

HHSC contract no: HHS001673200001

TEA contract no: 4796

Memorandum of Understanding

Texas Health and Human Services Commission Early Childhood Intervention

and

Texas Education Agency

I. PURPOSES

The purposes of this Memorandum of Understanding (**MOU**), as required by the 2026-27 General Appropriations Act, S.B. 1, 89th Legislature, Regular Session, 2025, Article II, HHSC, Rider 78 and, Article III, TEA, Rider 13 are to:

- A. Define the roles and responsibilities of the Health and Human Services Commission (**HHSC**) and the Texas Education Agency (**TEA**), sometimes referred to herein as the “Parties,” collectively, and each as “Party,” individually, to ensure a smooth transition for children and their families receiving early intervention services under Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (**IDEA**) to early childhood special education (**ECSE**) services under Part B of IDEA; and
- B. Establish a statewide system of services to identify and serve children, birth to 36 months, who are deaf or hard of hearing (**DHH**) or have a visual impairment (**VI**) who are eligible to receive services under Part C of the IDEA and Texas Education Code (**TEC**) Chapters 29 and 30.
- C. Strengthen interagency coordination between the Parties and local educational agencies (**LEAs**) to support the identification and preparation of children with disabilities transitioning from Part C services to Part B services.
- D. Enhance collaborative transition planning between HHSC ECI service coordinators and LEA personnel to ensure timely development and implementation of individualized education programs (**IEPs**) for eligible children approaching age 3, consistent with IDEA Part B requirements.

II. AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

The following individuals will act as the designated Representatives authorized to administer activities, including but not limited to, non-legal notices, consents, approvals, requests, or other general communications, provided for or permitted to be given under this MOU. The designated Representative on behalf of their respective Party are as follows:

HHSC

Mary Burnside
4601 W. Guadalupe Street; Mail Code 3029
Austin, Texas 78751
(512) 424-6580
eci.pomailbox@hhs.texas.gov

TEA

Mike Morath
1701 N. Congress Avenue
Austin, Texas 78701
(512) 463-9734
Mike.morath@tea.texas.gov

III. PROGRAM OVERVIEWS

Early Childhood Intervention

ECI, HHSC

HHSC is the designated lead agency for implementation and maintenance of Part C of IDEA, known in Texas as the Early Childhood Intervention (**ECI**) program. The ECI program requires a statewide,

coordinated system that provides early intervention services to children less than 3 years of age with developmental delays or disabilities and their families. HHSC contracts with local agencies and organizations (subrecipients), such as community centers, school districts, regional Education Service Centers (**ESCs**), and nonprofit organizations to provide services to children and families.

ECI, TEA

In Texas, children who are DHH or have a VI are entitled to a free appropriate public education (**FAPE**) from birth. Therefore, services for children who are DHH or have a VI from birth to 36 months must be coordinated between the local ECI subrecipient and the LEA for the area in which the children reside.

ECSE Services, TEA:

TEA is the designated lead agency for implementation and maintenance of Part B of IDEA, which requires that a FAPE be available to all children with disabilities between the ages of 3 through age 21. ECSE services refer to a federally funded program under IDEA Part B that is targeted specifically for 3- through 5-year-old students (not in kindergarten) receiving any special education and related services from the school district or open enrollment charter school in any setting(s) or environment.

ECSE includes students whose only special education service is speech therapy regardless of where the service is provided. LEAs provide ECSE services to eligible children with disabilities.

IV. CHILD FIND

- A. HHSC ensures that it has policies and procedures in effect to establish requirements that:
1. ECI subrecipients identify, locate, and evaluate all infants and toddlers, birth to 36 months of age, who have or are suspected of having developmental delays, being DHH, or having a VI;
 2. An effective method is developed and implemented to identify children who are in need of early intervention services;
 3. The child find system is coordinated with all other major efforts to locate and identify children by other State agencies responsible for administering the various education, health, and social service programs;
 4. Child find activities include outreach and public awareness;
 5. ECI subrecipients take steps to ensure that there will not be unnecessary duplication of effort by the various agencies involved in the State's child find system;
 6. With parental consent, ECI subrecipients help children from birth to 36 months of age access:
 - a. An evaluation by a licensed ophthalmologist or optometrist for children suspected of having a VI.
 - b. An audiological evaluation by a licensed audiologist for children suspected of being DHH.
 7. ECI subrecipients refer all children within 5 business days to the LEA for a communication assessment by a teacher certified to teach children who are DHH when they receive one or more of the following:

- a. Information from a physician, physician's assistant, advance practice registered nurse, or audiologist documenting that a child is DHH;
- b. An audiogram documenting a child's specific degree of hearing loss; or
- c. Documentation from a medical provider that a child has a physical or mental condition that has a high probability of resulting in a developmental delay and a sensory impairment.

