

Staff Intros



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Objectives of the TTAP Informational Webinar

- 1. Context of House Bill 3906
- 2. Pilot overview
- 3. What participants can expect
- 4. Next steps

House Bill 3906 addresses several assessment components, one of which is to create an Integrated Formative Assessment Pilot

Overview:

House Bill (HB) 3906 requires the Texas Education Agency (TEA) to develop a pilot program in which participating school districts administer integrated formative assessments.

Any participation by districts is optional and does not eliminate a district's obligation to administer the STAAR test.

Purposes:



Create a pilot assessment to inform teaching decisions and improve instructional supports



Create a pilot assessment that can potentially replace the current summative



Formative and summative assessments serve different purposes

| | Formative assessments are part of the learning experience | Summative assessments serve as the final determination of learning |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| When is it assessed? | Immediately following instruction | After completion of specified portion of instructional material |
| Depth vs. breadth of Curriculum | Requires more depth to identify source of misunderstanding of standards | Requires more breadth to fully assess curriculum |
| Goal | Improve instruction throughout school year | Prove learning occurred and evaluate long-term retention |



Therefore, there are two separate initiatives created to fulfill the **HB 3906 integrated formative pilot**



An **optional**, **free** tool to supplement and support existing district resources and formative assessment practices, unrelated to accountability



Texas Through-year Assessment Pilot (optional, small-scale pilot launched in 2022-23)

A multi-part, through-year assessment pilot that aims to generate a cumulative score similar to STAAR and someday potentially replace STAAR as Texas's summative assessment



This pilot requires multiple years of piloting to assess its feasibility

A through-year assessment model has many benefits...

- Provides more timely and frequent feedback that can be used to support instruction before students move on to the next grade or class
- Offers multiple opportunities for students to show what they've learned
- Allows for **in-year growth** information

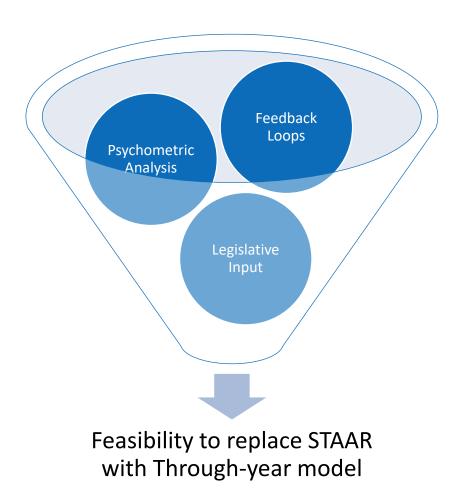
...but is still relatively new and innovative

- Only a handful states (e.g., FL, NE) have implemented a model that isn't a traditional end-of-year summative
- Texas will need to address **technical questions** around design, administration, and scoring specific to local context
- Pilot will be rolled out over multiple years prior to potential adoption, with earliest decision by the legislature for STAAR replacement made upon the SY 2025-26 pilot report (year 4)

All pilot participation is optional; no new testing requirements, and no requirement for district participation



Data gathered throughout pilot years will inform TTAP's feasibility to replace STAAR



Feedback Loops: Teacher/Admin Surveys, TTAP Advisory Committee, Student Surveys, TTAP Site Visits

Psychometric Analysis: Assessment data gathered across all three tests will inform psychometric studies that inform TTAP's comparability to the STAAR, and help optimize the through-year design.

Legislative Input: Every even-numbered year, TEA will create a report for the State Legislature to share progress and other updates on the pilot.



It will be until at least the end of SY 2025-26 before we have enough data to report to the legislature about the feasibility of replacing STAAR

- TTAP's goal is to provide a progress monitoring system that gives students multiple opportunities to demonstrate their mastery of standards and contribute to their summative performance level at the end of the year.
- In order to gauge its feasibility to replace STAAR, we must take in several years of data from a representative group of districts to ensure validity and comparability.

