

**Chapter 150. Commissioner's Rules Concerning Educator Appraisal****Subchapter DD. Teacher Incentive Allotment****§150.1041. Local Optional Teacher Designation System.**

- (a) General provisions.
- (1) Definitions. The following words and terms, when used in this section, have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
- (A) Beginning of course--The first nine weeks of a year-long course or the first six weeks of a semester course.
- (B) Charter school--A Texas public school that meets one of the following criteria:
- (i) is operated by a charter holder under an open-enrollment charter granted either by the State Board of Education or commissioner of education pursuant to Texas Education Code (TEC), §12.101, identified with its own county-district number;
- (ii) has a charter granted under TEC, Chapter 12, Subchapter C, and is eligible for benefits under TEC, §11.174 and §48.252;
- (iii) has a charter granted under TEC, §29.259, and Human Resources Code, §221.002; or
- (iv) has a charter granted under TEC, §11.157(b).
- (C) Classroom teacher--An educator, as defined by TEC, §5.001, who is employed by a school district and who, not less than an average of four hours each day, teaches in an academic instructional setting or a career and technical instructional setting. This term does not include an educational aide or a full-time administrator.
- (D) Core content areas--Language arts, mathematics, social studies, and science courses.
- (E) Data capture year--The school year in which the teacher observation and student growth measure data is collected based on the accepted local teacher designation system.
- (F) Designated teacher--An acknowledged, exemplary, master, nationally board certified, or recognized teacher.
- (G) Eligible teaching assignment--An assignment based on campus, subject taught, or grade taught.
- (H) End of course--The last 12 weeks of a year-long course or the last six weeks of a semester course.
- (I) Enhanced Teacher Incentive Allotment System--A designation awarded to a school district implementing an approved strategic compensation system that provides for increased Teacher Incentive Allotment funding.
- (J) National Board certification--Certification issued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards.
- (K) Provisional approval--Conditional approval of a school district local optional teacher designation system or enhanced teacher incentive allotment system that would require resubmission of system review, data validation, additional required documentation, video submission, and/or other technical assistance for further data submission.
- (L) Reliability--The degree to which an instrument used to measure teacher performance and student growth produces stable and consistent results.

- (M) Rural--A campus within a school district with fewer than 5,000 enrolled students that is categorized as one of the following:
    - (i) rural, non-metropolitan: stable, or non-metropolitan: fast-growing district type by the Texas Education Agency (TEA);
    - (ii) a campus within a school district with fewer than 5,000 enrolled students categorized as rural by the National Center for Education Statistics; or
    - (iii) a campus defined in TEC, §48.112(a)(1).
  - (N) School district--The definition of a school district includes charter schools as defined in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph.
  - (O) School leaders--Campus administrators, including principals and assistant principals.
  - (P) Strategic compensation--A performance-based human resources strategy that entails the design and implementation of a compensation plan that is aligned with the objectives and culture of a school district.
  - (Q) Student growth--Student academic progress achieved in response to the pedagogical practices of teachers, as measured at the individual teacher level by one or more measures of student growth aligned to the standards of the course.
  - (R) Teacher category--One or more eligible teaching assignments evaluated with the same teacher observation rubric, student growth measure, and optional components and weighting as defined in a district's local designation system.
  - (S) Teacher observation--One or more observations of a teacher instructing students for a minimum of 45 minutes or multiple observations that aggregate to at least 45 minutes.
  - (T) Texas Student Data System (TSDS)--Data collected annually during the Class Roster Winter Submission.
  - (U) Validity--The degree to which an instrument used to measure teacher performance and student growth measures what it is intended to measure.
- (2) Fees for teacher incentive allotment teacher designation and system renewal. A school district requesting approval of a teacher designation system or renewal of such a system shall pay the applicable fees listed in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph. The following fees must be paid by the district and cannot be paid by the teachers submitted for designation:
- (A) a \$500 fee for each teacher submitted for designation to TEA; and
  - (B) a \$2,500 system renewal fee for districts with enrollment of less than 1,000 students in the prior school year, or districts where all campuses meet the definition of rural pursuant to paragraph (1)(M) of this subsection the year prior to renewal application submission or a \$10,000 system renewal fee for districts where not all campuses meet the definition of rural pursuant to paragraph (1)(M) of this subsection.
- (b) Teacher eligibility.
- (1) Teachers eligible to earn or receive designations under an approved local optional teacher designation system must meet the following requirements:
    - (A) the teacher is employed by the recommending school district or charter partner pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(B)(ii) or (iv) of this section in a staff classification coded as 087 (Teacher) and corresponding classroom position of 01, 02, or 03, if applicable, in TSDS for 90 days at 100% of the day (equivalent to four and one-half months or a full semester) or 180 days at 50-99% of the day and compensated for that employment. A charter partner operating under subsection (a)(1)(B)(ii) or (iv) of this section is required to report teacher-level data in TSDS or provide teacher-level data to its partner school district for reporting by the district in TSDS;

