

GRADE 8 Science

Administered April 2014

RELEASED

STAAR GRADE 8 SCIENCE REFERENCE MATERIALS



FORMULAS

| Density = $\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$ | $D = \frac{m}{V}$ |
|---|-------------------|
| Average speed = $\frac{\text{total distance}}{\text{total time}}$ | $s = \frac{d}{t}$ |
| Net force = (mass)(acceleration) | F = ma |
| Work = (force)(distance) | W = Fd |

| STAAR GRADE 8 SCIENCE Bage Bage | PERIODIC TABLE OF THE ELEMENTS | 1 1A Atomic number |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|

| 8 8 8 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | Arcon 39.948 | 36 83.798 Krvaton | 54 Xe 131.294 Xenon | 86 (222) ^{Radon} | |
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| 0 ∞ §4 | Oxygen 0xygen 16 32.066 | 34 34 78.96 Selenium | 52 Te 127.60 Tellurium | 84 PO (209) Polonium | 69 Tm Tm 173.05 70 Yb 173.05 173.05 70 71 71 71 71 71 72 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 |
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| 5 4 4 ° O S | Carbon 14 28.086 | 32 32 72.64 Germanium | 50 Sn 118.711 Tin | 80 81 82 83 Hg TI Pb Bi 200.59 204.383 207.2 208.980 Mercury Thallium Lead Bismuth Mass numbers in parentheses are those of the most stable or most common isotope. | 67 HO 164.930 164.930 99 99 99 (252) |
| 8 m a | 13.0.01 Boron 13 Aluminum | 31 31 69.723 Gallium | 49 11 4.818 Indium | 81 704.383 Thallium mbers in par | 66 Dy 162.500 Dysprosium 98 03 Cf (251) Californium |
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| ê | 10 | 28 Ni Nickel | 46 Pd 106.42 Palladium | 78 Platinum 110 DS (281) | EU 151.964 Europium 95 AM (243) Americium |
| | 6 88 | 27 Co 58.933 Cobalt | 45 Bh 102.906 Rhodium | 77 Ir 192.217 109 Mt (276) | |
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| 86 4 2 2 2 | Beryllium 12 NG 24.305 Maznesium | 20 20 40.078 Calcium | 38 38 87.62 Strontium | 56 Ba 137.328 Barium 88 88 (226) | Lanthanide Series Actinide Series |
| L H ^{1,008} ^{Hydrogen} | 11 11 22.990 Sodium | 19 7 39.098 Potassium | 37 37 Rb 85.468 Rubidium | 55 CS 132.905 Cesium 87 Fr (223) | Lanthani Actini |
| - 0 | С | 4 | വ | 4 6 | |

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SCIENCE

DIRECTIONS

Read each question carefully. For a multiple-choice question, determine the best answer to the question from the four answer choices provided. For a griddable question, determine the best answer to the question. Then fill in the answer on your answer document.

1 A student lets a toy car roll four times down a ramp that is 1 m long. Each time the student covers the surface of the ramp with a different material. The student measures the time it takes the car to roll down the ramp and records the results in the table below.

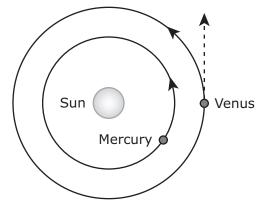
| Material | Time to Complete Ramp (s) |
|----------|---------------------------------|
| W | 4 |
| Х | 8 |
| Y | 7 |
| Z | 5 |

Which of these would be the best conclusion based on the data in the table?

- **A** Different surfaces affect how fast a toy car accelerates.
- **B** Different toy cars travel at different speeds.
- **C** Gravity has little effect on the speed of toy cars on different surfaces.
- **D** Air resistance is the greatest factor in limiting the acceleration of different toy cars.



2 The diagram below models Mercury and Venus orbiting the sun.



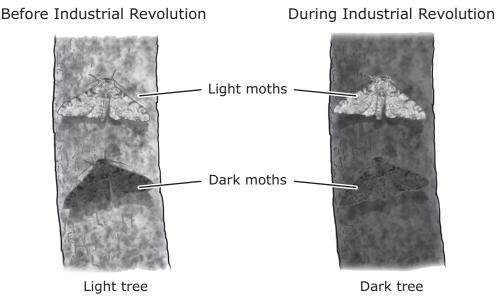
What force causes Venus to travel along a curved path instead of moving in a straight line as indicated by the dashed line in the diagram?

- **F** Electromagnetic attraction between the sun and Venus
- G Gravitational attraction between the sun and Venus
- **H** Electromagnetic attraction between Mercury and Venus
- J Gravitational attraction between Mercury and Venus

Orbits of Mercury and Venus



3 Before the Industrial Revolution in England, the peppered moth was commonly found on tree trunks that had light-colored lichen on the bark. Most of the peppered moths were a light gray-brown color similar to that of the lichen. A few of the moths had a mutation that made them a dark gray-brown color.

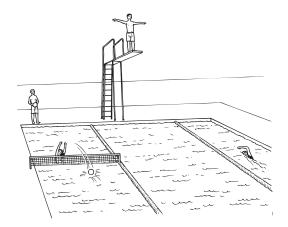


During the Industrial Revolution, coal-burning factories produced black soot that covered the trees and killed the lichen in and near cities. In these areas the number of dark peppered moths increased, while the number of light peppered moths decreased. What contributed to this change?