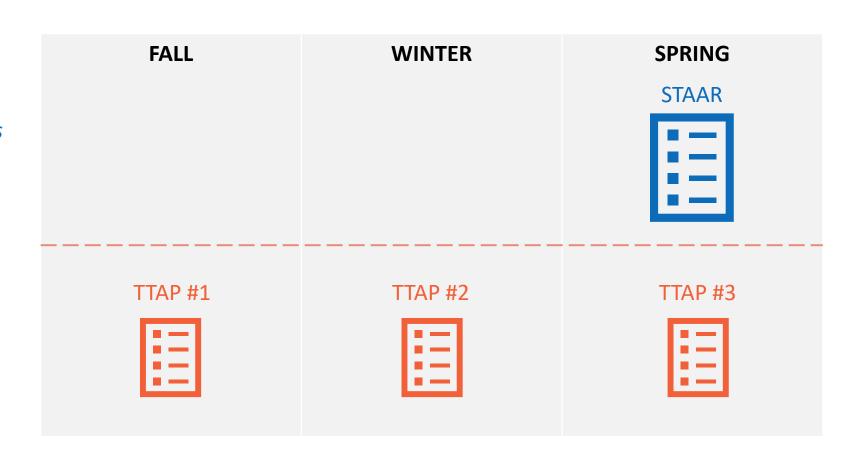
| 2022-2023 | 2023-2024 | 2024-2025 | 2025-2026 |
|--------------|--|--------------|---|
| Pilot Year 1 | Pilot Year 2 | Pilot Year 3 | Pilot Year 4 |
| | Initial report provided to legislature | | Report to legislature – earliest possible decision to potentially replace STAAR with through-year model |



Ultimately, TEA hopes to create an innovative assessment system that is fully comparable to the STAAR

Current state – STAAR provides one large testing opportunity at the end of the year

Future state – TTAP #3 is comparable to STAAR, while TTAP #1 and #2 provide additional opportunities to boost final score





Though TTAP model is still is its pilot stages, Opportunity 3 works as a good approximation to how a student would perform on STAAR

Current state – STAAR provides one large testing opportunity at the end of the year

Future state – TTAP #3 is comparable to STAAR, while TTAP #1 and #2 provide additional opportunities to boost final score

SPRING STAAR If STAAR and TTAP are comparable, a student should earn the same performance level on both assessments at the end of the school year. While the comparability of STAAR and TTAP is **still** <u>under investigation</u>, if true, a student who takes **TTAP #3** TTAP during the week of April 1 should get the same result if they were to have taken STAAR instead.



Objectives

1. Context of House Bill 3906

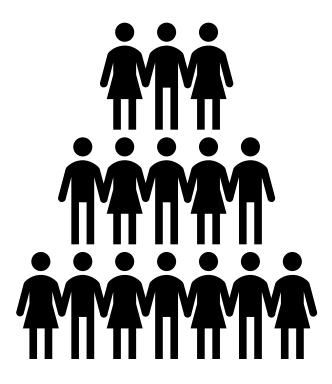
2. Pilot overview

- 3. What participants can expect
- 4. Next steps

TTAP was designed with input from a diverse set of stakeholders over multiple years

Stakeholder groups engaged in initial design

- Superintendent, District Testing Coordinators, and Chief Academic
 Officers survey and follow up
- Student Assessment Educator Advisory Committee
- Educator Advisory Committee Subcommittee
- Chief Academic Officers Council
- Teach Plus Teacher Focus Groups
- Texas Association of Supervisors of Mathematics (TASM)
- ESC Math Specialists
- Texas PTA Focus Groups
- Texas Students Focus Groups





TTAP's innovative design was shaped by stakeholders' feedback about what they value most

Because stakeholders* value...



A more cohesive assessment system that can replace existing benchmarking assessments



Assessments that minimize the disruption of instructional time



Providing students with multiple opportunities to demonstrate proficiency



Preserving local scope and sequence of curriculum



Providing measures of in-year growth to track student performance within the year



More timely and frequent feedback

The through-year assessment pilot will...

- Be administered three times a year (fall, winter, spring), serving as viable replacement to locally adopted district benchmarks
- Limit the amount of test time across the year by leveraging a multi-stage adaptative model
- Explore a cumulative scoring model in which earlier performance can help but not hurt students' final scores
- Be full scope for every testing opportunity (covering entire curriculum proportionately to the STAAR blueprint)
- Be fully online, yielding timely reports containing different types of data after each test opportunity

^{*}Stakeholders engagements include – Educator Advisory committee and subcommittee meetings, CAO council presentation, superintendents survey, teacher and parent focus groups, student focus groups

TTAP is designed to replace both benchmarking/interims and summative tests, combining them into one cohesive system across the year



Administered 3x year (fall, winter, spring), serving as viable replacement to locally adopted district benchmarks

1. Diagnostic



What: A test measuring student knowledge and skills on any variety of student expectations

When: Prior to new instructional cycle or school year

Why: To inform instructional plans and curriculum to meet the needs of individual students

Example: Beginning of Year (BOY) assessments

2. Formative



What: Ongoing process of measuring student performance on specific student expectations

When: Often, throughout the year

Why: To inform instructional choices, student supports, and updates to planning within existing curricular structures

Example: Curricular-embedded tests administered via TFAR, and unit assessments included within high quality instructional materials

3. Interim



What: Measure student performance and understanding against grade-level standards

