

State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness

TEST INSTRUCTIONS

GRADE 8 Science STAAR Alternate 2

Administered Spring 2025
RELEASED

Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) Curriculum Assessed

Science Grade 8		Cluster 1				
Strand 4 (Previously R	Strand 4 (Previously Reporting Category 4)					
Knowledge and Skills Organisms and environments. The student knows how cell functions support						
Statement 8.13	health of an organism and how adaptation and variation	relate to survival.				
Essence Statement	Knows how cells and body systems are organized to supp	port the health and survival				
	of populations and how genes determine inherited traits	s of offspring.				
Item 1 Prerequisite	PK4.VI.B.3: Observe, investigate, describe, and discuss th	ne relationship of organisms				
Skill	in their environments.					
Item 2 Prerequisite 1.13.A: Identify the external structures of different animals ar		als and compare how those				
Skill	structures help different animals live, move, and meet basic needs for survival.					
Item 3 Prerequisite	3.13.A: Explore and explain how external structures and	functions of animals such				
Skill	as the neck of a giraffe or webbed feet on a duck enable	them to survive in their				
	environment.					
Item 4 Prerequisite	5.13.A: Analyze the structures and functions of different	species to identify how				
Skill	organisms survive in the same environment.					

Science Grade 8		Cluster 2			
Strand 1 (Previously R	Strand 1 (Previously Reporting Category 1)				
Knowledge and Skills	Matter and energy. The student understands that matter can be classified				
Statement 8.6	according to its properties and matter is conserved in ch	emical changes that occur			
	within closed systems.				
Essence Statement	Understands that matter can be classified according to it	s physical and chemical			
	properties, is conserved in chemical changes, and can un	dergo changes.			
Item 5 Prerequisite	Item 5 Prerequisite 2.6.B: Conduct a descriptive investigation to explain how physical properties of				
Skill	changed through processes such as cutting, folding, sanding, melting, or freezi				
Item 6 Prerequisite	2.6.B: Conduct a descriptive investigation to explain how physical properties can be				
Skill	changed through processes such as cutting, folding, sanding, melting, or freezing.				
Item 7 Prerequisite	4.6.C: Demonstrate that matter is conserved when mixtures such as soil and water				
Skill	or oil and water are formed.				
Item 8 Prerequisite	Prerequisite 4.6.B: Investigate and compare a variety of mixtures, including solutions that a				
Skill	composed of liquids in liquids and solids in liquids.				

Science Grade 8		Cluster 3			
Strand 3 (Previously R	Strand 3 (Previously Reporting Category 3)				
Knowledge and Skills Earth and space. The student describes the characteristics of the univer-		cs of the universe and the			
Statement 8.9	relative scale of its components.				
Essence Statement	Recognizes characteristics of the universe and the patter	rns of movement of the			
	Sun, Earth, and Moon.				
Item 9 Prerequisite	K.9.B: Observe, describe, and illustrate the Sun, Moon, s	tars, and objects in the sky			
Skill	such as clouds.				
Item 10 Prerequisite 2.9.B: Observe objects in the sky using tools such as a telescope and		lescope and compare how			
Skill	objects in the sky are more visible and can appear different with a tool than with an				
	unaided eye.				
Item 11 Prerequisite	3.9.A: Construct models and explain the orbits of the Sur	n, Earth, and Moon in			
Skill	relation to each other.				
Item 12 Prerequisite	5.9: Demonstrate that Earth rotates on its axis once approximately every 24 hour and explain how that causes the day/night cycle and the appearance of the Sun				
Skill					
	moving across the sky, resulting in changes in shadow po	ositions and shapes.			

Science Grade 8		Cluster 4				
Strand 4 (Previously R	Strand 4 (Previously Reporting Category 4)					
Knowledge and Skills	Organisms and environments. The student knows how cell functions support the					
Statement 8.13	health of an organism and how adaptation and variation	relate to survival.				
Essence Statement	Knows how cells and body systems are organized to supp	port the health and survival				
	of populations and how genes determine inherited traits	of offspring.				
Item 13 Prerequisite Skill	K.13.D: Identify ways that young plants resemble the part	rent plant.				
Item 14 Prerequisite Skill	4.13.B: Differentiate between inherited and acquired ph	ysical traits of organisms.				
Item 15 Prerequisite	5.13.B: Explain how instinctual behavioral traits such as t	curtle hatchlings returning				
Skill	to the sea and learned behavioral traits such as orcas hu	nting in packs increase				
	chances of survival.					
Item 16 Prerequisite	5.13.B: Explain how instinctual behavioral traits such as t	curtle hatchlings returning				
Skill	to the sea and learned behavioral traits such as orcas hu	nting in packs increase				
	chances of survival.					