- **A** The soot-covered trees camouflaged the dark moths.
- **B** The dark moths preyed on the light moths.
- **C** Bird populations increased in the areas near the factories.
- **D** The dark moths laid fewer eggs than the light moths.



4 Four students were asked to classify the activities of the people in the picture below as examples of either potential or kinetic energy.



Which student correctly classified the activities?

| | Activity Observed | Classification of Activity |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| _ | Girl swimming laps | Potential energy |
| F | Boy on diving board | Kinetic energy |
| | Girl hitting volleyball | Potential energy |
| | Boy holding volleyball | Kinetic energy |

Student 1

| Student 2 | Stuc | lent | 2 |
|-----------|------|------|---|
|-----------|------|------|---|

| | Activity Observed | Classification of Activity |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Girl swimming laps | Potential energy |
| G | Boy on diving board | Potential energy |
| | Girl hitting volleyball | Kinetic energy |
| | Boy holding volleyball | Kinetic energy |

Student 3

| | Activity Observed | Classification of Activity |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Girl swimming laps | Kinetic energy |
| н | Boy on diving board | Kinetic energy |
| | Girl hitting volleyball | Potential energy |
| | Boy holding volleyball | Potential energy |

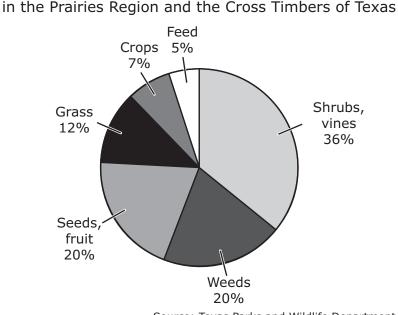
Student 4

| | Activity Observed | Classification of Activity |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| _ | Girl swimming laps | Kinetic energy |
| J | Boy on diving board | Potential energy |
| | Girl hitting volleyball | Kinetic energy |
| | Boy holding volleyball | Potential energy |



5 The Prairies Region and the Cross Timbers are located in north-central Texas. The graph below shows information about eating habits of white-tailed deer in these regions.

Typical Diet of White-Tailed Deer



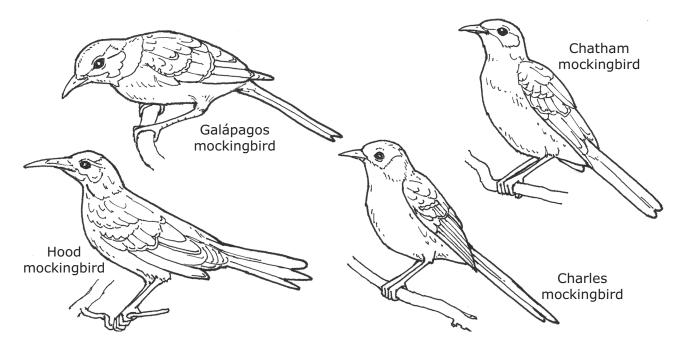
Source: Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

A Cross Timbers rancher is concerned about competition between the ranch animals and the deer. Based on the graph, which ranch animals compete for the most food with white-tailed deer?

- A Cattle that eat grass and feed
- Goats that eat weeds and shrubs В
- С Turkeys that eat seeds and fruit
- **D** Hogs that eat fruit, seeds, and feed
- Many processes occur in the digestive system. Which process is best classified as a physical 6 change?
 - F Saliva converting the starch molecules in crackers into simple sugars
 - **G** Digestive enzymes breaking down proteins into smaller fragments
 - **H** Bacteria converting lactose into simple sugars in the intestines
 - Teeth grinding an almond into smaller pieces in the mouth J



7 When Charles Darwin visited the Galápagos Islands in the 1800s, he observed many types of organisms that were similar but lived on different islands. The four species of mockingbirds found on the Galápagos Islands are shown below. Each species lives on a different island.



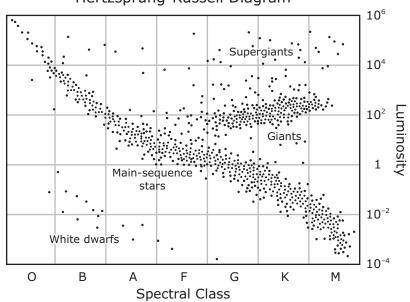
These species are very similar, but the Hood mockingbird has a longer beak than the other three species. Which of the following best explains this difference?

- **A** The Hood mockingbird needs a longer beak for defense against predators.
- **B** The Hood mockingbird originated from a different type of bird than the other species.
- **C** The Hood mockingbird's longer beak is an adaptation to the food available in the bird's habitat.
- **D** The Hood mockingbird's beak stretched to reach its food, and the longer beak was passed down to its offspring.

GO OI

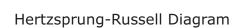


8 A Hertzsprung-Russell diagram is shown below.



Based on this diagram, which type of stars would belong to spectral class M and have the highest luminosity?

