Item 8:
Consider and Take Appropriate Action on Proposed Amendments to 19 TAC Chapter 228, Requirements for Educator Preparation Programs

DISCUSSION AND ACTION

SUMMARY: This item provides the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) an opportunity to discuss and propose amendments to 19 TAC Chapter 228, Requirements for Educator Preparation Programs. The proposed amendments would implement the statutory requirements of Senate Bills (SBs) 7 and 1839 and House Bills (HBs) 2039, 3349, and 1963, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017. The proposed amendments would also implement changes based on stakeholder input and Texas Education Agency (TEA) staff recommendations.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: The statutory authority for 19 TAC Chapter 228 is the Texas Education Code (TEC), §§21.031; 21.041(b)(1); 21.044, as amended by SB 7, SB 1839, and SB 1963, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017; 21.0442(c), as added by HB 3349, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017; 21.0443; 21.0453; 21.0454; 21.0455; 21.046(b); 21.0485; 21.0487(c); 21.0489(c), as added by SB 1839, and HB 2039, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017; 21.049(a); 21.0491, as added by HB 3349, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017; 21.050(b) and (c); 21.051, as amended by SB 1839, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session; and the Texas Occupations Code (TOC), §55.007.

TEC, §21.031, authorizes the SBEC to regulate and oversee all aspects of the certification, continuing education, and standards of conduct of public school educators, and states that in proposing rules under the TEC, Chapter 21, Subchapter B, the SBEC shall ensure that all candidates for certification or renewal of certification demonstrate the knowledge and skills necessary to improve the performance of the diverse student population of this state.

TEC, §21.041(b)(1), requires the SBEC to propose rules that provide for the regulation of educators and the general administration of the TEC, Chapter 21, Subchapter B, in a manner consistent with the TEC, Chapter 21, Subchapter B.

TEC, §21.044, requires the SBEC to propose rules establishing training requirements a person must accomplish to obtain a certificate, enter an internship, or enter an induction-year program.

TEC, §21.0442(c), requires the SBEC to ensure that an EPP requires at least 80 hours of instruction for a candidate seeking a Trade and Industrial Workforce Training certificate.

TEC, §21.0443, requires the SBEC to establish rules for the approval and renewal of EPPs.

TEC, §21.0453, states that the SBEC may propose rules as necessary to ensure that all EPPs provide the SBEC with accurate information.
TEC, §21.0454, requires the SBEC to develop a set of risk factors to assess the overall risk level of each EPP and use the set of risk factors to guide the TEA in conducting monitoring, inspections, and evaluations of EPPs.

TEC, §21.0455, requires the SBEC to propose rules necessary to establish a process for complaints to be directed against an EPP.

TEC, §21.046(b), states that the qualifications for certification as a principal must be sufficiently flexible so that an outstanding teacher may qualify by substituting approved experience and professional training for part of the educational requirements.

TEC, §21.0485, states the issuance requirements for certification to teach students with visual impairments.

TEC, §21.0487(c), states that because an effective principal is essential to school improvement, the SBEC shall ensure that each candidate for certification as a principal is of the highest caliber and that multi-level screening processes, validated comprehensive assessment programs, and flexible internships with successful mentors exist to determine whether a candidate for certification as a principal possesses the essential knowledge, skills, and leadership capabilities necessary for success.

TEC, §21.0489(c), states the eligibility for an Early Childhood: Prekindergarten-Grade 3 certificate.

TEC, §21.049(a), authorizes the SBEC to adopt rules providing for educator certification programs as an alternative to traditional EPPs.

TEC, §21.0491, requires the SBEC to create a probationary and standard trade and industrial workforce training certificate.

TEC, §21.050(b), states that the SBEC may not require more than 18 semester credit hours of education courses at the baccalaureate level for the granting of a teaching certificate.

TEC, §21.050(c), states that a person who receives a bachelor's degree required for a teaching certificate on the basis of higher education coursework completed while receiving an exemption from tuition and fees under the TEC, §54.363, may not be required to participate in any field experience or internship consisting of student teaching to receive a teaching certificate.

TEC, §21.051, provides a requirement that before a school may employ a certification candidate as a teacher of record, the candidate must have completed at least 15 hours of field-based experience in which the candidate was actively engaged at an approved school in instructional or educational activities under supervision.

TOC, §55.007, provides that verified military service, training, and education be credited toward licensing requirements.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** If approved for filing as proposed in May 2018 and if adopted, subject to State Board of Education (SBOE) review, at the August 2018 SBEC meeting, the proposed effective date of the proposed amendments to 19 TAC §§228.1, 228.2, 228.30, and 228.35
would be October 21, 2018 (20 days after filing as adopted with the *Texas Register*). The proposed effective date is also based on the SBEC and SBOE meeting schedules.

**PREVIOUS BOARD ACTION:** The SBEC last amended §228.1 effective October 27, 2014, and last amended §§228.2, 228.30, and 228.35 effective December 27, 2016.

**BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND JUSTIFICATION:** The SBEC rules in 19 TAC Chapter 228, *Requirements for Educator Preparation Programs*, provide for rules that establish requirements for educator preparation programs.

The following is a description of the proposed amendments included in Attachment II.

§228.1. *General Provisions.*

A proposed new subsection (d) would allow staff to extend rule deadlines when rules in this chapter cannot be complied with because of a disaster that results in the governor declaring a state of disaster. This amendment would allow TEA staff to extend deadlines in this chapter for up to 90 days to accommodate persons in the disaster areas identified by the governor's declaration.

§228.2. *Definitions.*

The definition of *field supervisor* in §228.2(16) would be amended to clarify that a field supervisor who has certification as a principal and experience as a campus-level administrator may also supervise classroom teacher, master teacher, and reading specialist candidates; and a field supervisor who has certification as a superintendent and experience as a district-level administrator may also supervise principal candidates. This amendment would provide flexibility for EPPs in determining the field supervisor and would support teacher candidates being supervised by a field supervisor who has experience as a classroom teacher. A technical edit is also recommended to update in rule relevant cross references.

The definition of *internship* in §228.2(21) would be amended to move the criteria for a successful internship into the appropriate preparation program coursework and training in subsection §228.35(f)(20)(B)(vii). This amendment would provide consistency among the requirements for internships, clinical teaching, and practicums.

§228.30. *Educator Preparation Curriculum.*

Language would be amended in §228.30(c)(3) to clarify curriculum requirements for instruction regarding mental health, substance abuse, and youth suicide. The TEC, §21.044(c-1), requires EPPs to select training from a list of recommended best practice-based programs and research-based practices. This amendment would clarify that an EPP that acquires training from a provider on the list may use that training on its own if it implements the training as required by the provider.

Language would be amended in §228.30(c)(7) to incorporate the requirements of the TEC, §21.044(g)(6), as amended by SB 7, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017. The language being proposed would require the curriculum for all certification classes to include instruction regarding appropriate relationships, boundaries, and communications between educators and students.
Language would be amended in §228.30(c)(8) to incorporate the requirements of the TEC, §21.044, as amended by SB 1839, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017. The language being proposed would require the curriculum for all certification classes to include instruction in digital learning. The EPP would need to assess each candidate with a digital literacy evaluation followed by a prescribed digital learning curriculum that must include resources to address any deficiencies identified by the digital literacy evaluation. The instruction must be aligned with the International Society for Technology in Education's (ISTE) standards and provide effective, evidence-based strategies to determine a person's degree of digital literacy. The current ISTE standards for educators and administrators are published on its website at https://www.iste.org/standards.

Language would be amended in §228.30(d)(4) and §228.30(e) to remove the domains of the Teacher and Administrator Standards. Because these domains are identified in Commissioner of Education rules, Chapter 149, Subchapters AA and BB, this amendment would reduce the amount of redundancy in the rules.

Proposed new §228.30(f) would incorporate the requirements of the TEC, §21.0489, as amended by SB 1839 and HB 2039, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017. The subsection would identify the standards that an EPP must include in its Early Childhood: Prekindergarten-Grade 3 curriculum for candidates who hold a valid standard, provisional, or one-year classroom teacher certificate that has been issued by the SBEC and allows them to teach all subjects in grades prekindergarten, kindergarten, first, second, or third. The curriculum must include the Child Development provision of the Early Childhood–Grade 3 Content Standards, the Early Childhood–Grade 3 Pedagogy and Professional Responsibilities Standards, and the Science of Teaching Reading Standards. This amendment would implement the statutory requirements of the TEC, §21.0489.

§228.35. Preparation Program Coursework and/or Training.

Language would be amended in §228.35(a)(6) to broaden the options from which EPPs may select to ensure coursework and training that is offered online is of a high quality. This amendment would include the certification options that are provided by the Distance Education Accreditation Commission. This amendment would provide EPPs that do not offer all their coursework and training online additional cost-effective options for quality assurance.

