SELF-ASSESSMENT

Results Driven Accountability (RDA) Crosswalk

Bilingual Education (BE)

(Dual Language Immersion / Transitional Bilingual / English as a Second Language)

The Department of Special Populations Programs,

Reporting, and Student Supports

2025-2026



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Introduction

The purpose of the self-assessment results driving accountability (RDA) crosswalk is to assist LEA leadership teams in evaluating and improving their Bilingual Education programs, which include dual language immersion, transitional bilingual and English as a second language. The self-assessment RDA crosswalk is intended to help the LEA who has previously completed the self-assessment to address specific areas of continuous improvement related to RDA indicator(s) performance level(s) and the self-assessment process.

List of Acronyms

- BE/ESL Bilingual Education / English as a Second Language
- CTE Career and Technical Education
- CBLI Content-Based Language Instruction
- DLI Dual Language Immersion
- EB Students Emergent Bilingual Students
- ELPS English Language Proficiency Standards
- ESSA Every Student Succeeds Act
- L1 Primary Language
- L2 Second Language
- LEA Local Education Agency
- LPAC Language Proficiency Assessment Committee
- SIFE Students with Interrupted Formal Education
- SLA Second Language Acquisition
- STAAR State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness
- STAAR ALT 2 State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness Alternate 2
 Assessment



Bilingual Education / English as a Second Language – Self-Assessment RDA Crosswalk

- TEKS Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills
- TELPAS Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System
- TELPAS ALT Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System Alternate

2025-2026 BE/ESL RDA Indicators

Domain I

Indicator #1 (i-iv): BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment)

Measures the percent of students served in a standard bilingual education (BE) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments.

Indicator #2 (i-iv): ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment)

Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a second language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments.

Indicator #3 (i-iv): ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment)

Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard bilingual education (BE) or standard English as a second language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments.

Indicator #4 (i-iv): EB (Not Served in BE/ESL) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment)

Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students not served in a bilingual education (BE) or English as a second language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments.

Indicator #5 (i-iv): EB Years-Afer-Reclassification (YsAR) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment)

Measures the percent of certain former emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments.



Bilingual Education / English as a Second Language - Self-Assessment RDA Crosswalk

Indicator #6 (i-iv): EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment)

Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments.

Indicator #7: TELPAS Reading Beginning Proficiency Level Rate (PL Assignment)

Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students tested over two years who performed at the beginning proficiency level on the TELPAS reading assessment in the current year.

Indicator #8: TELPAS Composite Rating Levels for Students in U.S. Schools Multiple Years (PL Assignment)

Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in U.S. schools multiple years who received a TELPAS Composite Rating of Beginning or Intermediate.

Domain II

Indicator #9: EB Graduation Rate (PL Assignment)

Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four years.

Indicator #10: EB Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment)

Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.



Self-Assessment RDA Indicator Crosswalk Reference Chart

| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | | | | | RDA Indi | cator | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|----------|-------|---|---|---|----|
| Bilingual Education (DLI/TBE/ESL) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 1. Alignment of Mission, Policies, and Procedures | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Program Models | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 3. Effective Participation | Х | Х | Х | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | |
| 4. Supports for At-Risk Students | Х | Х | Х | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 5. Instructional Placement | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | | |
| 6. Instructional Materials | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7. Planning, Monitoring, and Support | Х | Х | Х | Х | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 8. Acquisition and Retention of Staff | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9. Staff Development Needs Assessments | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | | |
| 10. Language Proficiency Assessment Committee (LPAC) | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 11. Home Language Survey (HLS) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12. DLI Program Evaluation | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 13. ESL Program Evaluation | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 14. Transitional Bilingual Education | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 1. State Assessment Data Analysis | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | |
| 2. TEKS Mastery | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | |
| 3. Implementation of ELPS | Х | Х | Х | Х | | Х | Х | Х | | |
| 1. Parental Involvement | | | | | | | | | | Х |

X = 2025-26 RDA Indicator applies to the identified BE/ESL Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy.



