

The State of the State in Special Education

TCASE
Great Ideas
February 4, 2020



Suite of Resources for Parents

Overall Corrective Action Response Progress





Agency (TEA) changed the way it reports special education enrollment in school systems. TEA no longer includes a target

for a school system's total numbers of students in special

epresentation within certain race, ethnicity and disability categories, as equired by federal law. School systems cannot use this reporting data

education as part of state monitoring.

or special education representation, TEA only reports on over-

to delay deny or prevent a referral for an evaluation for special

Special education/IDEA eligibility:

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, also known as IDEA, is

a federal law that gives eligible students with disabilities the right to receive special education services and assistance in school. To be

must need instruction that is specially designed to meet the student's unique needs based on that disability.

Who can request an evaluation for special education?

School:

If the school knows or has reason to suspect that the

Parents or Guardians:
A parent or guardian has the right to request a special

district's special education director.

childfindtx.tea.texas.gov/eval_timelines.html

education evaluation

student has a disability and a need for special education services, the school must refer the student for a special

education evaluation at any time. It is best to submit this request in writing to your school's principal or to the school

More information on evaluation timelines can be found at:

A parent or guardian has the right to request a

special education evaluation at any time.

district's special education director. If your child is pre-school

eligible for special education services, a student with a disability

Contact Person for Special Education Referrals

Contact Person:

Phone Number:

To begin the special your child:

Resources for Families EA has created topic specific





as well as general information bout special education

\$\left\{\sigma}\] 1.855.773.3839

TEA.Texas.gov/TexasSpEd

Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Fact Sheet for Families

What is IDEA?

Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) is a federal law that

Find and evaluate students who have or are suspected of a disability

Develop and implement an individualized education program (IEF

e unique needs of a student with a disability, It includes any related

ucation services. Special education is not a place, but a set of service

d supports that can be provided in many ways and in many differen

tings. What special education looks like for an individual student is tlined in his or her IEP. The IEP is developed by a team referred to

Texas as the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee. The

Any child suspected of having a disability and need for special

Homeless, under the care of the state, attending private school, or

rvices needed for the student to benefit from his or her special.

been in effect since 1975. IDEA requires public schools to provid

1 with disabilities. IDEA also provides legal protections for these

iDEA requires public schools to...

What is Special Education?

for eligible students with a disability.

nt is a member of the ARD com-

Child Find also includes...

May not be attending public school

education despite passing from grade to grade.

and need special education services (Child Find).

Who is eligible Who is eligit for special education?

To be eligible for special

by one or more of the 13 IDEA disability categories;

2. because of the disability, requires special education

Students who have disabilities ot covered by the IDEA or students with disabilities who do not require special education services are not eligible. However, a student with a disability may be eligible for supports and services unde Section 504.

Schools are required to reach out to the community and spread the word

about Child Find



SpEdTex.org \$ 1.855.773.3839

More information about IDEA can be found at: tea.texas.gov/TexasSpEd

Risk factors and signs of dyslexia: · Family history of dyslexia or

reading difficulty Early language difficulties such as delayed speech or

- trouble pronouncing words Difficulty identifying and
- manipulating individual
- Challenges learning letter
- Difficulty recalling the names of letters, numbers
- Avoidance of reading and writing tasks
- Inaccurate or slow reading Difficulty with note taking
- and producing written worl Over use of pictures to guess at words

Early intervention is critical, and parents or guardians should talk to their child's teacher if they have concerns.



SpEdTex.org

Additional resources and information for parents can be found on the SPEDTex website.

C 1.855.773.3839

Dyslexia **Fact Sheet for Families**

What is dyslexia?

slexia is a brain-based learning disability that makes learning to read,

Students with dysgraphia, a related learning disorder, demonstrate academic challenges in handwriting, spelling, and written expression.

Characteristics of dyslexia:

- Primary characteristics include difficulties: Learning the sounds letters make
- Reading words in isolation or reading unknown words Reading smoothly with enough speed and accuracy to comprehend

econdary characteristics may include difficulty:

Expressing ideas or concepts in writing Understanding what is read

udents with dyslexia may also present with additional difficulties and r disorders, including attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), peech and language disorders, and/or other academic needs.