Proposed new §228.35(c) would incorporate the abbreviated program requirements of the TEC, §21.0442(c), as amended by HB 3349, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017. The language being proposed would require an EPP to provide a minimum of 200 clock-hours of coursework and/or training for a candidate seeking initial certification in the classroom teacher certification class in Trade and Industrial Workforce Training. The coursework and/or training requirement is 100 hours less than the minimum for all other initial classroom teacher certificates because the statute calls for an abbreviated educator preparation program for Trade and Industrial Workforce Training and because this certificate is only available to individuals with prior wage-earning experience in an occupation they will be teaching. New subsection (c)(1) would require a candidate to complete the following prior to clinical teaching or internship: a minimum of 30 clock-hours of field-based experience as prescribed in subsection (b)(1) and 80 clock-hours of coursework/training as prescribed in subsection (c)(1)(B). The 30 clock-hours of field-based experience is consistent with the required hours of field-based experience for all
certificates and ensures that an individual has a baseline of experience in a classroom prior to assuming a position as the teacher of record. Additionally, the 80 clock-hours of coursework and training provides for basic training in essential topics while upholding the requirement for an abbreviated certificate. New subsection (c)(2) would require a candidate to complete a minimum of 90 additional clock-hours in the curriculum prescribed in §228.30(a)-(d) prior to completion of the program. The 90 additional clock-hours are necessary to ensure adequate training in the topics the TEC, §21.044, requires. The curriculum would include:

- the Pedagogy and Professional Responsibilities for Trade and Industrial Education (Grades 6-12) educator standards;
- the Educators’ Code of Ethics;
- instruction in the detection and education of students with dyslexia;
- instruction regarding mental health, substance abuse, and youth suicide;
- the importance of setting high expectations for students and building strong classroom management skills;
- the framework for teacher and principal evaluation;
- appropriate relationships, boundaries, and communication between educators and students;
- instruction in digital learning;
- the relevant Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills; and
- reading instruction.

This amendment would implement the statutory requirements of the TEC, §21.0442(c), and will provide consistency among EPPs.

Based on stakeholder feedback from the San Antonio area, staff is recommending expanding the provisions in §228.35(c) to include initial certification in the classroom teacher certification class in Marketing: Grades 6-12 and Health Science: Grades 6-12. These certificates are similar to the Trade and Industrial Workforce Training certificate in that they also require experience and preparation in a skill area. This would provide an abbreviated route to certification for these areas. Remaining subsections would be relettered accordingly.

Language would be amended in §228.35(f)(1)(C) to incorporate the requirements of the TEC, §21.051(b-1), as amended by SB 1839, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017. The language being proposed would allow a teacher candidate to satisfy up to 15 clock-hours of field-based experience by serving as a long-term substitute. A long-term substitute would be defined as an individual who has been hired by a public or private school accredited or approved by the TEA to work more than 30 consecutive days in an assignment as a classroom teacher. Long-term substitute experience may occur after the candidate’s admission to an EPP or during the two years before the date the candidate is admitted to the EPP. The candidate’s experience in instructional or educational activities during the long-term substitute experience must be documented by the EPP. This change implements the provisions of the TEC, §21.051(b-1), and will provide consistency among EPPs.

Language would be amended in §228.35(f)(2)(A)(i)(I) to increase the minimum required days for a 14-week clinical teaching assignment from 65 days to 70 full days, and in subsection (f)(2)(A)(i)(II) to increase the minimum required days for a 28-week clinical teaching assignment from 130 to 140 half days. These changes would reflect the actual number of days and half-days in a five-day week. Current rule allows fewer days to provide flexibility for an exception for maternity leave, military leave, or illness. Staff recommends these changes to provide clarity of
the expected days required and then allow for an exception due to these circumstances, as reflected in subsection (f)(2)(A)(iv). These amendments would still allow for flexibility for and consistency among EPPs.

Language would be added as new §228.35(f)(2)(A)(ii) to clarify that a full-day clinical teaching assignment must be an average of four hours per day in the subject and grade level of the certification category being sought. This average would include intermissions and recesses but not conference periods and duty-free lunch periods. This amendment would allow more assignments to qualify as full-day clinical teaching assignments and provide more consistency between clinical teaching and internship assignments.

Language would be added as new §228.35(f)(2)(A)(iii) to specify criteria for a successful clinical teaching assignment. A successful assignment would include that the candidate demonstrates proficiency in each of the educator standards for the assignment. Based on stakeholder feedback, staff is recommending that if either the field supervisor or cooperating teacher do not recommend the candidate for a standard certificate, the documentation supporting that recommendation be provided to the candidate for review by all parties. This would provide clarification of the recommendation to all parties and provide consistency among the requirements for all certificates.

Language would be amended in new §228.35(f)(2)(A)(iv) to permit a full day clinical teaching assignment to be up to five days fewer than the minimum of 70 days and a half day clinical teaching assignment to be up to ten days fewer than the minimum of 140 days. The grounds for permitting fewer than the minimum number of days would be maternity leave, military leave, and illness. This amendment would provide flexibility for candidates and EPPs to complete clinical teaching experiences.

Language would be amended in §228.35(f)(2)(B)(i) to clarify that an internship may be up to 30 school days fewer than the minimum of 180 days if the candidate is hired by the school or district after the first day of school. This amendment would ensure that candidates are only eligible for the shortened internship if they are hired after the first day of school.

Language would be amended in §228.35(f)(2)(B)(ii) to clarify that the beginning date of an internship for the purpose of field supervision would be the first day of instruction with students. Because the requirement for an internship is 180 days, interns may need to participate in professional development before and after the first and last instructional day to meet the requirements of an internship. Because the purpose of field supervision is to provide support to candidates based on observed instructional practices, field supervision does not need to begin until candidates are providing instruction to students.

Language would be amended in §228.35(f)(2)(B)(iii) to include intermissions and recesses into the average of four hours a day an individual must teach for an internship. Intermissions and recesses are included in the statutory definition of school day and the educational activities that beginning teachers are expected to perform during intermissions and recesses are included in the classroom teacher educator standards. This change would also clarify that conference periods and duty-free lunch periods are not included. This amendment would allow more assignments to qualify as internships. A technical edit is also recommended to update in rule relevant cross references.
Language would be amended in §228.35(f)(2)(B)(vi)-(IV) to provide candidates and EPPs with more time to provide the required notices related to inactivation of intern and probationary certificates. The time required for candidates to provide an EPP a notice of resignation, non-renewal, or termination of employment or withdrawal from the EPP would increase from one business day to seven calendar days. The time required for EPPs to provide candidates with a notice of inactivation of intern or probationary certificates due to resignation, non-renewal, or termination of employment or withdrawal from the EPP would increase from one business day to seven calendar days. This amendment would provide candidates and EPPs with more flexibility in providing required notices. Technical edits are also recommended to update in rule relevant cross references.

Language would be amended in new §228.35(f)(2)(B)(vi)(V) to add notification requirements for EPPs when an internship assignment does not meet requirements. An EPP would need to provide a candidate with notice within seven calendar days of knowing that an EPP assignment does not meet requirements. The notice would inform that the candidate that the employer would be notified and the intern or probationary certificate would be inactivated within 30 calendar days. Within one business day of notifying the candidate, an EPP would need to provide similar notice to the employer. Within one business day of notifying the employer, the EPP would need to provide similar notice to TEA staff. This amendment would provide consistency among EPPs in providing required notices that result in the inactivation of certificates. This timeline is consistent with other notification requirements related to the inactivation of certificates and is necessary to ensure that programs provide prompt notification to candidates, employers, and TEA staff to prevent a candidate from continuing in an inappropriate assignment.

Language would be amended in new §228.35(f)(2)(B)(vii) to move language from §228.2(21) that describes the criteria for a successful internship. Based on stakeholder feedback, staff is recommending that if either the field supervisor or campus supervisor do not recommend the candidate for a standard certificate, the EPP would be required to provide the documentation supporting that recommendation to the candidate for review by all parties. This would provide clarification of the recommendation to all parties and provide consistency among the requirements for all certificates.

Language would be amended in new §228.35(f)(2)(B)(viii) to incorporate the provisions of the TEC, §21.0491(c)(2), as amended by HB 3349, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017. The proposed language would authorize a candidate seeking a Trade and Industrial Workforce Training certificate to complete an internship at an accredited institution of higher education if the candidate teaches not less than an average of four hours each day, including intermissions and recesses, in a dual credit career and technical instructional setting. Permitting an internship in this setting allows candidates to fulfill the employment eligibility requirement found in the TEC, §21.0491(c)(2)(B), at an institution of higher education. A dual credit career and technical instructional setting would be defined by Part 1, Chapter 4, Subchapter D of this title (relating to Dual Credit Partnerships Between Secondary Schools and Public Schools). This amendment would implement the statutory requirements of the TEC, §21.0491(c)(2), and will provide consistency among EPPs.