- (B) the teacher was employed by the recommending school district or charter partner pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(B)(ii) or (iv) of this section during the year the teacher's effectiveness was collected in alignment with the recommended designation;
  - (C) the teacher is not currently designated, unless the teacher is being recommended for a higher designation or the current designation, which is not subject to reclassification at a lower designation level, is scheduled to expire within one year; and
  - (D) the teacher does not have a suspension, revocation, permanent surrender, or surrender of a certificate issued by the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) and is not found on the registry of persons not eligible for employment in public schools under TEC, §22.092, and Chapter 153, Subchapter EE, of this title (relating to Commissioner's Rules Concerning Registry of Persons Not Eligible for Employment in Public Schools).
- (2) School districts are eligible to receive funding for each designated teacher if the teacher meets the requirements in paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection for each district. TEA may exercise administrative discretion to determine the eligibility of a teacher if a district disputes TSDS data. Disputes must be received by TEA by the second Friday in May each year; however, TEA may exercise administrative discretion to allow disputes to be considered outside of this timeline.
- (c) Application procedures and approval process.
- (1) The following provisions apply to applications submitted under this section.
    - (A) If TEA determines that an application or resubmission is incomplete, TEA may provide the applicant with notice of the deficiency and an opportunity to submit missing required information. If the missing required information is not submitted within seven business days after the original submission deadline, the application will be denied.
    - (B) If TEA determines that a system application does not meet the standards established under TEC, §21.3521, and this section, TEA shall permit the applicant to resubmit the application by June 30. If no resubmission is made by the deadline, the application will be denied.
    - (C) Applicants that are determined to meet the standards established under TEC, §21.3521 and §48.112, and the requirements of the statutorily based framework provided in the figure in this subparagraph shall be approved.  
Figure: 19 TAC §150.1041(c)(1)(C)
    - (D) Applications that are determined to meet the standards established under TEC, §21.3521 and §48.112, and this section shall be approved for an initial term of five years. Applications that are determined to need ongoing support may result in provisional approval.
  - (2) The application shall include the following for each eligible teaching assignment:
    - (A) components of a local system for issuing designations, including:
      - (i) a teacher observation component that contains:
        - (I) a plan for calibration, using the rubric approved under subclause (II) of this clause, that includes congruence among appraisers, a review of teacher observation data and the correlation between teacher observation and student growth data, and implementation of next steps; and
        - (II) an approved teacher observation rubric including the Texas Teacher Evaluation and Support System or a pilot thereof, Marzano's Teacher Evaluation Model and rubric created by the National Institute for Excellence in Teaching and The Danielson Group, or another rubric that is based on observable, job-related behaviors that are described with progressive descriptors for each dimension, including alignment to

§149.1001 of this title (relating to Teacher Standards) and a clear proficiency indicator. A school district may be required to provide teacher observation videos if the ratings cannot be verified from the data submitted; and