Science Grade 8		Cluster 5			
Strand 2 (Previously R	eporting Category 2)				
Knowledge and Skills Statement 8.8	Force, motion, and energy. The student knows how energy is transferred through				
Statement 6.6	waves.				
Essence Statement	Knows how energy is conserved through transfers and tr	ransformations and			
	understands the types of thermal energy, including cond	luction, convection, and			
	radiation.				
Item 17 Prerequisite 1.8.A: Investigate and describe applications of he		eryday life such as cooking			
Skill	food or using a clothes dryer.				
Item 18 Prerequisite	1.8.A: Investigate and describe applications of heat in everyday life such as cooking				
Skill	food or using a clothes dryer.				
Item 19 Prerequisite	3.8.A: Identify everyday examples of energy, including light, sound, thermal, and				
Skill	mechanical.				
Item 20 Prerequisite 4.8.A: Investigate and identify the transfer of energy by objects		objects in motion, waves in			
Skill	water, and sound.				

SCIENCE

- Present Stimulus 1. Communicate: Organisms have adaptations that help them live and survive in their habitats.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 1. Communicate: This chameleon is adapted to its habitat because it can change its skin color to match its surroundings.
- Communicate: Find the organism that is adapted to its habitat by changing its skin color.



Scoring Instructions			
Student Action		Test Administrator Action	
If the student finds the chameleon,	•	mark A for question 1 and move to question 2.	
If the student does not find the chameleon,	-	 remove the stimulus; wait at least five seconds; and replicate the initial presentation instructions. 	
After the five-second wait time, if the student finds the chameleon,	•	mark B for question 1 and move to question 2.	
After the five-second wait time, if the student does not find the chameleon,	•	mark C for question 1 and move to question 2.	

- Present Stimulus 2a and 2b. Communicate: Adaptations help organisms live and survive in their habitats.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 2a. Communicate: The fur on this lion cub blends in with the grass in its habitat. This adaptation, called camouflage, helps the lion cub stay safe.
- *Direct* the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 2b. *Communicate:* **This is an owl. This is a poison dart frog.**
- Communicate: Find the animal with an adaptation to blend in with its surroundings.

Stimulus 2a



Stimulus 2b





Scoring Instructions			
Student Action		Test Administrator Action	
If the student finds the owl in Stimulus 2b,	•	mark A for question 2 and move to question 3.	
If the student does not find the owl in Stimulus 2b,	•	 model the desired student action by finding the owl in Stimulus 2b and communicate "This is the animal with an adaptation to blend in with its surroundings"; and replicate the initial presentation instructions. 	
After teacher modeling, if the student finds the owl in Stimulus 2b,	•	mark B for question 2 and move to question 3.	
After teacher modeling, if the student does not find the owl in Stimulus 2b,	•	mark C for question 2 and move to question 3.	

- Present Stimulus 3a and 3b. Communicate: Adaptations help organisms live and survive in their habitats.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 3a. Communicate: The North American river otter lives in a coldwater habitat. It has thick, waterproof fur to help it stay warm and swim quickly in water.
- Direct the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 3b. Communicate the text in each answer choice.
- Communicate: Find another way the North American river otter's body has adapted to swim quickly in water.

Stimulus 3a



Stimulus 3b

small mouth

round nose

*

webbed feet

Scoring Instructions			
Student Action		Test Administrator Action	
If the student finds "webbed feet" in Stimulus 3b,	•	mark A for question 3 and move to question 4.	
If the student does not find "webbed feet" in Stimulus 3b,	•	provide <i>one</i> of these allowable teacher assists to the student: • Have the student describe what characteristics might be needed for an animal to live in a water habitat. OR • Point to the whiskers, nose, and feet in the photo of the otter. Replicate the initial presentation instructions.	
After the selected teacher assistance, if the student finds "webbed feet" in Stimulus 3b,	•	mark B for question 3 and move to question 4.	
After the selected teacher assistance, if the student does not find "webbed feet" in Stimulus 3b,	•	mark C for question 3 and move to question 4.	