ECI subrecipients must notify parents of the referral, and if the parent declines before the referral has been made, the ECI subrecipient must not refer the child.

8. ECI subrecipients refer all children within 5 business days to the LEA for evaluation by a teacher certified to teach children with a VI and a Certified Orientation and Mobility Specialist when they receive one or more of the following:
 - a. Information from a physician, physician's assistant or advance practice registered nurse documenting that a child has a VI that cannot be corrected;
 - b. Documentation of uncorrectable VI from an ophthalmologist or optometrist; or
 - c. Documentation from a medical provider that a child has a physical or mental condition that has a high probability of resulting in a developmental delay and a sensory impairment.

ECI subrecipients must notify parents of the referral, and if the parent declines before the referral has been made, the ECI subrecipient must not refer the child.

9. For children who are DHH or have a VI and are referred to the LEA, ECI subrecipients are required to invite and provide a 10 calendar-day written notice to a teacher certified to teach children who are DHH, a teacher certified to teach students with a VI, and a Certified Orientation and Mobility Specialist, as appropriate, to the child's Individualized Family Service Plan (**IFSP**) meetings. Participation by the appropriate teacher of students who are DHH, teacher of students who have a VI, and a Certified Orientation and Mobility Specialist is required at the initial and annual IFSP meeting, and to other IFSP meetings when DHH or VI needs will be addressed.
 - a. The IFSP team must develop a child's initial IFSP within 45 days of the child's referral to ECI.
 - b. If the LEA staff have not completed their evaluation or are otherwise not available to attend the child's initial IFSP meeting within 45 days of ECI receiving the child's referral, the IFSP team must meet and develop the child's initial IFSP without the LEA staff to comply with the 45-day timeline. DHH or VI services will not be discussed or planned if the appropriate LEA staff are not in attendance. The IFSP team will convene another IFSP meeting when the appropriate LEA staff are available to address DHH or VI needs and plan DHH or VI services.

10. With written parental consent, ECI subrecipients must refer all children who are suspected of being DHH or having a VI to the LEA for evaluation by the appropriate LEA staff. If a child is determined to be DHH or to have a VI, the ECI subrecipient must invite and provide a 10 calendar-day written notice to a teacher certified to teach children who are DHH, a teacher certified to teach students with a VI, and a Certified Orientation and Mobility Specialist, as appropriate, to the child's IFSP meeting to plan appropriate services; and

11. ECI subrecipients coordinate service delivery with LEAs and other service agencies for services listed in the IFSP.

B. TEA ensures that it has policies and procedures in effect to ensure that:

1. A system is in place to identify and locate eligible children, and child find activities include public outreach, public awareness, and community screenings.
2. All children with disabilities residing in the State, including children with disabilities who are homeless, children who are wards of the State, and children with disabilities attending private schools, regardless of the severity of the disability, and who are in need of special education and related services, are identified, located, and evaluated;
3. LEAs locate, identify, and evaluate all children with disabilities who are enrolled by their parents in private, including religious, elementary schools and secondary schools located in the district served by the LEA, or by the LEA of the child's residence in cases where the private school does not meet the required definition;
4. LEAs, as soon as possible, but in no case more than 7 calendar days, provide referrals to the local ECI subrecipient for all children under 3 years of age discovered through the child find process when a developmental delay or disability has been confirmed or is suspected;
5. LEAs provide an age-appropriate functional vision evaluation, learning media assessment (e.g., sensory channel evaluation), and an orientation and mobility evaluation for all children birth to 36 months of age who are referred by an ECI subrecipient based on identified or suspected VI;
6. LEAs provide communication assessments required to establish services or the need for adaptive equipment related to DHH for all children birth to 36 months of age who are referred by an ECI subrecipient based on being or suspected of being DHH; and
7. LEAs must ensure participation by the appropriate teacher of students who are DHH, teacher of students who have a VI, and a Certified Orientation and Mobility Specialist as this is required at the initial and annual IFSP meeting, and to other IFSP meetings when DHH or VI needs will be addressed.