Language would be amended in new §228.35(f)(3) to add requirements for the review, approval, and revocation of clinical teaching exception requests. The review and approval requirements being added are the review and approval procedures that TEA staff and the SBEC have used
for requests that have already been approved. The revocation requirements being added would
address how approval of an exception is revoked if an EPP does not meet the conditions of the
exception that was approved by the SBEC. This amendment would clarify the process by which
clinical teaching exception requests are reviewed, approved, and revoked. This amendment is
necessary because the current rules do not provide for a clear process for revoking a clinical
teaching exception for a program that does not meet the conditions of the exception. The
September 15 deadline tracks the deadline for programs to report data.

Language would be amended in §228.35(f)(4) to add language clarifying that "candidates" as
used in this subsection refers to candidates participating in an internship or clinical teaching
assignment. This amendment would provide consistency among clinical teaching and internship
assignments.

Based on stakeholder feedback, staff is recommending language be amended in
§228.35(f)(8)(D), regarding practicum experiences, to specify that if either the field supervisor or
site supervisor do not recommend the candidate for a standard certificate, the documentation
supporting that recommendation be provided to the candidate for review by all parties. This
would provide clarification of the recommendation to all parties and provide consistency among
the requirements for all certificates.

Language would be amended in §228.35(h)(8) to define the observation requirements for a full-
day clinical teaching assignment that exceeds 14 weeks and extends beyond one semester. A
field supervisor from an EPP would need to provide at least two formal observations during the
first half of the assignment and two formal observations during the second half of the
assignment. This change would ensure that candidates receive necessary support and
feedback throughout the clinical teaching assignment as a means to foster continuous
improvement and would provide consistency among EPPs. Technical edits are also
recommended to update in rule relevant cross references.

Language would be amended in §228.35(i)(2) to incorporate the requirements of the TEC,
§21.044(f-1), as amended by SBs 1839 and 1963, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session,
2017. The proposed language would remove the requirement that at least one formal
observation by a field supervisor be onsite and face-to-face for a candidate seeking a principal,
superintendent, school counselor, school librarian, educational diagnostician, reading specialist,
or master teacher certificate. This change would implement the statutory requirements of the
TEC, §21.044(f-1). Remaining subsections would be renumbered accordingly.

Language would be amended in §228.35(i)(3) to clarify that a minimum of three observations
are required during a practicum, regardless of the type of certificate that is held by a candidate.
Because a practicum can be completed while a candidate seeking an advanced certificate is
employed under an intern, probationary, or standard certificate, this clarification is needed
because the number of observations for a teacher candidate participating in an internship differs
according to the type of certificate the candidate holds. This change would clarify the
requirements for candidates seeking an advanced certificate.

Proposed new §228.35(j) would incorporate the requirements of the TEC, §21.0489, as
amended by SB 1839 and HB 2039, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017. New
§228.35(j)(1) would identify the concepts and themes that coursework and/or training must
include. The concepts and themes were recommended to TEA staff by experts in the field of
early childhood education. New §228.35(j)(2) would require an EPP to provide a minimum of 150 clock-hours of coursework and/or training for candidates seeking an Early Childhood: Prekindergarten-Grade 3 certificate who hold a valid standard, provisional, or one-year classroom teacher certificate that has been issued by the SBEC and would allow them to teach all subjects in grades prekindergarten, kindergarten, first, second, or third. Teachers already certified in these areas have already demonstrated their content proficiency based on the passing of their prior content tests. Additionally, their time in the classroom serves the same purposes of field-based experience and clinical teaching. This allows the number of hours to be reduced. New §228.35(j)(3) would require an EPP to provide a candidate who holds any other classroom teacher certificate the same coursework and training that the EPP would provide for a candidate who is seeking an initial certificate in Early Childhood: Prekindergarten-Grade 3. Due to the specialized nature of early childhood, content knowledge, content pedagogy, and pedagogy practices from outside of the early childhood grade-bands cannot be directly applied to this setting. These changes would implement the statutory requirements of the TEC, §21.0489, and would provide consistency among programs.

Proposed new §228.35(k) would define the coursework and/or training requirements for the Teacher of Students with Visual Impairments (TVI) Supplemental: Early Childhood-Grade 12 certificate. The two EPPs actively certifying candidates for the TVI certificate meet the requirements of the proposed new subsection.

New §228.35(k)(1) would require a minimum of 300 hours of coursework and/or training related to the educator standards for that certificate adopted by the SBEC. The TEC, §21.0485, requires an individual to complete coursework in an EPP to be eligible for this certificate. This proposed minimum is the minimum amount of coursework and/or training hours that the two programs that actively offer this certificate provide. This subsection would provide clarity for individuals and ensure rigor due to the uniqueness of the TVI certificate.

New §228.35(k)(2) would require an EPP to provide a candidate a clinical experience of at least 350 clock-hours in a supervised school assignment. The TEC, §21.0485, requires an individual to complete coursework in an EPP to be eligible for this certificate. This proposed minimum is the minimum amount of coursework and/or training hours that the two programs that actively offer this certificate provide. The assignment needs to take place in a public school accredited by the TEA or other school approved by the TEA for this purpose. Other schools would include private schools accredited by the Texas Private School Accreditation Commission, all Department of Defense Education Activity schools, and schools that meet the approval standards described in 19 TAC §228.35(e)(7)(C) and (D). A clinical experience is successful when a field supervisor from the EPP recommends that the candidate should be recommended for a TVI supplemental certificate. New §228.35(k)(2)(A) would clarify that the EPP will provide guidance, assistance, and support for the candidate by assigning a cooperating teacher. If a cooperating teacher is not assigned to the candidate, the EPP must provide guidance, assistance, and support through individual or group consultation. The new subsection also requires that the EPP is responsible for providing training to cooperating teachers and/or consultation providers. New §228.35(k)(2)(B) would require that the EPP assign a TVI mentor to the TVI candidate during the clinical experience. The Texas School for the Blind and Visually Impaired Statewide Mentor Program is responsible for providing training for TVI mentors. New §228.35(k)(2)(C) would require the EPP assign a field supervisor who has completed TEA-approved field supervisor training to provide ongoing support for the TVI candidate. The new subsection would require initial contact by the field supervisor to the TVI candidate be made
within the first quarter of the assignment, that each observation must include a pre- and post-conference with written feedback, and that informal observations and coaching be provided by the field supervisor as appropriate. New §228.35(k)(2)(C)(i) would require formal observations be at least 135 minutes in duration in total throughout the clinical experience. New §228.35(k)(2)(C)(ii) would clarify that if a formal observation is not conducted on the candidate’s site in a face-to-face setting, it may be provided by use of electronic transmission or other video or technology-based method and must include a pre- and post-conference. New §228.35(k)(2)(C)(iii) requires the EPP to provide a minimum of three formal observations during the clinical experience. The TEC, §21.0485, requires an individual to satisfy any other requirements prescribed by the Board to be eligible for this certificate. This proposed minimum describes the level of support that the two programs that actively offer this certificate provide and is necessary to ensure sufficient levels of support for the specialized nature of this certificate. This change would reflect the requirements of the EPPs that currently offer training for this certificate and would also provide consistency among EPPs that may offer the certification in the future would also provide consistency among EPPs.

Proposed new §228.35(l) would create provisions for individuals employed as certified educational aides to complete an educator preparation program. New subsection (l)(1) would create a clinical teaching option for candidates who are employed as a certified educational aide to satisfy their clinical teaching assignment requirements through their instructional duties under the supervision of a certified educator. New subsection (l)(1)(A) would allow for the assignment requirements of 490 hours to be satisfied through their instructional duties. The requirement for 490 hours is equivalent to the 14-week requirement for other individuals completing clinical teaching, but it allows an individual to complete the assignment more flexibly while working as a certified educational aide. This change creates flexibility to allow school districts and charter schools to "grow their own" educational aides into certified teachers and to diversify the pool of new teachers while ensuring sufficient time within the clinical teaching assignment to demonstrate proficiency in each of the educator standards for the assignment.

Proposed new subsection §228.35(l)(1)(B) would permit an educational aide clinical teaching assignment to be up to 35 hours fewer than the minimum of 490 hours. The grounds for permitting fewer than the minimum number of hours would be maternity leave, military leave, and illness. This amendment would provide flexibility for candidates and EPPs to complete clinical teaching experiences.

Proposed new subsection §228.35(l)(1)(C) would add criteria for a successful clinical teaching assignment. A successful assignment would include that the candidate demonstrates proficiency in each of the educator standards for the assignment. Based on stakeholder feedback, staff is recommending that if either the field supervisor or cooperating teacher do not recommend the candidate for a standard certificate, the documentation supporting that recommendation be provided to the candidate for review by all parties. This would provide clarification of the recommendation to all parties and provide consistency among the requirements for all certificates.

Proposed new subsection §228.35(l)(2) would specify the coursework and/or training requirements and define the observation requirements for a 490-hour clinical teaching option for candidates who are employed as a certified educational aide. A field supervisor from an EPP would need to provide at least one formal observation during the first third of the assignment, one formal observation during the second third of the assignment, and one formal observation
during the final third of the assignment. This change would ensure that candidates receive necessary support and feedback throughout the clinical teaching assignment as a means to foster continuous improvement and would provide consistency among EPPs.

