Pharmacy I

Subject: Career Development and Career and Technical Education

Grade: 10

Expectations: 43 Breakouts: 174

(a) Introduction.

- Career and technical education instruction provides content aligned with challenging academic standards, industry-relevant technical knowledge, and college and career readiness skills for students to further their education and succeed in current and emerging professions.
- 2. The Health Science Career Cluster focuses on planning, managing, and providing therapeutic services, diagnostic services, health informatics, support services, and biotechnology research and development.
- 3. The goal of Pharmacy I is for the student to gain a strong foundation in the knowledge and skills needed to pursue a career in the pharmaceutical field (e.g., pharmacy technician, pharmacist). Knowledge includes pharmacology, pharmacy law, medication safety, the dispensing process, and inventory. Pharmacy I is designed to be the second course in a pathway leading to college and career readiness in the healthcare therapeutics professions. The course content aligns with the competencies of pharmacy technician certification examinations.
- 4. Students are encouraged to participate in extended learning experiences such as career and technical student organizations and other leadership or extracurricular organizations.
- 5. Statements that contain the word "including" reference content that must be mastered, while those containing the phrase "such as" are intended as possible illustrative examples.
- (b) Knowledge and Skills Statements
 - (1) The student exhibits personal and interpersonal knowledge and skills. The student is expected to:
 - (A) model ethical conduct in complex situations;
 - (i) model ethical conduct in complex situations
 - (B) model a respectful and professional attitude when interacting with diverse patient populations, colleagues, and professionals;
 - (i) model a respectful attitude when interacting with diverse patient populations
 - (ii) model a respectful attitude when interacting with colleagues
 - (iii) model a respectful attitude when interacting with professionals
 - (iv) model a professional attitude when interacting with diverse patient populations
 - (v) model a professional attitude when interacting with colleagues
 - (vi) model a professional attitude when interacting with professionals
 - (C) apply self-management skills such as stress and change management;
 - (i) apply self-management skills

- (D) apply interpersonal skills, including negotiation skills, conflict resolution, customer service, and teamwork;
 - (i) apply interpersonal skills, including negotiation skills
 - (ii) apply interpersonal skills, including conflict resolution
 - (iii) apply interpersonal skills, including customer service
 - (iv) apply interpersonal skills, including teamwork
- (E) practice problem-solving skills in respect to complex ethical decision making; and
 - (i) practice problem-solving skills in respect to complex ethical decision making
- (F) compare unethical and illegal conduct in the workplace.
 - (i) compare unethical and illegal conduct in the workplace
- (2) The student communicates effectively with diverse populations. The student is expected to:
 - (A) practice a respectful and professional attitude when interacting with diverse patient populations, colleagues, and professionals; and
 - (i) practice a respectful attitude when interacting with diverse patient populations
 - (ii) practice a respectful attitude when interacting with colleagues
 - (iii) practice a respectful attitude when interacting with professionals
 - (iv) practice a professional attitude when interacting with diverse patient populations
 - (v) practice a professional attitude when interacting with colleagues
 - (vi) practice a professional attitude when interacting with professionals
 - (B) compare communication techniques that are effective for various population clients such as terminally ill, intellectually disabled, visually/hearing impaired, and elderly/pediatric populations.
 - (i) compare communication techniques that are effective for various population clients
- (3) The student interprets pharmacy correspondence utilizing medical abbreviations and terminology typically found in the pharmacy setting. The student is expected to:
 - (A) employ pharmacy terminology and abbreviations in creating and utilizing correspondence in the pharmacy such as prescriptions, medication administration records (MARs), and patient order sheets;
 - (i) employ pharmacy terminology in creating correspondence in the pharmacy
 - (ii) employ pharmacy terminology in utilizing correspondence in the pharmacy
 - (iii) employ pharmacy abbreviations in creating correspondence in the pharmacy
 - (iv) employ pharmacy abbreviations in utilizing correspondence in the pharmacy
 - (B) compare terminology typically used in the community and institutional pharmacy settings; and
 - (i) compare terminology typically used in the community and institutional pharmacy settings
 - (C) translate sig codes and abbreviations used in the pharmacy.
 - (i) translate sig codes used in the pharmacy
 - (ii) translate abbreviations used in the pharmacy