Bilingual Education Programs (DLI/TBE/ESL)

Implementation

| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
|--|---------------|
| 1. Alignment of Mission, Policies, and Procedures | |
| Does the LEA have a clearly articulated mission for BE/ESL education that is consistent with the Texas Administrative Code (TAC) and Texas Education Code (TEC) and does a consolidated set of policies and procedures exist for translating the vision into action? | |
| Data Source: | |
| Technical Assistance: | |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | |
| 19 TAC §89.1201. Policy | |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
|--|---|
| 2. Program Models | Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimum level of |
| Does the LEA ensure that the program models being implemented provide means for | satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| emergent bilingual students to become | Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| proficient in listening-comprehension, speaking, reading, and writing in the English language? | Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| | Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) or standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. |
| | Indicator #7 TELPAS Reading Beginning Proficiency Level Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students tested over two years who performed at the beginning proficiency level on the TELPAS reading assessment in the current year. |
| Data Source: | Indicator #8 TELPAS Composite Rating Levels for Students in U.S. Schools Multiple Years (PL Assignment) |
| Technical Assistance: | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in U.S. schools multiple years who received a TELPAS Composite Rating of Beginning or Intermediate. |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | Indicator #9 EB Graduation Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. |
| 19 TAC §89.1205. Required Bilingual Education and English as a Second Language Programs | Indicator #10 EB Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
|--|---|
| 3. Effective Participation Does the LEA ensure that the program models utilized in schools facilitate the equitable participation of emergent bilingual students? | Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) or standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #5 (i-vi) EB Years-After-Reclassification (YsAR) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of certain former emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| Data Source: Technical Assistance: | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #7 TELPAS Reading Beginning Proficiency Level Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students tested over two years who performed at the beginning proficiency level on the TELPAS reading assessment in the current year. Indicator #8 TELPAS Composite Rating Levels for Students in U.S. Schools Multiple Years (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in U.S. schools multiple years who received a TELPAS Composite |
| Target: As determined through the RDA 19 TAC \$89.1205. Required Bilingual Education and English as a Second Language Programs | Rating of Beginning or Intermediate. Indicator #9 EB Graduation Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
|---|---|
| 4. Supports for At-Risk Students How does the LEA ensure that it considers program content as it relates to methods of instruction, academic language development, intensive nature of the program, provision of services and/or support, and targeted audience? | Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) or standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #5 (i-iv) EB Years-After-Reclassification (YsAR) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of certain former emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or |
| Data Source: Technical Assistance: | Indicator #7 TELPAS Reading Beginning Proficiency Level Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students tested over two years who performed at the beginning proficiency level on the TELPAS reading assessment in the current year. Indicator #8 TELPAS Composite Rating Levels for Students in U.S. Schools Multiple Years (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in U.S. schools multiple years who received a TELPAS Composite Rating of Beginning or Intermediate. |
| Target: As determined through the RDA 19 TAC §89.1210. Program Content and Design | Indicator #9 EB Graduation Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #10 EB Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
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| | |
| 5. Instructional Placement | Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| | Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimum level of |
| How does the LEA confirm that data driven | satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| processes are used to ensure each emergent | |
| bilingual student is placed in an appropriate | Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| instructional setting? | Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the |
| | minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| | Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard |
| | Bilingual Education (BE) or standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of |
| | satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or |
| | higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. |
| | Indicator #7 TELPAS Reading Beginning Proficiency Level Rate (PL Assignment) |
| | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students tested over two years who performed at the beginning |
| | proficiency level on the TELPAS reading assessment in the current year. |
| Data Source: | |
| 244 204. 201 | Indicator #8 TELPAS Composite Rating Levels for Students in U.S. Schools Multiple Years (PL Assignment) |
| Technical Assistance: | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in U.S. schools multiple years who received a |
| . Common , Constanted | TELPAS Composite Rating of Beginning or Intermediate. |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | |



Bilingual Education / English as a Second Language – Self-Assessment RDA Crosswalk

| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
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| 6. Instructional Materials | |
| 6. Instructional Materials | |
| How does the LEA ensure that it acquires and | |
| allocates instructional materials for BE/ESL | |
| programs in a timely manner? | |
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| Data Source: | |
| Data Joan CC. | |
| Technical Assistance: | |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
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| 7. Planning, Monitoring, and Support How does the LEA ensure that the support services needed by emergent bilingual students are determined, monitored, and implemented? | Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard BE or standard ESL program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #4 (i-iv) EB (Not Served in BE/ESL) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students not served in a BE or ESL program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #5 (i-iv) EB Years-After-Reclassification (YsAR) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of certain former emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #7 TELPAS Reading Beginning Proficiency Level Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students tested over two years who performed at the beginning proficiency level on the TELPAS reading assessment in the current year. |
| Data Source: Technical Assistance: | Indicator #8 TELPAS Composite Rating Levels for Students in U.S. Schools Multiple Years (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in U.S. schools multiple years who received a TELPAS Composite Rating of Beginning or Intermediate. |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | Indicator #9 EB Graduation Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. |
| | Indicator #10 EB Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
|--|---------------|
| 8. Acquisition and Retention of Staff | |
| How does the LEA ensure that it recruits and retains appropriately certified bilingual and ESL teachers? | |
| Data Source: | |
| Technical Assistance: | |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | |
| 19 TAC §89.1205. Required Bilingual Education and English as a Second Language Programs | |
| 19 TAC §89.1207. Bilingual Education Exceptions and English as a Second Language Waivers | |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
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| 9. Staff Development Needs Assessments How does the LEA ensure that it conducts | Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| needs assessments for professional | satisfactory performance or higher on the orbital or discosments. |
| development activities? | Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| | Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| | Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) or standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. |
| Data Source: | Indicator #7 TELPAS Reading Beginning Proficiency Level Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students tested over two years who performed at the beginning |
| Technical Assistance: | proficiency level on the TELPAS reading assessment in the current year. |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | Indicator #8 TELPAS Composite Rating Levels for Students in U.S. Schools Multiple Years (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in U.S. schools multiple years who received a |
| 19 TAC §89.1205. Required Bilingual Education and English as a Second Language Programs | TELPAS Composite Rating of Beginning or Intermediate. |
| 19 TAC §89.1207. Bilingual Education Exceptions and English as a Second Language Waivers | |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
|--|--|
| 10. Language Proficiency Assessment Committee (LPAC) | Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| How does the LEA ensure that the Language Proficiency Assessment Committee (LPAC) is active and effective? | Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard BE or standard ESL program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | Indicator #4 (i-iv) EB (Not Served in BE/ESL) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students not served in a BE or ESL program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | Indicator #5 (i-iv) EB Years-After-Reclassification (YsAR) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of certain former emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| Data Source: | Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. |
| Technical Assistance: Target: As determined through the RDA | Indicator #7 TELPAS Reading Beginning Proficiency Level Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students tested over two years who performed at the beginning proficiency level on the TELPAS reading assessment in the current year. |
| 19 TAC §89.1220. Language Proficiency Assessment Committee | Indicator #8 TELPAS Composite Rating Levels for Students in U.S. Schools Multiple Years (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in U.S. schools multiple years who received a TELPAS Composite Rating of Beginning or Intermediate. |
| 19 TAC §89.1226 Testing and Classification of Students | Indicator #9 EB Graduation Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. |
| | Indicator #10 EB Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
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| 11. Home Language Survey (HLS) | |
| How does the LEA ensure that Home Language Survey (HLS) procedures are in place in the LEA | |
| and effectively maintained? | |
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| Data Source: | |
| Data source. | |
| Technical Assistance: | |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | |
| 19 TAC §89.1215. Home Language Survey | |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
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| | |
| 12. DLI Program Evaluation | Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| Does the LEA ensure that it evaluates its dual | Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| language immersion (DLI) program at least | satisfactory performance of higher on the STAAN 3-6 assessments. |
| annually by collecting a full range of data to | Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| determine program effectiveness to ensure | Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum |
| student academic success and report findings as | level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| required by TEC §29.062? | 0 |
| 320.000 | Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| | Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard |
| | Bilingual Education (BE) or standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of |
| | satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | Indicator #C (: in) CD STAAD FOC Dessing Date (DL Assignment) |
| B | Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or |
| Data Source: | higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. |
| Technical Assistance: | Higher on the STAAR LOC assessments. |
| reciffical Assistance. | Indicator #7 TELPAS Reading Beginning Proficiency Level Rate (PL Assignment) |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students tested over two years who performed at the beginning |
| Targett / is determined through the help i | proficiency level on the TELPAS reading assessment in the current year. |
| | |
| | Indicator #8 TELPAS Composite Rating Levels for Students in U.S. Schools Multiple Years (PL Assignment) |
| | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in U.S. schools multiple years who received a TELPAS Composite |
| | Rating of Beginning or Intermediate. |
| 19 TAC §89.1265 – Program Evaluation | |
| | Indicator #9 EB Graduation Rate (PL Assignment) |
| 19 TAC §89.1227 - Minimum Requirements for | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. |
| Dual Language Immersion Program Model | Indicator #10 EB Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment) |
| 19 TAC §89.1228 - Two-Way Dual Language | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school |
| Immersion Program Model Implementation | year. |
| miniersion Program woder implementation |) your |