- Present Stimulus 4a and 4b.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 4a. Communicate: The North American river otter has special whiskers as one of its adaptations.
- *Direct* the student to the stem and each answer choice in Stimulus 4b. *Communicate* the text in the stem and each answer choice.
- Communicate: Find how the otter's whiskers help it survive in its habitat.

Stimulus 4a



Stimulus 4b

The otter's whiskers help it —

drink water more easily

escape from predators quickly

* find food in dark waters

Scoring Instructions			
Student Action		Test Administrator Action	
If the student finds "find food in dark waters" in Stimulus 4b,	•	mark A for question 4 and move to question 5.	
If the student does not find "find food in dark waters" in Stimulus 4b,	•	replicate the initial presentation instructions.	
After the teacher repeats the instructions, if the student finds "find food in dark waters" in Stimulus 4b,	•	mark B for question 4 and move to question 5.	
After the teacher repeats the instructions, if the student does not find "find food in dark waters" in Stimulus 4b,	•	mark C for question 4 and move to question 5.	

- Present Stimulus 5.
- *Direct* the student to Stimulus 5. *Communicate:* This is a whole orange. This is a whole orange that has been cut in half.
- Communicate: Find the orange that has been cut in half.





Scoring Instructions		
Student Action		Test Administrator Action
If the student finds the orange halves,	•	mark A for question 5 and move to question 6.
If the student does not find the orange halves,	•	 remove the stimulus; wait at least five seconds; and replicate the initial presentation instructions.
After the five-second wait time, if the student finds the orange halves,	•	mark B for question 5 and move to question 6.
After the five-second wait time, if the student does not find the orange halves,	•	mark C for question 5 and move to question 6.

- Present Stimulus 6a and 6b.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 6a. Communicate: Some physical properties of an object can be changed when the object is cut. This orange has been cut in half.
- *Direct* the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 6b. *Communicate:* **These are two halves of an apple. This is a banana.**
- Communicate: Find an object whose physical properties changed when it was cut into two pieces.

Stimulus 6a



Stimulus 6b





Scoring Instructions		
Student Action		Test Administrator Action
If the student finds the apple halves in Stimulus 6b,	•	mark A for question 6 and move to question 7.
If the student does not find the apple halves in Stimulus 6b,	•	 model the desired student action by finding the apple halves in Stimulus 6b and communicate "The apple is cut in two pieces, like the orange"; and replicate the initial presentation instructions.
After teacher modeling, if the student finds the apple halves in Stimulus 6b,	•	mark B for question 6 and move to question 7.
After teacher modeling, if the student does not find the apple halves in Stimulus 6b,	•	mark C for question 6 and move to question 7.

- Present Stimulus 7a and 7b.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 7a. Communicate: A mixture is made when two or more substances are put together. This is a fruit salad. The physical properties of the fruit in this fruit salad don't change.
- Direct the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 7b. Communicate the text in each answer choice.
- Communicate: Find the mixture where the physical properties of the substances don't change.

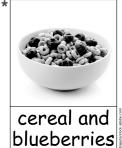
Stimulus 7a



Stimulus 7b







Scoring Instructions			
Student Action		Test Administrator Action	
If the student finds the cereal and blueberries in Stimulus 7b,	•	mark A for question 7 and move to question 8.	
		provide one of these allowable teacher assists to the student:	
If the student does not find the cereal and blueberries in Stimulus 7b,	•	 Describe how each answer choice is made. OR Have the student describe the physical properties of the substances in each answer choice. Replicate the initial presentation instructions. 	
After the selected teacher assistance, if the student finds the cereal and blueberries in Stimulus 7b,	•	mark B for question 7 and move to question 8.	
After the selected teacher assistance, if the student does not find the cereal and blueberries in Stimulus 7b,	•	mark C for question 7 and move to question 8.	

- Present Stimulus 8.
- *Direct* the student to Stimulus 8. *Communicate:* A solution is made when one substance dissolves into another and the physical properties of the substances change.
- Direct the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 8. Communicate the text in each answer choice.
- Communicate: Find the solution.