Technical edits were also made to 19 TAC Chapter 228 to conform to style and formatting requirements.

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The TEA staff has determined that there is no additional fiscal impact on state and local governments and there are no additional costs to entities required to comply with the proposed amendments beyond that which the authorizing statute requires. In addition, there is no direct adverse economic impact for small businesses, microbusinesses, and rural communities; therefore, no regulatory flexibility analysis, specified in Texas Government Code (TGC), §2006.002, is required. There is no effect on local economy; therefore, no local employment impact statement is required under TGC, §2001.022. The proposed amendments do not impose a cost on regulated persons, another state agency, a special district, or a local government and, therefore, are not subject to TGC, §2001.0045.

**GOVERNMENT GROWTH IMPACT:** The TEA staff prepared a Government Growth Impact Statement assessment for this proposed rulemaking for the first five years the proposed rulemaking would be in effect. The TEA staff has determined that, although the proposed rulemaking could potentially have a government growth impact by creating a new regulation, that impact is created by the statutory requirement and not the agency regulation.

The TEA staff has also determined that the proposed rulemaking would not create or eliminate a government program; would not require the creation of new employee positions or elimination of existing employee positions; would not require an increase or decrease in future legislative appropriations to the agency; would not require an increase or decrease in fees paid to the agency; would not expand, limit, or repeal an existing regulation; would not increase or decrease the number of individuals subject to its applicability; and would not positively or adversely affect the state’s economy.

**PUBLIC AND STUDENT BENEFIT:** The proposed amendments to 19 TAC Chapter 228 will result in clear guidance for EPPs on requirements for providing preparation to individuals seeking certification as an educator. Beyond that which the underlying legislation requires, the proposed amendments do not impose a cost on persons required to comply with the rules.

**PROCEDURAL AND REPORTING IMPLICATIONS:** The proposed amendments would have no additional procedural and reporting implications.

**LOCALLY MAINTAINED PAPERWORK REQUIREMENTS:** The proposed amendments would have no locally maintained paperwork requirements.

**PUBLIC COMMENTS:** The public comment period on the proposal begins June 22, 2018, and ends July 23, 2018. The SBEC will take oral and written comments on this item at the August 3, 2018 meeting in accordance with the SBEC Board operating policies and procedures.
ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER’S RECOMMENDATION:  I recommend that the State Board for Educator Certification:

Approve the proposed amendments to 19 TAC Chapter 228, Requirements for Educator Preparation Programs, to be published as proposed in the Texas Register.

Staff Member Responsible:
Tam Jones, Director, Educator Preparation
Tim Miller, Director, Educator Preparation and Program Accountability

Attachments:
I. Statutory Citations
II. Text of Proposed Amendments to 19 TAC Chapter 228, Requirements for Educator Preparation Programs
ATTACHMENT I
Statutory Citations Relating to Proposed Amendments to 19 TAC Chapter 228,
Requirements for Educator Preparation Programs

Texas Education Code, §21.031, Purpose:
(a) The State Board for Educator Certification is established to recognize public school educators as professionals and to grant educators the authority to govern the standards of their profession. The board shall regulate and oversee all aspects of the certification, continuing education, and standards of conduct of public school educators.
(b) In proposing rules under this subchapter, the board shall ensure that all candidates for certification or renewal of certification demonstrate the knowledge and skills necessary to improve the performance of the diverse student population of this state.

Texas Education Code, §21.041, Rules; Fees (excerpts):
(b) The board shall propose rules that:
(1) provide for the regulation of educators and the general administration of this subchapter in a manner consistent with this subchapter;

Texas Education Code, §21.044, Educator Preparation, as amended by Senate Bill (SB) 7, SB 1839, and SB 1963, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017:
(a) The board shall propose rules establishing the training requirements a person must accomplish to obtain a certificate, enter an internship, or enter an induction-year program. The board shall specify the minimum academic qualifications required for a certificate.
(b) Any minimum academic qualifications for a certificate specified under Subsection (a) that require a person to possess a bachelor's degree must also require that the person receive, as part of the training required to obtain that certificate, instruction in detection and education of students with dyslexia.
(c) The instruction under Subsection (b) must:
(1) be developed by a panel of experts in the diagnosis and treatment of dyslexia who are:
   (A) employed by institutions of higher education; and
   (B) approved by the board; and
(2) include information on:
   (A) characteristics of dyslexia;
   (B) identification of dyslexia; and
   (C) effective, multisensory strategies for teaching students with dyslexia.
(c-1) Any minimum academic qualifications for a certificate specified under Subsection (a) that require a person to possess a bachelor's degree must also require that the person receive, as part of the training required to obtain that certificate, instruction regarding mental health, substance abuse, and youth suicide. The instruction required must:
(1) be provided through a program selected from the list of recommended best practice-based programs and research-based practices established under Section 161.325, Health and Safety Code; and

(2) include effective strategies for teaching and intervening with students with mental or emotional disorders, including de-escalation techniques and positive behavioral interventions and supports.

(c-2) Any minimum academic qualifications for a certificate specified under Subsection (a) that require a person to possess a bachelor's degree must also require that the person receive, as part of the training required to obtain that certificate, instruction in digital learning, including a digital literacy evaluation followed by a prescribed digital learning curriculum. The instruction required must:

(1) be aligned with the International Society for Technology in Education's standards for teachers;

(2) provide effective, evidence-based strategies to determine a person's degree of digital literacy; and

(3) include resources to address any deficiencies identified by the digital literacy evaluation.

(d) In proposing rules under this section, the board shall specify that to obtain a certificate to teach an "applied STEM course," as that term is defined by Section 28.027, at a secondary school, a person must:

(1) pass the certification test administered by the recognized national or international business and industry group that created the curriculum the applied STEM course is based on; and

(2) have at a minimum:

(A) an associate degree from an accredited institution of higher education; and

(B) three years of work experience in an occupation for which the applied STEM course is intended to prepare the student.

(e) In proposing rules under this section for a person to obtain a certificate to teach a health science technology education course, the board shall specify that a person must have:

(1) an associate degree or more advanced degree from an accredited institution of higher education;

(2) current licensure, certification, or registration as a health professions practitioner issued by a nationally recognized accrediting agency for health professionals; and

(3) at least two years of wage earning experience utilizing the licensure requirement.

(f) The board may not propose rules for a certificate to teach a health science technology education course that specify that a person must have a bachelor's degree or that establish any other credential or teaching experience requirements that exceed the requirements under Subsection (e).

(f-1) Board rules addressing ongoing educator preparation program support for a candidate seeking certification in a certification class other than classroom teacher may not require that an educator preparation program conduct one or more formal observations of the
candidate on the candidate’s site in a face-to-face setting. The rules must permit each required formal observation to occur on the candidate’s site or through use of electronic transmission or other video-based or technology-based method.

(g) Each educator preparation program must provide information regarding:

(1) the skills that educators are required to possess, the responsibilities that educators are required to accept, and the high expectations for students in this state;

(2) the effect of supply and demand forces on the educator workforce in this state;

(3) the performance over time of the educator preparation program;

(4) the importance of building strong classroom management skills; [and]

(5) the framework in this state for teacher and principal evaluation, including the procedures followed in accordance with Subchapter H; and

(6) appropriate relationships, boundaries, and communications between educators and students.

Texas Education Code, §21.0442, Educator Preparation Program for Probationary and Standard Trade and Industrial Workforce Training Certificates, as added by House Bill (HB) 3349, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017 (excerpts):

(c) In proposing rules for an educator preparation program under this section, the board shall ensure that the program requires at least 80 hours of classroom instruction in:

(1) a specific pedagogy;

(2) creating lesson plans;

(3) creating student assessment instruments;

(4) classroom management; and

(5) relevant federal and state education laws.

Texas Education Code, §21.0443, Educator Preparation Program Approval and Renewal:

(a) The board shall propose rules to establish standards to govern the approval or renewal of approval of:

(1) educator preparation programs; and

(2) certification fields authorized to be offered by an educator preparation program.

(b) To be eligible for approval or renewal of approval, an educator preparation program must adequately prepare candidates for educator certification and meet the standards and requirements of the board.

(c) The board shall require that each educator preparation program be reviewed for renewal of approval at least every five years. The board shall adopt an evaluation process to be used in reviewing an educator preparation program for renewal of approval.

Texas Education Code, §21.0453, Information for Candidates for Teacher Certification:

(a) The board shall require an educator preparation program to provide candidates for teacher certification with information concerning the following:

(1) skills and responsibilities required of teachers;
(2) expectations for student performance based on state standards;
(3) the current supply of and demand for teachers in this state;
(4) the importance of developing classroom management skills; and
(5) the state’s framework for appraisal of teachers and principals.

(b) The board may propose rules as necessary for administration of this section, including rules to ensure that accurate and consistent information is provided by all educator preparation programs.