When: At check-points a few of times a year

Why: To monitor progress, predict summative performance, and identify students for differentiation (when paired with formative data)

Example: STAAR Interim
Assessments, MAP Growth, iReady,
district-created benchmarks

4. Summative



What: Measure student mastery of a broad span of student expectations

When: At the end of an instructional cycle or school year

Why: Campuses and districts use data to determine effectiveness of their programs, report summative mastery, and inform future planning

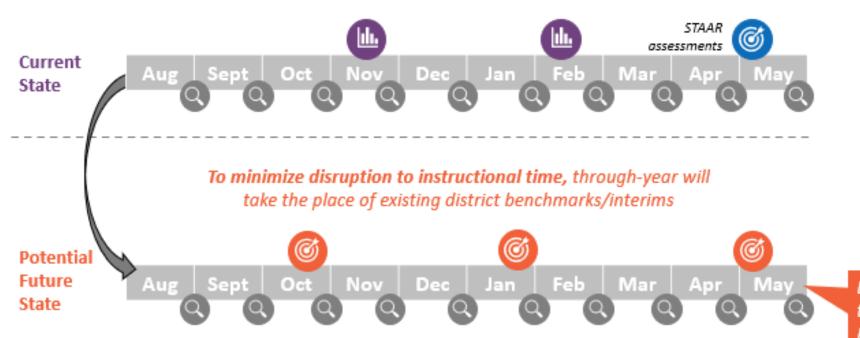
Example: STAAR, STAAR Alternate 2, TELPAS, and TELPAS Alternate

TTAP aims to combine purposes of these types



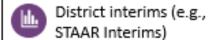
TTAP is designed to replace both benchmarking/interims and summative tests, combining them into one cohesive system across the year

1 Administered 3x year (fall, winter, spring), serving as viable replacement to locally adopted district benchmarks

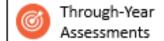


Legend

Formative Assessments (unit and mid-unit assessments)







Districts that participate in the Through-year Assessment Pilot will still be required to take STAAR



Compared to other interims/benchmarking products, adopting TTAP has its advantages

1

Administered 3x year (fall, winter, spring), serving as viable replacement to locally adopted district benchmarks

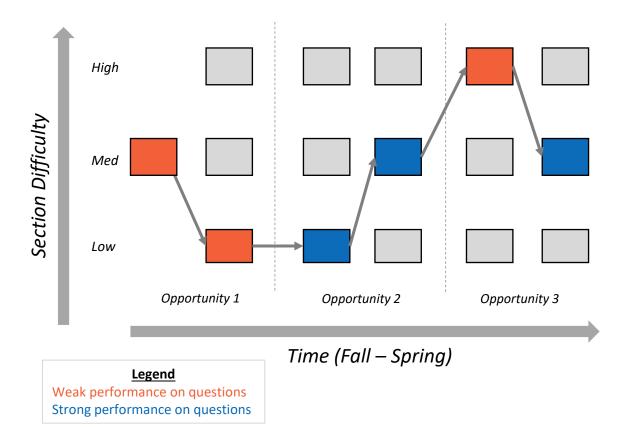
| | ТТАР | STAAR Interims | Third-Party Interim/ Benchmarks |
|-----------------------|------|---|------------------------------------|
| Curriculum Agnostic | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Similar feel to STAAR | Yes | Yes | No |
| Cost | Free | Free | Per student |
| Prediction to STAAR | Yes | Yes | No |
| TEKS Alignment | 100% | 100% | Varies |
| Within-Year Growth | Yes | No | Varies |
| Testing Opportunities | 3 | 1-2 | Varies (2-3) |
| Item Access | No | Items are secure but authorized users can see it within CRS | Varies (typically no) |



A multi-stage adaptive model allows for shorter tests, minimizing the disruption to instructional time

2

Limit the amount of test time across the year by leveraging a multi-stage adaptive model



A multi-stage computer adaptive model...

- ✓ Matches students with more appropriate items/sections based on their demonstrated ability
- ✓ Is not a linear test; training will be provided to help teachers interpret data
- ✓ Allows for shorter tests, minimizing disruptions to learning when TTAP replaces other interims/benchmarks
- ✓ Will be administered online to ensure quick turnaround of results



Among various cumulative scoring options, a help but not hurt model best fulfills the spirit of the pilot and is most preferred by stakeholders

3

Explore a cumulative scoring model in which earlier performance can help but not hurt students' final scores

| Potential Methods | Rationale |
|---|---|
| A) Final Only | Take the score generated at the third testing opportunity only; earlier tests will route students to the most appropriate last test |
| B) Weighted Average | Apply a weight to each opportunity while putting higher emphasis on testing opportunities later in the year |
| C) Maximum Score | Take the best score out of the three individual testing opportunities |
| D) Final Only <u>OR</u> Weighted Average | Take best of method A or method B; this is a 'help but not hurt' model |

Stakeholders prefer to give students either a **Final Only or Weighted Average** cumulative score determination (a help, but not hurt model).

