



STAAR Scoring for Science and Social Studies

The math, science, and social studies team works with STAAR and STAAR Alt 2.



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Today's Topics









Math Updates



FAQs







RECALL: Grading allows for teacher interpretation; scoring does not.



Last year, we discussed the difference between grading and scoring.

Grading

- Teacher knows the student
- Judgement calls can be made
- Teacher can interpret student response by considering knowledge the student has previously demonstrated.

Scoring

- Scorer does not know the student
- Judgement calls cannot be made
- Scorer awards points based on how well the student response addresses the question according to the rubric.

RECALL: For constructed response questions, scorers are trained based on guidance from Anchor Approval Committees.



Field-test responses are scored against the rubric



Anchor Approval
Committees analyze
sample student
responses and
provide scoring
guidance



Scorers are trained on the rubric for the question and guidance provided by the Anchor Approval Committee



Students respond to the question on the scored test form



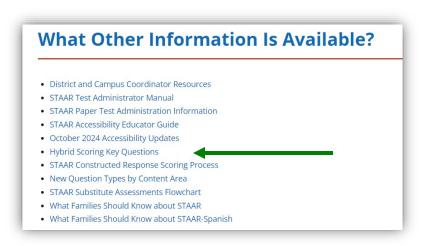
Scorers evaluate student responses and assign a score according to the rubric and scoring guidance

The process for scoring constructed response questions remains the same, with the addition of the scoring engine. This is referred to the **hybrid-scoring model**.

How does hybrid-scoring fit into the assessment process?

The agency addresses this question and others in a resource provided on the TEA website.

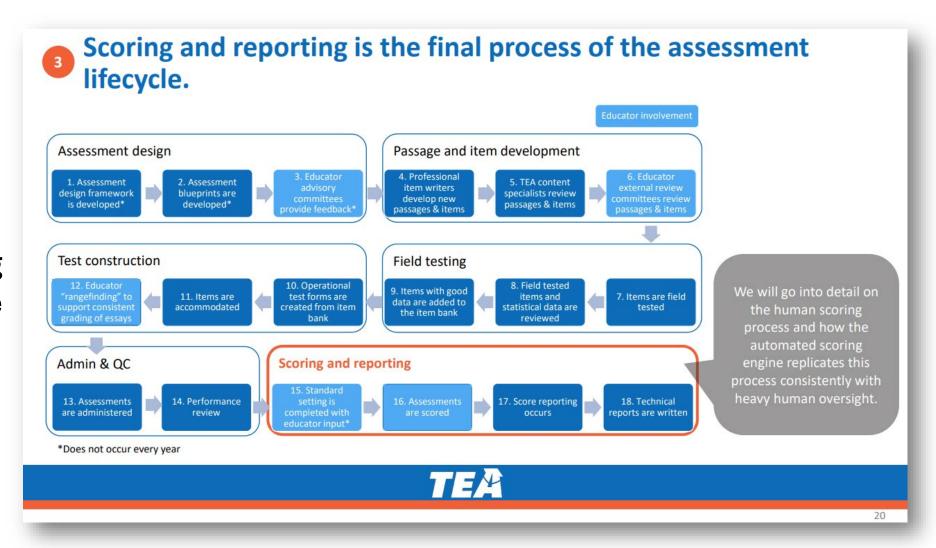
STAAR Resources page



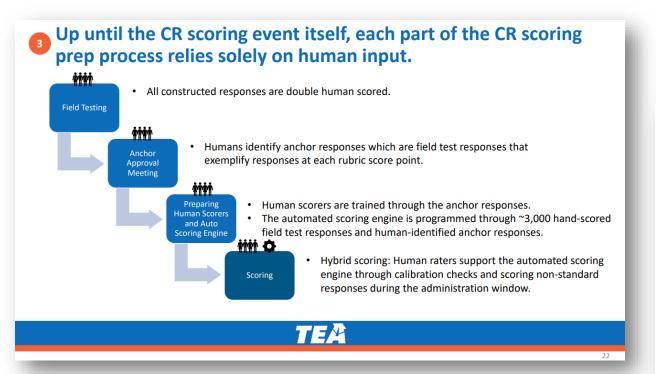


How does hybrid-scoring fit into the assessment process?

Slides 10-29 provide information about the assessment process. Slides 21-29 provide more details specific to the **human scoring** process and how the automated scoring engine replicates the process.



Slides 21-22 outline how humans are involved in the scoring 3 process and evaluation of the auto scoring engine.







test for programming.



The engine analyzes the responses to identify common patterns and is programmed to emulate how humans would score.



TEA evaluates the performance for each item and compares it to how humans would score.

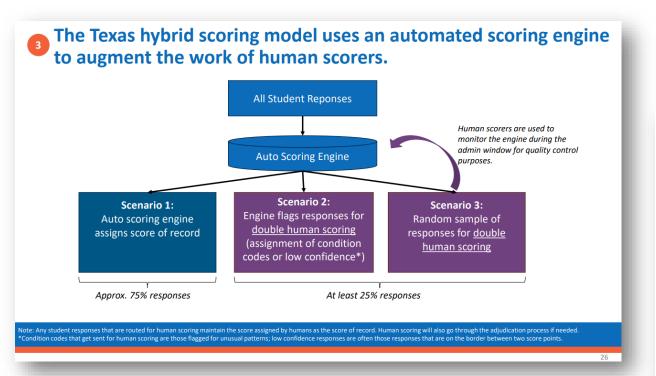


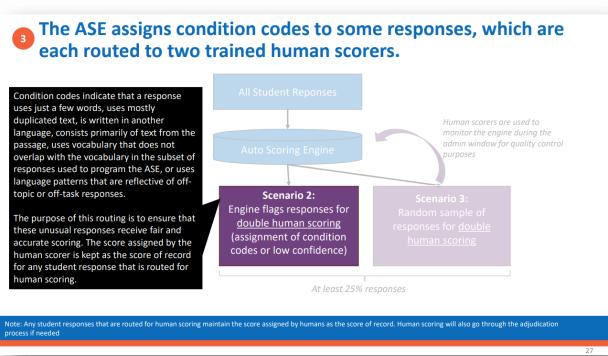
The engine is monitored throughout the scoring cycle to ensure that it remains calibrated to the anchor set.

Similar to human scorers who need to be window, there is a parallel process for the ASE



Slides 26-27 outline how the hybrid model uses the automated scoring engine.