- (4) The student distinguishes between the requirements of various federal agencies. The student is expected to:
 - (A) explain the handling and disposal of non-hazardous, hazardous, and pharmaceutical substances and waste;
 - (i) explain the handling of non-hazardous substances
 - (ii) explain the handling of non-hazardous waste
 - (iii) explain the handling of hazardous substances
 - (iv) explain the handling of hazardous waste
 - (v) explain the handling of pharmaceutical substances
 - (vi) explain the handling of pharmaceutical waste
 - (vii) explain the disposal of non-hazardous substances
 - (viii) explain the disposal of non-hazardous waste
 - (ix) explain the disposal of hazardous substances
 - (x) explain the disposal of hazardous waste
 - (xi) explain the disposal of pharmaceutical substances
 - (xii) explain the disposal of pharmaceutical waste
 - (B) discuss the requirements for controlled substance prescriptions, including new, refill, and transfer prescriptions, according to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) controlled substances schedules;
 - (i) discuss the requirements for controlled substance prescriptions, including new prescriptions, according to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) controlled substances schedules;
 - (ii) discuss the requirements for controlled substance prescriptions, including refill prescriptions, according to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) controlled substances schedules;
 - (iii) discuss the requirements for controlled substance prescriptions, including transfer prescriptions, according to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) controlled substances schedules;
 - (C) describe Food and Drug Administration (FDA) recall requirements based on classification for medications, devices, supplies, and supplements;
 - (i) describe Food and Drug Administration (FDA) recall requirements based on classification for medications
 - (ii) describe Food and Drug Administration (FDA) recall requirements based on classification for devices
 - (iii) describe Food and Drug Administration (FDA) recall requirements based on classification for supplies
 - (iv) describe Food and Drug Administration (FDA) recall requirements based on classification for supplements
 - (D) interpret and apply state and federal laws pertaining to processing, handling, and dispensing of medications, including controlled substances;
 - (i) interpret state laws pertaining to processing of medications, including controlled substances
 - (ii) interpret state laws pertaining to handling of medications, including controlled substances
 - (iii) interpret state laws pertaining to dispensing of medications, including controlled substances
 - (iv) interpret federal laws pertaining to processing of medications, including controlled substances
 - (v) interpret federal laws pertaining to handling of medications, including controlled substances

- (vi) interpret federal laws pertaining to dispensing of medications, including controlled substances
- (vii) apply state laws pertaining to processing of medications, including controlled substances
- (viii) apply state laws pertaining to handling of medications, including controlled substances
- (ix) apply state laws pertaining to dispensing of medications, including controlled substances
- (x) apply federal laws pertaining to processing of medications, including controlled substances
- (xi) apply federal laws pertaining to handling of medications, including controlled substances
- (xii) apply federal laws pertaining to dispensing of medications, including controlled substances
- (E) interpret state and federal laws and regulations pertaining to pharmacy technicians; and
 - (i) interpret state laws pertaining to pharmacy technicians
 - (ii) interpret state regulations pertaining to pharmacy technicians
 - (iii) interpret federal laws pertaining to pharmacy technicians
 - (iv) interpret federal regulations pertaining to pharmacy technicians
- (F) explain pharmacy compliance with professional standards and relevant legal, regulatory, formulary, contractual, and safety requirements.
 - (i) explain pharmacy compliance with professional standards
 - (ii) explain pharmacy compliance with relevant legal requirements
 - (iii) explain pharmacy compliance with relevant regulatory requirements
 - (iv) explain pharmacy compliance with relevant formulary requirements
 - (v) explain pharmacy compliance with relevant contractual requirements
 - (vi) explain pharmacy compliance with relevant safety requirements
- (5) The student recalls drug information. The student is expected to:
 - (A) identify brand name, generic name, classification, and indication of use for common medications with automaticity;
 - (i) identify brand name for common medications with automaticity
 - (ii) identify generic name for common medications with automaticity
 - (iii) identify classification for common medications with automaticity
 - (iv) identify indication of use for common medications with automaticity
 - (B) discuss common and life-threatening drug interactions and contraindications;
 - (i) discuss common drug interactions
 - (ii) discuss life-threatening drug interactions
 - (iii) discuss common drug contraindications
 - (iv) discuss life-threatening drug contraindications
 - (C) identify narrow therapeutic index (NTI) medications; and
 - (i) identify narrow therapeutic index (NTI) medications