The pilot will evaluate the Final Only or Weighted Average method as the preferred scoring option, but we will also run studies on a variety of models.



Note: The pilot will aim to maximize on opportunity to learn within models that use a weighting scheme. For example, 1/6 (Opp 1), 1/3 (Opp 2), 1/2 (Opp 3).

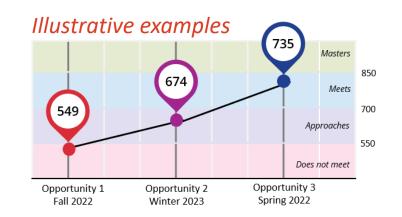


Giving students multiple chances to show what they know would allow for additional opportunities to increase their end-of-year cumulative score

3

Explore a cumulative scoring model in which earlier performance can help but not hurt students' final scores

Scenario 1: Student scores the strongest in the third testing opportunity. It benefits them the most if their **final score is used** as the cumulative score for the year. Their prior testing performance did not hurt their cumulative score.



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Meets Grade Level Expectations

Scenario 2: Student scores stronger in prior testing opportunities, compared the last test. It benefits them to use a weighted average formula to calculate the cumulative score. Their prior testing performance helped their cumulative score.



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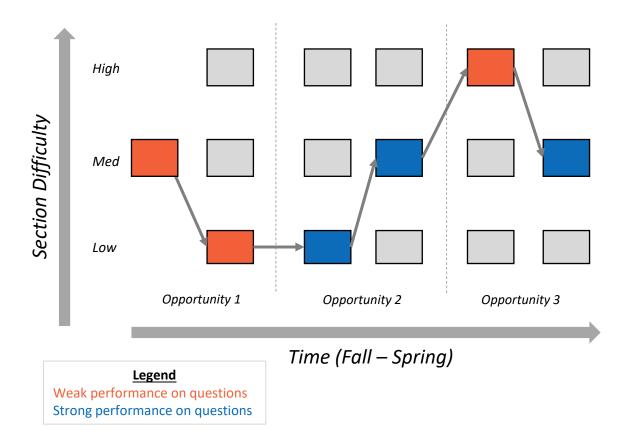
Approaching Level Expectations

Scoring will undergo further data study and are subject for further iteration after gathering data.

A multi-stage adaptive model allows for shorter tests, minimizing the disruption to instructional time

(2)

Limit the amount of test time across the year by leveraging a multi-stage adaptive model



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The data provided in TTAP will be packaged in different ways for different audiences (data samples provided in next section)



Be fully online, yielding timely reports containing different types of data after each test opportunity

The Centralized Reporting
System (CRS) allows teachers
and campus/district
administrators to gain a bird'seye view of student
performance, as well as the
ability to drill-down into
certain demographics or at
the student-level.



Year 2 Screenshot

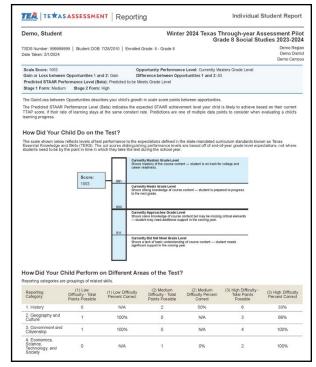


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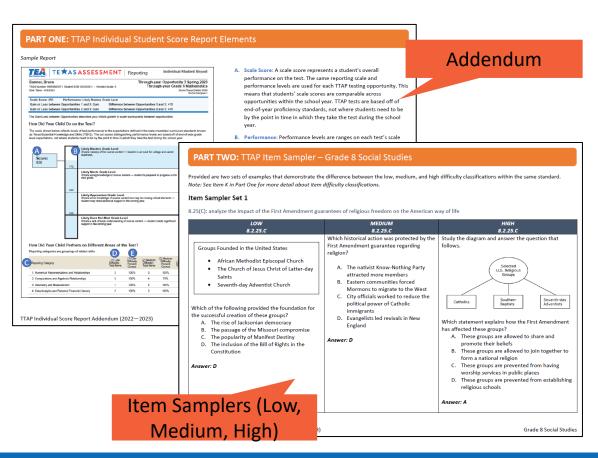


Be fully online, yielding timely reports containing different types of data after each test opportunity

Individual Student Report (ISR) printouts allow for students to get an overview of their performance while focusing on the most pertinent pieces of data at different points of the year. Teachers can also provide this to parents to facilitate conversations about their child's progress during the year.