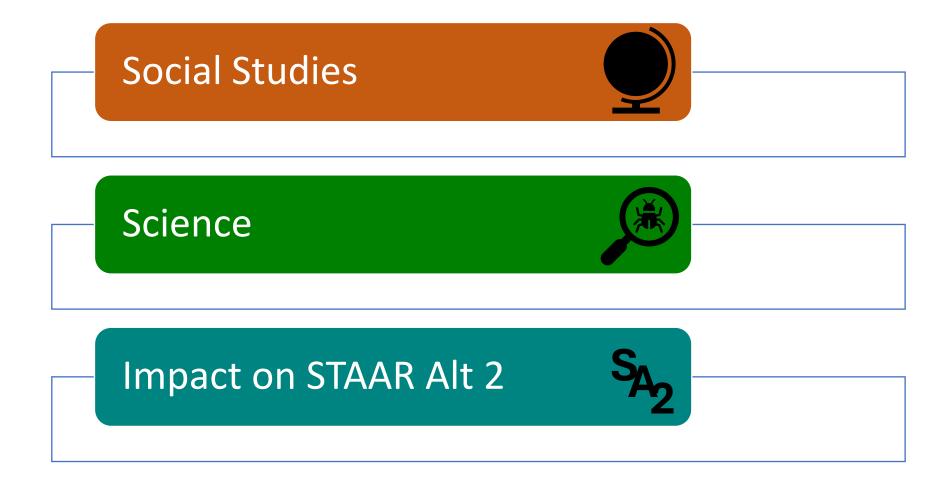






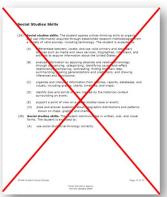


Social Studies and Science have changes to the TEKS that impact the state assessments

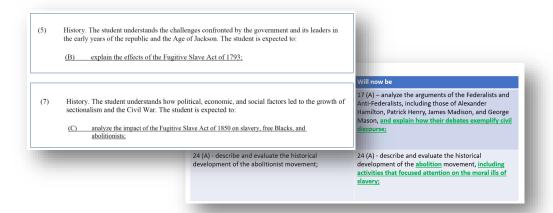


The social studies TEKS were revised to align with requirements outlined in Senate Bill 3 from the 87th Texas Legislature, 2nd Called Session, 2021.





Ouestions are not written to the standards under the social studies skills strand, so they have been removed from the document.



Two new standards were added to the grade 8 social studies assessed curriculum. Other standards had a small amount of content added.

Current SE	Will now be
8 (F) - describe the responses to the Vietnam War such as the draft, the 26 th Amendment, the role of the media, the credibility gap, the silent majority, and the anti–war movement.	8 (F) - describe the responses to the Vietnam War including the draft, the 26 th Amendment, the role of the media, the credibility gap, the silent majority, and the anti–war movement.
9 (F) - discuss the impact of the writings of Martin Luther King Jr. such as and "Letter from Birmingham Jail" on the civil rights movement;	9 (F) - discuss the impact of the writings of Martin Luther King Jr. <u>including</u> his "I Have a Dream" speech and "Letter from Birmingham Jail" on the civil rights movement;

A few standards in USH had minor language changes.

For more information on changes to the Social Studies TEKS, visit the **Social Studies** <u>Curriculum webpage</u> on the TEA website.

Grade 8 Social Studies has two new standards and two revised standards.



- (5) History. The student understands the challenges confronted by the government and its leaders in the early years of the republic and the Age of Jackson. The student is expected to:
 - (B) explain the effects of the Fugitive Slave Act of 1793;
- (7) History. The student understands how political, economic, and social factors led to the growth of sectionalism and the Civil War. The student is expected to:
 - analyze the impact of the Fugitive Slave Act of 1850 on slavery, free Blacks, and abolitionists;

Standards 8.17A and 8.24A had additional content added to the existing standard.

The summer committees discussed the frequency to assess the two new standards.

- 8.5B is listed as a supporting standard.
- 8.7C is listed as a readiness standard

Grade 8 Social Studies

Current SE	Will now be
17 (A) – analyze the arguments of the Federalists and Anti-Federalists, including those of Alexander Hamilton, Patrick Henry, James Madison, and George Mason	17 (A) – analyze the arguments of the Federalists and Anti-Federalists, including those of Alexander Hamilton, Patrick Henry, James Madison, and George Mason, and explain how their debates exemplify civil discourse;
24 (A) - describe and evaluate the historical development of the abolitionist movement;	24 (A) - describe and evaluate the historical development of the <u>abolition</u> movement, <u>including</u> <u>activities that focused attention on the moral ills of slavery;</u>

The revisions to the US History standards do not affect the assessed curriculum.



Some of the "such as" statements in the standards were changed to "including" statements.

US History (EOC)

Current SE	Will now be
8 (F) - describe the responses to the Vietnam War such as the draft, the 26 th Amendment, the role of the media, the credibility gap, the silent majority, and the anti-war movement.	8 (F) - describe the responses to the Vietnam War including the draft, the 26 th Amendment, the role of the media, the credibility gap, the silent majority, and the anti-war movement.
9 (F) - discuss the impact of the writings of Martin Luther King Jr. such as his "I Have a Dream" speech and "Letter from Birmingham Jail" on the civil rights movement;	9 (F) - discuss the impact of the writings of Martin Luther King Jr. <u>including</u> his "I Have a Dream" speech and "Letter from Birmingham Jail" on the civil rights movement;

It takes multiple years to implement questions to the new content into STAAR.



determine if the new SEs will be added as Supporting or Readiness standards.

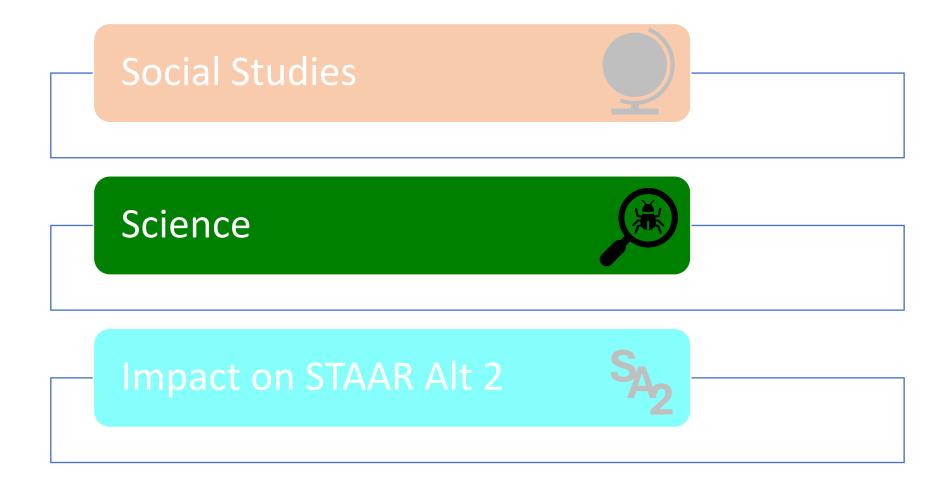
Questions written to assess the new standards.

2024

Questions written to the new standards will be field-tested.

Questions written to the new/revised standards will be scored beginning with the Spring 2027 assessments.