- (ii) a specified student growth component by measure and/or assessment that:
  - (I) if using a student learning objective, is aligned to the Texas Student Learning Objectives (SLO) process described on the TEA website for SLOs at <https://texasslo.org>;
  - (II) if using a portfolio method, demonstrates that student work is aligned to the standards of the course, demonstrates mastery of standards, utilizes a skills proficiency rubric, and includes criteria for scoring various artifacts;
  - (III) if using school district- or teacher-created assessments, is aligned to the standards of the course and conforms to a district rubric for district- or teacher-created assessments. A school district must approve district- or teacher-created assessments for the purpose of determining student growth by using a district process and rubric for approval of such assessments. Assessments must measure beginning of course to end of course or from end of course from the previous course to end of current course;
  - (IV) if using a school district- or teacher-created assessment in conjunction with a third-party assessment, is aligned to the standards of the course and conforms to a district rubric for district- or teacher-created assessments. A school district must approve district- or teacher-created assessments for the purpose of determining student growth by using a district process and rubric for approval of such assessments. Assessments must measure beginning of course to end of course or from end of course from the previous course to end of current course;
  - (V) if using third-party assessments with third-party accompanying growth targets, is aligned to the standards for the course and contains questions that cover a range of student skill levels. Assessments must measure beginning of course to end of course or from end of course from the previous course to end of current course; or
  - (VI) if using third-party assessments with district-created growth targets, is aligned to the standards of the course and contains questions that cover a range of student skill levels. Assessments must measure beginning of course to end of course or from end of course from the previous course to end of current course. Mid-year data may be used in instances where the student was not present for the beginning of course administration;
- (B) test administration processes for all student growth that will lead to validity and reliability of results, including:
  - (i) test security protocols;
  - (ii) testing windows;
  - (iii) testing accommodations; and
  - (iv) annual training for test administrators; and
- (C) data for all teachers in eligible teaching assignments, including student growth, and observation data for all teachers in eligible teaching assignments for the data capture year in alignment with TEC, §21.351 or §21.352. Multi-year data shall include student growth and observation data from the same year and teacher category. Single-year data shall

include student growth and observation data from the same teacher category. TEA may exercise administrative discretion regarding the requirements of this subparagraph in situations in which data is difficult to provide due to circumstances beyond a district's control and the district would otherwise be unable to provide sufficient data for application consideration.

- (3) The application for enhanced teacher incentive allotment designation shall include:
- (A) teacher evaluation components:
    - (i) an approved local designation system that includes substantially all teaching assignments; and
    - (ii) local evaluation components in addition to those required under paragraph (2) of this subsection;
  - (B) campus administrator evaluation components:
    - (i) an approved administrator appraisal system including the Texas Principal Evaluation and Support System or a pilot thereof, or another rubric that is based on observable, job-related behaviors that are described with progressive descriptors for each dimension, including alignment to §149.2001 of this title (relating to teacher standards) and a clear proficiency indicator;
    - (ii) student growth in alignment with the district or campuses local designation system with prioritization of core content areas; and
    - (iii) districts may include optional components that provide evidence of campus administrator effectiveness;
  - (C) strategic staffing plan demonstrating an approach to teacher assignment based on student need, including strategic scheduling for early grades and high-needs campuses and students;
  - (D) a compensation plan for teachers and campus administrators that is based on performance and includes, at minimum:
    - (i) methods for determining and defining teacher and campus administrator effectiveness as it relates to performance-based compensation decisions;
    - (ii) placement guidance for newly hired teachers, with performance as a consideration based on teacher incentive allotment eligibility or a preparation pathway;
    - (iii) performance-based salary schedule and criteria for salary increases for all teachers and campus administrators; and
    - (iv) district attestation and school board approval to limit across-the-board salary increases for classroom teachers, except for periodic changes due to significant inflation; and
  - (E) evidence of implementing a strategic compensation system, including, but not limited to:
    - (i) a board-approved compensation plan;
    - (ii) a district strategic compensation plan; and
    - (iii) a salary schedule by employee and effectiveness levels.
- (d) System expansion, spending modifications, and changes.
- (1) School districts must apply for approval through the system application process the year prior to implementation if:
    - (A) adding new eligible teaching assignments or campuses (if started with less than all campuses in the district);