Year 2 Screenshot





Altogether, the TTAP pilot design aims to combine what stakeholders value to create a viable alternative to STAAR

Because stakeholders* value...



A more cohesive assessment system that can replace existing benchmarking assessments



Assessments that minimize the disruption of instructional time



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Preserving local scope and sequence of curriculum



Providing measures of in-year growth to track student performance within the year



More timely and frequent feedback

The through-year assessment pilot will...

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Objectives

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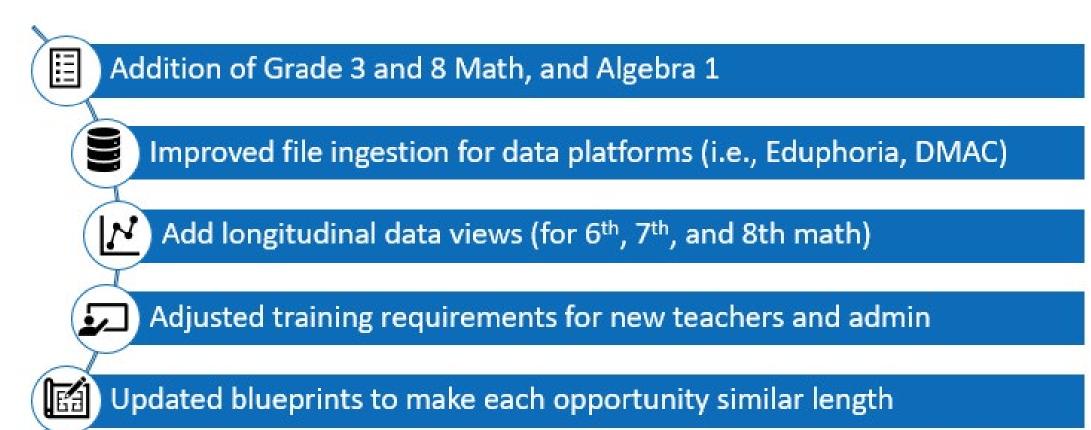
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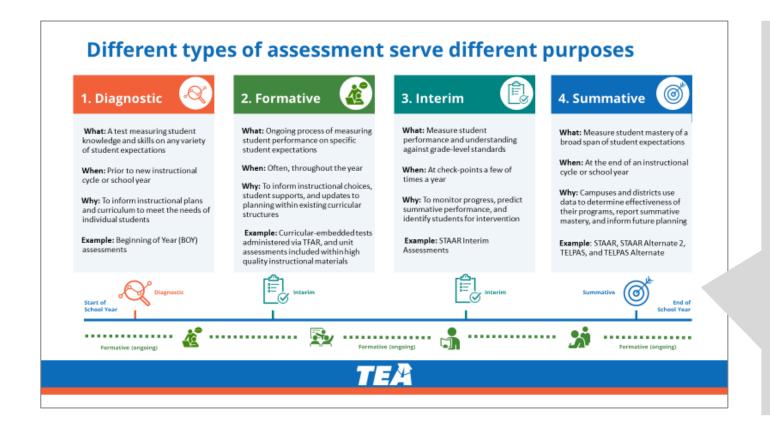
Interim feedback from teachers and administrators in year 2 of the pilot is informing changes for year 3



TEA will continue to monitor feedback through the end of the school year and use that to inform any further changes



The TTAP will include assessment literacy training to support teachers and districts in analyzing and using the data appropriately



To support appropriate use of the data, TTAP teachers new to the program as well as campus administrators will be required to attend trainings provided by TEA. Returning TTAP teachers with record of completion will not be required to attend any trainings beyond the BOY orientation.

We approximate 1-4 hours of training spread across the school year.

Teachers would be given CPE credits for all trainings provided under TTAP.



Adopting TTAP requires buy-in from multiple stakeholders within each district

| Role | Responsibilities |
|--|--|
| District testing coordinators | Serve as the primary contact Ensure fidelity of implementation for trainings and feedback loops Ensure that the TTAP's guidelines are being followed (e.g., no other benchmarks in addition to TTAP titles, security requirements for admin) |
| Campus testing coordinators | Lead day-of test administration across opportunities Complete assigned trainings |
| Campus administrators (or instructional leads) | Lead PLCs using TTAP data Complete assigned trainings |
| Teachers who teach a TTAP subject | Utilize TTAP data to support students and guide instruction Complete assigned trainings (if not done in prior years) |