What rights do families have?

nur children are legally entitled to receive customized academic apport. State and federal law require schools to follow specific redures to support students with or suspected of having dyslexia slexia is a learning disability that may require special education

Parents may request special education evaluation through their child's campus or district.

Multi-Tiered Systems of Support Fact Sheet for Families What is Multi-Tiered Systems of Support (MTSS)?

Multi-Tiered Systems of Support (MTSS) is

est practices within the areas of academics.

havior, and social/emotional supports for

ovided as a student moves from classroom-

ide, to targeted and intensive interventions.

ne whole child. Tiers are based on student

need and increase the level of support



Notify a parent of each child

learning difficulties every year. This includes support through an MTSS program that are above the level of intervention used with all not apply to parents of Iren receiving special

Parents or guardians

may request a

special education

evaluation for their

child at any time.

SPEDIEX

information for parents can be

found on the SPEDTex website

SpEdTex.org

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education.

How does MTSS help students?

The goal of MTSS is to find struggling students early and quickly esearch to meet a student's needs. Progress monitoring data is ised to make decisions about movement between the tiers.

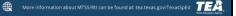
What type of support is available?

here are typically three tiers of support in an MTSS model.

- Tier 1 includes high quality classroom-wide instruction and
- Tier 2 provides targeted support to address a student's gaps
- Tier 3 involves intensive support usually provided more often and in smaller groups.

Schools may NOT...

- Use MTSS to delay or deny access to special education or other
- Require a student to go through all MTSS tiers or spend a certain amount of time in MTSS before they are referred for a special education evaluation



Section 504



File a grievance complaint with the school's Section 504

Coordinator or with the Office

for Civil Rights online or by

calling the regional office

Receive notice about the identification, evaluation and or placement of their child

A 504 plan that is periodically

What does a 504 plan include?

It includes the accommodation

student needs and ensures

equal access to the same educational programs and

Office of Civil Rights (OCR)

In Texas, if you have a question o would like to file a complaint abo Section 504, contact the Office of

OCR.Dallas@ed.gov

services available to non

Examine their child's educational records

Request a hearing with ection 504 is part of a long-standing federal civil rights law that respect to the school's actions regarding the identification, evaluation, or placement of their child

k Who does Section 504 protect?

at substantially limits a major life activity, such as caring for one's ielf, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, working, performing nanual tasks, and learning.

Are dyslexia and related disorders included under Section 504?

dents with dyslexia and related disorders are protected under ection 504. These conditions are also included within the definition of specific learning disability under the Individuals with Disabilities ducation Act. Some students with these conditions may require pecial education services, while others may receive the state's standard rotocol dyslexia instruction under Section 504.

Section 504 and Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) both...

Provide protections for students with disabilities. However while all all students covered by Section 504 are eligible for special education Set requirements for providing a free appropriate public education

(FAPE) to students with disabilities, regardless of the nature or severity of the disability. Section 504 defines FAPE differently than