- (B) adding a new teacher observation rubric;
  - (C) changing a previously approved teacher observation rubric;
  - (D) adding new student growth measures;
  - (E) changing the student growth measure used by an eligible teaching assignment;
  - (F) adding or changing the third-party assessment used in a student growth measure;
  - (G) adding or changing the type of assessment used in a student growth measure;
  - (H) removing a student growth measure used by an eligible teaching assignment;
  - (I) removing an eligible teaching assignment;
  - (J) modifying a district's spending plan. TEA may exercise administrative discretion to allow spending modifications outside of the approval timeline outlined in this subsection; or
  - (K) modifying a district's application for enhanced teacher incentive allotment designation under subsection (c)(3) of this section.
- (2) TEA may exercise administrative discretion to allow system changes outlined in this subsection outside of the approval timeline outlined in this subsection in situations in which TEA determines that the application timeline is unfeasible due to circumstances beyond a district's control, causing the district to be unable to implement its current system with fidelity.
- (e) Monitoring and annual program submission of approved local designation systems and the basis for enhanced teacher incentive allotment system designation.
- (1) For the program submission, approved school districts shall submit the following information regarding a local teacher designation system and associated spending:
- (A) the distribution of allotment funds from the previous school year in accordance with the funding provisions of subsection (g) of this section;
  - (B) a response and implementation plan to annual surveys developed by TEA administered to teachers, campus principals, and human resources personnel gauging the perception of a school district's local designation system; and
  - (C) teacher observations and student growth measure data for all teachers in eligible teaching assignments if school districts are submitting new teacher designations collected in alignment with §150.1003(b)(5) and (l)(3) of this title (relating to Appraisals, Data Sources, and Conferences). TEA reserves the right to request data for the purposes of performance evaluation and investigation based on data review outcomes. TEA may exercise administrative discretion in circumstances where data is difficult to provide and a district would otherwise be unable to provide sufficient data for application consideration.
- (2) Outcomes of the annual program submission may lead to a review, pursuant to TEC, §48.272(e), and subject to the period of review limitation in TEC, §48.272(f), of the local optional designation system that may be conducted at any time at the discretion of TEA staff.
- (f) Continuing approval and renewal.
- (1) Local optional teacher designation systems are subject to review at least once every five years. However, a review may be conducted at any time at the discretion of TEA. The renewal application is required in a district's fourth year after the system application is accepted and will follow the process and requirements outlined in subsection (c) of this section. Charter management organizations that operate approved systems with multiple campus district numbers shall submit an application for each system at the time of required renewal.
- (2) Approval of local optional designation systems and enhanced teacher incentive allotment systems is voidable by TEA for one or more of the following reasons:

- (A) failure to fulfill all local optional designation system requirements as defined in this section;
  - (B) failure to comply with annual program submission requirements;
  - (C) failure to comply with the provisions of TEC, §21.3521 and §48.112;
  - (D) failure to implement the local optional teacher designation system or strategic compensation plan as approved by TEA;
  - (E) failure to remove school district employees from the designation determination process who have a conflict of interest and acted in bad faith to influence designations; or
  - (F) at the discretion of the commissioner.
- (3) Approval of individual teacher designations are voidable by TEA for one or more of the following reasons:
- (A) a teacher has not fulfilled all designation requirements;
  - (B) the school district at which the designation was earned has had its local optional designation system voided;
  - (C) the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards revokes a National Board certification that provided the basis for a teacher's designation;
  - (D) the suspension, revocation, permanent surrender, or surrender of a certificate issued by the SBEC to a designated teacher;
  - (E) the addition of the designated teacher to the registry of persons not eligible for employment in public schools under TEC, §22.092, and Chapter 153, Subchapter EE, of this title;
  - (F) the district issued a designation in bad faith by not removing a district employee from the designation determination process who had a conflict of interest; or
  - (G) at the discretion of the commissioner.
- (g) Funding.
- (1) State funding.
    - (A) School districts will receive teacher incentive allotment funds based on prior-year estimates. The final amount will be based on data from the current school year as provided in subparagraph (D) of this paragraph. Any difference from the estimated amount will be addressed as part of the Foundation School Program settle-up process according to the provisions in TEC, §48.272.
    - (B) A school district is eligible to earn the base allotment for each designated teacher assigned to a zero-enrollment campus, a campus with fewer than 20 students, a juvenile justice alternative education program, a disciplinary alternative education program, a residential facility, or central administration if the designated teacher meets the requirements in subsection (b)(2) of this section, plus the multiplier based on the school district's average student point value and rural status, if applicable.
    - (C) Funding for teachers who work at multiple campuses shall be calculated and split equally among the campuses where the employee is working in a role coded as 087 (Teacher) in TSDS at each campus.
    - (D) Designated teacher campus and district of employment shall be determined annually by data collected in TSDS.
    - (E) School districts shall annually verify and confirm teacher designations and corresponding allotments.

