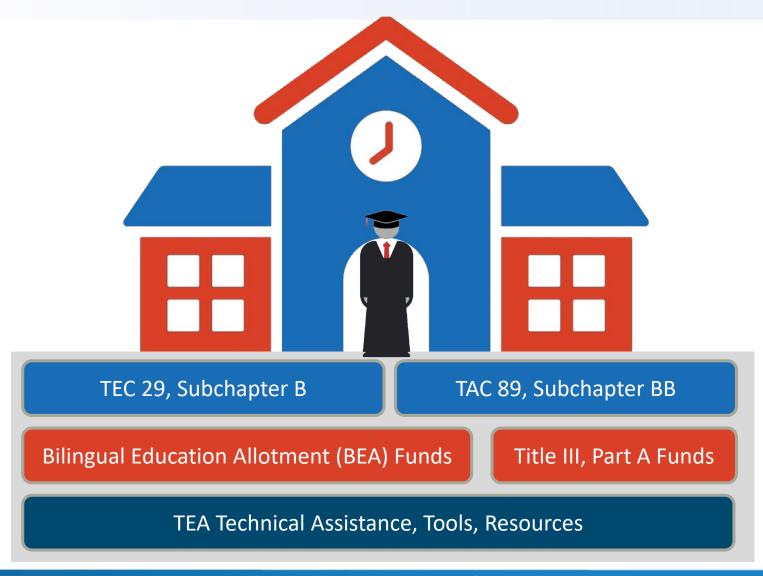




Program Funding



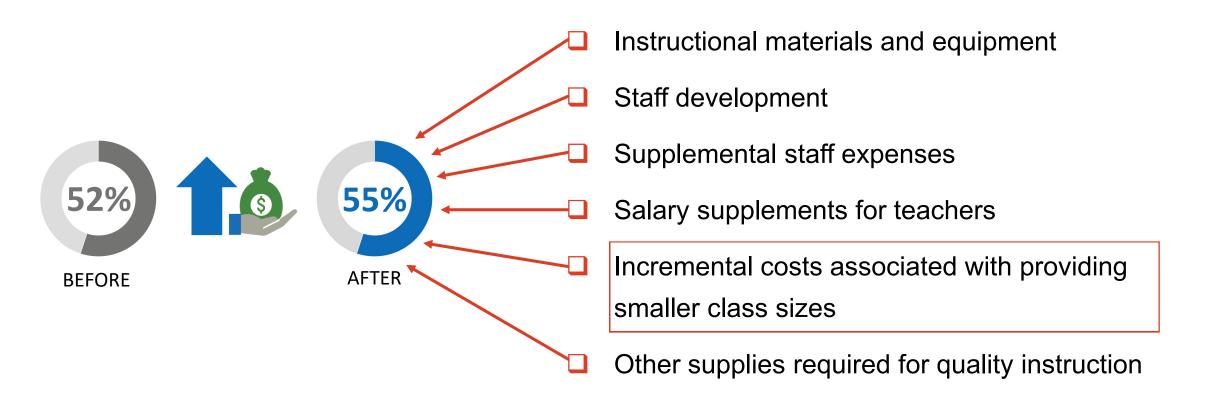
Coordinated State Supports for English Learners