direc.to/dUkU

More information about Section 504 can be found at: tea.texas.gov/TexasSpEd

SB 139



More information about dyslexia can be found at: tea.texas.gov/TexasSpEd



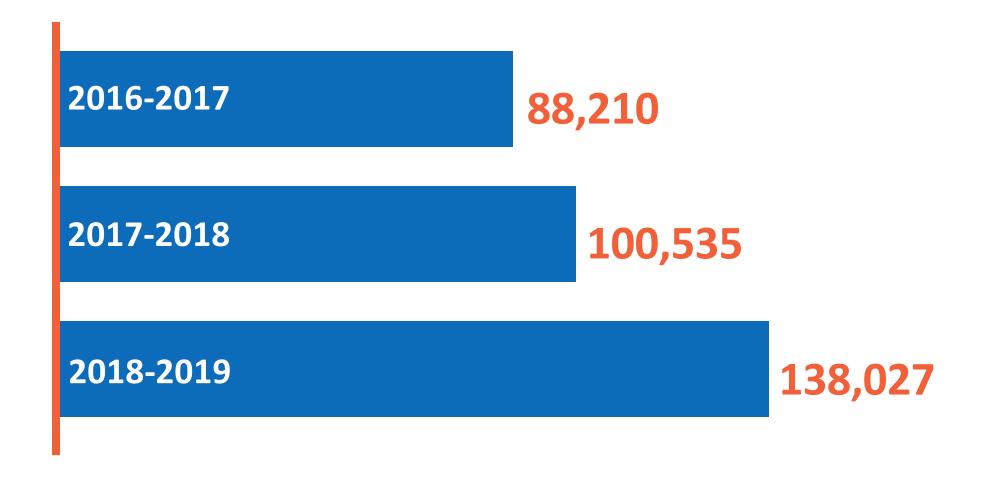


Since 2013, Texas has seen a growth in the number of special education students by an average 12.1% 11.8% 11.6% 11.7% 11.6% 11.2% 10.8% of 15,393 students each year. 10.1% 9.8% 9.5% 9.2% 8.9% 8.8% 9.2% 8.9% 8.7% 8.7% 8.6% 8.6% 2005-06 2015-16 2003-04 2012-13 2007-08 2009-10 2013-14 2001-02 2002-03 2004-05 2008-09 2014-15 2017-18 2018-19 2000-01 2006-07 2010-11 2011-12 2016-17

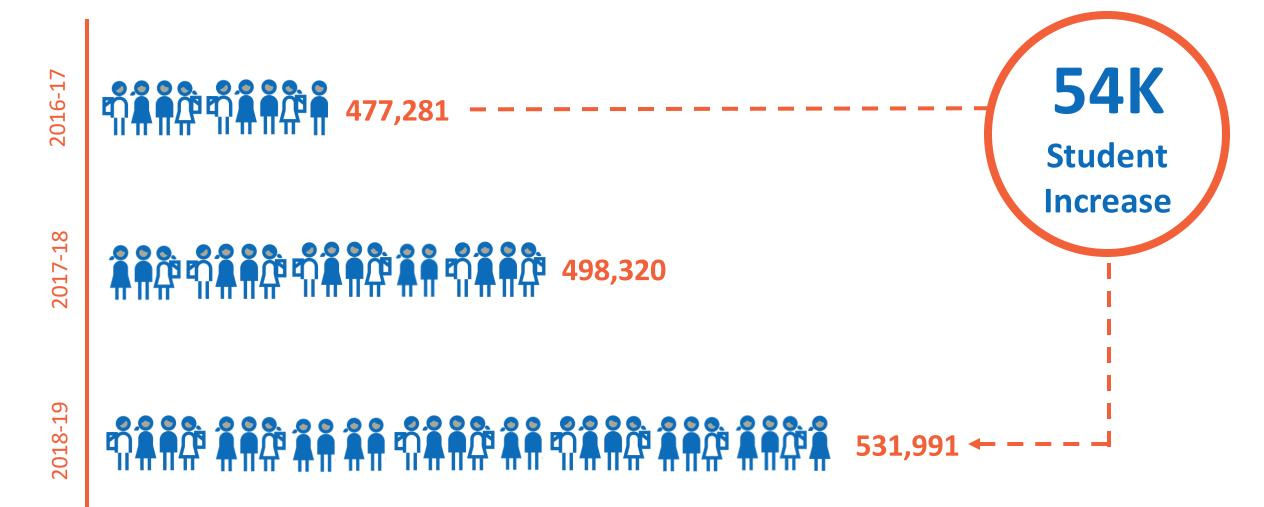
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. (2016). Digest of Education Statistics, 2015 (NCES 2016-014), Chapter 2. and http://nces.ed.gov/fastfacts/display.asp?id=64



The number of Initial Evaluations has increased each year by at least 13%.