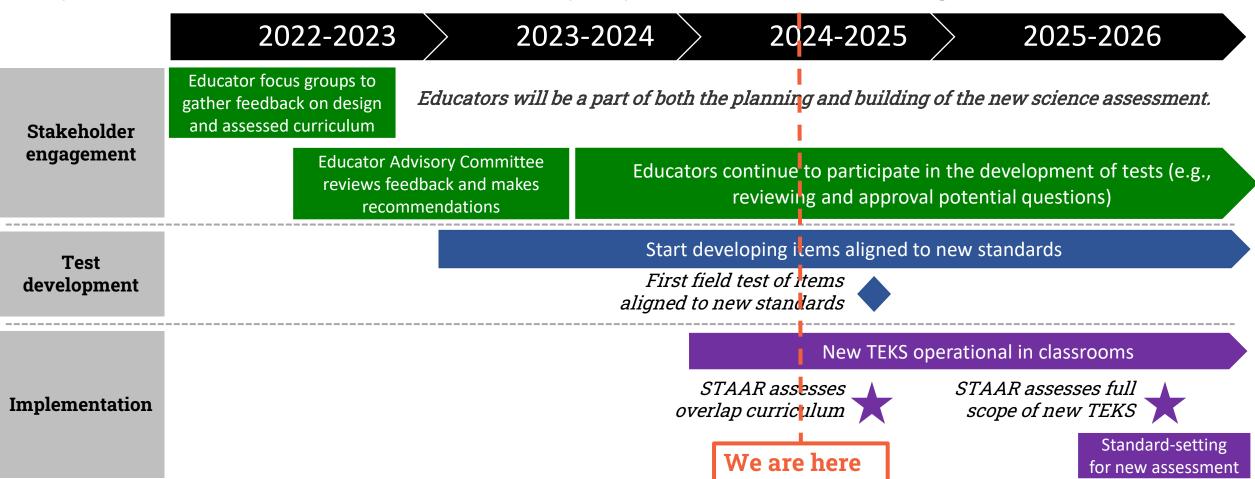
Social Studies and Science have changes to the TEKS that impact the state assessments



RECALL: Timeline for implementing the new science TEKS in the state assessment program



In 2020-2021, the SBOE has adopted revised TEKS for science in grades K-12. TEA will work with Texas educators to update the science STAAR tests to assess the newly adopted standards on the following timeline.



The Assessed Curriculum documents, Blueprints, and Reference Materials are available on the TEA website.



Home / Student Assessment

STAAR

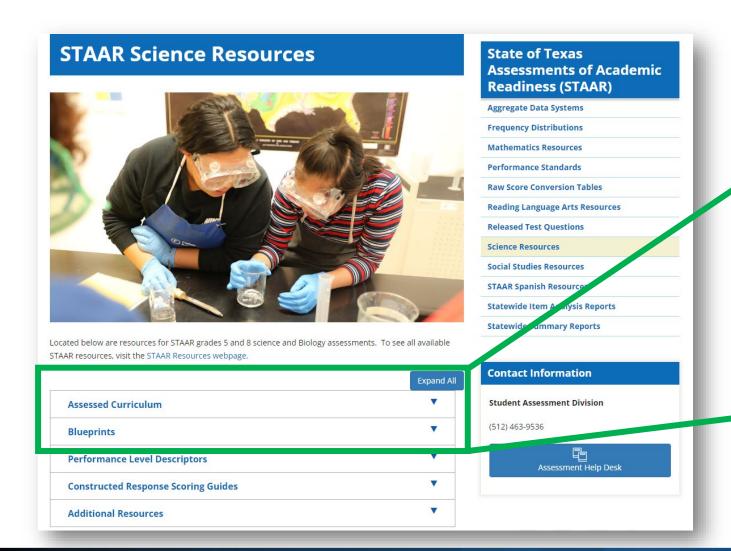


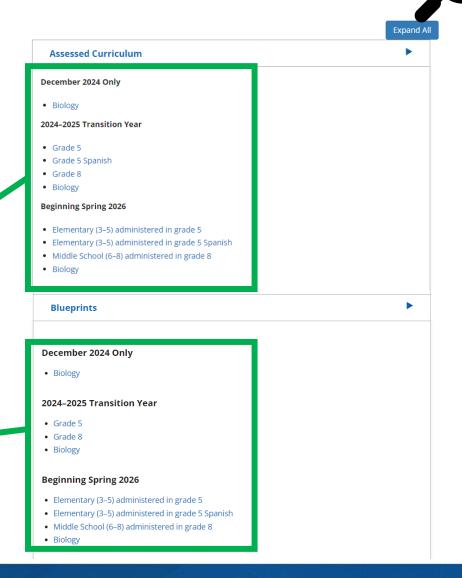
The State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness (STAAR®) is a standardized academic achievement test designed to measure the extent to which a student has learned and is able to apply the defined knowledge and skills in the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) at each tested grade, subject, and course. Every STAAR question is directly aligned to the TEKS currently in effect for the grade and subject or course being assessed.

Student Assessment Overview STAAR Mathematics Resources Science Resources STAAR Spanish Resources Released Test Questions STAAR Alternate 2 TELPAS

The documents for the transition year (2025) and full implementation year (beginning Spring 2026) are located by grade level on the Science Resources page.

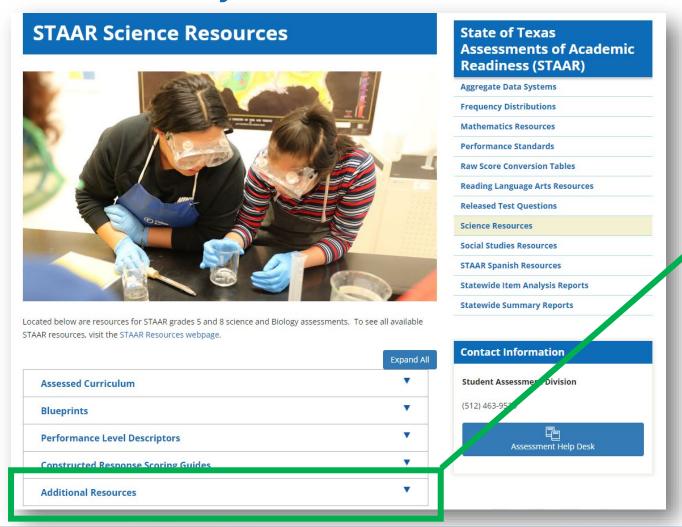
The documents are identified by the assessment administration.





The Reference Materials are located under "Additional Resources" and labeled by assessment administration.