- **F** Main-sequence stars
- **G** Giants
- H White dwarfs
- J Supergiants





- **9** When a lion eats a zebra and then uses the energy from the zebra to run, the lion's body converts
 - **A** chemical energy to mechanical energy
 - **B** electrical energy to chemical energy
 - **C** chemical energy to light energy
 - **D** mechanical energy to chemical energy

10 Some students in a chemistry lab conducted an investigation in which they added four different solid substances to separate beakers of water. They stirred the mixtures for one minute and then recorded their observations in the table below.

Student Observations

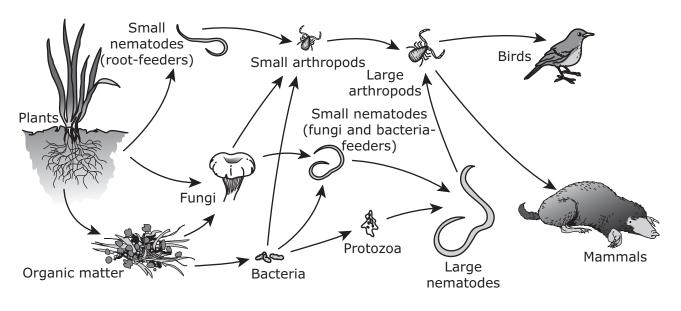
| Substance | Observation | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | The substance dissolved. | | |
| 2 | The substance caused bubbles to form. | | |
| 3 | The substance sank to the bottom. | | |
| 4 | The substance floated on top. | | |

Which substance most likely caused a new substance to be formed when mixed with water?

- **F** Substance 1
- G Substance 2
- H Substance 3
- J Substance 4



11 Which of these correctly describes a relationship between organisms in the soil food web below?



- A Protozoa get nutrients from small arthropods.
- **B** Mammals are predators of birds.
- **C** Nematodes prey on arthropods.
- **D** Bacteria get nutrients from organic matter.

- **12** Scientists recently discovered that rocks collected from the Franklin Mountains in West Texas and rocks collected from mountains in eastern Antarctica were exactly the same age. Further research showed that the rocks were chemically and geologically the same and came from the same magma source. This discovery provides evidence of
 - F coastal erosion
 - **G** plate tectonics
 - H ocean currents
 - J glacial melting



13 Galveston Bay, an estuary in Southeast Texas, is shown below. The amount of salt in the water changes with the tides. Sometimes the water is mostly freshwater, and sometimes it is mixed with saltwater. Various plant species live in this environment and provide a habitat for other organisms.



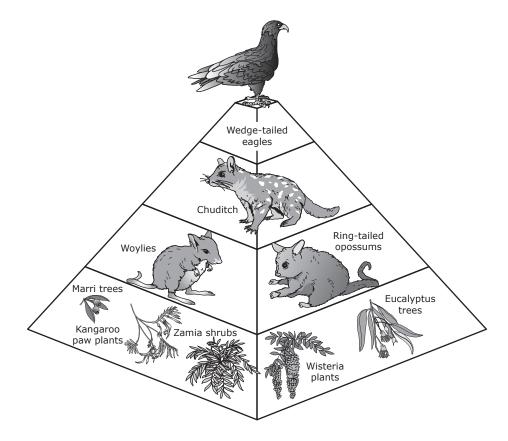
Estuary plants

To successfully live in an estuary, a plant species must have an adaptation that allows it to -

- A produce large amounts of food
- **B** absorb large amounts of water
- **C** store excess gases
- **D** filter excess salt



14 The flow of energy in some Australian food chains is modeled in the energy pyramid below.



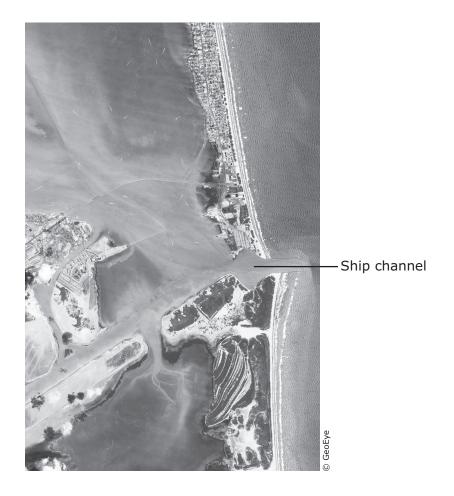
Based on the model, which consumers would receive the greatest amount of energy captured by the producers in their food chains?

- F Wedge-tailed eagles
- **G** Chuditch
- H Ring-tailed opossums
- J Eucalyptus trees





15 The satellite image below shows a ship channel between South Padre Island and Boca Chica beach in South Texas.



Sand is sometimes removed from the ship channel through a process called dredging to make it easier for ships to travel through. Recently sand from the bottom of the channel was moved to area beaches. Without this transfer of sand, what would most likely occur in this area in the future?

- **A** The ship channel would become deeper, and the island would move west toward the mainland.
- **B** The ship channel would become shallower, and the beach would become narrower.
- **C** The ship channel would become narrower, and the island would become completely covered with water.
- **D** The ship channel would become wider, and the island would sink into the Gulf of Mexico.

