SELF-ASSESSMENT RDA CROSSWALK

OTHER SPECIAL POPULATIONS (OSP) (McKinney-Vento Act / Military-Connected / Foster Care)

Division of Special Populations Monitoring and the Department of Special Populations General Supervision and Monitoring



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Introduction

The purpose of the OSP self-assessment results driving accountability (RDA) crosswalk is to assist LEA leadership teams in evaluating and improving their other special populations (OSP) program(s). The self-assessment RDA crosswalk is intended to help the leadership team who has previously completed the OSP self-assessment to address specific areas of continuous improvement related to RDA indicator(s) performance level(s) and the self-assessment process.



List of Acronyms

- ARD Admission, Review and Dismissal
- AskTED Ask Texas Education Director
- BE/ESL Bilingual Education/English as a Second Language
- CASA Court Appointed Special Advocate
- CTE Career and Technical Education
- DFPS Department of Family and Protective Services
- ESSA Every Student Succeeds Act
- ESC Educations Service Center
- ESEA Elementary and Secondary Education Act
- FAFSA Free Application for Federal Student Aid
- FC Foster Care
- IDEA Individuals with Disabilities Education Act
- IGC Individual Graduation Committee
- LEA Local Education Agency
- PET Personal Enrollment Tracking
- PID Personal Identification Database
- PGP Personal Graduation Plan
- SLO School Liaison Officer
- STAAR State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness
- STAAR ALT 2 State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness Alternate 2 Assessment
- SRQ Student Residency Questionnaire



- TAC Texas Administrative Code
- TEA Texas Education Agency
- TEC Texas Education Code
- TEHCY Texas Education for Homeless Children and Youth
- TEKS Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills
- TREx Texas Records Exchange
- TSDS PEIMS Texas Student Data Systems | Public Education Information Management Systems



Other Special Populations Self-Assessment RDA Indicator Crosswalk Quick Reference Chart

Self-Assessment Strategy	RDA Indicators					
Implementation		2	3	4	5	6
1. LEA Policy and Procedures			Х	Х	Х	
2. Awareness of LEA McKinney-Vento Liaison designation and liaison duties.			Х	Х	Х	
3. Awareness of LEA McKinney-Vento Liaison designation and liaison duties.			Х	Х	Х	
4. Public Notice of Educational Rights			Х	Х	Х	
5. Immediate enrollment of students experiencing homelessness.			Х	Х	Х	
6. Identification and Referral Process			Х	Х	Х	
7. Dispute Resolution Process			Х	Х	Х	
8. Comparable Services			Х	Х	Х	Х
9. Coordination of Referrals, Resources, and Services						
10. Transportation and School of Origin			Х	Х	Х	
11. Postsecondary Transition			Х	Х	Х	
12. Postsecondary Transition			Х	Х	Х	
13. Transition Assistance	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
14. Identification/PEIMS	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
15. Ease of School Transitions (a)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
16. Ease of School Transitions (b)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
17. Post-Secondary Preparation			Х	Х	Х	
18. Collaboration with Stakeholders						
19. Graduation Preparation			Х	Х	Х	
20. School Stability						
21. Course Placement / Transcript Interpretation	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
22. Designation of FC Liaison				Х	Х	
23. Identification	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
24. Immediate Enrollment				Х	Х	
25. School Transitions	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
26. Post-Secondary Preparation			Х	Х	Х	
27. Continuity - Placement in Educational Programs, Courses and Services	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
28. School Stability – ESSA Requirements				Х	Х	
29. Award of Credit for Highly Mobile Foster Care Students	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
30. Collaboration with Stakeholders	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х



Self-Assessment Strategy RDA Indicators			5			
Student Performance	1	2	3	4	5	6
1. Academic Interventions and Progress Monitoring	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2. Utilization of State Assessment and Promotion Data	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3. Progress Monitoring (Military Connected)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4. Progress Monitoring (Foster Care)	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Family Engagement / Parental Involvement		2	3	4	5	6
1. Parental Involvement (McKinney Vento Act)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2. Military Family Engagement	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3. Parent Involvement (Foster Care)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

X = RDA Indicator applies to the identified BE/ESL Self-Assessment Strategy X= Required for 2024-2025; X= Optional for 2024-2025



I. IMPLEMENTATION

I. Implementation – McKinney Vento Act

Strategy	RDA Indicator
1. LEA Policy and Procedures How does the LEA develop, review, and revise policies that remove barriers to the	Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments.
enrollment and retention of homeless children and unaccompanied youth in schools, including the adoption of policies to ensure that homeless children and unaccompanied	Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years.
youth are not stigmatized or segregated based on their homeless status?	Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
Data Source: 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(7)(A)(B) 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(1)(J)(i)	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