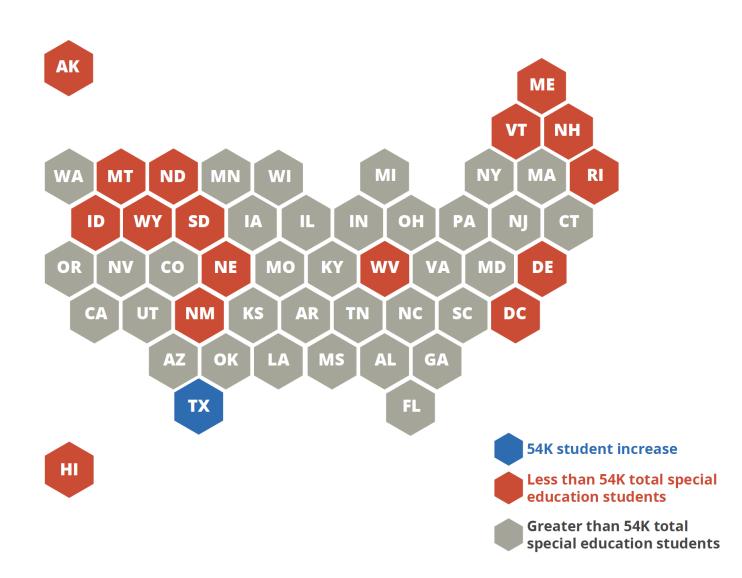






Texas has identified an additional 54,000 students for special education in the past 3 years.

These additional students receiving services in Texas represent more than all of these other states' total special education populations.







House Bill 3 – 86th Texas Legislature increased funding for students with disabilities in these three specific areas.



\$970 per student to schools



\$616 per student to schools

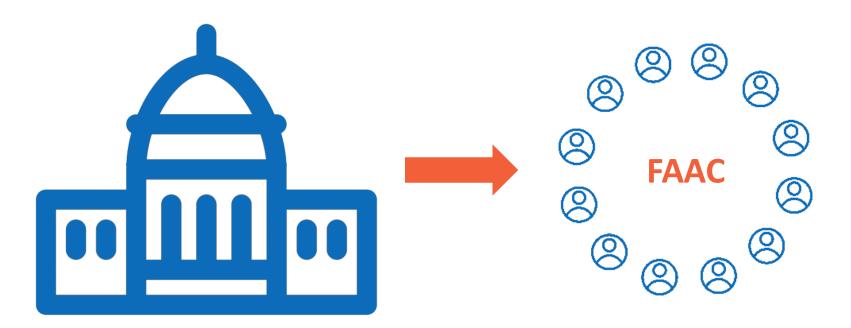


\$2,000 per student to schools



House Bill 3 Special Education Finance Allotment Advisory Committee

■ HB 3 of the 86th Texas legislature required TEA to establish an advisory committee to develop recommendations about how special education programs are financed by the state of Texas.





The Charge

The SpEd Finance Allotment Advisory Committee is required to provide the Lieutenant Governor, Speaker of the House, and Chairs of both Education Committees with a report in May of 2020. The report is required to include:



A review of current methods for funding special education programs in Texas public schools



An analysis of a possible funding system based on the services and supports each student receives instead of instructional arrangement



Data on current special education expenditures from a representative sample of LEAs



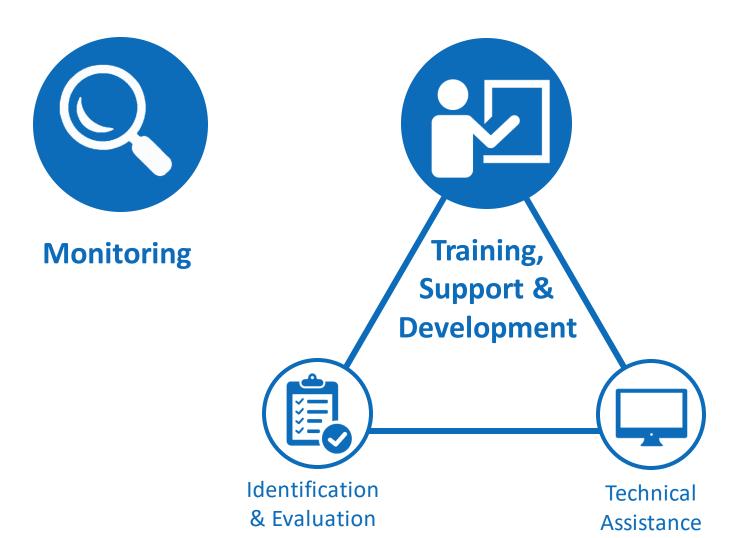
Recommendations for a new funding system or for improvements to the current system of funding special education programs