GO OI



- **16** A student is studying calcium, a highly reactive element that humans need for strong bones. Which characteristic of calcium is most closely related to its chemical reactivity?
 - F The 20 protons in each atom of calcium
 - **G** The density of calcium, which is 1.54 g/cm^3
 - **H** The atomic mass of calcium, which is 40.078 amu
 - J The 2 valence electrons in each atom of calcium

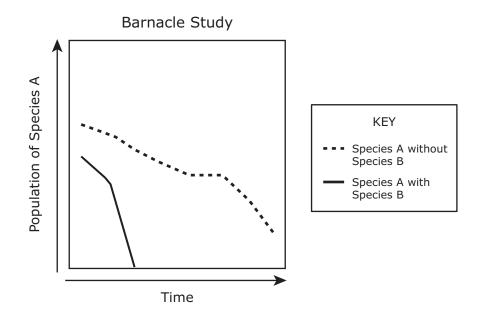
17 When a space shuttle was launched, the astronauts onboard experienced an acceleration of 29.0 m/s^2 . If one of the astronauts had a mass of 60.0 kg, what net force in newtons did the astronaut experience?

Record your answer and fill in the bubbles on your answer document. Be sure to use the correct place value.





18 A scientist named Joseph Connell studied two species of barnacles on the shore of a Scottish island. In the area between the average tide and the neap high tide, he found that the population of Species A was smaller than that of Species B. He removed Species B from one area but left both Species A and B in a similar area. The graph below shows the results of this study.



Based on these data, which hypothesis was Connell most likely testing?

- **F** The populations of both species of barnacles increase more in warm water than in cool water.
- **G** Barnacles grow larger when they are isolated from other species.
- **H** The two species of barnacles compete with each other for resources.
- J The two species of barnacles are closely related to each other.



19 A model of a beryllium atom is shown below.



What types of particles are found in the cloud surrounding the atom's nucleus?

- A Positively charged particles and negatively charged particles
- **B** Negatively charged particles only
- **C** Neutral particles and positively charged particles
- **D** Positively charged particles only





20 A student draws the model shown below.



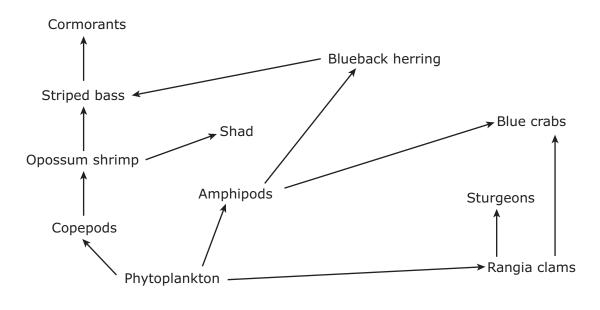
Which of these best compares the conditions at Location X and Location Y?

- **F** It is day at Location X and night at Location Y.
- **G** It is winter at Location X and summer at Location Y.
- **H** There are more hours of daylight at Location X than at Location Y.
- J The moon is brighter when viewed from Location X than when viewed from Location Y.

- 21 Based on its chemical formula, which of the following substances is an organic compound?
 - A Urea, CH₄N₂O
 - **B** Ammonium sulfide, $(NH_4)_2S$
 - **C** Silane, SiH₄
 - D Sodium chloride, NaCl



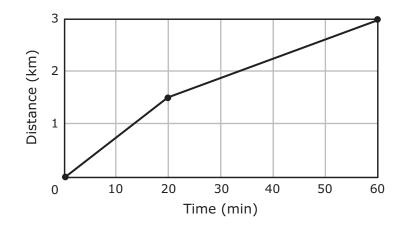




- F Shad and sturgeons
- **G** Sturgeons and blue crabs
- **H** Blue crabs and rangia clams
- **J** Copepods and amphipods







Which of these situations could be represented by this graph?

- **A** A student walks 1.5 km to a friend's house in 40 minutes. The two students then walk another 1.5 km to school in 20 minutes.
- **B** A student walks 1.5 km to a friend's house in 20 minutes. The two students then walk another 1.5 km to school in 40 minutes.
- **C** A student walks 1.5 km to a friend's house in 30 minutes. The two students then walk another 1.5 km to school in 30 minutes.
- **D** A student walks 1.5 km to a friend's house in 20 minutes. The two students then walk another 1.5 km to school in 60 minutes.



24 Some students used records from the U.S. Naval Observatory to make the table below of the percent of the moon that was visible on each night in January 2011.

| Date | Moon Visible (%) | Date | Moon Visible (%) | Date | Moon Visible (%) |
|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|
| 1 | 11 | 11 | 38 | 21 | 97 |
| 2 | 5 | 12 | 48 | 22 | 92 |
| 3 | 1 | 13 | 57 | 23 | 85 |
| 4 | 0 | 14 | 67 | 24 | 76 |
| 5 | 1 | 15 | 76 | 25 | 65 |
| 6 | 3 | 16 | 84 | 26 | 54 |
| 7 | 8 | 17 | 91 | 27 | 43 |
| 8 | 14 | 18 | 96 | 28 | 32 |
| 9 | 21 | 19 | 99 | 29 | 23 |
| 10 | 29 | 20 | 100 | 30 | 15 |
| | | | | 31 | 8 |

Percent of Moon Visible in January 2011

Source: U.S. Naval Observatory

Based on these data, what part of the lunar cycle occurred between January 5 and January 7?