Scoring Instructions			
Student Action		Test Administrator Action	
If the student finds the sweet tea in Stimulus 8,	•	mark A for question 8 and move to question 9.	
If the student does not find the sweet tea in Stimulus 8,	•	replicate the initial presentation instructions.	
After the teacher repeats the instructions, if the student finds the sweet tea in Stimulus 8,	•	mark B for question 8 and move to question 9.	
After the teacher repeats the instructions, if the student does not find the sweet tea in Stimulus 8,	•	mark C for question 8 and move to question 9.	

- Present Stimulus 9.
- Direct the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 9. Communicate: This is the sun. It lights the sky during the day. This is the moon. It is the brightest object in the night sky.
- Communicate: Find what lights the sky during the day.

Stimulus 9

7





Scoring Instructions		
Student Action		Test Administrator Action
If the student finds the sun,	•	mark A for question 9 and move to question 10.
If the student does not find the sun,	•	 remove the stimulus; wait at least five seconds; and replicate the initial presentation instructions.
After the five-second wait time, if the student finds the sun,	•	mark B for question 9 and move to question 10.
After the five-second wait time, if the student does not find the sun,	•	mark C for question 9 and move to question 10.

- Present Stimulus 10a and 10b. Communicate: The moon appears to look different each night as it goes through several phases.
- *Direct* the student to the crescent moon and then the full moon in Stimulus 10a. *Communicate:* **This is** a **crescent moon. This is a full moon.**
- *Direct* the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 10b. *Communicate:* **This is one phase of the moon.** This is another phase of the moon.
- Communicate: Find the crescent moon.

Stimulus 10a



Stimulus 10b

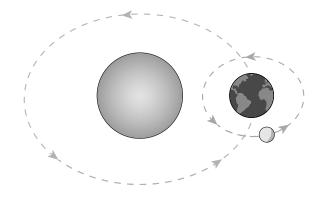




Scoring Instructions		
Student Action		Test Administrator Action
If the student finds the crescent moon in Stimulus 10b,	•	mark A for question 10 and move to question 11.
If the student does not find the crescent moon in Stimulus 10b,	•	 model the desired student action by finding the crescent moon in Stimulus 10b and communicate "This is the crescent moon"; and replicate the initial presentation instructions.
After teacher modeling, if the student finds the crescent moon in Stimulus 10b,	•	mark B for question 10 and move to question 11.
After teacher modeling, if the student does not find the crescent moon in Stimulus 10b,	•	mark C for question 10 and move to question 11.

- Present Stimulus 11a and 11b.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 11a. Communicate: This model shows the sun, Earth, and the moon.
- *Direct* the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 11b. *Communicate* the text in each answer choice.
- Communicate: Find the statement that describes the relationship between the sun, Earth, and the moon.

Stimulus 11a



Stimulus 11b

The sun orbits Earth, while the moon orbits the sun.

Earth orbits the moon, while the sun orbits Earth.

Earth orbits the sun, while the moon orbits Earth.

Scoring Instructions			
Student Action		Test Administrator Action	
If the student finds "Earth orbits the sun, while the moon orbits Earth" in Stimulus 11b,	•	mark A for question 11 and move to question 12.	
		provide one of these allowable teacher assists to the student:	
If the student does not find "Earth orbits the sun, while the moon orbits Earth" in Stimulus 11b,	•	 Have the student describe the image in Stimulus 11a. OR Have the student use classroom models. OR Demonstrate the action in each answer choice. 	
		Replicate the initial presentation instructions.	
After the selected teacher assistance, if the student finds "Earth orbits the sun, while the moon orbits Earth" in Stimulus 11b,	-	mark B for question 11 and move to question 12.	
After the selected teacher assistance, if the student does not find "Earth orbits the sun, while the moon orbits Earth" in Stimulus 11b,	•	mark C for question 11 and move to question 12.	

- Present Stimulus 12a and 12b.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 12a. Communicate: Earth has a day and night cycle.
- *Direct* the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 12b. *Communicate* the information in each answer choice.
- Communicate: Find what causes the day and night cycle.

Stimulus 12a



Stimulus 12b

Earth rotates on its axis once every 24 hours.

The moon orbits Earth once every 27 days.

Earth orbits the sun once every 365 days.

Scoring Instructions		
Student Action		Test Administrator Action
If the student finds "Earth rotates on its axis once every 24 hours" in Stimulus 12b,	•	mark A for question 12 and move to question 13.
If the student does not find "Earth rotates on its axis once every 24 hours" in Stimulus 12b,	•	replicate the initial presentation instructions.
After the teacher repeats the instructions, if the student finds "Earth rotates on its axis once every 24 hours" in Stimulus 12b,	-	mark B for question 12 and move to question 13.
After the teacher repeats the instructions, if the student does not find "Earth rotates on its axis once every 24 hours" in Stimulus 12b,	•	mark C for question 12 and move to question 13.