Strategic Plan

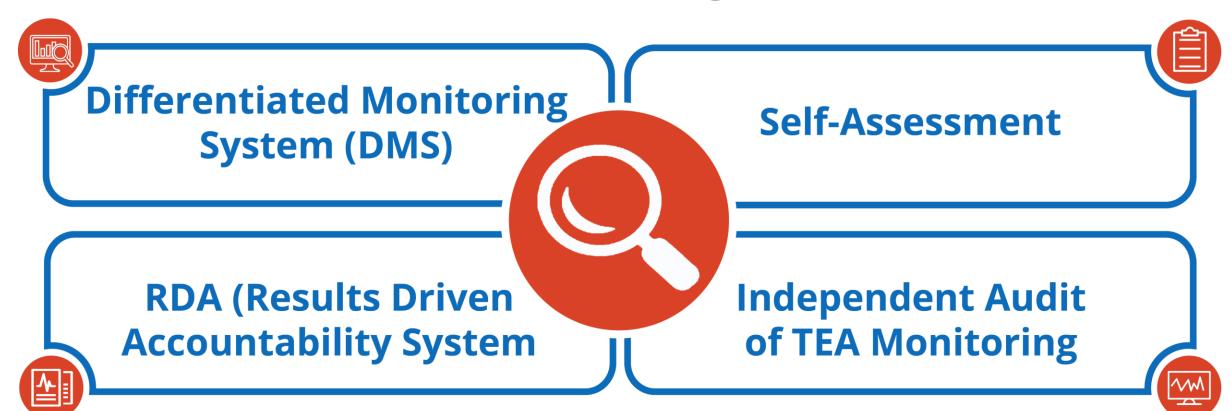




School, Family, and Community Engagement



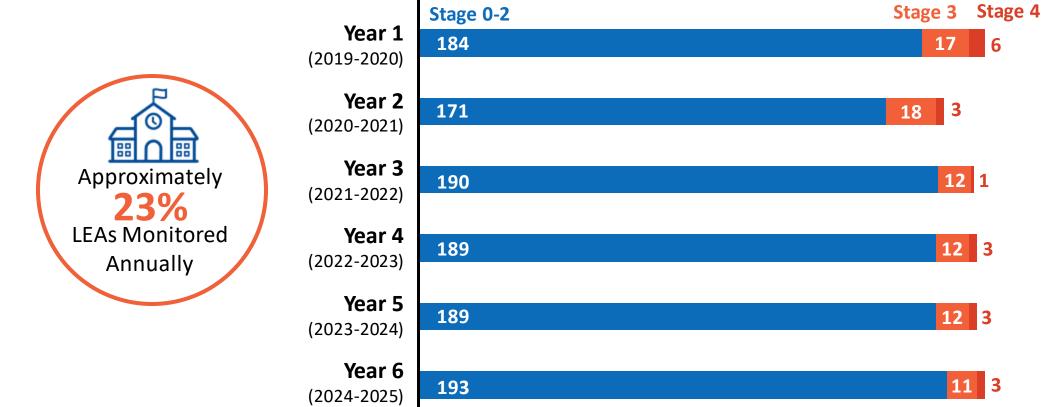
Monitoring



Strengthen support and supervision to schools.