V. TRANSITION NOTIFICATION

A. HHSC ensures that it has policies and procedures in effect to establish requirements that:

1. IFSP teams determine if 2-year-olds receiving services under Part C of IDEA are potentially eligible, which means children who may meet Part B eligibility criteria based on developmental delay or disability indicators for ECSE services under Part B of IDEA. If the IFSP team determines the child is potentially eligible for ECSE, the ECI subrecipient must provide notification to the LEA as soon as possible, unless the parent opts out of the disclosure;
2. At least 10 calendar days before notifying the appropriate LEA that a child is potentially eligible for Part B services, the ECI subrecipient provides written notification to the child's parent advising the parent of:

- a. The information that will be disclosed, including the limited personally identifiable information (child's name, child's date of birth, parent's name, address, and telephone number), the service coordinator's name, and the home language of the child;
 - b. The scheduled LEA notification date; and
 - c. The right to opt out of the disclosure in writing at any time up until the time of the scheduled LEA notification date;
3. For a child whose parent has not opted out of the disclosure within the established timeline, the ECI subrecipient notifies the LEA at least 90 calendar days before the child's third birthday that the child is potentially eligible for Part B services;
 4. When an ECI subrecipient provides notification of a potentially eligible child fewer than 90 calendar days before the child's third birthday, the ECI subrecipient must provide a written explanation to the LEA stating the reason for the delay. This explanation must be provided at the same time as the notification;
 5. If an ECI subrecipient determines that a child is eligible for Part C services fewer than 90 calendar days before the child's third birthday, the ECI subrecipient must determine as soon as possible whether the child is potentially eligible for Part B services. If the child is determined to be potentially eligible for Part B services, the ECI subrecipient must provide notification to the LEA as soon as possible, unless the parent opts out of the disclosure in writing;
 6. If a child is referred to an ECI subrecipient fewer than 45 calendar days before the child's third birthday and the referral indicates the child may be potentially eligible for Part B services, the ECI subrecipient, with parental consent, must refer the child to the LEA for a Part B eligibility determination. The ECI subrecipient is not required to determine the child's eligibility for Part C services in this situation;
 7. Pursuant to Section 303.209 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), HHSC will ensure that notification to TEA of children potentially eligible for Part B occurs at least 90 calendar days before each child's third birthday, or as soon as possible for children determined eligible for Part C services fewer than 90 calendar days before the child's third birthday, unless the parent opts out of the notification. With parental consent, referral to TEA will be provided for all children referred to an ECI subrecipient fewer than 45 calendar days before each child's third birthday; and
 8. With parental consent, ECI subrecipients must provide the date the child enrolled for Part C services, if applicable, to the LEA.
- B. TEA ensures that it has policies and procedures in effect to ensure that:
1. LEAs initiate the evaluation process to determine whether the child is eligible for Part B services when receiving notification of a child who is potentially eligible for Part B services because this constitutes a referral to the Part B system;
 2. LEAs coordinate efforts with ECI subrecipients to support parent involvement in the transition planning process; and

3. Personally identifiable data, information, and records collected or maintained are protected and remain confidential pursuant to all state and federal regulations.

VI. TRANSITION CONFERENCE

A. HHSC ensures that it has policies and procedures in effect to establish requirements that:

1. If a child may be eligible for Part B ECSE services under IDEA, with parent approval, a transition conference is convened at least 90 calendar days and up to 9 months before the child's third birthday to discuss any services the child may receive under Part B. The date of the conference is documented in the child's record;
2. ECI subrecipients invite the LEA to the transition conference at least 14 calendar days in advance of the conference; and
3. Any conference or meeting to develop the transition plan (transition steps and transition services) may be combined into one meeting and must meet the requirements for IFSP meeting accessibility and convenience, IFSP parental notice, and initial and annual IFSP team participants.

B. TEA ensures that it has policies and procedures in effect to ensure that:

1. LEAs participate in transition conferences arranged by local ECI subrecipients, which may include participation by telephone or videoconference;
2. LEAs, in the event of school or district closure where all relevant staff may not be available (e.g., summer break, winter break), have procedures for an alternate staff member(s) to receive transition conference invitations and participate in the transition conference;
3. LEA staff documents the date of the transition conference, the participants, and the steps to determine a child's Part B eligibility; and
4. If the parent consents, LEAs invite the ECI service coordinator to the initial admission, review, and dismissal (**ARD**) committee meeting .