- F Waxing crescent moon
- **G** Waning crescent moon
- H Full moon
- J New moon

25

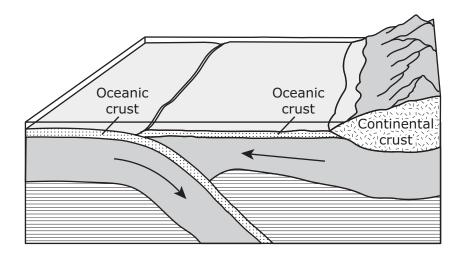
$$CaCO_3 \xrightarrow{heat} CaO + CO_2$$

In the chemical reaction shown above, the products are best classified as -

- **A** two elements
- **B** one element and one compound
- C two compounds
- **D** two compounds and one element



26 The diagram below shows a model of the movement of two tectonic plates. When the plates collide, one plate often moves below the other plate.



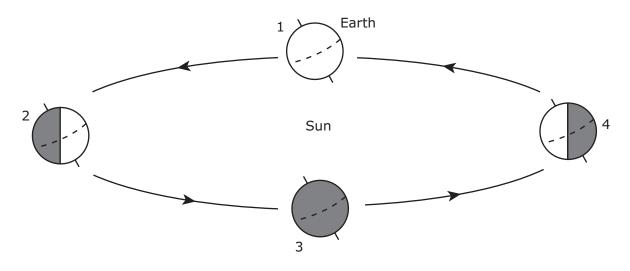
The rising magma that can result from this type of plate movement may produce -

- **F** fossil layers
- G volcanic islands
- H deep-sea sediment
- J seafloor spreading

- **27** A student uses a magnet to move a 0.025 kg metal ball. The magnet exerts a force of 5 N, which causes the ball to begin moving. What is the acceleration of the ball when it begins to move?
 - **A** 200 m/s²
 - **B** 0.125 m/s²
 - **C** 5 m/s²
 - **D** 5.025 m/s^2



28 The diagram below shows four positions in Earth's orbit around the sun.



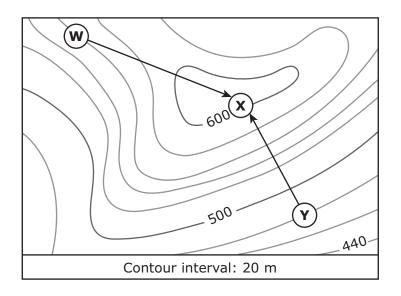
The Northern Hemisphere experiences the beginning of spring when Earth is in -

- **F** Position 1
- G Position 2
- H Position 3
- J Position 4

- **29** When people run long distances, their muscles require increased amounts of oxygen. Which system is responsible for carrying this oxygen to the muscles?
 - A Nervous
 - **B** Respiratory
 - **C** Digestive
 - **D** Circulatory



30 The points labeled W and Y on the topographic map below show the campsites of two families. Each family hiked to the elevation on the map marked X. The arrows show the paths taken by both families.



What was the change in elevation, to the nearest ten meters, for the family that took the steepest path to Point X?

Record your answer and fill in the bubbles on your answer document. Be sure to use the correct place value.

- **31** The chemical formula for sodium sulfate is Na_2SO_4 . How many sulfur atoms are in the formula for sodium sulfate?
 - **A** 1
 - **B** 2
 - **C** 6
 - **D** 7



- **32** In 1838 botanist Matthias Schleiden determined that all plants are composed of cells. In 1839 anatomist Theodor Schwann proposed that all animals are composed of cells. In 1855 biologist Rudolph Virchow added to Schleiden's and Schwann's observations and proposed that all living things are composed of cells. Which statement is also part of Virchow's cell theory?
 - **F** All cells have a cell wall.
 - **G** All cells arise from pre-existing cells.
 - **H** All cells are capable of photosynthesis.
 - J All cells can develop into any other type of cell.

33 What is the mass number of a potassium (K) atom that has 20 neutrons?

- **A** 18
- **B** 19
- **C** 20
- **D** 39

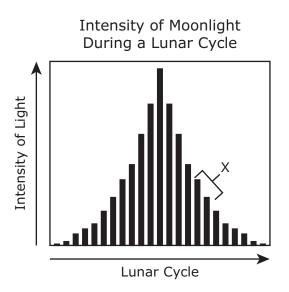




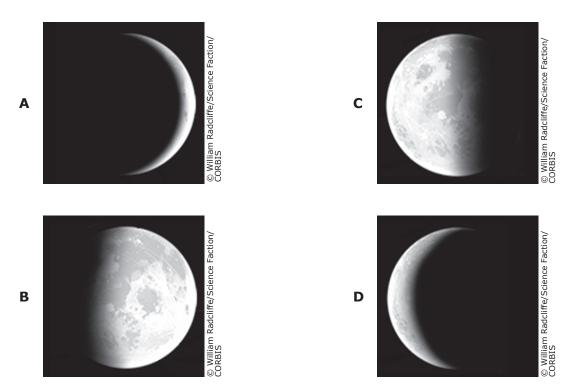
- **34** What is the difference between the velocity and the speed of an object?
 - **F** Velocity is the change in distance over time, while speed is the change in velocity over time.
 - **G** Velocity has a direction associated with it, while speed has no specific direction.
 - **H** Velocity has no direction associated with it, while speed has a specific direction.
 - **J** Velocity is the change in speed over time, while speed is the change in distance over time.