Texas Education Code, §21.0454, Risk Factors for Educator Preparation Programs; Risk-Assessment Model:

(a) The board shall propose rules necessary to develop a set of risk factors to use in assessing the overall risk level of each educator preparation program. The set of risk factors must include:

(1) a history of the program’s compliance with state law and board rules, standards, and procedures, with consideration given to:
   (A) the seriousness of any violation of a rule, standard or procedure;
   (B) whether the violation resulted in an action being taken against the program;
   (C) whether the violation was promptly remedied by the program;
   (D) the number of alleged violations; and
   (E) any other matter considered to be appropriate in evaluating the program’s compliance history; and

(2) whether the program meets the accountability standards under Section 21.045.

(b) The set of risk factors developed by the board may include whether an educator preparation program is accredited by other organizations.

(c) The board shall use the set of risk factors to guide the agency in conducting monitoring, inspections, and compliance audits of educator preparation programs, including evaluations associated with renewals under Section 21.0443.

Texas Education Code, §21.0455, Complaints Regarding Educator Preparation Programs:

(a) The board shall propose rules necessary to establish a process for a candidate for teacher certification to direct a complaint against an educator preparation program to the agency.

(b) The board by rule shall require an educator preparation program to notify candidates for teacher certification of the complaint process adopted under Subsection (a). The notice must include the name, mailing address, telephone number, and Internet website address of the agency for the purpose of directing complaints to the agency. The educator preparation program shall provide for that notification:

(1) on the Internet website of the educator preparation program, if the program maintains a website; and

(2) on a sign prominently displayed in program facilities.
(c) The board shall post the complaint process adopted under Subsection (a) on the agency's Internet website.

(d) The board has no authority to arbitrate or resolve contractual or commercial issues between an educator preparation program and a candidate for teacher certification.

Texas Education Code, §21.046, Qualifications for Certification as Superintendent or Principal (excerpts):

(b) The qualifications for certification as a principal must be sufficiently flexible so that an outstanding teacher may qualify by substituting approved experience and professional training for part of the educational requirements. Supervised and approved on-the-job experience in addition to required internship shall be accepted in lieu of classroom hours. The qualifications must emphasize:

(1) instructional leadership;
(2) administration, supervision, and communication skills;
(3) curriculum and instruction management;
(4) performance evaluation;
(5) organization; and
(6) fiscal management.

Texas Education Code, §21.0485, Certification to Teach Students with Visual Impairments:

(a) To be eligible to be issued a certificate to teach students with visual impairments, a person must:

(1) complete either:

   (A) all course work required for that certification in an approved educator preparation program; or
   (B) an alternative educator certification program approved for the purpose by the board;

(2) perform satisfactorily on each examination prescribed under Section 21.048 for certification to teach students with visual impairments, after completing the course work or program described by Subdivision (1); and

(3) satisfy any other requirements prescribed by the board.

(b) Subsection (a) does not apply to eligibility for a certificate to teach students with visual impairments, including eligibility for renewal of that certificate, if the application for the initial certificate was submitted on or before September 1, 2011.

Texas Education Code, §21.0487, Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps Teacher Certification (excerpts):

(c) The board shall propose rules to:

(1) approve educator preparation programs to prepare a person as a teacher for certification under this section; and

(2) establish requirements under which:
(A) a person's training and experience acquired during the person's military service serves as proof of the person's demonstration of subject matter knowledge if that training and experience is verified by the branch of service in which the person served; and

(B) a person's employment by a school district as a Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps instructor before the person was enrolled in an educator preparation program or while the person is enrolled in an educator preparation program is applied to satisfy any student teaching, internship, or field-based experience program requirement.

Texas Education Code, §21.0489, Early Childhood Certification, as added by SB 1839 and HB 2039, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017 (excerpt):

(c) To be eligible for a certificate established under this section, a person must:

(1) either:

(A) satisfactorily complete the course work for that certificate in an educator preparation program, including a knowledge-based and skills-based course of instruction on early childhood education that includes:

(i) teaching methods for:

(a) using small group instructional formats that focus on building social, emotional, and academic skills;

(b) navigating multiple content areas; and

(c) managing a classroom environment in which small groups of students are working on different tasks; and

(ii) strategies for teaching fundamental academic skills, including reading, writing, and numeracy; or

(B) hold an early childhood through grade six certificate issued under this subchapter and satisfactorily complete a course of instruction described by Paragraph (A);

(2) perform satisfactorily on an early childhood certificate examination prescribed by the board; and

(3) satisfy any other requirements prescribed by the board.

Texas Education Code, §21.049, Alternative Certification (excerpt):

(a) To provide a continuing additional source of qualified educators, the board shall propose rules providing for educator certification programs as an alternative to traditional educator preparation programs. The rules may not provide that a person may be certified under this section only if there is a demonstrated shortage of educators in a school district or subject area.

Texas Education Code, §21.0491, Probationary and Standard Trade and Industrial Workforce Training Certificates:

(a) To provide a continuing additional source of teachers to provide workforce training, the board shall establish a probationary trade and industrial workforce training certificate and
a standard trade and industrial workforce training certificate that may be obtained through an abbreviated educator preparation program under Section 21.0442.

(b) To be eligible for a probationary certificate under this section, a person must:

(1) satisfactorily complete the course work for that certificate in an educator preparation program under Section 21.0442; and

(2) satisfy any other requirements prescribed by the board.

(c) To be eligible for a standard certificate under this section, a person must:

(1) hold a probationary certificate issued under this section;

(2) be employed by:

   (A) a public or private primary or secondary school; or

   (B) an institution of higher education or an independent or private institution of higher education as those terms are defined by Section 61.003; and

(3) perform satisfactorily on a standard trade and industrial workforce training certificate examination prescribed by the board.

(d) The limitation imposed by Section 21.048(a-1) on the number of administrations of an examination does not apply to the administration of the standard trade and industrial workforce training certificate examination prescribed by the board.

(e) Notwithstanding any other law, the board may administer the standard trade and industrial workforce training certificate examination to a person who satisfies the requirements of Subsections (c)(1) and (2).

(f) The board shall propose rules to:

(1) specify the term of a probationary certificate and a standard certificate issued under this section; and

(2) establish the requirements for renewal of a standard certificate.

Texas Education Code, §21.050, Academic Degree Required for Teaching Certificate; Internship (excerpts):

(b) The board may not require more than 18 semester credit hours of education courses at the baccalaureate level for the granting of a teaching certificate. The board shall provide for a minimum number of semester credit hours of internship to be included in the hours needed for certification. The board may propose rules requiring additional credit hours for certification in bilingual education, English as a second language, early childhood education, or special education.

(c) A person who receives a bachelor’s degree required for a teaching certificate on the basis of higher education coursework completed while receiving an exemption from tuition and fees under Section 54.363 may not be required to participate in any field experience or internship consisting of student teaching to receive a teaching certificate.
Texas Education Code, §21.051, Rules Regarding Field-Based Experience and Options for Field Experience and Internships, as amended by SB 1839, 85th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2017:

(a) In this section, "teacher of record" means a person employed by a school district who teaches the majority of the instructional day in an academic instructional setting and is responsible for evaluating student achievement and assigning grades.

(b) Before a school district may employ a candidate for certification as a teacher of record and, except as provided by Subsection (b-1), after the candidate's admission to an educator preparation program, the candidate must complete at least 15 hours of field-based experience in which the candidate is actively engaged in instructional or educational activities under supervision at:

(1) a public school campus accredited or approved for the purpose by the agency; or

(2) a private school recognized or approved for the purpose by the agency.

(b-1) A candidate may satisfy up to 15 hours of the field-based experience requirement under Subsection (b) by serving as a long-term substitute teacher as prescribed by board rule. Experience under this subsection may occur after the candidate's admission to an educator preparation program or during the two years before the date the candidate is admitted to the program. The candidate's experience in instructional or educational activities must be documented by the educator preparation program and must be obtained at:

(1) a public school campus accredited or approved for the purpose by the agency; or

(2) a private school recognized or approved for the purpose by the agency.

(c) Subsection (b) applies only to an initial certification issued on or after September 1, 2012. Subsection (b) does not affect:

(1) the validity of a certification issued before September 1, 2012; or

(2) the eligibility of a person who holds a certification issued before September 1, 2012, to obtain a subsequent renewal of the certification in accordance with board rule.

(d) Subsection (b) does not affect the period within which an individual must complete field-based experience hours as determined by board rule if the individual is not accepted into an educator preparation program before the deadline prescribed by board rule and is hired for a teaching assignment by a school district after the deadline prescribed by board rule.

(e) The board shall propose rules relating to the field-based experience required by Subsection (b). The commissioner by rule shall adopt procedures and standards for recognizing a private school under Subsection (b)(2).

(f) The board shall propose rules providing flexible options for persons for any field-based experience or internship required for certification.