VII. TRANSITION PLAN

A. HHSC ensures that it has policies and procedures in effect to establish requirements that:

1. ECI subrecipients develop transition steps and transition services as part of a child's IFSP no less than 90 calendar days, and not more than 9 months before the child's third birthday. If a child is referred and determined eligible for ECI services less than 90 calendar days before the child's third birthday, transition steps and transition services must be included in the child's initial IFSP. Transition steps and transition services are not required if a child is referred fewer than 45 calendar days before the child's third birthday; in this case, the ECI subrecipient, with parental consent, must refer the child directly to the LEA as soon as possible if the referral indicates the child is potentially eligible for ECSE services;

2. ECI subrecipients conduct an IFSP meeting to plan and document transition steps and transition services with the following required members:
 - a. The parent or parents of the child;
 - b. Other family members, as requested by the parents;
 - c. An advocate or individual outside the family, if requested by the parent;
 - d. Designated service coordinator;
 - e. Individuals involved in evaluations and assessments, as appropriate;
 - f. Individual providing early intervention services to the child and family, as appropriate; and
 - g. To the extent that this meeting serves as the transition conference, a representative from the LEA.
 3. ECI subrecipients include a child's family in the development of the transition steps and transition services included in the IFSP; and
 4. Transition steps and transition services in IFSPs include, as appropriate:
 - a. Steps for the child and his or her family to exit from the Part C program including:
 - i. Discussions with, and training of, parents, regarding future placements and other matters related to the child's transition. This includes reviewing with the family the community resources and service options available for the child after the child's third birthday;
 - ii. Procedures to prepare the child for changes in the service delivery, including steps to help the child adjust to, and function in, a new setting; and
 - iii. Confirmation that the transition notification, which requires child find information to be sent to the LEA has occurred. With parental consent, the ECI subrecipient will transmit additional information needed by the LEA to ensure continuity of services from the ECI subrecipient to Part B ECSE services, including a copy of the most recent evaluation and assessments of the child and the family and most recent IFSP developed; and
 - b. Identification of transition steps and services that the IFSP team determines are necessary to support the transition of the child.
- B. TEA ensures that it has policies and procedures in effect to ensure that LEAs coordinate with ECI subrecipients to fully inform families of the possible services available under Part B and support family involvement in the transition planning process.
- C. In accordance with 34 CFR §303.209(b), HHSC will send notification to TEA of children potentially eligible for ECSE services at least 90 calendar days before each child's third birthday, or as soon as possible for children who are determined eligible for ECI services less than 90 calendar days before the child's birthday, unless the parent opts out. If a referral is received for a child fewer than 45 calendar days before the child's third birthday and the child may be eligible for ECSE services, HHSC will, with parental consent, refer the child directly to TEA. Because TEA will be receiving personally identifiable information (**Confidential Information**) as defined in 34 CFR §303.29, TEA must safeguard the information from any disclosure other than as required to perform TEA's services identified in this MOU (**Authorized Purpose**). TEA will meet the requirements of the Texas Statewide Data Exchange Compact and designate a privacy official and a security official, who may be the same individual, authorized to act on behalf of the receiving agency with respect to implementing the privacy and security requirements in this MOU. Receiving agency will provide contact information for these officials to disclosing agency.

VIII. IDEA PART B EARLY CHILDHOOD TRANSITION REQUIREMENTS

TEA ensures that it has policies and procedures in effect to ensure that:

1. An IEP is developed and implemented for Part B eligible children by their third birthday in accordance with 34 CFR §300.124 regarding timely IEP development and implementation.
2. The ARD committee determines the start date of the IEP if the child's birthday occurs during the summer. Services will begin on the first day of school, or earlier as determined and stated on the IEP. If the ARD committee determines services should begin before the school year starts, the LEA must ensure service delivery.
3. For children transitioning from Part C services to Part B ECSE services, the ARD committee considers an IFSP that contains the IFSP content including the natural environments statement, described in 34 CFR § 303.344, and that is developed in accordance with the IEP procedures under 34 CFR § 300.323(b) when developing the initial IEP.