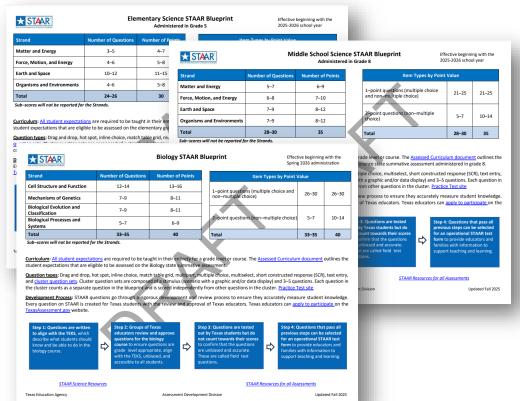




Grade 8 Reference Materials (Spring 2025 Only)	
Middle School Reference Materials (Beginning Spring 2026)	
Accompanying Guide to New Question Type Samplers	

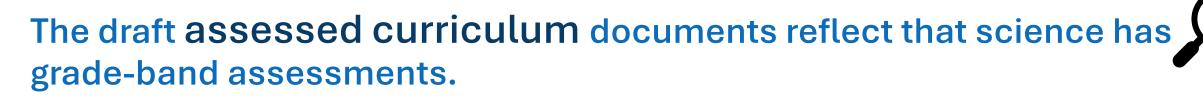
The documents that will be in effect for the Spring 2026 administration are marked with a DRAFT watermark.







The DRAFT watermark indicates that they are not in use for the 2024-2025 school year.





Elementary Science Assessment

Administered in Grade 5

Eligible Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills



Middle School Science Assessment

Administered in Grade 8

Eligible Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills

Based on the feedback of educators, the name of the assessments will better reflect that the assessments administered in grades 5 and 8 are grade-band assessments.

The readiness and supporting labels are not published.



Readiness and supporting labels will still be used to build the assessments; however, they will not be published.

STAAR Middle School Science Assessment

Matter and Energy

Grade 8

- 8.6 The student understands that matter can be classified according to its properties and matter is conserved in chemical changes that occur within closed systems. The student is expected to:
 - investigate how mass is conserved in chemical reactions and relate conservation of mass to the rearrangement of atoms using chemical equations, including photosynthesis

Grade 7

- 7.6 The student distinguishes between elements and compounds, classifies changes in matter, and understands the properties of solutions. The student is expected to:
 - (B) use the periodic table to identify the atoms and the number of each kind within a chemical formula
 - (C) distinguish between physical and chemical changes in matter

Grade 6

- 6.6 The student knows that matter is made of atoms, can be classified according to its properties, and can undergo changes. The student is expected to:
 - (C) identify elements on the periodic table as metals, nonmetals, metalloids, and rare Earth elements based on their physical properties and importance to modern life
 - (D) compare the density of substances relative to various fluids
 - (E) identify the formation of a new substance by using the evidence of a possible chemical change, including production of a gas, change in thermal energy, production of a precipitate, and color change



Reporting Category Number of Standards * Number of Questions 1: Cell Structure and Function Readiness: 3 Supporting: 3 8-10	Number of Points 8–13
1: Cell Structure and Function 8–10	8–13
2: Mechanisms of Genetics Readiness: 3 Supporting: 2	8-13
3: Biological Evolution and Classification Readiness: 2 Supporting: 4 8-10	8-13
4: Biological Processes and Systems Readiness: 3 Supporting: 2	8–13
5: Interdependence within Environmental Systems Readiness: 3 Supporting: 1 8-10	8–13
1-point questions (multiple-choice and non-multiple choice) 37	37 16

^{*}For the transition year assessments, additional questions for readiness and supporting standards may be included to ensure the number of questions for each Reporting Category on the test form aligns to the blueprint.

All TEKS, whether identified as readiness or supporting, are required to be taught in their entirety for a grade level or course.

Total

Readiness standards are essential for success in the current grade level and important for preparedness for the next grade level or course. They address broad and deep ideas and require in-depth instruction. These standards make up approximately 55–70% of the total points on the base test.

Supporting standards play a role in preparing students for the next grade or course but not one that is central. They address more narrowly defined ideas or concepts that are emphasized in grade levels below or above the current grade level or course. Supporting standards make up approximately 30–45% of the total points on the base test.

Every passage and question on STAAR is created for Texas students with the review and approval of Texas educators.

STAAR passages and questions go through a rigorous development and review process to ensure they accurately measure student knowledge.

Step 1: Passages and questions are written to align with the TEKS, which describe what students should know and be able to do in each grade and subject.

Step 2: Groups of Texas educators review and approve passages and questions for the grade and subject they teach to ensure passages and questions are grade-level appropriate, align with the TEKS, and are unbiased and accessible to all

Step 3: Questions are tested out by Texas students but do not count towards their scores to confirm that the questions are unbiased and accurate. These are called "field-test questions".

Step 4: Passages and questions that pass all previous steps can be selected for an official STAAR test to provide educators and families with information to support teaching and learning.

STAAR Science Resources STAAR Resources for all Assessments STAAR Redesign Resources

Texas Education Agency Student Assessment Division Updated Fall 2024



Biology STAAR Blueprint

Effective beginning with the Spring 2026 administration

Strand	Number of Questions	Number of Points
Biological Structures, Functions, and Processes	12–14	13–16
Mechanisms of Genetics	7–9	8–11
Biological Evolution	7–9	8–11
Interdependence within Environmental Systems	5–7	6–9
Total	33–35	40

Item Types by Point	Value	
1–point questions (multiple choice and non–multiple choice)	26–30	26–30
2–point questions (non–multiple choice)	5–7	10–14
Total	33–35	40

Sub-scores will not be reported for the Strands.

<u>Curriculum:</u> All <u>student expectations</u> are required to be taught in their entirety for a grade level or course. The <u>Assessed Curriculum document</u> outlines the student expectations that are eligible to be assessed on the Biology state summative assessment.

Question types: Drag and drop, hot spot, inline choice, match table grid, multiple choice, multiple choice,

<u>Development Process</u>: STAAR questions go through a rigorous development and review process to ensure they accurately measure student knowledge. Every question on STAAR is created for Texas students with the review and approval of Texas educators. Texas educators can <u>apply to participate</u> on the <u>TexasAssessment.gov</u> website.

Step 1: Questions are written to align with the TEKS, which describe what students should know and be able to do in the biology course.

Step 2: Groups of Texas educators review and approve questions for the biology course to ensure questions are grade level appropriate, align with the TEKS, unbiased, and accessible to all students.

Step 3: Questions are tested out by Texas students but do not count towards their scores to confirm that the questions are unbiased and accurate. These are called field test

Step 4: Questions that pass all previous steps can be selected for an operational STAAR test form to provide educators and families with information to support teaching and learning.

STAAR Science Resources

STAAR Resources for all Assessments

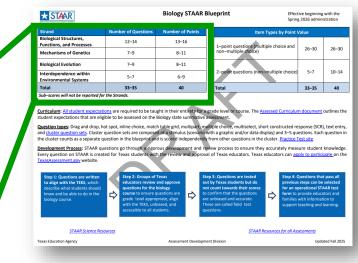
Texas Education Agency Assessment Development Division Updated Fall 2025



RECALL: Due to the shortened blueprint, subscores will not be reported for the Strands.