- (D) access and use references such as United States Pharmacopeia (USP) standards, drug reference books, and clinical information sources as needed to perform job duties.
 - (i) access references
 - (ii) use references
- (6) The student explains the dispensing process. The student is expected to:
 - (A) identify a prescription or medication order for completeness, including drug strength, dosage form, directions, quantity, and refills, and obtain missing information if needed;
 - (i) identify a prescription or medication order for completeness, including drug strength
 - (ii) identify a prescription or medication order for completeness, including dosage form
 - (iii) identify a prescription or medication order for completeness, including directions
 - (iv) identify a prescription or medication order for completeness, including quantity
 - (v) identify a prescription or medication order for completeness, including refills
 - (vi) obtain missing information if needed
 - (B) communicate with patients to obtain information, including demographics, medication history, health conditions, allergies, and insurance, for the patient profile;
 - (i) communicate with patients to obtain information, including demographics for the patient profile
 - (ii) communicate with patients to obtain information, including medication history, for the patient profile
 - (iii) communicate with patients to obtain information, including health conditions, for the patient profile
 - (iv) communicate with patients to obtain information, including allergies, for the patient profile
 - (v) communicate with patients to obtain information, including insurance, for the patient profile
 - (C) practice assisting pharmacists in collecting, organizing, and recording demographic and clinical information for the Pharmacists' Patient Care Process;
 - (i) practice assisting pharmacists in collecting demographic information for the Pharmacists' Patient Care Process
 - (ii) practice assisting pharmacists in organizing demographic information for the Pharmacists' Patient Care Process
 - (iii) practice assisting pharmacists in recording demographic information for the Pharmacists' Patient Care Process
 - (iv) practice assisting pharmacists in collecting clinical information for the Pharmacists' Patient Care Process
 - (v) practice assisting pharmacists in organizing clinical information for the Pharmacists' Patient Care Process
 - (vi) practice assisting pharmacists in recording clinical information for the Pharmacists' Patient Care Process
 - (D) perform the necessary mathematical calculations required for order entry, including formulas, ratios, concentrations, percent strength, dilutions, proportions, and allegations;
 - (i) perform the necessary mathematical calculations required for order entry, including formulas
 - (ii) perform the necessary mathematical calculations required for order entry, including ratios
 - (iii) perform the necessary mathematical calculations required for order entry, including concentrations

- (iv) perform the necessary mathematical calculations required for order entry, including percent strength
- (v) perform the necessary mathematical calculations required for order entry, including dilutions
- (vi) perform the necessary mathematical calculations required for order entry, including proportions
- (vii) perform the necessary mathematical calculations required for order entry, including allegations
- (E) identify equipment and supplies, including diabetic supplies, spacers, and oral/injectable syringes, required for drug administration based on the package size and unit dose;
 - (i) identify equipment and supplies, including diabetic supplies, required for drug administration based on the package size
 - (ii) identify equipment and supplies, including diabetic supplies, required for drug administration based on the unit dose
 - (iii) identify equipment and supplies, including spacers, required for drug administration based on the package size
 - (iv) identify equipment and supplies, including spacers, required for drug administration based on the unit dose
 - (v) identify equipment and supplies, including oral syringes, required for drug administration based on the package size
 - (vi) identify equipment and supplies, including injectable syringes, required for drug administration based on the package size
 - (vii) identify equipment and supplies, including oral syringes, required for drug administration based on the unit dose
 - (viii) identify equipment and supplies, including injectable syringes, required for drug administration based on the unit dose
- (F) identify and describe the importance of lot numbers, expiration dates, and National Drug Codes (NDC) on drug packaging;
 - (i) identify the importance of lot numbers on drug packaging
 - (ii) identify the importance expiration dates on drug packaging
 - (iii) identify the importance of National Drug Codes (NDC) on drug packaging
 - (iv) describe the importance of lot numbers on drug packaging
 - (v) describe the importance expiration dates on drug packaging
 - (vi) describe the importance of National Drug Codes (NDC) on drug packaging
- (G) practice and adhere to effective infection control procedures;
 - (i) practice and adhere to effective infection control procedures;
 - (ii) practice effective infection control procedures
 - (iii) adhere to effective infection control procedures