I. Implementation – McKinney Vento Act			
Strategy	RDA Indicator		
2. Awareness of LEA McKinney-Vento Liaison designation and liaison duties. Has the LEA designated an appropriate staff person as the LEA McKinney-Vento Liaison to carry out the duties described in paragraph (6)(A)?	 Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. 		
Data Source: 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(1)(J)(ii)			
Technical Assistance:			
Target: As determined through the RDA			



I. Implementation – McKinney Vento Act				
Strategy RDA Indicator				
3. Awareness of LEA McKinney-Vento Liaison designation and liaison duties. How does the LEA McKinney-Vento Liaison inform LEA and school staff, service providers, and advocates working with homeless families, parents and guardians of homeless children, and homeless unaccompanied youth, of the duties of the local McKinney-Vento Liaison?	 Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. 			
Data Source: 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(6)(B)				
Technical Assistance:				
Target: As determined through the RDA				



I. Implementation – McKinney Vento Act			
Strategy	RDA Indicator		
4. Public Notice of Educational Rights How does the LEA ensure that public notice of the educational rights of homeless children and youth is disseminated in locations frequented by parents or guardians of such children and youth, and unaccompanied youth, in a manner and form understandable to parents and guardians of homeless children and youth, and unaccompanied youth?	 Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. 		
Data Source: 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(6)(A)(vi)			
Technical Assistance:			
Target: As determined through the RDA			



I. Implementation – McKinney Vento Act			
Strategy	RDA Indicator		
5. Immediate enrollment of students experiencing homelessness. How does the LEA ensure that they immediately enroll homeless children and unaccompanied youth, even if they do not have the records normally required for enrollment, such as previous academic records, records of immunization, and other required records, proof of residency, or other documentation; or has missed application or enrollment deadlines during any period of homelessness?	 Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. 		
Data Source: 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(3)(C)(i)(I) 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(3)(C)(i)(II)			
Technical Assistance:			
Target: As determined through the RDA			



I. Implementation – McKinney Vento Act			
Strategy	RDA Indicator		
6. Identification and Referral Process How does the LEA ensure that homeless children and unaccompanied youth are identified by school personnel through outreach and coordination activities?	 Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. 		
Data Source: 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(6)(A)(i)			
Technical Assistance:			
Target: As determined through the RDA			



I. Implementation – McKinney Vento Act				
Strategy RDA Indicator				
7. Dispute Resolution Process Does the LEA have procedures to ensure that disputes over eligibility, school selection, or enrollment in a school are mediated in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(3)(E)?	 Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. 			
Data Source: 42 U.S.C. § 11432(g)(6)(A)(vii)				
Technical Assistance:				
Target: As determined through the RDA				



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I. Implementation –	McKinney	y Vento Act
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Strategy	RDA Indicator
8. Comparable Services	Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory
How does the LEA in collaboration with the McKinney-Vento Liaison ensure that homeless	performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments.
 children and unaccompanied youth enroll in, and have equal opportunity to succeed in, schools in the LEA including: Ensuring access to services through 	Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years.
Head Start programs (including early head start programs; IDEA Parts B and C, and other preschool programs administered by the LEA	Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
 Comparable educational services including programs in Career and Technical Education; educational programs for emergent bilingual students; programs for Gifted and Talented students; and school nutrition programs. Comparable educational services provided under Title I, Part A of the ESEA 	Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.
Data Source: 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(6)(A) (iii) 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(4)(B-D) TEC § 89.1605 TEC § 89.1609 TEC § 89.1615	
TEC § 89.1615 Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



I. Implementation – McKinney Vento Act

Strategy 9. Coordination of Referrals, Resources, and Services How does the LEA ensure that homeless	RDA Indicator
Resources, and Services	
How does the LEA ensure that homeless	
families, children, and unaccompanied youth receive referrals to health care services, dental services, mental health, and substance abuse services, housing services, and other appropriate services?	
Data Source:	
42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(6)(A)(iv)	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



I. Implementation – McKinney Vento Act

Strategy	RDA Indicator
10. Transportation and School of Origin Does the LEA have policies and procedures to ensure that transportation is provided, at the request of the parent, guardian, or in the case of an unaccompanied youth, the McKinney-Vento Liaison, to and from the school of origin?	 Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a hig school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
Data Source: 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(1)(J)(iii)	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



I. Implementation – McKinney Vento Act	
Strategy	RDA Indicator
11. Postsecondary Transition Does the LEA McKinney-Vento Homeless liaison have a systematic process in place to inform unaccompanied youth about their independent student status on the FAFSA and assist with verification of the status?	 Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
Data Source: 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(6)(A)(x)(III) TEC § 89.1613	
Technical Assistance: Target: As determined through the RDA	