35 The moon reflects different amounts of sunlight onto Earth at different times. This reflected sunlight is commonly called moonlight. The graph below shows the intensity of moonlight at different times in a lunar cycle.

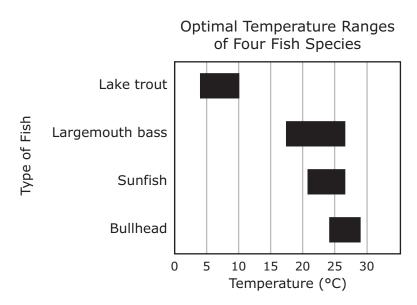


Which moon phase most likely occurs at the time in the cycle represented by an X on the graph?





36 Fish in a lake have to compete for space. Different fish have different optimal temperature ranges. The graph below shows the temperature ranges of four fish species.

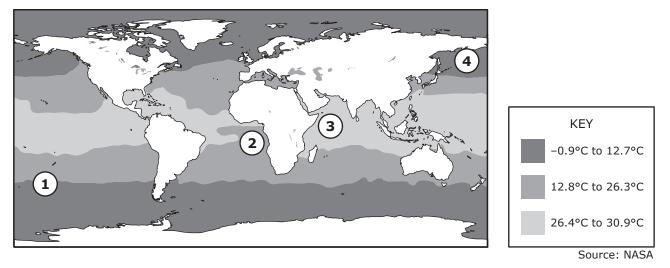


At which temperature range will there be the most competition for space among these fish species?

- **F** 5°C to 10°C
- **G** 10°C to 15°C
- **H** 15°C to 20°C
- J 25°C to 30°C



37 Hurricanes and similar storm systems begin over oceans. The map below shows average surface temperatures of the oceans in the summer.



Oceanic Surface Temperatures in Summer

Based on the map, which area probably produced the most violent storm systems?

- A Area 1
- B Area 2
- C Area 3
- D Area 4



38 Some students were investigating the speed of a toy car they built. They performed two trials and recorded their data in the table below.

| Trial 1 | | Trial 2 | | |
|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|--|
| Time (s) | Distance (m) | Time (s) | Distance (m) | |
| 4.0 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 7.0 | |

Toy-Car Trials

What was the average speed of the toy car during the two trials to the nearest tenth of a m/s?

Record your answer and fill in the bubbles on your answer document. Be sure to use the correct place value.

39 A scientist performed four investigations using eight different liquids. In each investigation, the scientist combined two of the liquids under a fume hood and recorded observations in the table below.

Scientist's Observations

| Investigation | Observations After Two Liquids Are Combined |
|---------------|---|
| 1 | The temperature of the combined liquids increased, and a solid substance formed. |
| 2 | The temperature of the combined liquids decreased, and bubbles formed. |
| 3 | One liquid settled to the bottom of the beaker, and the other liquid rose to the top. |
| 4 | The combined liquids turned from clear to a bright purple. |

In which investigation is it least likely that the liquids reacted chemically?

- **A** 1
- **B** 2
- **C** 3
- **D** 4



40 The types of small organisms that live on the bottom of streams can be good indicators of water pollution. The table below groups some organisms by their tolerance of pollution.

| Organisms | | | Tolerance of Water Pollution |
|-------------|-------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Riffle | | | Cannot tolerate pollution |
| beetles | Stone flies | Mayflies | |
| | | | |
| Dragonflies | Sow bugs | Crayfish | Can talarata pollution |
| Midges | Pouch | Aquatic worms | Can tolerate pollution |

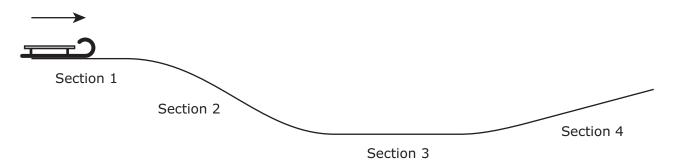
Stream Organisms

A certain stream that was historically clear and clean has become increasingly polluted with fertilizer waste over the years. Which of these describes a likely result of this pollution?

- **F** Mayflies that were previously abundant are no longer present in the stream.
- **G** Stone flies and midges thrive and compete for the same food source.
- **H** Large numbers of crayfish have suddenly died.
- **J** Riffle beetles have become more abundant in the stream.



41 The diagram below shows a sled moving along a smooth, frictionless track.



In which sections of the track will the sled experience an unbalanced force?

- A Sections 1 and 3
- B Sections 2 and 3
- C Sections 2 and 4
- **D** Sections 3 and 4



42 Four students are asked to describe a nebula and a star. Their responses are shown in the table below.

| Student | Description of a Nebula | Description of a Star | |
|---------|--|--|--|
| 1 | A collection of hot gases that sometimes produces light from nuclear reactions | A sphere of dust and gases that contains many elements and produces light from fusion and fission reactions | |
| 2 | A collection of hot gases that results from stars that have exploded | A collection of gases from several nebulae hot enough to cause a nuclear reaction | |
| 3 | A collection of dust and gases that forms stars or results from dying stars | A sphere of matter with a density and a temperature great enough to cause a nuclear reaction at its center | |
| 4 | A collection of dust and gases that is found near stars | A collection of hot gases that forms a sphere but produces no light | |

Student Responses

Which student described these two celestial bodies correctly?