- (H) apply appropriate cleaning standards, including hand washing and cleaning counting trays, countertops, and equipment; and
 - (i) apply appropriate cleaning standards, including hand washing
 - (ii) apply appropriate cleaning standards, including cleaning counting trays
 - (iii) apply appropriate cleaning standards, including cleaning countertops
 - (iv) apply appropriate cleaning standards, including cleaning equipment
- (I) explain the state pharmacy boards' roles in the regulation of pharmacy technicians and that differences exist between states in the processing, handling, and dispensing of prescription medications.
 - (i) explain the state pharmacy boards' roles in the regulation of pharmacy technicians
 - (ii) explain that differences exist between states in the processing of prescription medications
 - (iii) explain that differences exist between states in the handling of prescription medications
 - (iv) explain that differences exist between states in the dispensing of prescription medications
- (7) The student identifies common medication errors and explains error prevention strategies. The student is expected to:
 - (A) identify high-alert/risk and look-alike/sound-alike (LASA) medications;
 - (i) identify high-alert/risk medications
 - (ii) identify look-alike/sound-alike (LASA) medications
 - (B) describe error prevention strategies, including using Tall Man lettering, trailing/leading zeros, and barcodes; separating inventory; and limiting use of error-prone abbreviations;
 - (i) describe error prevention strategies, including using Tall Man lettering
 - (ii) describe error prevention strategies, including using trailing zeros
 - (iii) describe error prevention strategies, including using leading zeros
 - (iv) describe error prevention strategies, including using barcodes
 - (v) describe error prevention strategies, including separating inventory
 - (vi) describe error prevention strategies, including limiting use of error-prone abbreviations
 - (C) describe types of prescription errors, including abnormal doses, early refill, incorrect quantity, incorrect patient, and incorrect drug;
 - (i) describe types of prescription errors, including abnormal doses
 - (ii) describe types of prescription errors, including early refill
 - (iii) describe types of prescription errors, including incorrect quantity
 - (iv) describe types of prescription errors, including incorrect patient
 - (v) describe types of prescription errors, including incorrect drug
 - (D) explain pharmacy professional standards for and the role of the pharmacy technician in the patient care process;
 - (i) explain pharmacy professional standards for the patient care process
 - (ii) explain the role of the pharmacy technician in the patient care process

- (E) identify opportunities to assist pharmacists in the identification of patients who desire or require counseling to optimize the use of medications, equipment, and devices;
 - (i) identify opportunities to assist pharmacists in the identification of patients who desire or require counseling to optimize the use of medications
 - (ii) identify opportunities to assist pharmacists in the identification of patients who desire or require counseling to optimize the use of equipment
 - (iii) identify opportunities to assist pharmacists in the identification of patients who desire or require counseling to optimize the use of devices
- (F) discuss the pharmacy technician's role in patient and medication safety practices such as how to calculate dosage of pediatric over-the-counter drugs;
 - (i) discuss the pharmacy technician's role in patient safety practices
 - (ii) discuss the pharmacy technician's role in medication safety practices
- (G) explain how pharmacy technicians assist pharmacists in responding safely and legally to emergent patient situations: and
 - (i) explain how pharmacy technicians assist pharmacists in responding safely to emergent patient situations
 - (ii) explain how pharmacy technicians assist pharmacists in responding legally to emergent patient situations
- (H) explain basic safety and emergency preparedness procedures applicable to pharmacy services.
 - (i) explain basic safety procedures applicable to pharmacy services
 - (ii) explain basic emergency preparedness procedures applicable to pharmacy services
- (8) The student performs inventory procedures according to federal, state, local, and facility guidelines. The student is expected to:
 - (A) identify proper storage for medications in regard to temperature, light sensitivity, product demand, fast movers, cost, and restricted access;
 - (i) identify proper storage for medications in regard to temperature
 - (ii) identify proper storage for medications in regard to light sensitivity
 - (iii) identify proper storage for medications in regard to product demand
 - (iv) identify proper storage for medications in regard to fast movers
 - (v) identify proper storage for medications in regard to cost
 - (vi) identify proper storage for medications in regard to restricted access
 - (B) explain the definition and purpose of a formulary or approved/preferred product list;
 - (i) explain the definition of a formulary or approved/preferred product list
 - (ii) explain the purpose of a formulary or approved/preferred product list

- (C) describe procedures for inventory control, including removal of expired and recalled drug products, rotating inventory, performing a physical inventory, ordering medications and supplies, monitoring periodic automatic replenishment (PAR) levels, and using just-in-time ordering;
 - (i) describe procedures for inventory control, including removal of expired drug products
 - (ii) describe procedures for inventory control, including removal of recalled drug products
 - (iii) describe procedures for inventory control, including rotating inventory
 - (iv) describe procedures for inventory control, including performing a physical inventory
 - (v) describe procedures for inventory control, including ordering medications
 - (vi) describe procedures for inventory control, including ordering supplies
 - (vii) describe procedures for inventory control, including monitoring periodic automatic replenishment (PAR) levels
 - (viii) describe procedures for inventory control, including using just-in-time ordering
- (D) explain accepted procedures in purchasing pharmaceuticals, devices, and supplies; and
 - (i) explain accepted procedures in purchasing pharmaceuticals
 - (ii) explain accepted procedures in purchasing devices
 - (iii) explain accepted procedures in purchasing supplies
- (E) explain accepted procedures for identifying and disposing of expired medications.
 - (i) explain accepted procedures for identifying expired medications
 - (ii) explain accepted procedures for disposing of expired medications