ATTACHMENT I

Statutory Citation Relating to Proposed Amendment to 19 TAC Chapter 89, <u>Adaptations for</u> <u>Special Populations</u>, Subchapter C, <u>Texas Certificate of High School Equivalency</u>, §89.42, <u>Official</u> <u>Testing Centers</u>

Texas Education Code, §7.111, <u>High School Equivalency Examinations</u>:

- (a) The board shall provide for the administration of high school equivalency examinations.
- (a-1) A person who does not have a high school diploma may take the examination in accordance with rules adopted by the board if the person is:
 - (1) over 17 years of age;
 - (2) 16 years of age or older and:
 - (A) is enrolled in a Job Corps training program under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. Section 2801 et seq.), and its subsequent amendments;
 - (B) a public agency providing supervision of the person or having custody of the person under a court order recommends that the person take the examination; or
 - (C) is enrolled in the Texas Military Department's Seaborne ChalleNGe Corps; or
 - (3) required to take the examination under court order issued under Section 65.103(a)(3), Family Code.
- (b) The board by rule shall establish and require payment of a fee as a condition to the issuance of a high school equivalency certificate and a copy of the scores of the examinations. The fee must be reasonable and designed to cover the administrative costs of issuing the certificate and a copy of the scores. The board may not require a waiting period between the date a person withdraws from school and the date the person takes the examination unless the period relates to the time between administrations of the examination.
- (c) The board by rule shall develop and deliver high school equivalency examinations and provide for the administration of the examinations online. The rules must provide a procedure for verifying the identity of the person taking the examination.