- (F) TEA may exercise administrative discretion to redirect or recalculate funds to the district where the designated teacher works if a district disputes TSDS data. Disputes must be received by the second Friday in May each year; however, TEA may exercise administrative discretion to allow disputes to be considered outside of this timeline.
  - (G) The average point value and rural status for the Texas School for the Deaf and the Texas School for the Blind and Visually Impaired will be calculated by utilizing the home districts of the schools' students.
- (2) Status and use of state funds. A school district that receives teacher incentive allotment funding must comply with the requirements of TEC, §48.112, including the requirement that at least 90% of each teacher-generated allotment must be used for compensation of teachers employed at the campus at which the teacher for whom the district received the allotment is employed. School districts that receive funding for designated teachers employed by the charter partner for charter partnerships pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(B)(ii) or (iv) of this section shall pass along at least 90% of the teacher incentive allotment funding and 100% of fees pursuant to subsection (a)(2) of this section paid by the charter partner to the charter partner. Charter partners and districts shall work together to ensure that the spending requirements of TEC, §48.112, are met.

*Statutory Authority: The provisions of this §150.1041 issued under the Texas Education Code, §21.3521 and §48.112, as amended by HB 2, 89th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2025.*

*Source: The provisions of this §150.1041 adopted to be effective April 19, 2026, 51 Tex Reg 2390.*

**§150.1042. National Board for Professional Teaching Standards.**

- (a) Definitions. The following words and terms, when used in this section, have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
  - (1) Charter school--A Texas public school that meets one of the following criteria:
    - (A) is operated by a charter holder under an open-enrollment charter granted either by the State Board of Education or commissioner of education pursuant to Texas Education Code (TEC), §12.101, identified with its own county-district number;
    - (B) has a charter granted under TEC, Chapter 12, Subchapter C, and is eligible for benefits under TEC, §11.174 and §48.252;
    - (C) has a charter granted under TEC, §29.259, and Human Resources Code, §221.002; or
    - (D) has a charter granted under TEC, §11.157(b).
  - (2) Classroom teacher--An educator who is employed by a school or district and who, not less than an average of four hours each day, teaches in an academic instructional setting or a career and technical instructional setting. This term does not include an educational aide or a full-time administrator.
  - (3) National Board certification--Certification issued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards.
  - (4) School district--The definition of a school district includes charter schools as defined in paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- (b) Eligibility.
  - (1) Subject to continuing authorization by the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) under TEC, §21.3523, teachers with current National Board certification are eligible for a recognized or nationally board certified designation if the teacher:
    - (A) is employed by a school district or charter partner pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(B) or (D) of this section in a staff classification coded as 087 (Teacher) and corresponding classroom position of 01, 02, or 03, if applicable, in the Texas Student Data System (TSDS). A charter partner operating under subsection (a)(1)(B) or (D) of this section is