Texas Occupations Code, §55.007, License Eligibility Requirements for Applicants with Military Experience:

(a) Notwithstanding any other law, a state agency that issues a license shall, with respect to an applicant who is a military service member or military veteran, credit verified military
service, training, or education toward the licensing requirements, other than an examination requirement, for a license issued by the state agency.

(b) The state agency shall adopt rules necessary to implement this section.

(c) Rules adopted under this section may not apply to an applicant who:

   (1) holds a restricted license issued by another jurisdiction; or

   (2) has an unacceptable criminal history according to the law applicable to the state agency.
Chapter 228. Requirements for Educator Preparation Programs


(a) To ensure the highest level of educator preparation and practice, the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) recognizes that the preparation of educators must be the joint responsibility of educator preparation programs (EPPs) and the Early Childhood-Grade 12 public and private schools of Texas. Collaboration in the development, delivery, and evaluation of educator preparation is required.

(b) Consistent with the Texas Education Code, §21.049, the SBEC’s rules governing educator preparation are designed to promote flexibility and creativity in the design of EPPs to accommodate the unique characteristics and needs of different regions of the state as well as the diverse population of potential educators.

(c) All EPPs are subject to the same standards of accountability, as required under Chapter 229 of this title (relating to Accountability System for Educator Preparation Programs).

(d) If the governor declares a state of disaster consistent with the Texas Government Code, §418.014, Texas Education Agency staff may extend deadlines in this chapter for up to 90 days and decrease clinical teaching, internship, and practicum assignment minimums by up to 20 percent as necessary to accommodate persons in the affected disaster areas.

§228.2. Definitions.

The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

(1) Academic year--If not referring to the academic year of a particular public, private, or charter school or institution of higher education, September 1 through August 31.

(2) Accredited institution of higher education--An institution of higher education that, at the time it conferred the degree, was accredited or otherwise approved by an accrediting organization recognized by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board.

(3) Alternative certification program--An approved educator preparation program, delivered by entities described in §228.20(a) of this title (relating to Governance of Educator Preparation Programs), specifically designed as an alternative to a traditional undergraduate certification program, for individuals already holding at least a bachelor's degree from an accredited institution of higher education.

(4) Benchmarks--A record similar to a transcript for each candidate enrolled in an educator preparation program documenting the completion of admission, program, certification, and other requirements.

(5) Candidate--An individual who has been formally or contingently admitted into an educator preparation program; also referred to as an enrollee or participant.

(6) Certification category--A certificate type within a certification class; also known as certification field.

(7) Certification class--A certificate, as described in §230.33 of this title (relating to Classes of Certificates), that has defined characteristics; also known as certification field.

(8) Classroom teacher--An educator who is employed by a school or district and who, not less than an average of four hours each day, teaches in an academic instructional setting or a career and technical instructional setting. This term does not include an educational aide or a full-time administrator.
(9) Clinical teaching--A supervised educator assignment through an educator preparation program at a public school accredited by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) or other school approved by the TEA for this purpose that may lead to completion of a standard certificate; also referred to as student teaching.

(10) Clock-hours--The actual number of hours of coursework or training provided; for purposes of calculating the training and coursework required by this chapter, one semester credit hour at an accredited institution of higher education is equivalent to 15 clock-hours. Clock-hours of field-based experiences, clinical teaching, internship, and practicum are actual hours spent in the required educational activities and experiences.

(11) Contingency admission--Admission as described in §227.15 of this title (relating to Contingency Admission).

(12) Cooperating teacher--For a clinical teacher candidate, an educator who is collaboratively assigned by the educator preparation program (EPP) and campus administrator; who has at least three years of teaching experience; who is an accomplished educator as shown by student learning; who has completed cooperating teacher training by the EPP within three weeks of being assigned to a clinical teacher; who is currently certified in the certification category for the clinical teaching assignment for which the clinical teacher candidate is seeking certification; who guides, assists, and supports the candidate during the candidate's clinical teaching in areas such as planning, classroom management, instruction, assessment, working with parents, obtaining materials, district policies; and who reports the candidate's progress to that candidate's field supervisor.

(13) Educator preparation program--An entity that must be approved by the State Board for Educator Certification to recommend candidates in one or more educator certification classes.

(14) Entity--The legal entity that is approved to deliver an educator preparation program.

(15) Field-based experiences--Introductory experiences for a classroom teacher certification candidate involving, at the minimum, reflective observation of Early Childhood-Grade 12 students, teachers, and faculty/staff members engaging in educational activities in a school setting.

(16) Field supervisor--A currently certified educator, hired by the educator preparation program, who preferably has advanced credentials, to observe candidates, monitor their performance, and provide constructive feedback to improve their effectiveness as educators. A field supervisor shall have at least three years of experience and current certification in the class in which supervision is provided. A field supervisor shall be an accomplished educator as shown by student learning. A field supervisor with experience as a campus-level administrator [principal] and who holds a current certificate that is appropriate for a principal assignment may also supervise [principal] classroom teacher, master teacher, and reading specialist candidates. A field supervisor with experience as a district-level administrator [superintendent] and who holds a current certificate that is appropriate for a superintendent assignment may also supervise [superintendent] classroom teacher, master teacher, and reading specialist candidates. If an individual is not currently certified, an individual must hold at least a master's degree in the academic area or field related to the certification class for which supervision is being provided and comply with the same number, content, and type of continuing professional education requirements described in §232.11 of this title (relating to Number and Content of Required Continuing Professional Education Hours), §232.13 of this title (relating to Number of Required Continuing Professional Education Hours by Classes of Certificates), and §232.15 of this title (relating to Types of Acceptable Continuing Professional Education Activities). A field supervisor shall not be employed by the same school where the candidate being supervised is completing his or her clinical teaching, internship, or practicum. A mentor, cooperating teacher, or site supervisor, assigned as required by §228.35(g) [§228.35(e)] of this title (relating to Preparation Program Coursework and/or Training), may not also serve as a candidate's field supervisor.

(17) Formal admission--Admission as described in §227.17 of this title (relating to Formal Admission).

(18) Head Start Program--The federal program established under the Head Start Act (42 United States Code, §9801 et seq.) and its subsequent amendments.
(19) Initial certification--The first Texas certificate in a class of certificate issued to an individual based on participation in an approved educator preparation program.

(20) Intern certificate--A type of certificate as specified in §230.36 of this title (relating to Intern Certificates) that is issued to a candidate who has pass all required content certification examinations and is completing initial requirements for certification through an approved educator preparation program.

(21) Internship--A paid supervised classroom teacher assignment for one full school year at a public school accredited by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) or other school approved by the TEA for this purpose that may lead to completion of a standard certificate. [An internship is successful when the field supervisor and supervising campus administrator recommend to the EPP that the candidate should be recommended for a standard certificate.]

(22) Late hire--An individual who has not been accepted into an educator preparation program before the 45th day before the first day of instruction and who is hired for a teaching assignment by a school after the 45th day before the first day of instruction or after the school's academic year has begun.

(23) Mentor--For an internship candidate, an educator who is collaboratively assigned by the campus administrator and the educator preparation program (EPP); who has at least three years of teaching experience; who is an accomplished educator as shown by student learning; who has completed mentor training by an EPP within three weeks of being assigned to the intern; who is currently certified in the certification category in which the internship candidate is seeking certification; who guides, assists, and supports the candidate during the internship in areas such as planning, classroom management, instruction, assessment, working with parents, obtaining materials, district policies; and who reports the candidate's progress to that candidate's field supervisor.

(24) Pedagogy--The art and science of teaching, incorporating instructional methods that are developed from scientifically-based research.

(25) Post-baccalaureate program--An educator preparation program, delivered by an accredited institution of higher education and approved by the State Board for Educator Certification to recommend candidates for certification, that is designed for individuals who already hold at least a bachelor's degree and are seeking an additional degree.

(26) Practicum--A supervised educator assignment at a public school accredited by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) or other school approved by the TEA for this purpose that is in a school setting in the particular class for which a certificate in a class other than classroom teacher is sought.

(27) Probationary certificate--A type of certificate as specified in §230.37 of this title (relating to Probationary Certificates) that is issued to a candidate who has passed all required certification examinations and is completing requirements for certification through an approved educator preparation program.

(28) School day--If not referring to the school day of a particular public or private school, a school day shall be at least seven hours (420 minutes) each day, including intermissions and recesses.

(29) School year--If not referring to the school year of a particular public or private school, a school year shall provide at least 180 days (75,600 minutes) of instruction for students.

(30) Site supervisor--For a practicum candidate, an educator who has at least three years of experience in the aspect(s) of the certification class being pursued by the candidate; who is collaboratively assigned by the campus or district administrator and the educator preparation program (EPP); who is currently certified in the certification class in which the practicum candidate is seeking certification; who has completed training by the EPP within three weeks of being assigned to a practicum candidate; who is an accomplished educator as shown by student learning; who guides, assists, and supports the candidate during the practicum; and who reports the candidate's progress to the candidate's field supervisor.
Texas Education Agency staff--Staff of the Texas Education Agency assigned by the commissioner of education to perform the State Board for Educator Certification's administrative functions and services.

Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS)--The kindergarten-Grade 12 state curriculum in Texas adopted by the State Board of Education and used as the foundation of all state certification examinations.

§228.30. Educator Preparation Curriculum.

(a) The educator standards adopted by the State Board for Educator Certification [SBEC] shall be the curricular basis for all educator preparation and, for each certificate, address the relevant Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS).

(b) The curriculum for each educator preparation program shall rely on scientifically-based research to ensure educator effectiveness.

(c) The following subject matter shall be included in the curriculum for candidates seeking initial certification in any certification class:

1. the code of ethics and standard practices for Texas educators, pursuant to Chapter 247 of this title (relating to Educators' Code of Ethics), which include:
   A. professional ethical conduct, practices, and performance;
   B. ethical conduct toward professional colleagues; and
   C. ethical conduct toward students;

2. instruction in detection and education of students with dyslexia, as indicated in the Texas Education Code (TEC), §21.044(b);

3. instruction regarding mental health, substance abuse, and youth suicide, as indicated in the TEC, §21.044(c-1). Instruction acquired from the list of recommended best practice-based programs or research-based practices shall be implemented as required by the provider of the best practice-based program or research-based practice;

4. the skills that educators are required to possess, the responsibilities that educators are required to accept, and the high expectations for students in this state;

5. the importance of building strong classroom management skills;

6. the framework in this state for teacher and principal evaluation;

7. appropriate relationships, boundaries, and communications between educators and students; and

8. instruction in digital learning, including a digital literacy evaluation followed by a prescribed digital learning curriculum. The instruction required must:
   A. be aligned with the latest version of the International Society for Technology in Education's (ISTE) standards as appears on the ISTE website;
   B. provide effective, evidence-based strategies to determine a person's degree of digital literacy; and
   C. include resources to address any deficiencies identified by the digital literacy evaluation.

(d) The following subject matter shall be included in the curriculum for candidates seeking initial certification in the classroom teacher certification class:

1. the relevant TEKS, including the English Language Proficiency Standards;

2. reading instruction, including instruction that improves students' content-area literacy;

3. for certificates that include early childhood and prekindergarten, the Prekindergarten Guidelines; and
(4) the skills and competencies captured in the Texas teacher standards in Chapter 149, Subchapter AA, of this title (relating to Teacher Standards), which include:
   - Instructional planning and delivery;
   - Knowledge of students and student learning;
   - Content knowledge and expertise;
   - Learning environment;
   - Data-driven practice; and
   - Professional practices and responsibilities.

(e) For candidates seeking certification in the principal certification class, the curriculum shall include the skills and competencies captured in the Texas administrator standards, as indicated in Chapter 149, Subchapter BB, of this title (relating to Administrator Standards), which include:
   - Instructional leadership;
   - Human capital;
   - Executive leadership;
   - School culture; and
   - Strategic operations.

(f) The following educator content standards from Chapter 235 of this title (relating to Classroom Teacher Certification Standards) shall be included in the curriculum for candidates who hold a valid standard, provisional, or one-year classroom teacher certificate specified in §230.31 of this title (relating to Types of Certificates) in a certificate category that allows the candidates who are seeking the Early Childhood: Prekindergarten-Grade 3 certificate to teach all subjects in Prekindergarten, Kindergarten, Grade 1, Grade 2, or Grade 3:
   - Child Development provisions of the Early Childhood: Prekindergarten-Grade 3 Content Standards;
   - Early Childhood-Grade 3 Pedagogy and Professional Responsibilities; and
   - Science of Teaching Reading standards.

§228.35. Preparation Program Coursework and/or Training.

(a) Coursework and/or training for candidates seeking initial certification in any certification class.

(1) An educator preparation program (EPP) shall provide coursework and/or training to adequately prepare candidates for educator certification and ensure the educator is effective in the classroom.

(2) Coursework and/or training shall be sustained, rigorous, intensive, interactive, candidate-focused, and performance-based.

(3) All coursework and/or training shall be completed prior to EPP completion and standard certification.

(4) With appropriate documentation such as certificate of attendance, sign-in sheet, or other written school district verification, 50 clock-hours of training may be provided by a school district and/or campus that is an approved Texas Education Agency (TEA) [TEA] continuing professional education provider to a candidate who is considered a late hire. The training provided by the school district and/or campus must meet the criteria described in the Texas Education Code (TEC), §21.451 (Staff Development Requirements) and must be directly related to the certificate being sought.

(5) Each EPP must develop and implement specific criteria and procedures that allow:
(A) military service member or military veteran candidates to credit verified military service,
training, or education toward the training, education, work experience, or related
requirements (other than certification examinations) for educator certification
requirements, provided that the military service, training, or education is directly related
to the certificate being sought; and

(B) candidates who are not military service members or military veterans to substitute prior
or ongoing service, training, or education, provided that the experience, education, or
training is not also counted as a part of the internship, clinical teaching, or practicum
requirements, was provided by an approved EPP or an accredited institution of higher
education within the past five years, and is directly related to the certificate being sought.

(6) Coursework and training that is offered online must meet, or the EPP must be making progress
toward meeting, criteria set for accreditation, quality assurance, and/or compliance with one or
more of the following:

(A) Accreditation or Certification by the Distance Education Accrediting Commission;

(B) Program Design and Teaching Support Certification by Quality Matters;

(C) Part 1, Chapter 4, Subchapter P, of this title (relating to Approval of Distance Education
Courses and Programs for Public Institutions); or

(D) Part 1, Chapter 7 of this title (relating to Degree Granting Colleges and Universities
Other than Texas Public Institutions).

(b) Coursework and/or training for candidates seeking initial certification in the classroom teacher certification
class. An EPP shall provide each candidate with a minimum of 300 clock-hours of coursework and/or
training. Unless a candidate qualifies as a late hire, a candidate shall complete the following prior to any
clinical teaching or internship:

(1) a minimum of 30 clock-hours of field-based experience. Up to 15 clock-hours of this field-based
experience may be provided by use of electronic transmission or other video or technology-based
method; and

(2) 150 clock-hours of coursework and/or training that allows candidates to demonstrate proficiency
in:

(A) designing clear, well-organized, sequential, engaging, and flexible lessons that reflect
best practice, align with standards and related content, are appropriate for diverse learners
and encourage higher-order thinking, persistence, and achievement;

(B) formally and informally collecting, analyzing, and using student progress data to inform
instruction and make needed lesson adjustments;

(C) ensuring high levels of learning, social-emotional development, and achievement for all
students through knowledge of students, proven practices, and differentiated instruction;

(D) clearly and accurately communicating to support persistence, deeper learning, and
effective effort;

(E) organizing a safe, accessible, and efficient classroom;

(F) establishing, communicating, and maintaining clear expectations for student behavior;

(G) leading a mutually respectful and collaborative class of actively engaged learners;

(H) meeting expectations for attendance, professional appearance, decorum, procedural,
ethical, legal, and statutory responsibilities;

(I) reflect on his or her practice; and

(J) effectively communicating with students, families, colleagues, and community members.
(c) Coursework and training for candidates seeking initial certification in the classroom teacher certification class in Trade and Industrial Workforce Training, Marketing: Grades 6-12, or Health Science: Grades 6-12. An EPP shall provide a minimum of 200 clock-hours of coursework and/or training for a candidate seeking a Trade and Industrial Workforce Training certificate as specified in §233.14(b), (c), and (e) of this title (relating to Career and Technical Education (Certificates requiring experience and preparation in a skill area)).

(1) A candidate shall complete the following prior to any clinical teaching or internship:

(A) the field-based experience described in subsection (b)(1) of this section; and

(B) 80 clock-hours of coursework and/or training described in subsection (b)(2) of this section and the educator standards related to those fields.

(2) Prior to completion of the program, a candidate shall complete 90 clock-hours of coursework and/or training described in §228.30(a)-(d) of this title (relating to Educator Preparation Curriculum). The additional coursework and/or training may be provided by a school district, a campus, an EPP, or another entity that is an approved TEA continuing professional education provider. Appropriate documentation such as certificate of attendance, sign-in sheet, or other written verification must be validated by the candidate's EPP.

(d) [oe] Coursework and/or training for candidates seeking initial certification in a certification class other than classroom teacher. An EPP shall provide coursework and/or training to ensure that the educator is effective in the assignment. An EPP shall provide a candidate with a minimum of 200 clock-hours of coursework and/or training that is directly aligned to the educator standards for the applicable certification class.

(e) [eh] Late hire provisions. A late hire for a school district teaching position may begin employment under an intern or probationary certificate before completing the pre-internship requirements of subsection (b) of this section, but shall complete these requirements within 90 school days of assignment.

(f) [ee] Educator preparation program delivery. An EPP shall provide evidence of ongoing and relevant field-based experiences throughout the EPP in a variety of educational settings with diverse student populations, including observation, modeling, and demonstration of effective practices to improve student learning.