| 13. ESL Program Evaluation Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimus satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimus satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) | um level of |
|--|--------------|
| Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimus satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimus satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimus satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. | um level of |
| Does the LEA ensure that it evaluates its English as Second Language (ESL) program at least annually by collecting a full range of data to determine program effectiveness to ensure student academic success and report findings as required by TEC §29.062? satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. | um level of |
| as Second Language (ESL) program at least annually by collecting a full range of data to determine program effectiveness to ensure student academic success and report findings as required by TEC §29.062? Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. | |
| annually by collecting a full range of data to determine program effectiveness to ensure student academic success and report findings as required by TEC §29.062? Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. | |
| determine program effectiveness to ensure student academic success and report findings as required by TEC §29.062? Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. | |
| student academic success and report findings as required by TEC §29.062? | the minimum |
| required by TEC §29.062? | the minimum |
| | |
| I HIGICALOI #3 HEIVI ALI STAAN SEU LASSIEL NALE IL EASSIELLIELLE | |
| Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a st | tandard |
| Bilingual Education (BE) or standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum lev | |
| satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. | |
| | |
| Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) | |
| Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory perform | mance or |
| higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. | |
| Indicator #7 TELPAS Reading Beginning Proficiency Level Rate (PL Assignment) | |
| Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students tested over two years who performed at the begin | ning |
| Data Source: proficiency level on the TELPAS reading assessment in the current year. | 6 |
| | |
| Technical Assistance: Indicator #8 TELPAS Composite Rating Levels for Students in U.S. Schools Multiple Years (PL Assignment) | |
| Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in U.S. schools multiple years who received a TELPA | AS Composite |
| Target: As determined through the RDA Rating of Beginning or Intermediate. | |
| | |
| Indicator #9 EB Graduation Rate (PL Assignment) 19 TAC §89.1265 – Program Evaluation Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four visits and the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four visits. | |
| 19 TAC §89.1265 – Program Evaluation Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. | ears. |
| 19 TAC §89.1210 (d) - Program Content and Indicator #10 EB Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment) | |
| Design. Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given scho | ool |
| year. | |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
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| 14. Transitional Bilingual Education | Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| D 11 15A 11 12 16 | Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimum level of |
| Does the LEA ensure that it offers an early exit, | satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| late exit, or transitional bilingual program | A P. A Maria Angles CTAAN 2 O.D |
| model in which identified emergent bilingual | Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| students are served in both English and another | Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| language and are prepared to meet reclassification criteria to be successful as | Infilling level of satisfactory performance of higher on the STAAK 5-6 assessments. |
| required by 19 TAC §89.1210(c)(1)? | Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| required by 19 TAC 389.1210(C)(1): | Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard |
| | Bilingual Education (BE) or standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of |
| | satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | |
| | Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or |
| | higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. |
| | |
| | Indicator #7 TELPAS Reading Beginning Proficiency Level Rate (PL Assignment) |
| Data Source: | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students tested over two years who performed at the beginning |
| | proficiency level on the TELPAS reading assessment in the current year. |
| Technical Assistance: | |
| - | Indicator #8 TELPAS Composite Rating Levels for Students in U.S. Schools Multiple Years (PL Assignment) |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in U.S. schools multiple years who received a TELPAS Composite |
| | Rating of Beginning or Intermediate. |
| 19 TAC §89.1210 - Program Content and | Indicator #0 CD Conduction Data (DI Assignment) |
| Design | Indicator #9 EB Graduation Rate (PL Assignment) |
| | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. |
| 19 TAC §89.1201 – Policy | Indicator #10 EB Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment) |
| · | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school |
| | year. |