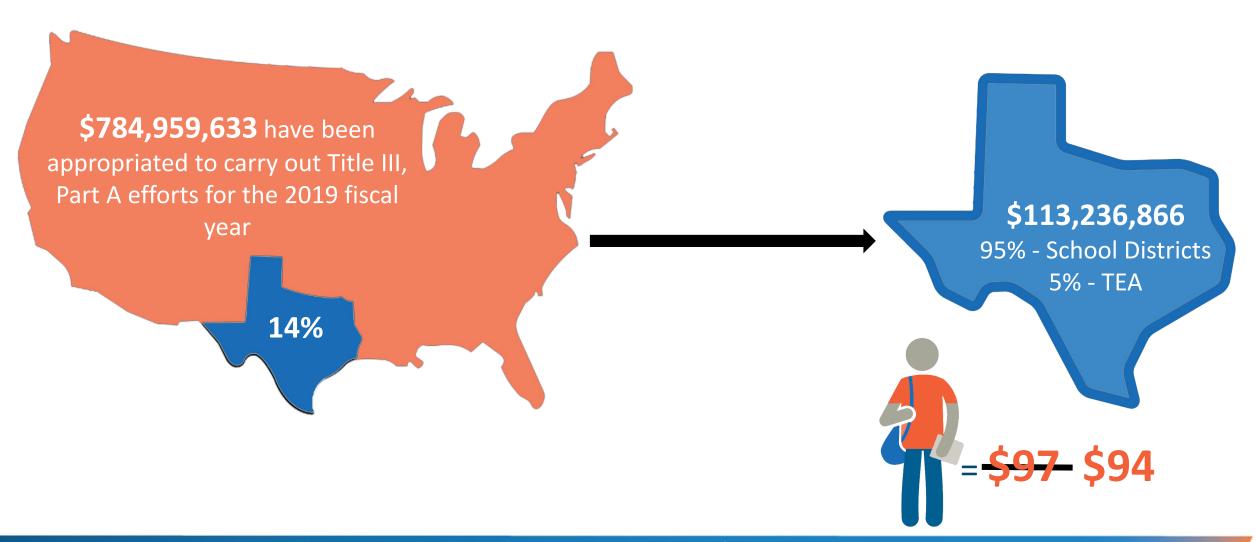
Bilingual Education Allotment: TEC 48.105

At least 55% of the BEA funds must be used in providing bilingual education or special language programs under Subchapter B, Chapter 29. These are the following that can apply towards the 55%:





Title III, Part A Federal Funds





TEM Title III, Part A: Allowable Use of Funds

English learners (including immigrant children and youth)

Help Attain English Proficiency Development of Academic Achievement in English

Achieve High Levels in Academic Subjects

Sustain Effective Language Instruction Educational **Programs**

Professional Development for Educators Serving English learners

Promote Parent, Family, and Community Engagement



Allowable Use of Title III, Part A Funds



- Supplement, not Supplant
 - If your district purchased or paid for something using local or BEA funds in 2018-2019, they may NOT use Title III, Part A funds for that purchase in 2019-2020
- Go "above and beyond"
- Comprehensive Professional Development
 - To build <u>future capacity</u> to serve English learners, Title III, Part A funds pay for teacher certification preparation courses (for teachers <u>NOT</u> currently serving English learners to fulfill state requirements, e.g. <u>NOT</u> under a BE Exception or ESL Waiver)

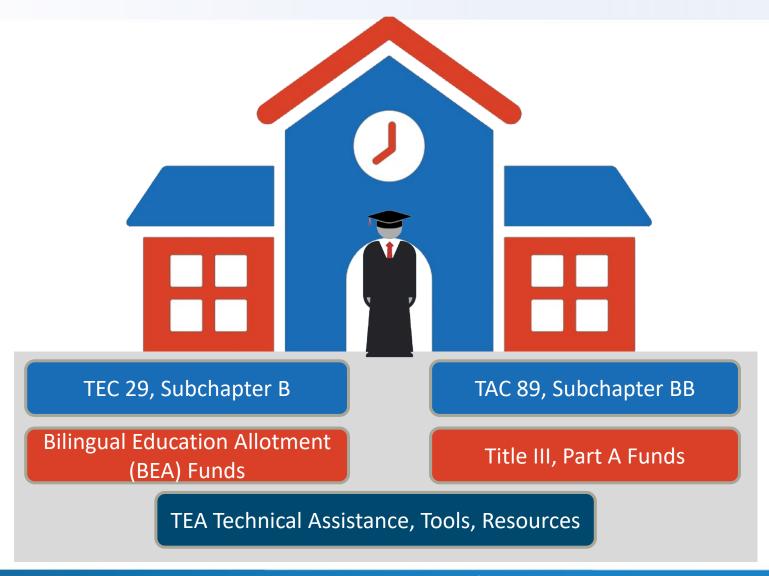


TEM Allowable vs. Unallowable Use of Funds

For more information about allowable vs. unallowable use of state and federal funds please click here.



TEA Checking for Understanding









English Learner Program Support

ESC Support

Technical Assistance



Program Resources

Professional Development

Program Guidance



TEA English Learner Web Portal

For more information on English learners please visit our web portal: www.txel.org.



Thank You!







Download Completion Certificate Package

NOTE: The Package Contains Completion Certificates for ALL Required Presentations

https://tea.sharefile.com/d-s990f52ca95d4d1c8