Strand	Number of Questions	Number of Points
Biological Structures, Functions, and Processes	12–14	13–16
Mechanisms of Genetics	7–9	8–11
Biological Evolution	7–9	8–11
Interdependence within Environmental Systems	5–7	6–9
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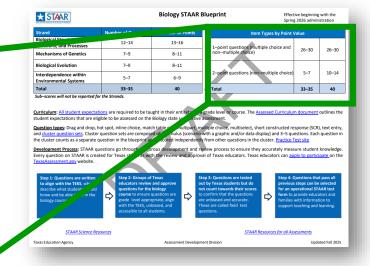
The Strand names are directly from the TEKS.



NOTE: Biology will move from 5 Reporting Categories to 4 Strands beginning in Spring 2026.

Item Types by Point \	Value	
1–point questions (multiple choice and non–multiple choice)	26–30	26–30
2–point questions (non–multiple choice)	5–7	10–14
Total	33–35	40

The number of questions is listed as a range, while the number of points will remain constant.



NOTE: These totals do not include the field-test questions.



<u>Curriculum</u>: <u>All student expectations</u> are required to be taught in their entirety for a grade level or course. The <u>Assessed Curriculum document</u> outlines the student expectations that are eligible to be assessed on the Biology state summative assessment.

Question types: Drag and drop, hot spot, inline choice, match table grid, multipart, multiple choice, multiselect, short constructed response (SCR), text entry, and cluster question sets. Cluster question sets are composed of a stimulus (scenario with a graphic and/or data display) and 3–5 questions. Each question in the cluster counts as a separate question in the blueprint and is scored independently from other questions in the cluster. Practice Test site

<u>Development Process</u>: STAAR questions go through a rigorous development and review process to ensure they accurately measure student knowledge. Every question on STAAR is created for Texas students with the review and approval of Texas educators. Texas educators can <u>apply to participate</u> on the <u>TexasAssessment.gov</u> website.

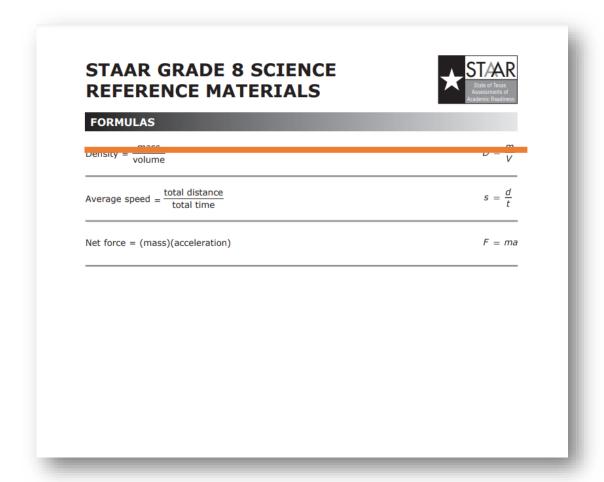
Strand	Number of Questions	Number of Poi	nts	Item	Types by Point	Value	
Biological Structures, Functions, and Processes	12-14	13-16		1-point questions (mult	tiple choice and	25.20	25.20
Mechanisms of Genetics	7-9	8-11		non-multiple choice)		26-30	26-30
Biological Evolution	7–9	8-11					
Interdependence within Environmental Systems	5-7	6-9		2-point questions (non-	multiple choice)	5-7	10-14
Total	33-35	40		Total		33-35	40
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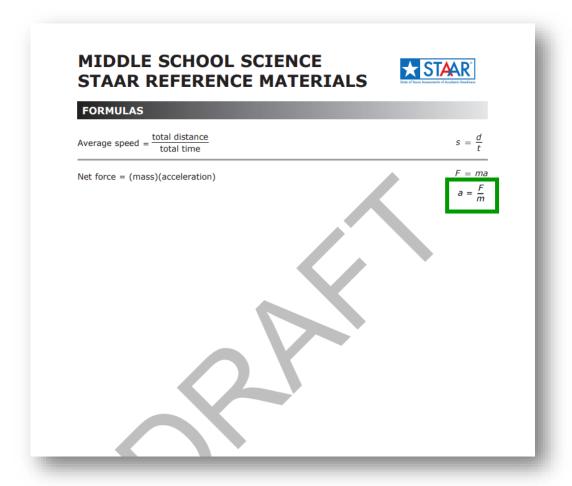
★ STAAR

This information is specific for each assessment. Links are provided for easy access to documents, websites, and the educator committee application.

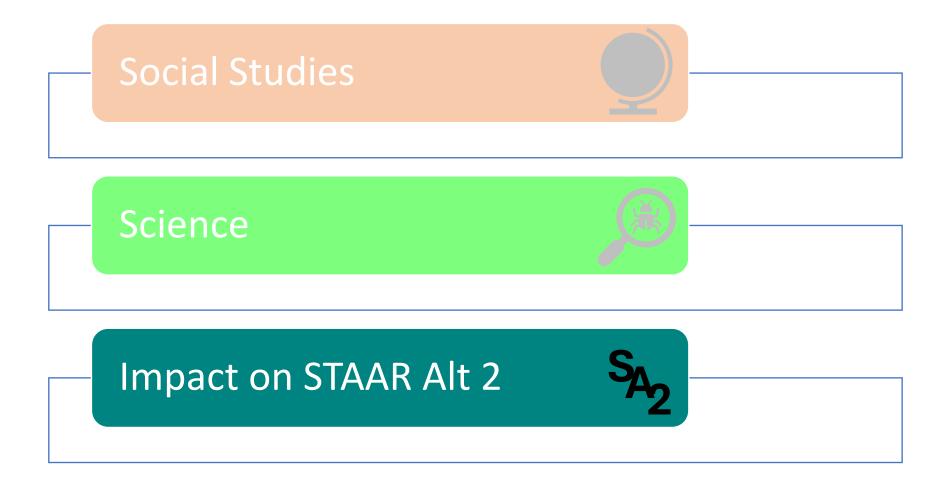
The Reference Materials have a few changes to the formula list based on the new TEKS.







Social Studies and Science have changes to the TEKS that impact the state assessments



The implementation of the new science TEKS into STAAR Alt 2 follows the same timeline as STAAR.



Spring 2024

STAAR

Assess old TEKS

Spring 2025

- Assess overlap curriculum
- Field-test questions for new TEKS

Spring 2026

- Assess new TEKS
- Field-test questions for new TEKS

STAAR ALT 2

Assess old TEKS

- Assess overlap curriculum
- Field-test questions for new TEKS

- Assess new TEKS
- Field-test questions for new TEKS

For the 2024-2025 school year, the new Curriculum Framework will be used with the blueprint from 2023-2024 school year.