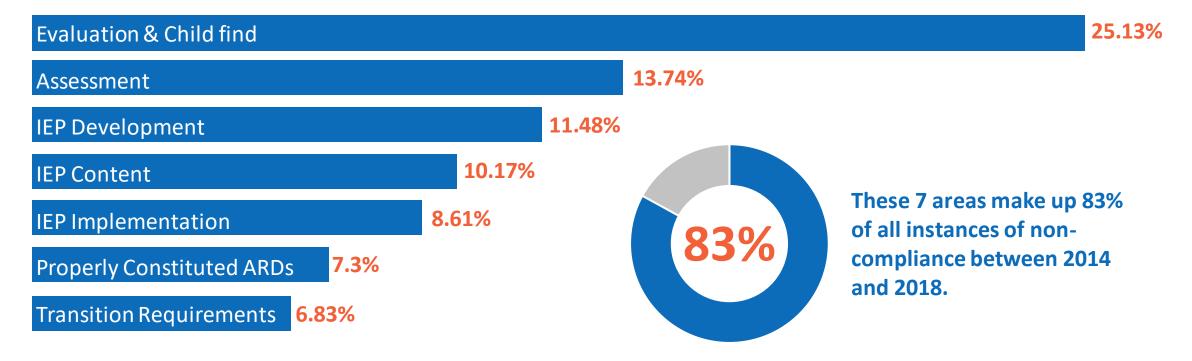


All the schools in blue, prior to this year would not have been monitored.





Current Compliance concerns, 7 Areas of Non-compliance, the most common substantiated SPED complaints



Representativeness: 450 LEAs

Categories of non-compliance: 33

Instances of non-compliance: 2,300





Improve practice of teachers, principals, and systems to support students with special needs.



Year 0 [2019-2020]

Year 1 [2020-2021]

Year 2 [2021-2022]

Year 3 [2022-2023]



Develop & Pilot

Launch comprehensive model

Launch blended content model

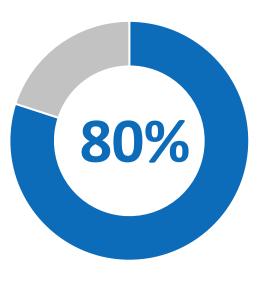






Under Development

Most students receiving special education services are spending



or more of their academic day in the general education setting.





Types of Resources

- Technical Assistance Guidebooks
- Webinars
- Online Courses
- Trainings
 - Face to Face
 - Online
- Coaching Guides
- Conferences



Upcoming statewide evaluation conference hosted by TEA and Child Find Network



Recent live recorded Webinar (1 of 5)



Cover of
Technical
Assistance
Guide on Child
Find and
Evaluation
(first in series)



TSLAT (Autism Network)
Mini Courses (30 min.) and
Full Courses (6 hrs.)



Draft cover slide for a training currently under review



Coaching Guide to accompany training





Technical Assistance

Child Find, Evaluation, ARD Supports

in Texas

Texas
Statewide
Leadership for
Autism Training
(TSLAT)

Tiered
Interventions
using Evidencebased Research
(TIER)

Texas Complex Access Network (Texas CAN)

Texas
Sensory Support
Network
(TxSSN)

Small and Rural Schools Network (SRSN) Student-Centered Transitions Network (SCTN) Multiple
Exceptionalities
and
Multiple Needs
(MEMN)







How Does a Network Work?