Each district
will have to
determine
how data is
made
accessible to
all parties

Regional testing coordinators will be looped in to know how they can support



TTAP participants will partake in three, 1-week testing windows in the 2024-2025 school year

Administration Window

- Opportunity 1 (Fall)—
 November 11–15, 2024
- Opportunity 2 (Winter)— January 27–January 31, 2025
- Opportunity 3 (Spring)
 March 24–28, 2025

Year 3 Titles

- Grade 3 Math NEW
- Grade 6 Math
- Grade 7 Math
- Grade 8 Math NEW
- Grade 8 Social Studies
- Algebra I NEW

Includes C&L supports for all titles; Spanish for G3-5 titles



The data provided after each progress monitoring opportunity will provide valuable insights to support instruction

Examples provided in next slides

| Confirmed data for Year 3 | Tentative additions to Year 3 |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| Opportunity score and performance | Longitudinal data (where applicable) |
| Reporting category information | |
| • In-year growth* | |
| Item-level performance and TEKS-alignment | |
| Individual student predictions to STAAR | |
| • Item type information* | |
| | |

^{*}Data element that is unique to TTAP

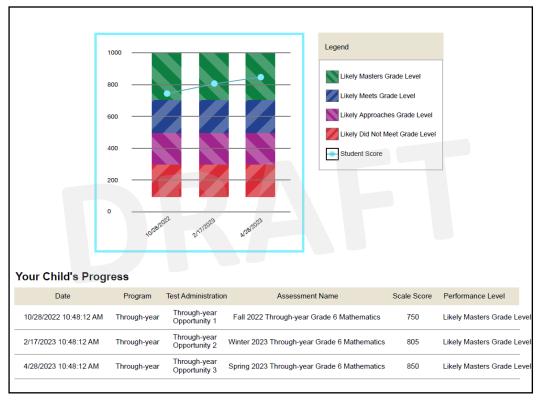


TTAP Score Reports: Opportunity Scale Score and Performance Level

Available SY24-25

- Opportunity score and performance
- Reporting category information
- In-year growth
- Item-level performance and TEKS-alignment
- Individual student predictions to STAAR
- Item type information

Illustrative example



Performance from each testing opportunity will be shown to students so that they can see their progress throughout the year.

Every testing opportunity will be based off of end-of-year expectations, which means that performance level cuts are static across the school year.



TTAP Score Reports: Reporting Category Information

Available SY24-25

- Opportunity score and performance
- Reporting category information
- In-year growth
- Item-level performance and TEKS-alignment
- Individual student predictions to STAAR
- Item type information

Illustrative example

| Reporting Category | (1) Low Difficulty - Total Items | (1) Low Difficulty Percent Correct | (2) Medium Difficulty - Total Items | (2) Medium Difficulty Percent Correct | (3) High Difficulty - Total Items | (3) High Difficulty Percent Correct |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| Numerical Representations and Relationships | 2 | 100% | 3 | 100% | 2 | 50% |
| Computations and Algebraic Relationships | 3 | 100% | 4 | 75% | 2 | 50% |
| 3. Geometry and Measurement | 1 | 100% | 2 | 100% | 2 | 50% |
| 4. Data Analysis and Personal Financial Literacy | 2 | 100% | 2 | 100% | 2 | 50% |

For each reporting category, ISRs group items by difficulty and report the count of each item, the raw score, and the percent correct.

Reporting category information is especially helpful to determine the overlap between what has been taught and what was tested on each TTAP opportunity. It also aids teachers in identifying areas of focus for students as they approach the end of the school year.

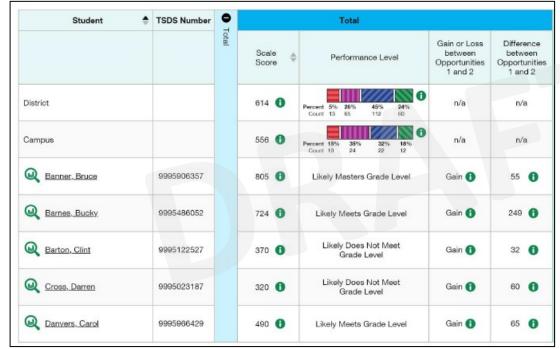


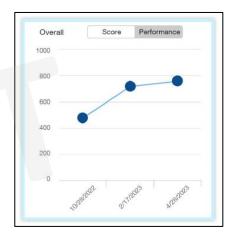
TTAP Score Reports: In-Year Growth

Available SY24-25

- Opportunity score and performance
- Reporting category information
- In-year growth
- Item-level performance and TEKS-alignment
- Individual student predictions to STAAR
- Item type information

Illustrative example





In-year growth, likely represented as a change in scale scores (i.e., gain-score model), will be reported after Opportunities 2 and 3. Additional information will be provided to contextualize the gains made by each student.