- **F** Student 1
- **G** Student 2
- H Student 3
- J Student 4



43 The masses of four vehicles and the net forces acting on them as they enter a highway are recorded in the table below.

| Vehicle | Mass (kg) | Force (N) |
|---------|--------------|--------------|
| Sedan | 1500 | 4500 |
| Coupe | 1200 | 4500 |
| SUV | 1800 | 4500 |
| Truck | 2000 | 4500 |

Vehicles Entering a Highway

Which vehicle has the greatest acceleration as it enters the highway?

- A Sedan
- **B** Coupe
- C SUV
- **D** Truck

44 Serotonin is a chemical substance that acts as a neurotransmitter. It helps relay messages in the human brain. The formula for one molecule of serotonin is shown below.

$$C_{10}H_{12}N_{2}O$$

How many atoms in all are in a molecule of serotonin?

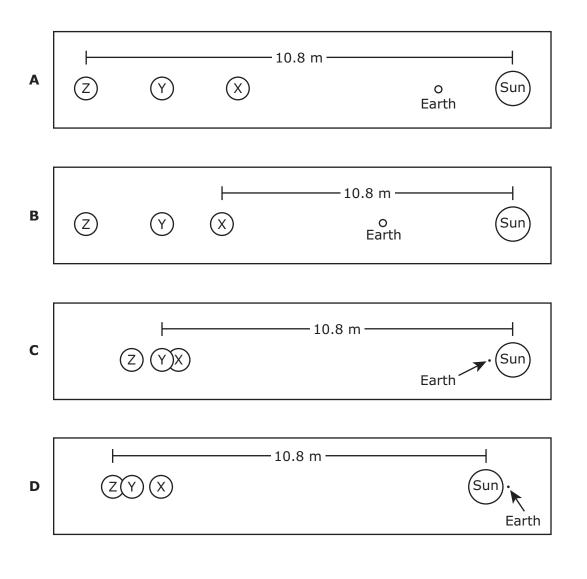
Record your answer and fill in the bubbles on your answer document. Be sure to use the correct place value.



45 The table below shows the distances of three stars from the sun. Students were asked to make a model of the three stars and to include the sun and Earth in the model. They chose to use a scale of 1 meter : 1 light-year.

| Star Data | | |
|-----------|------------------------------------|--|
| Star | Distance from Sun (light-years) | |
| Х | 9.4 | |
| Y | 10.4 | |
| Z | 10.8 | |

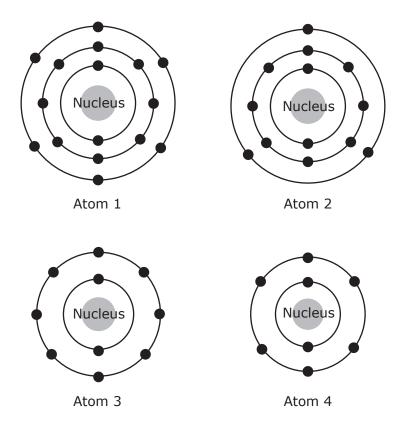
Which model best represents the data?



GO O



46 A student is studying the ways different elements are similar to one another. Diagrams of atoms from four different elements are shown below.



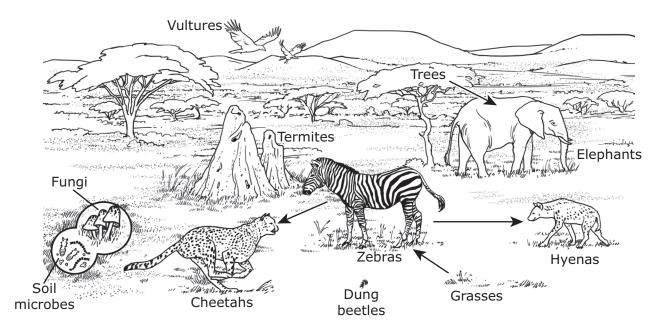
Which two atoms are of elements in the same group in the periodic table?

- F Atom 1 and Atom 2
- G Atom 1 and Atom 4
- H Atom 2 and Atom 3
- J Atom 3 and Atom 4





47 The African savanna is a grassland scattered with shrubs and small trees. Some of the organisms that live in the savanna are shown below.



Which two types of organisms have a producer-consumer relationship in this African savanna?

- A Zebras and hyenas
- **B** Hyenas and cheetahs
- **C** Trees and elephants
- **D** Fungi and dung beetles



48 Some students conducted a laboratory investigation to learn more about the physical properties of different elements. They observed four samples and recorded their observations in the table below.

| Sample | Appearance | Physical Properties |
|--------|------------|--|
| 1 | | Dull Yellow Powdery solid Smells like eggs Broken by hammer |
| 2 | | Silvery-gray Solid Shaped into a bar Dented by hammer |
| 3 | | Reddish-brown Shiny solid Shaped into a wire Can be stretched Dented by hammer |
| 4 | | Silvery-gray Solid Small round pellets Flattened by hammer |

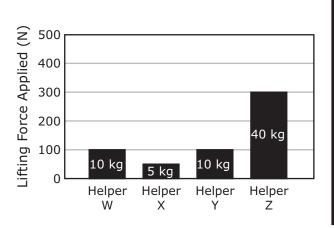
Properties of Four Elements

Based on these observations, which sample is most likely a nonmetal?