IX. FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES

A. HHSC ensures that it has policies and procedures in effect to establish requirements that:

1. All Part C services are provided by or arranged for by ECI subrecipients;
2. An ECI subrecipient is the payor of last resort. Therefore, maximum use will be made of all third-party funding sources, including family cost share, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), and private insurance for Part C services;
3. ECI subrecipients pay transportation costs for children from birth to 36 months of age who require hearing and vision services in excess of the amount to which the LEA is entitled for transportation costs under TEC, §48.151 in the delivery of transportation services;
4. ECI subrecipients pay for or access a low-vision evaluation when it is necessary to identify assistive technology needs for a child;
5. ECI subrecipients pay for or access ophthalmological, optometric, and audiological evaluations when required to determine eligibility for ECI services and for hearing and vision services from an LEA;
6. ECI subrecipients pay for or access an otological evaluation when it is necessary to identify hearing assistive technology needs for a child;
7. ECI subrecipients provide any interpreter services needed by the child or family for evaluations to determine ECI eligibility and services listed in the IFSP;
8. ECI subrecipients provide or access assistive technology devices when they are needed to support the child to reach the goals listed in the IFSP;

9. If an item is available through Federal Quota Funds and the Texas Instructional Materials Center for Students with Visual Impairments (TIMCVI), then the LEA is responsible for ordering and maintaining the device; and
 10. ECI subrecipients determine whether other resources are available to help with the cost of hearing aids and eyeglasses. Resources that may be accessed to cover the cost for hearing aids and ear molds include HHSC's Medicaid and CHIP benefits and the Department of State Health Services Children with Special Health Care Needs Services Program benefits. The ECI subrecipient may coordinate payment for eyeglasses by accessing the HHSC Blind Children's Vocational Discovery and Development Program, or other organizations such as Kiwanis, Sertoma Clubs, or Lions Clubs.
- B. TEA ensures that it has policies and procedures in effect to ensure that:
1. LEAs provide Part B evaluations and eligibility determinations;
 2. LEAs provide Part B ECSE and related services for children eligible under Part B;
 3. LEAs provide hearing and vision services to children from birth to 36 months of age who are DHH or have a VI, as planned on a child's IFSP, including during times the LEA may be closed (e.g., summer break, winter break);
 4. LEAs provide transportation for children from birth to 36 months to enable them to receive hearing and vision services and will use, to the maximum extent allowable, all funds to which the LEAs are entitled under TEC, §48.151 in the delivery of transportation services;
 5. LEAs provide interpreter services for children being evaluated for special education services and for ARD committee meetings; and
 6. If an item is available through Federal Quota Funds and TIMCVI, then the LEA is responsible for ordering and maintaining the device. If it is not available through TIMCVI, then the ECI subrecipient is responsible for the purchase and maintenance of the device for children birth to 36 months.

C. HHSC and TEA jointly agree:

1. That training is provided to the ESCs, LEAs, and local ECI personnel on this MOU;
2. That monitoring efforts of TEA and HHSC are coordinated in compliance with Part C and with state law related to children who are DHH or have a VI and this MOU;

X. DISPUTES CONCERNING IMPLEMENTATION OF MOU

1. Local Agency Disputes:

Disputes concerning implementation of this MOU between LEAs and ECI subrecipients shall first be resolved at the local level. The specific issues involved in the dispute and possible solutions shall be identified and referred to the local officials authorized to make the decisions necessary to resolve the

dispute either through cooperative decision making or through mediation, in accordance with the established policies and procedures of the agencies involved.

If local resolution is not possible after a reasonable time period (not to exceed 45 calendar days unless the involved parties agree otherwise), the affected LEA shall refer the interagency dispute to the designated TEA representative and the affected ECI subrecipient shall refer the interagency dispute to HHSC ECI for further negotiations toward a mutually agreeable resolution. Technical assistance may be obtained from HHSC and/or TEA to assist in developing strategies, clarifying local program roles and responsibilities, and interpreting state and federal rules as well as local policies. LEAs and ECI subrecipients referring a dispute shall identify the:

1. Nature of the dispute;
2. Resolutions agreed upon at the local level;
3. Issues that remain unresolved at the local level; and
4. Local contact persons.

2. State Agency Disputes:

Disputes concerning implementation of this MOU between the Parties must first be resolved at the staff level. If resolution is not reached after a reasonable period of time (not to exceed 45 calendar days unless the disputing parties agree otherwise), HHSC and TEA staff will refer the dispute to their respective executive officers, or their designees, for further negotiation. The appropriate officials shall meet to seek resolution of the dispute.