TTAP Score Reports: Item-level performance and TEKS-alignment

Available SY24-25

- Opportunity score and performance
- Reporting category information
- In-year growth
- Item-level performance and TEKS-alignment
- Individual student predictions to STAAR
- Item type information

Illustrative example

| 1. Hi | story | | | |
|--------|--------------------|-----------------|--|--------|
| Item # | Item Difficulty | Standard Key | Student Expectation | Points |
| 2 | High | 8.1.1.A | Identify the major eras in U.S. history through 1877, including colonization, revolution, creation and ratification of the Constitution, early republic, the Age of Jackson, westward expansion, reform movements, sectionalism, Civil War, and Reconstruction, and describe their causes and effects; | 0/1 |
| 3 | Medium | 8.1.7.A | Analyze the impact of tariff policies on sections of the United States before the Civil War; | 0/1 |
| 8 | Medium | 8.1.6.D | Explain the causes and effects of the U.S.—Mexican War and their impact on the United States. | 1/1 |
| 10 | High | 8.1.5.B | Summarize arguments regarding protective tariffs, taxation, and the banking system; | 1/2 |
| 12 | High | 8.1.2.B | Compare political, economic, religious, and social reasons for the establishment of the 13 English colonies. | 1/1 |
| 14 | High | 8.1.9.B | Explain the impact of the election of African Americans from the South such as Hiram Rhodes Revels; | 1/2 |
| 17 | High | 8.1.7.D | Identify the provisions and compare the effects of congressional conflicts and compromises prior to the Civil War, including the role of John Quincy Adams. | 0/1 |
| 21 | High | 8.1.4.C | Explain the issues surrounding important events of the American Revolution, including declaring independence; fighting the battles of Lexington and Concord, Saratoga, and Yorktown; enduring the winter at Valley Forge; and signing the Treaty of Paris of 1783; | 0/1 |

This information will be provided in CRS for each item. While TEA will not release the actual items during year-1 of the pilot, CRS will map each operational item to a specific student expectation while providing information on student performance and level of difficulty for each student expectation.



TTAP Score Reports: Individual student prediction to STAAR

Available SY24-25

- Opportunity score and performance
- Reporting category information
- In-year growth
- Item-level performance and TEKS-alignment
- Individual student predictions to STAAR
- Item type information

Illustrative example

Does not meet grade level standards

Approaches grad level standards

Meets grade level standards

Masters grade level standards

Student A is predicted to Meet grade level standards at the end of the school year.

The student-level predictions used for TTAP will be a simplified version of what is currently being used with STAAR Interims. It will show the performance level the student will most likely achieve by the end of the school year.



TTAP Score Reports: Item Type Information

Available SY24-25

- Opportunity score and performance
- Reporting category information
- In-year growth
- Item-level performance and TEKS-alignment
- Individual student predictions to STAAR
- Item type information

Illustrative example

2023-2024 TTAP Opportunity 2 - Grade 5 Science

| Segment | Item Position | Item Type |
|-----------|---------------|-----------------|
| Segment 2 | 1 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 2 | 2 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 2 | 3 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 2 | 4 | Drag and Drop |
| Segment 2 | 5 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 2 | 6 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 2 | 7 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 2 | 8 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 3 | 1 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 3 | 2 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 3 | 3 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 3 | 4 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 3 | 5 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 3 | 6 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 3 | 7 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 3 | 8 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 4 | 1 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 4 | 2 | Multiple Choice |

| Segment | Item Position | Item Type |
|-----------|---------------|-----------------|
| Segment 6 | 9 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 6 | 10 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 6 | 11 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 6 | 12 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 6 | 13 | Drag and Drop |
| Segment 6 | 14 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 6 | 15 | Drag and Drop |
| Segment 6 | 16 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 6 | 17 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 7 | 9 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 7 | 10 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 7 | 11 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 7 | 12 | Multiselect |
| Segment 7 | 13 | Drag and Drop |
| Segment 7 | 14 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 7 | 15 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 7 | 16 | Multiple Choice |
| Segment 7 | 17 | Multiple Choice |