Spring 2025

Spring 2026

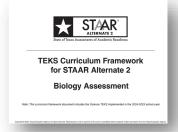
Curriculum Framework 2023-2024



 Blueprint Effective as of 2022-2023

			Semic Year 2022-23			
Reporting Categories	eligible to based on \$77	f Standards for testing NAR Blueprints	Number of Prerequisite Skills eligible for testing based on STAAR Alternate 2 Curriculum Frameworks *	Number of Questions **	Number of Paints ***	
eporting Category 1:	Readiness	- 1	59	4		
ell Structure and Function	Supporting	3		_	_	
eporting Category 2: forbanisms of Genetics	Readiness	1	22	4		
eporting Category 3:	Dupporting		79	_	_	
iological Evolution nd Classification	Supporting	6		4		
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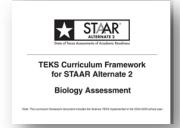
High School Biology Curriculum Framework



Blueprint 2022-2023



High School Biology Curriculum
 Framework

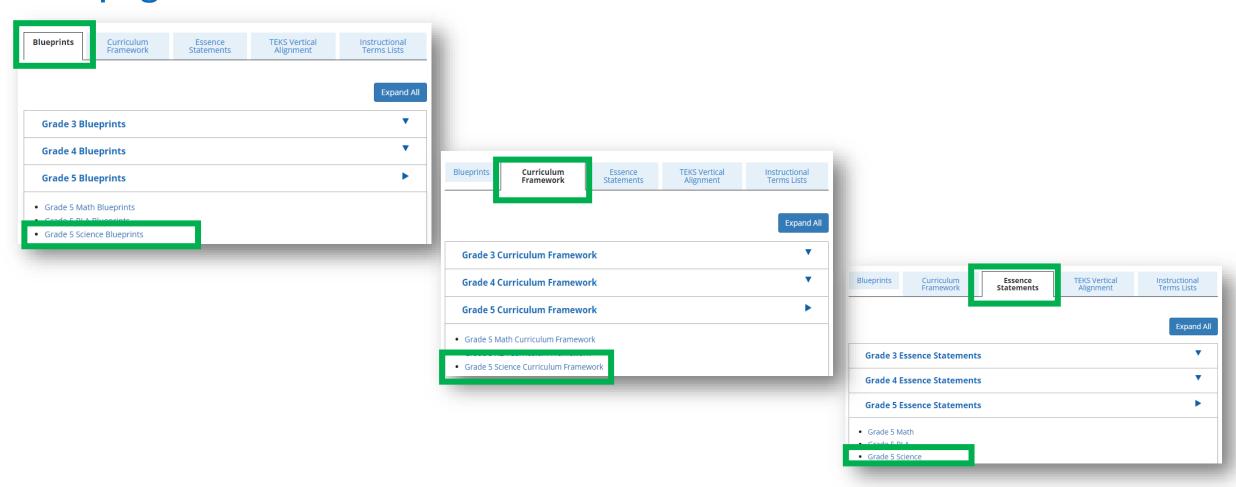


Biology Blueprint (Beginning Spring 2026)



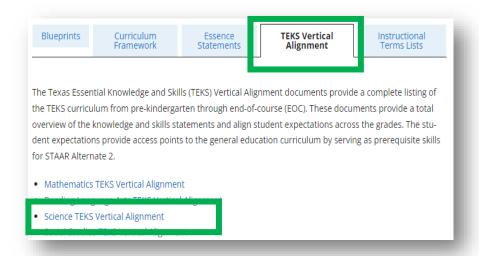
The Assessed Curriculum documents, Blueprints, and Reference Materials for STAAR Alt 2 are posted on the STAAR Alt 2 Resource webpage.

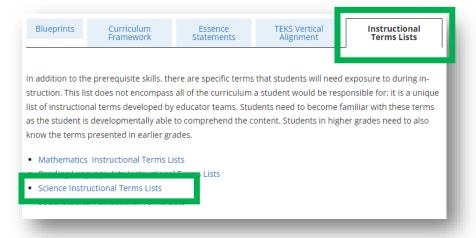




The Assessed Curriculum documents, Blueprints, and Reference Materials for STAAR Alt 2 are posted on the STAAR Alt 2 Resource webpage.











The STAAR Calculator Policy has not changed, however one statement has been added for clarity.

STAAR Calculator Policy

Calculators are required for the following STAAR assessments: grade 8 mathematics, grade 8 science, Algebra I, and Biology. Calculator tools appropriate for these tests and that fulfill this requirement are available for student use in the online testing platform.

Calculators are not permitted for students taking the STAAR grades 3-7 mathematics assessments or the STAAR grade 5 science assessment unless the student meets the eligibility criteria to use a calculator as an accommodation. Information regarding calculators as a designated support for students with disabilities can be found in the <u>Accommodations</u> section of the <u>District and Compus Coordinator Resources</u>.

STAAR calculator requirements may also be met with the following calculation devices: a handheld calculator or a calculator application on an allowable device. Students may have access to more than one calculation device retesting. For students testing online or on paper with one or more of these calculation devices, the following information applies.

District- or Student-Supplied Calculation Devices

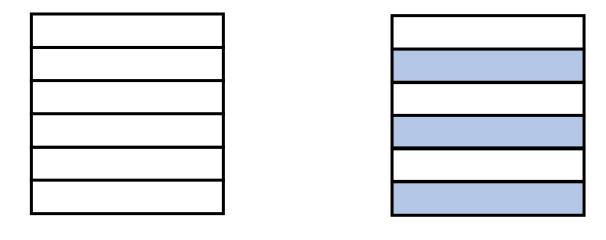
- The district may provide calculation devices, or students may bring them from home.
- To the extent allowable, students should be provided or allowed to use the same type of calculation device during testing that they routinely use in the classroom. Providing an unfamiliar calculation device on the day of the state assessment may hinder rather than aid the student.
- For the STAAR grade 8 mathematics and Algebra I assessments, each student must have access to a graphing
 calculation device throughout the entire test.
- For the STAAR grade 8 science and Biology assessments, students must have access to a calculation device with basic four-function capability at a minimum. There should be at least one calculation device for every five students taking these assessments.
- The use of a calculation device during STAAR should not compromise the assessment of the Texas Essential
 Knowledge and Skills (TEXS). District personnel should be aware that some calculation devices include programs,
 applications, or resources that could aid students during testing. Therefore, district and campus personnel should
 carefully consider the use of these devices for the assessment, and any programs, applications, or resources that
 would compromise the assessment of the TEKS must be disabled or removed from the device. The following
 functions must be disabled for testing:
 - geometry functions;
 - o graphing implicit equations and inequalities:
 - graphing inequalities (calculator or application automatically interprets the inequality symbol);
 - polynomial root finders;
 - o simultaneous equation solvers; and
 - functions that automatically calculate mean absolute deviation.
- All memory must be cleared to factory default on any calculation device both before and after testing. If calculation
 devices are shared during the test, the memory must be cleared after each student uses it.
- For calculator devices that are applications, all internet capabilities must be disabled for use during testing. In
 addition, the calculator application being used must be locked down or in kiosk mode to prevent the use of other
 applications during testing. Refer to the <u>Technology Guidelines</u> page of the Coordinator Resources for more
 information regarding the security and validity of the assessments.