- required to report teacher-level data in TSDS or provide teacher-level data to their partner school district for reporting by the district in TSDS;
- (B) registers his or her National Board certification in Texas in the National Board Certified Teacher directory by January 31 each year; and
  - (C) does not have a suspension, revocation, permanent surrender, or surrender of a certificate issued by the SBEC and is not found on the registry of persons not eligible for employment in public schools under TEC, §22.092, and Chapter 153, Subchapter EE, of this title (relating to Commissioner's Rules Concerning Registry of Persons Not Eligible for Employment in Public Schools).
- (2) Effective August 1, 2026, eligibility for recognized designation based on paragraph (1) of this subsection will expire. National Board certified teachers designated as recognized will be redesignated as nationally board certified.
  - (3) Teachers who are designated as recognized or nationally board certified based on paragraph (1) of this subsection are eligible to earn and receive designations under §150.1041 of this chapter (relating to Local Optional Teacher Designation System).
  - (4) The last valid year of designation awarded under this subsection is the last school year in which the National Board certification is valid.
  - (5) School districts are eligible to receive funding for a designated teacher if the teacher has been or will be employed by the school district receiving the funding or charter partner operating pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(B) or (D) of this section in a staff classification coded as 087 (Teacher) and corresponding classroom position of 01, 02, or 03, if applicable, in TSDS for 90 days at 100% of the day (equivalent to four and one-half months or a full semester) or 180 days at 50-99% of the day and compensated for that employment. A charter partner operating under subsection (a)(1)(B) or (D) of this section is required to report teacher-level data in TSDS or provide teacher-level data to its partner school district for reporting by the district in TSDS.
  - (6) A district employing a teacher designated as nationally board certified who is also designated under §150.1041 of this chapter is not eligible to receive additional funding under paragraph (5) of this section.
- (c) Reimbursement.
- (1) School districts may request reimbursement for the following eligible National Board fees paid under TEC, §21.3521, by the district or the teacher with National Board certification when National Board certification has been successfully earned:
    - (A) renewal fees up to \$1,250;
    - (B) certification fees up to \$1,900;
    - (C) maintenance of certification fees up to \$495; and
    - (D) fees for initial, renewed, or maintenance National Board certifications earned on or after the 2019-2020 school year.
  - (2) School districts requesting National Board certification reimbursement shall establish a process to ensure that teachers with National Board certification have received from the school district full reimbursement of eligible fees paid by the teacher before the school district can be reimbursed by Texas Education Agency (TEA). Charter partners operating pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(B) or (D) of this section without a county-district number will be reimbursed through their district. Charter partners and districts shall work together to ensure that the spending requirements of TEC, §48.112, are met.
  - (3) School districts are not required to apply to TEA for approval of National Board certification-based designations.
- (d) Funding. The requirements of §150.1041(g)(1) and (2) of this chapter apply to funding referenced in this section.

*Statutory Authority: The provisions of this §150.1041 issued under the Texas Education Code, §21.3521 and §48.112, as amended by HB 2, 89th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2025.*

*Source: The provisions of this §150.1041 adopted to be effective April 19, 2026, 51 Tex Reg 2390.*

**§150.1043. Teacher Designation Performance Standards.**

- (a) Teacher designations shall be determined by:
  - (1) a teacher meeting a minimum average appraisal score based on:
    - (A) Domains II and III of the Texas Teacher Evaluation and Support System (T-TESS), as specified in §150.1002 of this chapter (relating to Assessment of Teacher Performance), measured on a scale of 1-5; or
    - (B) a locally developed rubric with a score equivalent to the score specified in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, as determined by the Texas Education Agency (TEA); and
  - (2) a minimum percentage of the teacher's students meeting or exceeding expected growth targets.
- (b) Teacher designations shall be assigned in accordance with subsection (a) of this section using the following categories.
  - (1) Acknowledged. An acknowledged designation shall be determined by:
    - (A) a teacher generally meeting a minimum average score of 3.5 across Domains II and III of the T-TESS or equivalent score on a locally developed rubric as determined by TEA; and
    - (B) generally, a minimum of 50% of the teacher's students meeting or exceeding expected growth targets.
  - (2) Recognized. A recognized designation shall be determined by:
    - (A) a teacher generally meeting a minimum average score of 3.7 across Domains II and III of the T-TESS or equivalent score on a locally developed rubric as determined by TEA; and
    - (B) generally a minimum of 55% of the teacher's students meeting or exceeding expected growth targets.
  - (3) Exemplary. An exemplary designation shall be determined by:
    - (A) a teacher generally meeting a minimum average score of 3.9 across Domains II and III of the T-TESS or equivalent score on a locally developed rubric as determined by TEA; and
    - (B) generally a minimum of 60% of the teacher's students meeting or exceeding expected growth targets.
  - (4) Master. A master designation shall be determined by:
    - (A) a teacher generally meeting a minimum average score of 4.5 across Domains II and III of the T-TESS or equivalent score on a locally developed rubric as determined by TEA; and
    - (B) generally a minimum of 70% of the teacher's students meeting or exceeding expected growth targets.

*Statutory Authority: The provisions of this §150.1041 issued under the Texas Education Code, §21.3521 and §48.112, as amended by HB 2, 89th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2025.*

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