I. Implementation – McKinney Vento Act	
Strategy	RDA Indicator
12. Postsecondary Transition Does the LEA have mechanisms in place to ensure that homeless children and unaccompanied youth receive assistance from professional school counselors to support with college and career transition planning?	 Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
Data Source: 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(1)(K) TEC § 89.1613 Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
13. Transition Assistance Does the LEA have systems to ease transition of students experiencing homelessness upon enrollment or identification?	 Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment. Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a hig school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.
Data Source: TEC § 89.1605	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
14. Identification/PEIMS How does the LEA identify military- connected students, and how does the LEA use this information to improve student outcomes?	Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments.
	Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment.
	Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments.
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	Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
Data Source:	Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.
ESSA of 2015, §1111(h)(1)(C)(ii)) TEC §25.006	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
15. Ease of School Transitions (a) What systems does the LEA use to ensure the ease of transition for military- connected students?	 Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment. Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.
Data Source: TEC §162, Art. IV TEC §25.006	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
16. Ease of School Transitions (b) How does the LEA ensure transitioning military-connected students can participate in extra- curricular activities and are integrated into their receiving school's community?	 Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment. Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a hig school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (OSP) students identified with dyslexi to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.
Data Source: TEC §162, Art. VI(B) 19 TAC §61.1063 TEC §25.006 Technical Assistance: Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
Strategy 17. Post-Secondary Preparation How does the LEA promote post- secondary study for military-connected students?	Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a hig school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
Data Source: TEC §25.006 19 TAC §61, Subchapter FF Technical Assistance: Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
18. Collaboration with Stakeholders	
How does the LEA maintain connection with the closest military installation(s) and School Liaison Officer(s) (SLO) (if applicable)?	
Data Source: TEC §25.006	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
19. Graduation Preparation How does the LEA support a military- connected student who has moved after the end of their junior year of high school to graduate on time?	 Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
Data Source: TEC §162, Art. VII TEC §25.006	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
20. School Stability	
What leeway does the LEA provide for military-connected students seeking to enroll when in the custody of a non- custodial parent?	
Data Source:	
TEC §162, Art. VI TEC §25.004	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
21. Course Placement / Transcript Interpretation	Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments.
How does the LEA honor the previous school's placement of a military- connected student when considering placement in academic courses, education programs, and special education services?	Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment.
	Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments.
	Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years.
	Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
	Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.
Data Source: TEC §162, Art. V	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
 22. Designation of FC Liaison: Does the LEA have a designated Liaison in place for addressing enrollment and school transitions for students in foster care? Designated Foster Care Liaison requirement (TEC § 33.904) 	Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
Data Source: TEC § 33.904	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
23. Identification Is the LEA properly identifying students in foster care and coding students in PEIMS?	Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments.
LEAs are required to identify students in Texas DFPS Managing Conservatorship in PEIMS (TEC § 7.029)	Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment.
	Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments.
	Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years.
	Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
	Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.
Data Source: TEC § 7.029	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high
school diploma in four years.
Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.



Strategy	RDA Indicator
 25. School Transitions Are there additional systems in place to ease school transitions in the first two- weeks of enrollment for students in foster care? LEAs are required to develop and implement systems to Ease School Transitions, as outlined in TAC § 89.1065) (occurs in first 2 weeks of school) The following activities are required for students in foster care (and students experiencing homelessness): Welcome packets Campus introduction Nutrition benefits upon enrollment Enrollment conference 	 Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment. Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia on the STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a hig school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.
Data Source:	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
 26. Post-Secondary Preparation Are school counselors working with students in foster care to make sure they graduate with endorsements and have post-secondary plans in place, as outlined in? Are students provided information in their 11th and 12th grade about how to activate their lifetime tuition and fees waiver benefit? 	 Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
Data Source: TAC 89 § 16133 TEC § 54.366 Technical Assistance:	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
27. Continuity - Placement in Educational Programs, Courses and Services	Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments.
 Are students placed in educational 	
programs and coursework using assessments, recommendations and programs based on the student's prior enrollment and course placement from the sending school:	Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment.
	Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care,
 TAC § 89.1609 Educational programs include, but are not limited to, gifted and talented 	experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments.
program services, bilingual, or special language services for emergent bilingual students, career and technical education and early college high school.	Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a hig school diploma in four years.
 Course placement includes, but is not limited to honors, International Baccalaureate, Advanced Placement, vocational, technical and career 	Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
pathway courses.	Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dyslexi
• Is the LEA utilizing the referral made by the student's sending school (when applicable) concerning an evaluation for special education in accordance with the established	to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.
timelines?	
Data Source:	
TAC § 89.1011 TAC § 89.1615	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
 28. School Stability – ESSA Requirements Does the LEA have procedures, systems, and processes in place for coordinating with DFPS and addressing school of origin transportation, and payment for "additional transportation costs" for students in foster care? Does the LEA coordinate with local child welfare representatives to support Education Best-Interest Decisions? 	Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a hig school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.
Data Source: ESEA section 1112(c)(5)(B) ESEA section 1111(g)(1)(E)(i) Technical Assistance: Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
29. Award of Credit for Highly Mobile Foster Care Students Does the LEA have local policies, procedures and practices in place that assists with the awarding of credit for highly mobile foster care students?	 Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment. Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a hig school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (OSP) students identified with dyslexi to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.
Data Source: TAC § 89.1607	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