STAAR calculator requirements may also be met with the following calculation devices: a handheld calculator or a calculator application on an allowable device. Students may have access to more than one calculation device for testing. For students testing online or on paper with one or more of these calculation devices, the following information applies.

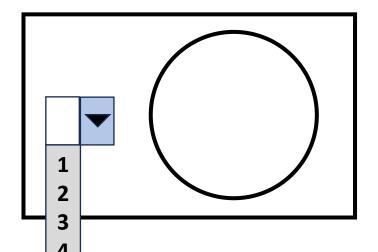
In response to questions from the field, this statement was added to clarify that students may still have both calculator applications on separate devices and/or handheld calculators. Keep in mind that students will be most comfortable with devices that have been used in the classroom throughout the school year.

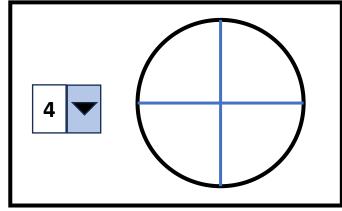
The <u>STAAR Calculator Policy</u> is included the DCCR and on the TEA website.

New fraction model types have been developed and will be field tested during the Spring 2025 STAAR.



The new fraction model question types will allow students to actively create fractions and generate answers as they relate to the question being asked. These question types will only be used in grades 3, 4, and 5.





Students must be provided blank scratch paper for STAAR math assessments.

All students taking a STAAR mathematics assessment **must** be provided blank scratch paper.

- o Grades 3–8
- Algebra I
- Spanish grades 3–5

*Students **should** be provided blank scratch paper for other assessments as requested.

*Minimum requirement – At district discretion, scratch paper may be distributed to all students prior to the assessment.

What is considered blank scratch paper? Any blank medium that can be erased or destroyed may be used as blank scratch paper. If the medium has been manipulated to encourage the use of a specific strategy, then it does not fit the category of scratch paper and would instead be considered a <u>blank graphic organizer</u>.

FAQs

1. Interpreting data from the STAAR summative

2. Assessing the new science TEKS

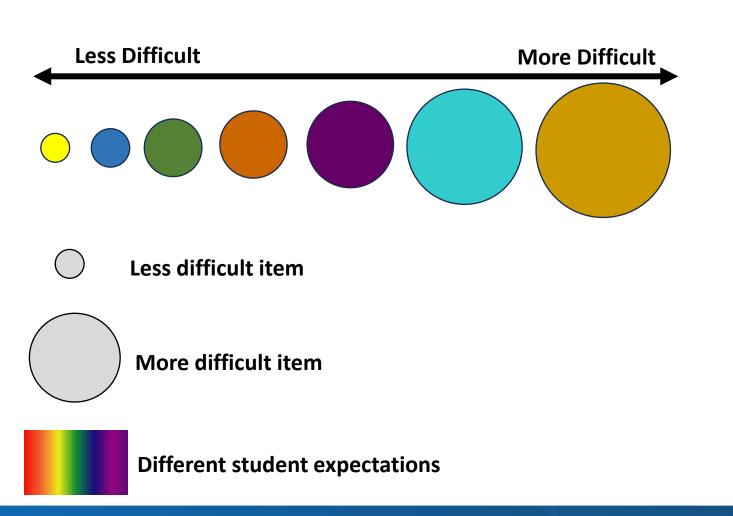


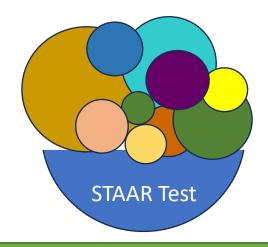
Common concern we hear from the field



Some districts wondered if looking at data from a single year of summative assessments was leading to potentially incomplete conclusions about student performance.

Let's look at how the difficulty levels of items on summative assessments will vary as well as the importance of looking at data trends over numerous years as opposed to data from one year. Though each STAAR math test is always designed using the same test blueprint, items on the assessment will vary in difficulty level.





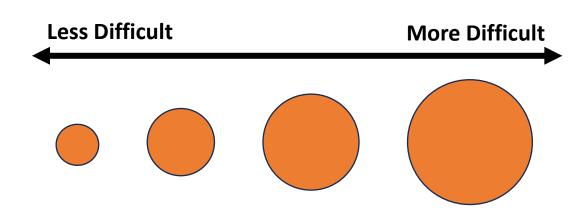
Every year, each test title must be designed to meet a specific overall difficulty level.



Every year item writers develop items for each student expectation at different difficulty levels so a balanced assessment can be created.



A single student expectation (SE) can have different questions written to it, each with a different difficulty level.



1

Districts should be cognizant that information from a single year is not a valid measurement of program success for a specific skill or student

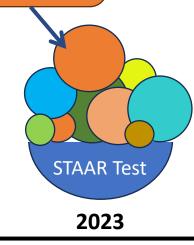
expectation.

Results for this student expectation in 2023 may look low – however it was assessed at a high difficulty level that year.



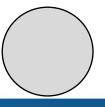








Less difficult item



More difficult item



It is important to look at the data trends for a skill or student expectation over multiple years.

Different student expectations

What does the instruction and assessment timeline look like in the classroom?

2024-2025

Transition Year

Full Implementation into STAAR

2025-2026

Instruction: NEW TEKS (Adopted 2020 and 2021)

Assessment: Content that overlaps new and old TEKS

- Assessed Curriculum: Side-by-Side Document 2024-2025 Transition Year
- ➤ **Blueprint:** Same blueprint from 2023-2024 2024-2025 Transition Year
- Reference Materials (Gr. 8 Only): Same reference materials from 2023-2024 Grade 8 Reference Materials

Instruction: NEW TEKS (Adopted 2020 and 2021)

Assessment: NEW TEKS using NEW blueprint

- Assessed Curriculum: NEW Assessed Curriculum documents Full Implementation (Beginning Spring 2026)
- Blueprint: NEW blueprints
 Full Implementation (Beginning Spring 2026)
- Reference Materials (Middle School Only): NEW reference materials
 Middle School Science Reference Materials

What TEKS are eligible to be assessed with the full implementation into STAAR?

2025-2026

Full Implementation into STAAR

- Assessed Curriculum: NEW Assessed Curriculum documents Full Implementation (Beginning Spring 2026)
- Blueprint: NEW blueprints
 Full Implementation (Beginning Spring 2026)
- Reference Materials (Middle School Only): NEW reference materials
 Middle School Science Reference Materials

For Spring 2026 ONLY, the grade 3 and grade 6 standards included on the assessed curriculum documents will not be included on STAAR to allow for instructional shifts in the new TEKS.