XI. ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

1. This MOU may be amended as needed to address changes in statute, rules, agency policies, or mitigating circumstances by written amendment signed by the Parties. This MOU cannot be assigned to another party without the express written consent of the other Party, except assignment to a successor-in-interest state agency is automatic.
2. This MOU shall be construed in a manner consistent with all applicable existing and future laws and regulations. If any part of this MOU is determined to be invalid or contrary to existing and future laws and regulations, the remainder of the MOU will remain in full force and effect. Upon occurrence of such an event, the Parties shall meet and confer as soon as practical to renegotiate the conflicting provisions.
3. This MOU may be executed in separate and multiple counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original but all which taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument. Electronically transmitted signatures will be deemed originals for all purposes relating to this MOU.
4. This MOU supersedes any previous agreements or understandings between the Parties relating to the subject matter described herein.

5. HHSC shall provide a signed copy of this MOU biannually to the Legislative Budget Board and the Office of the Governor, no later than October 1, 2026, until such time the MOU is terminated or no longer required.
6. Nothing in the MOU will be construed as a waiver of HHSC's, TEA's, or the State's sovereign immunity. This MOU shall not constitute or be construed as a waiver of any of the privileges, rights, defenses, remedies, or immunities available to the Parties or the State of Texas. The failure to enforce, or any delay in the enforcement, of any privileges, rights, defenses, remedies, or immunities available to the Parties or the State of Texas under this MOU or under applicable law shall not constitute a waiver of such privileges, rights, defenses, remedies, or immunities or be considered as a basis for estoppel. Neither Party waives any privileges, rights, defenses, or immunities available to it by entering into the MOU or by its conduct prior to or subsequent to entering into the MOU.

XII. LEGAL NOTICES

1. Any legal notice given by HHSC shall be deemed effective when received by the TEA office listed in this Section. HHSC must send the notice, either in the United States mail, postage paid, certified, return receipt requested; or with a common carrier, overnight, signature required, to the address set forth below for TEA. At the same time and in the same manner, a copy of the legal notice shall be sent to the TEA's designated Representative.
2. Any legal notice given by TEA shall be deemed effective when received by the HHSC office listed in this Section. TEA must send the notice, either in the United States mail, postage paid, certified, return receipt requested; or with a common carrier, overnight, signature required, to the address set forth below for HHSC. At the same time and in the same manner, a copy of the legal notice shall be sent to the HHSC's designated Representative.

HHSC

Health and Human Services Commission
Attn: Office of the Chief Counsel
4601 W. Guadalupe Street; Mail Code 1100
Austin, Texas 78751

TEA

Texas Education Agency
Attn: Office of the General Counsel
1701 N. Congress Avenue
Austin, Texas 78701

Either Party may change its address for legal notices by providing written notice to the other Party.

XIII. TERM OF AGREEMENT

The MOU is effective on the signature date of the last of the Parties to sign the MOU, covers the period of performance from October 1, 2025, and terminates on September 30, 2030. This MOU may be modified or terminated early by either Party upon providing 30 days advance written notice to the other Party.

XIV. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

The following documents are incorporated by reference and made a part of this MOU for all purposes.

ATTACHMENT A: TEA TEXAS STATEWIDE DATA EXCHANGE COMPACT, CONTRACT NO. DIR-TSDEC-018

ATTACHMENT B: HHSC TEXAS STATEWIDE DATA EXCHANGE COMPACT, CONTRACT NO. DIR-TSDEC-004

ATTACHMENT C: TEXAS STATEWIDE DATA EXCHANGE COMPACT – ATTACHMENT 1: SCOPE OF INFORMATION EXCHANGE

XV. SIGNATURE AUTHORITY

By signing below, the Parties agree that they have read the MOU and agree to its terms, and that the persons whose signatures appear below have the authority to execute this MOU on behalf of their respective Party.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this MOU by the signatures of the duly authorized representative of each, to be effective as of the last signature date below.

Health and Human Services Commission

Signed by:
By: Faith Sandberg-Rodriguez
299641F85B784AE...

Faith Sandberg-Rodriguez
Title: Associate Commissioner

Date of Execution: February 13, 2026

Texas Education Agency

Signed by:
By: Mike Morath
C4C0290E344445F...

Mike Morath
Title: Commissioner

Date of Execution: 2/4/2026