Vision, Strategy
Development, and
Content Creation
and Approval



Network Website

Network
Members at
every ESC

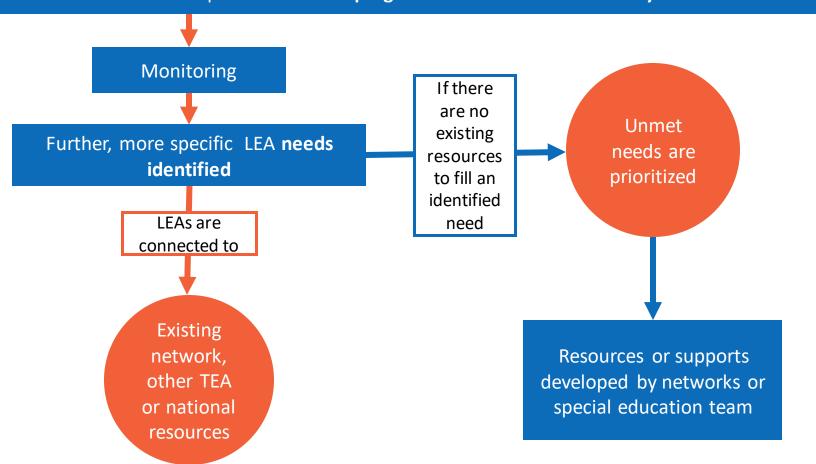
LEAs, Parents, and Other Stakeholders



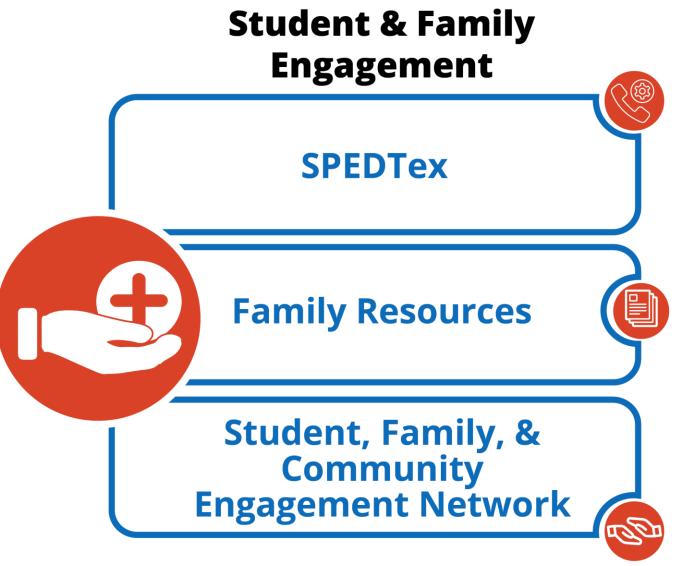


Connections: Review and Support Plan

LEA utilizes **network** and other special education **program resources to meet locally identified needs**





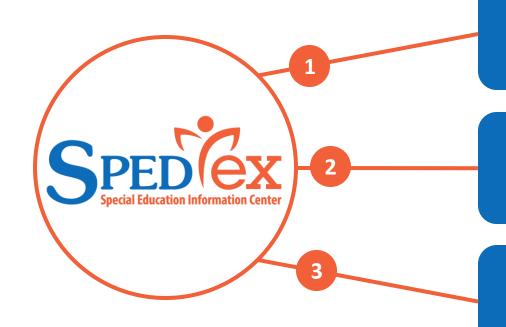


Ensure families are knowledgeable and able to engage in the educational decisions for their children.





School, Family, and Community Engagement



Build the capacity of educators to work collaboratively with families and community members in supporting positive outcomes for students with disabilities

Provide resources and technical assistance about special education through the SPEDTex call center and website

House or link to resources for parents on the SPEDTex website



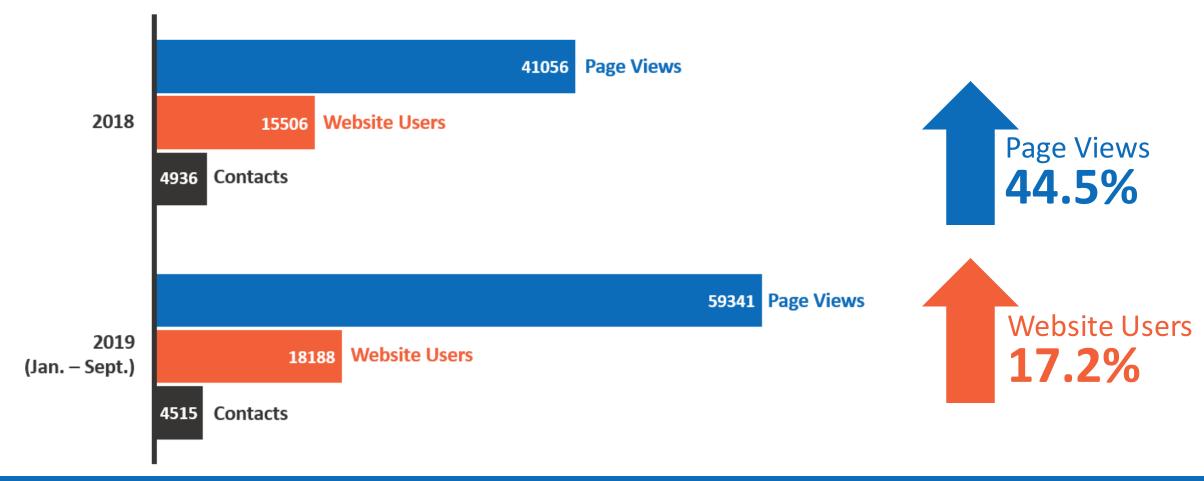
SPEDtex.org





School, Family, and Community Engagement

Page views, website users, and contacts for SPEDTex have either surpassed or will surpass totals from last year.