Objectives

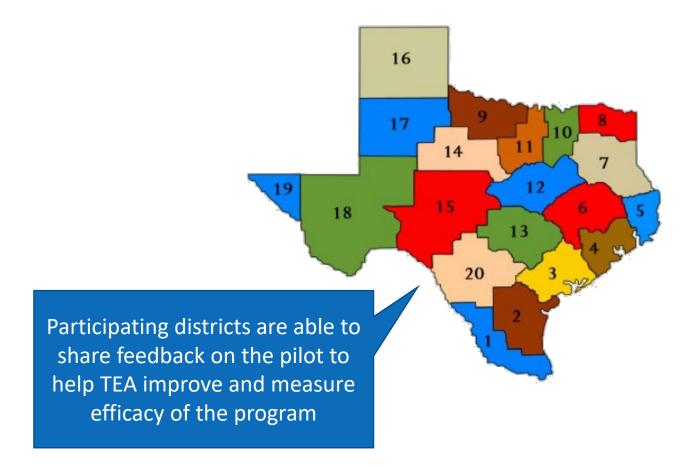
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3. What participants can expect

4. Next steps

TTAP hopes to see district representation across the entire state of Texas as it expands to elementary and high school next school year



SY23-24 Participation (Year 2)

- 19 out of 20 regions
- 93 LEAs
 - 44 rural
 - 21 town
 - 13 suburban
 - 15 urban
- 56K students
 - Grade 5 Science: 17K
 - Grade 6 Math: 9K
 - Grade 7 Math: 8K
 - Grade 8 Social Studies: 23K

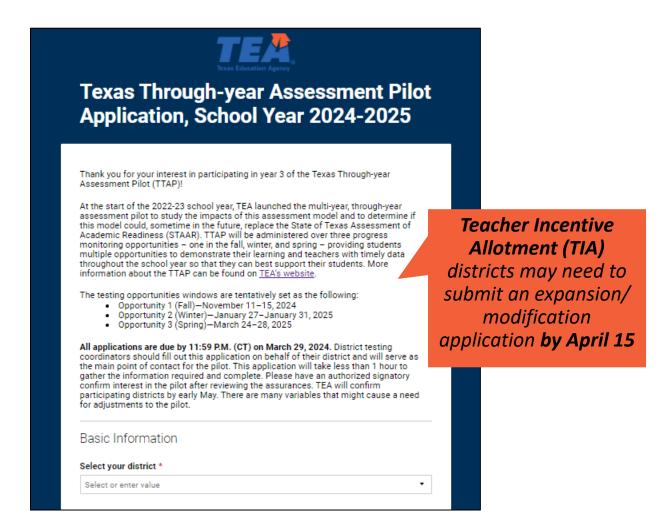


To continue partnering with TEA on this initiative, complete the application for the 2024-25 school year, live on the TTAP webpage

Recruitment timeline

- February 20, 21: Informational Webinars
- March 29: <u>Applications</u> Due
- May 1: Districts Selected

District participation is fully optional, and participants are not exempt from taking the STAAR





Districts may need to take an additional step if they are also planning to participate in TIA during the 2024-25 school year

Growth measure options for participating in both TIA and TTAP (applies to math titles only) -

1 Use a different student growth measure for purpose of TIA that is not pretest/post-test

Use a pre-test/post-test system where the pre-test is a diagnostic test (not a interims/benchmarking test)

Pretest examples

- District created pre-tests aligned to course standards
- Prior year EOY STAAR
- Released STAAR
- 3rd party vendor BOY assessment used for diagnostic purposes only

Post-test examples

- District-created summative test (not an EOY benchmark)
- Spring STAAR

TTAP and TIA teams created a guidance document for more examples



Applicants are expected to assure TEA of the following as they submit their pilot application for Year 3 –

- ✓ Districts will use through-year assessment in place of existing interims/benchmarks to limit disruptions to instructional time (e.g., STAAR Interims, NWEA MAP, iReady).
- ✓ All eligible students from selected campuses will participate in the pilot. Students that require ASL videos or Braille tests are exempted from year 3 participation.
- ✓ All registered students will aim to participate in all three opportunities.
- ✓ All registered students will take the tests online.
- ✓ Teachers and campus admin will partake in trainings to help with data interpretation and next steps. Returning TTAP teachers are only responsible for the overview webinar beginning of the year.
- ✓ District personnel, teachers, and students will participate in data collection efforts, such as feedback loops through surveys (3-4 times a year).
- ✓ DTC will work with campus staff to ensure that teachers are completing trainings and that all appropriate staff provide feedback as requested.
- ✓ Superintendent has approved of the district's potential participation in TTAP during the 2024-2025 school year
- ✓ I understand that variables will arise that might cause a need for adjustments to the pilot.





Thank you!



- Any updates will be posted on the <u>TTAP webpage</u>, including –
 - Recording of today's presentation (by 2/26)
 - Questions from today's session embedded into FAQ document (by 3/1)
 - Results from TTAP SY22-23 studies (by 3/29)
- Request office hours <u>here</u>
- Any further questions can be sent into <u>TTAP@tea.Texas.gov</u>

Questions?