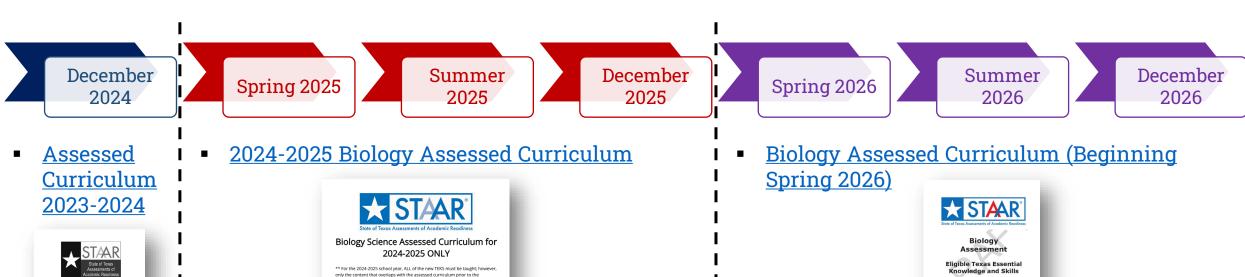
2026-2027

and following years

- Assessed Curriculum: NEW Assessed Curriculum documents Full Implementation (Beginning Spring 2026)
- Blueprint: NEW blueprints
 Full Implementation (Beginning Spring 2026)
- Reference Materials (Middle School Only): NEW reference materials
 Middle School Science Reference Materials

Beginning with the Spring 2027 administration, all standards on the assessed curriculum documents are available to be assessed on STAAR.

What does the Biology assessed curriculum look like for Spring, Summer, and December administrations?



Blueprint 2023-2024

Biology

Fligible Teyas Essential



2024-2025 Biology Blueprint

	STAAR Biology Blueprint for the 2024-2025 Sc Assessing the Overlap Curriculum		
Reporting Category	Number of Standards *	Number of Questions	Number of Points
1: Cell Structure and Function	Readness 3 Supporting 3	8-10	8-13
2. Mechanisms of Genetics	Readiness 3 Supporting 2	8-10	8-13
3. Biological Evolution and Classification	Readiness 2 Supporting 4	8-10	8-13
4: Biological Processes and Systems	Avadiness 3 Supporting 2	8-10	8-13
S interdependence within Environmental Systems	Readness 3 Supporting 1	8-10	8-13
tern Types by Print	I point purgions insultiple choice and non-multiple choice		
tion types by Plant	2 point questions (non-multiple choice)	- "	- 4
	Total	45	9
Realiness standards are exemited for success and require in-depth instruction. These stands supporting standards play a role in preparing.	operfung, are required to be taught in their entirety for a grade lever in the surrent grade level and important for preparedness for the ni clin make up approximately 55—70% of the total points on the base students for the next grade or course but not one that is certain, the surrent grade level or course. Supporting standards make up.	ent grade level or course. The test. They address more narrowl	defined ideas or concepts th
	question on STAAR is created for Texas students with the review		
STAAR pawages and questions	go through a rigorous development and review process to ensure	they accurately measure st	udent knowledge.
Step 1: Passages and pumpions St	ep 2: Groups of Texas Sup 3: Questions are to by Texas students but 6 course and questions for the	is not that pers	anages and questions all previous steps can ad for an official STAAR

document, the content in the black font is eligible to be assessed in the 2024-

Biology Blueprint (Beginning Spring 2026)

	Number of Questions		Item Types by Point Value		
Cell Structure and Function	12-14	13-16	1-point questions invultible choice a		
Mechanisms of Genetics	19	8 11	non multiple choice)	26-30	26-3
Biological Evolution and Classification	2.0	811	2 point questions (non-multiple chièses)		
Biological Processes and Systems	5-7	6-9		(a) 5-7	10-14
Total	33-35	46	Total	33-35	40
bountion types: Drug and drop, and chatter question sets. Cluste the distinct counts as a separate levelopment Process: STAAR of very question on SSAAR is one	r question sets are compose question in the blueprint as sestions go through a rigo ared for Texas shades to se	Biology state sammadi chitable grid, multiport, editol a stimulus bosesa di a scorred independences development, and the the review, and app	in a grade ferrel or openier. The <u>Assessed Com-</u> or states attent. Insulty pie divides, multipolect, short construct for with a graphic and/or data display) and 3 and years of the charter. <u>One</u> are process to ensure they accurately provided thems education. Trease education is	d response (SCF i questions. Each ice Text size neasure student), tost or question
Duestion types: Drug and drop, and duster question sets. Cluste the district counts as separate Development Process STAAR of Dreny question on SSAAR is one sossessment review committees.	hat spot, inline choice, must requestion sets are complete, question in the bluepriet a succions go through a rigo and for Team shades to so on the Team shades to so on the Team Assets must on the Team Assets must go	Bology state sammadi chitable grid, multiport, edited a stimulus bosesa di a storred independencia di a storred independencia mossibility and opposition and oppo- simobility.	ve assessment, washingled, short construct the walk pile divides, multivaled, short construct for with a graphic and/for data display) and 3 acts from other questions in the duster. One profess process to ensure they accountely spiral of female educations of the second of the secon	d response (SCB i questions. Eacl ion Test che neasure student i apply to purtic), tost or specific knowles igade on
Destion types: Drug and drop, and cluster question sets. Cluste the district counts as a separate Development Process: STARI of livery question on SSARI is one	hot spot, inline choice, man repeated in sets are complied upon the sets are sets and fair fresh shadows an on the Transitive business from the sets are sets are the sets are sets and the sets an	Biology state sammadi th stable grid, multipart, editor a stimulus journal of its scored independen- rous development and the trainers and approaches the stable process and approaches and approaches and approaches and approaches	we assertioned. Sample for discharge, multiculors, there constructs for with a graphic and/or data display) and 3 of for the control of the control of the control of graphic profess process to ensure they accountely good of Dreass educators. Fress educators is they 3. Scentimes are instead out they 3. Scentimes are instead out they should be set out most transport for the control out they should be set out they should be should be the shou	d response (SCF i questions. Each ice Text size neasure student	i, text or a question knowles igade on pass all whiteful it and form of familie



Please contact us through the Assessment Help Desk.



<u>Assessment Help Desk</u>

When you contact the Help Desk, please include the following information:

- Topic
- Questions
- Relevant information
- Contact information
 (Please include availability if you request a phone call.)

Thank you for attending our session today.

Carrie Alexander

Brian Byrwa

Donna Fontenot

Carmen Trejo

Erik Pinter

Math/Science/Social Studies Director

JoAnn Bilderback

Please provide your input.