Student Outcomes

| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
|--|--|
| 1. State Assessment Data Analysis How are identified emergent bilingual students performing in comparison to their general education peers? | Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) or standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #4 (i-iv) EB (Not Served in BE/ESL) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students not served in a Bilingual Education (BE) or English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #5 (i-iv) EB Years-After-Reclassification (YsAR) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of certain former emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| Data Source: | Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or |
| Technical Assistance: | higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | Indicator #9 EB Graduation Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. |
| 19 TAC §89.1226 Testing and Classification of Students | Indicator #10 EB Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
|--|---|
| 2. TEKS Mastery How does the LEA ensure that it has a system in place to assess mastery of the TEKS each grading period and the LEA ensures that this information is used by teachers in instructional decision making specific to emergent bilingual students? | Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) |
| | Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) or standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #4 (i-iv) EB (Not Served in BE/ESL) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students not served in a Bilingual Education (BE) or English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. |
| | Indicator #5 (i-iv) EB Years-After-Reclassification (YsAR) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of certain former emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. |
| Data Source: | Indicator #9 EB Graduation Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. |
| Technical Assistance: | Indicator #10 EB Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment) |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. |



| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
|--|--|
| 3. Implementation of ELPS Does the LEA ensure that a system is in place to verify the quality of the LEA's curriculum in all subjects and its consistent use on all campuses? | Indicator #1 (i-iv) BE STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 (i-iv) ESL STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in a standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #3 (i-iv) ALP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of students served in an alternative language program (ALP) rather than served in a standard Bilingual Education (BE) or standard English as a Second Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #4 (i-iv) EB (Not Served in BE/ESL) STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students not served in a Bilingual Education (BE) or English as a Second |
| Data Source: | Language (ESL) program who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #6 (i-iv) EB STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. |
| Technical Assistance: Target: As determined through the RDA | Indicator #7 TELPAS Reading Beginning Proficiency Level Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students tested over two years who performed at the beginning proficiency level on the TELPAS reading assessment in the current year. |
| 19 TAC §89.1210. Program Content and Design 19 TAC §74.4(b) English Language Proficiency Standards | Indicator #8 TELPAS Composite Rating Levels for Students in U.S. Schools Multiple Years (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in U.S. schools multiple years who received a TELPAS Composite Rating of Beginning or Intermediate. |



Engagement

| Self-Assessment Compliance/Strategy | RDA Indicator |
|---|--|
| 1. Parental Involvement How does the LEA ensure open communication and involvement with parents/guardians/families of emergent bilingual students? | Indicator #9 EB Graduation Rate (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #10 EB Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment) Measures the percent of emergent bilingual (EB) students in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. |
| Data Source: | |
| Technical Assistance: | |
| Target: As determined through the RDA | |