- Present Stimulus 13.
- Direct the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 13. Communicate: Young oak trees inherit traits from their parents, such as leaf color and leaf shape. This is a young oak tree. This is the parent tree.
- Communicate: Find the young oak tree that has inherited traits.





Scoring Instructions		
Student Action		Test Administrator Action
If the student finds the young oak tree,	•	mark A for question 13 and move to question 14.
If the student does not find the young oak tree,	•	 remove the stimulus; wait at least five seconds; and replicate the initial presentation instructions.
After the five-second wait time, if the student finds the young oak tree,	•	mark B for question 13 and move to question 14.
After the five-second wait time, if the student does not find the young oak tree,	•	mark C for question 13 and move to question 14.

- Present Stimulus 14a and 14b. Communicate: Young organisms inherit traits from their parents.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 14a. Communicate: These are the leaves of an adult oak tree.
- *Direct* the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 14b. *Communicate:* **This is a young oak tree. This is a young spruce tree.**
- Communicate: Find the tree that has inherited traits from an adult oak tree.

Stimulus 14a



Stimulus 14b





Scoring Instructions		
Student Action		Test Administrator Action
If the student finds the young oak tree in Stimulus 14b,	•	mark A for question 14 and move to question 15.
If the student does not find the young oak tree in Stimulus 14b,	•	 model the desired student action by finding the young oak tree in Stimulus 14b and communicate "This is the tree that has inherited traits from an adult oak tree"; and replicate the initial presentation instructions.
After teacher modeling, if the student finds the young oak tree in Stimulus 14b,	•	mark B for question 14 and move to question 15.
After teacher modeling, if the student does not find the young oak tree in Stimulus 14b,	•	mark C for question 14 and move to question 15.

- Present Stimulus 15a and 15b. Communicate: Squirrels have both inherited traits and learned behaviors.
- Direct the student to the chart in Stimulus 15a. Communicate the text.
- *Direct* the student to the empty box in the chart in Stimulus 15a. *Communicate:* **A learned behavior is missing.**
- *Direct* the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 15b. *Communicate* the text in each answer choice.
- Communicate: Find a learned behavior of a red squirrel.

Stimulus 15a

Red Squirrel

Inherited Traits	Learned Behaviors
pointy clawswhite around	chattering and whistling
eyes • red fur with white belly	• eating food from human hands

Stimulus 15b

sharp teeth

getting seeds from bird feeders

small hands and feet

Scoring Instructions			
Student Action		Test Administrator Action	
If the student finds "getting seeds from bird feeders" in Stimulus 15b,	•	mark A for question 15 and move to question 16.	
		provide one of these allowable teacher assists to the student:	
If the student does not find "getting seeds from bird feeders" in Stimulus 15b,	•	 Highlight "sharp teeth," "getting seeds," and "small hands" in Stimulus 15b. OR Have the student explain the difference between learned behavior and inherited traits. Replicate the initial presentation instructions. 	
After the selected teacher assistance, if the student finds "getting seeds from bird feeders" in Stimulus 15b,	•	mark B for question 15 and move to question 16.	
After the selected teacher assistance, if the student does not find "getting seeds from bird feeders" in Stimulus 15b,	•	mark C for question 15 and move to question 16.	

- Present Stimulus 16a and 16b. Communicate: Living organisms inherit traits from their parents.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 16a. Communicate: This is an adult red squirrel. This is a young red squirrel.
- *Direct* the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 16b. *Communicate* the text in each answer choice.
- Communicate: Find the trait that the young red squirrel inherited from its parent.

Stimulus 16a



adult

young

Stimulus 16b

buries food

bushy tail

eats acorns

Scoring Instructions				
Student Action		Test Administrator Action		
If the student finds "bushy tail" in Stimulus 16b,	•	mark A for question 16 and move to question 17.		
If the student does not find "bushy tail" in Stimulus 16b,	•	replicate the initial presentation instructions.		
After the teacher repeats the instructions, if the student finds "bushy tail" in Stimulus 16b,	•	mark B for question 16 and move to question 17.		
After the teacher repeats the instructions, if the student does not find "bushy tail" in Stimulus 16b,	-	mark C for question 16 and move to question 17.		