- **F** Sample 1
- G Sample 2
- H Sample 3
- J Sample 4



49 Four students volunteered to help a librarian move containers of library materials. The graph shows the amount of force used to lift the containers. The numbers in the bars show the mass of each container. The results for each student helper are shown in the table.



Data for Helpers

| Helper | Result of Lifting Force |
|--------|--|
| W | The container was raised 1 m to a shelf. |
| х | The container was raised 2.5 m to the top of a cabinet. |
| Y | The container was raised 0.5 m to a tabletop. |
| Z | The container was too heavy to lift even after four tries. |

Based on this information, which student helper did not do any work on a container?

- A Helper W
- B Helper X
- C Helper Y
- **D** Helper Z



50 The hydra is a very small, simple animal that lives in water. Hydras reproduce asexually by budding, a process in which a bud breaks off an adult hydra and floats away.



Which of the following best describes a hydra bud?

- **F** A hydra bud contains genetic material from its two parents.
- **G** A hydra bud is genetically identical to the parent hydra.
- **H** A hydra bud has different mutations than the parent hydra.
- **J** A hydra bud has half as much genetic material as the parent hydra.



51 The table below lists three characteristics of an atom of an element.

Characteristics of an Element

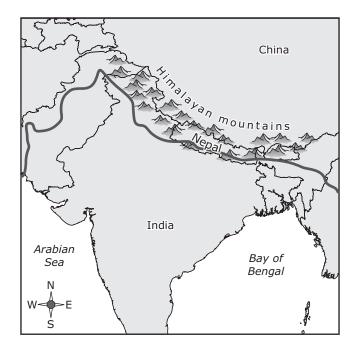
| Number of | Number of | Number of |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------|
| Protons | Neutrons | Valence Electrons |
| 37 | 48 | 1 |

An atom of which element is described by the data in the table?

- A Radon (Rn)
- B Cadmium (Cd)
- **C** Rubidium (Rb)
- **D** Astatine (At)



52 The Himalayan mountains are shown on the map below.



Four students were asked to identify the geologic process that caused this mountain range to form. Their responses are shown below.

Student Responses

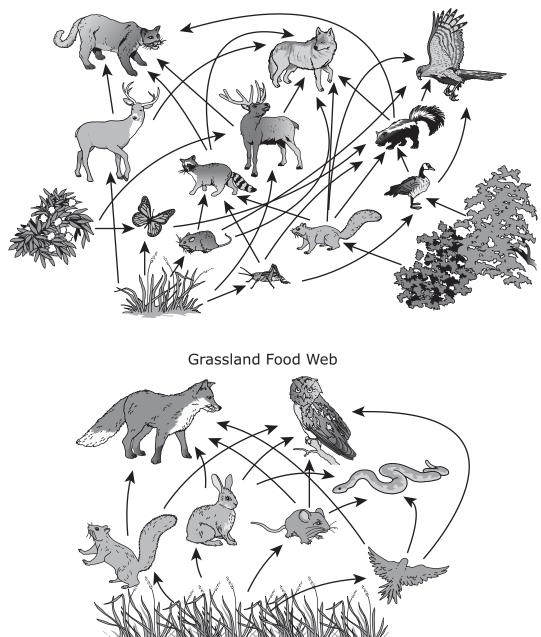
| Student | Response |
|---------|---|
| 1 | Two continental plates converging |
| 2 | An earthquake in a subduction zone |
| 3 | A tectonic plate moving over a hot spot |
| 4 | Movement at a transform fault boundary |

Which student correctly identified the geologic process that formed the Himalayan mountains?

- F Student 1
- G Student 2
- H Student 3
- J Student 4



53 The food webs below model relationships among the organisms in two ecosystems.



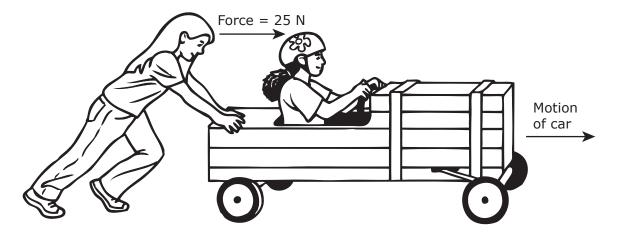
Forest Food Web

Which ecosystem would be more likely to survive if a disease killed the grasses?

- **A** The forest ecosystem, because most of the animals can eat other organisms
- **B** The grassland ecosystem, because several predators compete for food
- **C** The forest ecosystem, because it has three top predators
- **D** The grassland ecosystem, because it has many herbivores



54 The diagram shows a homemade car being pushed with a force of 25 N.



The force causes the car to move at a constant speed of 3 m/s. What will happen if the force is changed to 35 N?

- **F** The car will move at a constant speed of 13 m/s.
- **G** The speed of the car will not change.
- **H** The speed of the car will increase.
- **J** The speed of the car will decrease to 1 m/s.