Strategy	RDA Indicator
 30. Collaboration with Stakeholders Does the LEA work in a collaborative multidisciplinary manner amongst district and campus leaders to support the needs of students in foster care? Does the LEA work collaboratively with stakeholders outside of the district to support the needs of students in foster care (child welfare, CASA community organizations, others)? 	 Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment. Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.
Data Source:	
Technical Assistance:	
Target: As determined through the RDA	



II. Student Performance

II. Student Performance – McKinney Vento Act



II. Student Performance – McKinney Vento Act

Strategy	RDA Indicator	
2. Utilization of State Assessment and Promotion Data Does the LEA utilize student data to identify and implement academic interventions and support services to ensure students experiencing homelessness achieve grade-level standards on state mandated assessments, promote on grade-level, and graduate on time?	 Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment. Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment. Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a hig school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dys	
Data Source: Technical Assistance: Target: As determined through the RDA		



II. Student Performance – Military Connected

Strategy	RDA Indicator	
3. Progress Monitoring Does the LEA utilize student data to identify and implement academic interventions and support services to ensure military-connected students achieve grade-level standards on state mandated assessments, promote on grade- level, and graduate on time?	 Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment. Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment. Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the rate of all student	
Data Source:		
Technical Assistance:		
Target: As determined through the RDA		



II. Student Performance – Foster Care

Strategy	RDA Indicator	
4. Progress Monitoring Does the LEA utilize student data to identify and implement academic interventions and support services to ensure students in foster care achieve grade-level standards on state mandated assessments, promote on grade- level, and graduate on time?	 Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment. 	
	Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments.	
	Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years.	
	Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.	
	Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.	
Data Source:		
Technical Assistance:		
Target: As determined through the RDA		



III. Family Engagement / Parental Involvement

III. Family Engagement/Parental Involvement – McKinney Vento Act

Strategy	RDA Indicator	
1. Parent Involvement How does the LEA ensure that the parents or guardians of homeless children and youth are informed of the educational and related opportunities available to their children and are provided with meaningful opportunities to participate in the education of their children?	 Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments. Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment. Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments. Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years. Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year. Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the tEA. 	
Data Source: 42 U.S.C. § 11432 (g)(6)(A)(v)		
Technical Assistance:		
Target: As determined through the RDA		



III. Family /Parental Involvement – Military Connected

Strategy	RDA Indicator	
2. Military Family Engagement How does to the LEA engage with military families?	Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments.	
	Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment.	
	Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments.	
	Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years.	
	Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.	
	Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.	
Data Source: TEC §25.087		
Technical Assistance:		
Target: As determined through the RDA		



III. Family Engagement/Parental Involvement – Foster Care



Other Special Populations (OSP) 2023-2024 RDA Indicators

Domain I

Indicator #1 (i-iv) OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 assessments.

Indicator #2 OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who are also identified with dyslexia and met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts assessment.

Indicator #3 (i-iv) OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students who met the minimum level of satisfactory performance or higher on the STAAR EOC assessments.

Domain II

Indicator #4 OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students ever in Foster Care, ever experiencing homelessness, or ever Military-Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) who graduated with a high school diploma in four years.

Indicator #5 OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL Assignment): Measures the percent of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military- Connected (OSP) students (nonduplicative count) in Grades 7-12 who dropped out in a given school year.

Domain III

Indicator #6 OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21) (Report Only – No PL Assigned): Measures the difference in the rate of students in Foster Care, experiencing homelessness, or Military-Connected (OSP) students identified with dyslexia to the rate of all students identified with dyslexia in the LEA.

Domain I	Indicator #1	OSP STAAR 3-8 Passing Rate (PL Assignment)
	Indicator #2	OSP Dyslexia STAAR 3-8 Reading Language Arts
	Indicator #2	Passing Rate (Report Only – No PL Assigned)
	Indicator #3	OSP STAAR EOC Passing Rate (PL Assignment)
Domain II	Indicator #4	OSP Graduation Rate (PL Assignment)
Domain II	Indicator #F	OSP Annual Dropout Rate (Grades 7-12) (PL
	Indicator #5	Assignment)
Domain III	Indicator #6	OSP Dyslexia Representation (Ages 6-21)
	Indicator #6	(Report Only – No PL Assigned)