- Present Stimulus 17.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 17. Communicate: Thermal energy from a fire can be felt with the sense of touch.
- Communicate: Find the boy feeling the thermal energy of a campfire.



Scoring Instructions			
Student Action		Test Administrator Action	
If the student finds the boy,	•	mark A for question 17 and move to question 18.	
If the student does not find the boy,	•	 remove the stimulus; wait at least five seconds; and replicate the initial presentation instructions. 	
After the five-second wait time, if the student finds the boy,	•	mark B for question 17 and move to question 18.	
After the five-second wait time, if the student does not find the boy,	•	mark C for question 17 and move to question 18.	

- Present Stimulus 18a and 18b.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 18a. Communicate: This boy is using thermal energy from the fire to get warm.
- *Direct* the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 18b. *Communicate:* **This boy is cooking food. This boy is putting up a tent.**
- Communicate: Find the person using heat from thermal energy.

Stimulus 18a



Stimulus 18b





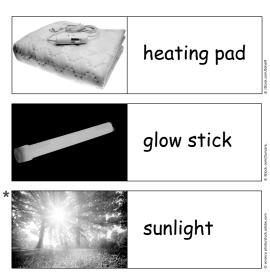
Scoring Instructions			
Student Action		Test Administrator Action	
If the student finds the boy cooking food in Stimulus 18b,	•	mark A for question 18 and move to question 19.	
If the student does not find the boy cooking food in Stimulus 18b,	•	 model the desired student action by finding the boy sitting next to a campfire in Stimulus 18b and communicate "The boy cooking food is using heat from thermal energy"; and replicate the initial presentation instructions. 	
After teacher modeling, if the student finds the boy cooking food in Stimulus 18b,	•	mark B for question 18 and move to question 19.	
After teacher modeling, if the student does not find the boy cooking food in Stimulus 18b,	•	mark C for question 18 and move to question 19.	

- Present Stimulus 19a and 19b.
- Direct the student to Stimulus 19a. Communicate: Thermal energy from a grill cooks food. The fire that cooks the food also releases light energy.
- *Direct* the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 19b. *Communicate* the text in each answer choice.
- Communicate: Find another source of thermal energy that also produces light energy.

Stimulus 19a



Stimulus 19b



Scoring Instructions				
Student Action		Test Administrator Action		
If the student finds the sunlight in Stimulus 19b,	•	mark A for question 19 and move to question 20.		
		provide one of these allowable teacher assists to the student:		
If the student does not find the sunlight in Stimulus 19b,	•	 Have the student describe each answer choice. OR Highlight "heating," "glow," and "sun" in the answer choices. 		
		Replicate the initial presentation instructions.		
After the selected teacher assistance, if the student finds the sunlight in Stimulus 19b,	•	mark B for question 19 and move to question 20.		
After the selected teacher assistance, if the student does not find the sunlight in Stimulus 19b,	•	mark C for question 19 and move to question 20.		

- Present Stimulus 20a and 20b.
- *Direct* the student to Stimulus 20a. *Communicate:* This man is making sound energy with his drum. Sound energy can be heard.
- *Direct* the student to each answer choice in Stimulus 20b. *Communicate* the text in each answer choice.
- Communicate: Find how the man creates sound energy with the drum.

Stimulus 20a



Stimulus 20b

The man uses mechanical energy to hit the drum, creating sound.

The man uses thermal energy to hold the drum, creating sound.

The man uses light energy to see the drum, creating sound.

Scoring Instructions				
Student Action		Test Administrator Action		
If the student finds "The man uses mechanical energy to hit the drum, creating sound" in Stimulus 20b,	•	mark A for question 20.		
If the student does not find "The man uses mechanical energy to hit the drum, creating sound" in Stimulus 20b,	•	replicate the initial presentation instructions.		
After the teacher repeats the instructions, if the student finds "The man uses mechanical energy to hit the drum, creating sound" in Stimulus 20b,	•	mark B for question 20.		
After the teacher repeats the instructions, if the student does not find "The man uses mechanical energy to hit the drum, creating sound" in Stimulus 20b,	•	mark C for question 20.		

TEST INSTRUCTIONS

STAAR ALTERNATE 2
GRADE 8
Science
Spring 2025