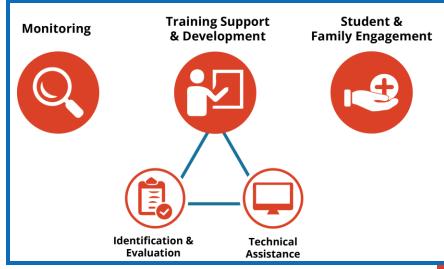




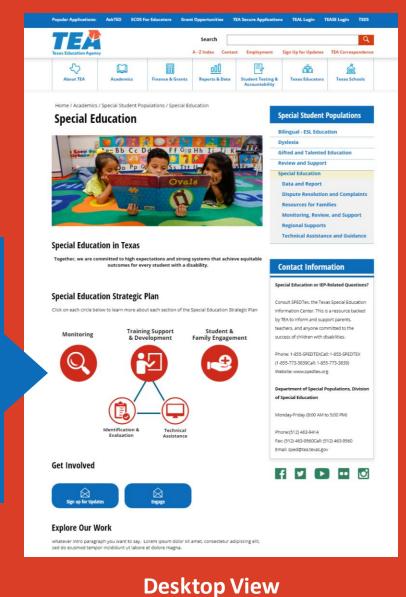








Each of the pieces of the strategic plan (the red circles) are clickable

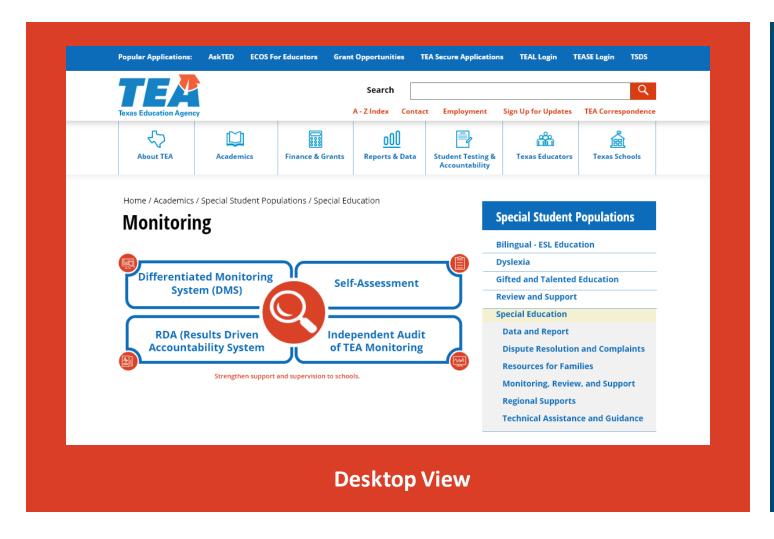


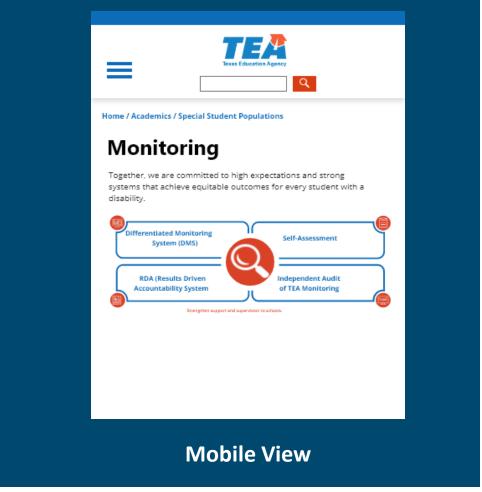


Mobile View



Each part of the Strategic Plan will have priority initiatives – each of these will be clickable







Each of the priority initiatives will have either a progress or a completed graphic