(1) For initial certification in the classroom teacher certification class, each EPP shall provide field-based experiences, as defined in §228.2 of this title (relating to Definitions), for a minimum of 30 clock-hours. The field-based experiences must be completed prior to assignment in an internship or clinical teaching.

(A) Field-based experiences must include 15 clock-hours in which the candidate, under the direction of the EPP, is actively engaged in instructional or educational activities that include:

(i) authentic school settings in a public school accredited by the TEA [Texas Education Agency (TEA)] or other school approved by the TEA for this purpose;

(ii) instruction by content certified teachers;

(iii) actual students in classrooms/instructional settings with identity-proof provisions;

(iv) content or grade-level specific classrooms/instructional settings; and

(v) written reflection of the observation.

(B) Up to 15 clock-hours of field-based experience may be provided by use of electronic transmission or other video or technology-based method. Field-based experience provided by use of electronic transmission or other video or technology-based method must include:

(i) direction of the EPP;

(ii) authentic school settings in an accredited public or private school;
(iii) instruction by content certified teachers;
(iv) actual students in classrooms/instructional settings with identity-proof provisions;
(v) content or grade-level specific classrooms/instructional settings; and
(vi) written reflection of the observation.

(C) Up to 15 clock-hours of field-based experience may be satisfied by serving as a long-term substitute. A long-term substitute is an individual who has been hired by a school or district to work at least 30 consecutive days in an assignment as a classroom teacher. Experience may occur after the candidate's admission to an EPP or during the two years before the date the candidate is admitted to the EPP. The candidate's experience in instructional or educational activities must be documented by the EPP and must be obtained at a public or private school accredited or approved for the purpose by the TEA.

(2) For initial certification in the classroom teacher certification class, each EPP shall also provide at least one of the following:

(A) Clinical Teaching.

(i) Clinical teaching must meet one of the following requirements:

(I) a minimum of 14 weeks (no fewer than 70 full days), with a full day being 100% of the school day; or
(II) a minimum of 28 weeks (no fewer than 140 half days), with a half day being 50% of the school day.

(ii) A clinical teaching assignment as described in clause (i)(I) of this subparagraph shall not be less than an average of four hours each day in the subject area and grade level of certification sought. The average includes intermissions and recesses but does not include conference and duty-free lunch periods.

(iii) Clinical teaching is successful when the candidate demonstrates proficiency in each of the educator standards for the assignment and the field supervisor and cooperating teacher recommend to the EPP that the candidate should be recommended for a standard certificate. If either the field supervisor or cooperating teacher do not recommend the candidate, the person who does not recommend the candidate must provide documentation supporting the lack of recommendation to the candidate and either the field supervisor or cooperating teacher.

(iv) An EPP may permit a full day clinical teaching assignment up to 5 full days fewer than the minimum and a half day clinical teaching assignment up to 10 half days fewer than the minimum if due to maternity leave, military leave, or illness.

(B) Internship. An internship must be for a minimum of one full school year for the classroom teacher assignment or assignments that match the certification category or categories for which the candidate is prepared by the EPP.

(i) An EPP may permit an internship of up to 30 school days fewer than the minimum if due to maternity leave, military leave, illness, or if the late hire date is after the first day of the school year.

(ii) The beginning date for an internship for the purpose of field supervision is the first day of instruction with students in the school or district in which the internship takes place.

(iii) An internship assignment shall not be less than an average of four hours each day in the subject area and grade level of certification sought. The average
includes intermissions and recesses but does not include conference and duty-free lunch periods. An EPP may permit an additional internship assignment of less than an average of four hours each day if:

(I) the primary assignment is not less than an average of four hours each day in the subject area and grade level of certification sought;

(II) the EPP is approved to offer preparation in the certification category required for the additional assignment;

(III) the EPP provides ongoing support for each assignment as prescribed in subsection (h) [(g)] of this section;

(IV) the EPP provides coursework and training for each assignment to adequately prepare the candidate to be effective in the classroom; and

(V) the employing school or district notifies the candidate and the EPP in writing that an assignment of less than four hours will be required.

(iv) A candidate must hold an intern or probationary certificate while participating in an internship. A candidate must meet the requirements and conditions, including the subject matter knowledge requirement, prescribed in §230.36 of this title (relating to Intern Certificates) and §230.37 of this title (relating to Probationary Certificates) to be eligible for an intern or probationary certificate.

(v) An EPP may recommend an additional internship if:

(I) the EPP certifies that the first internship was not successful, the EPP has developed a plan to address any deficiencies identified by the candidate and the candidate's field supervisor, and the EPP implements the plan during the additional internship; or

(II) the EPP certifies that the first internship was successful and that the candidate is making satisfactory progress toward completing the EPP before the end of the additional internship.

(vi) An EPP must provide ongoing support to a candidate as described in subsection (h) [(g)] of this section for the full term of the initial and any additional internship, unless, prior to the expiration of that term:

(I) a standard certificate is issued to the candidate during any additional internship under a probationary certificate;

(II) the candidate resigns, is non-renewed, or is terminated by the school or district. A candidate must provide the EPP the official notice of resignation or termination within seven calendar days [one business day] after receipt of the notice from the employing school or district. An EPP must notify a candidate in writing that the EPP will provide TEA with notice about the resignation or termination and that the intern or probationary certificate will be inactivated by the TEA 30 calendar days from the effective date of the resignation or termination. Within one business day after providing the notice to a candidate, an EPP must email the TEA a copy of the notice to the candidate and a copy of the official notice of the resignation or termination;

(III) the candidate is discharged or is released from the EPP. An EPP must notify a candidate in writing that the candidate is being discharged or released, that the EPP will provide the employing school or district with notice of the discharge or release, that the EPP will provide TEA with notice about the discharge or release [resignation or termination],
and that the intern or probationary certificate will be inactivated by the TEA 30 calendar days from the effective date of the discharge or release. Within one business day after providing a candidate with notice of discharge or release, an EPP must provide written notification to the employing school or district of the withdrawal, discharge, or release. Within one business day of providing notice to the employing school or district, an EPP must email the TEA a copy of the notice of discharge or release and a copy of the notice to the employing school or district.

(IV) the candidate withdraws from the EPP. A candidate must notify the EPP in writing that the candidate is withdrawing from the EPP. Within seven calendar days after receipt of the withdrawal notice, an EPP must notify a candidate in writing that the EPP will provide the employing school or district with notice of the withdrawal, that the EPP will provide TEA with notice about the withdrawal, and that the intern or probationary certificate will be inactivated by the TEA 30 calendar days from the effective date of the withdrawal. Within one business day after providing a candidate with notice of discharge or release, an EPP must provide written notification to the employing school or district of the withdrawal, discharge, or release. Within one business day of providing notice to the employing school or district, an EPP must email the TEA a copy of the notice of withdrawal and a copy of the notice to the employing school or district; or

(V) the internship assignment does not meet the requirements described in this subparagraph. Within seven calendar days of knowing that an internship assignment does not meet requirements, an EPP must notify a candidate in writing: that the internship assignment does not meet the requirements; that the EPP will provide the employing school or district with notice; that the EPP will provide the TEA with notice; and that the intern or probationary certificate will be inactivated by the TEA 30 calendar days from the effective date the notice to the candidate was sent by the EPP. Within one business day after providing a candidate with notice, an EPP must provide written notification to the employing school or district that the internship assignment does not meet requirements and that the TEA will inactivate the certificate. Within one business day of providing notice to the employing school or district, an EPP must email the TEA a copy of the notice to the candidate and a copy of the notice to the employing school or district.

(vii) An internship is successful when the candidate demonstrates proficiency in each of the educator standards for the assignment and the field supervisor and campus supervisor recommend to the EPP that the candidate should be recommended for a standard certificate. If either the field supervisor or campus supervisor do not recommend that the candidate should be recommended for a standard certificate, the person who does not recommend the candidate must provide documentation supporting the lack of recommendation to the candidate and either the field supervisor or campus supervisor.

(viii) An internship for a Trade and Industrial Workforce Training certificate may be at an accredited institution of higher education if the candidate teaches not less than an average of four hours each day, including intermissions and recesses, in a dual credit career and technical instructional setting as defined by Part 1, Chapter 4, Subchapter D of this title (relating to Dual Credit Partnerships Between Secondary Schools and Public Schools).

(3) An EPP may request an exception to the clinical teaching option described in this subsection.
(A) Submission of Exception Request. The request for an exception must include an alternate requirement that will adequately prepare candidates for educator certification and ensure the educator is effective in the classroom. The request for an exception must be submitted in a form developed by the TEA staff that shall include:

(i) the rationale and support for the alternate clinical teaching option;
(ii) a full description and methodology of the alternate clinical teaching option;
(iii) a description of the controls to maintain the delivery of equivalent, quality education; and
(iv) a description of the ongoing monitoring and evaluation process to ensure that EPP objectives are met.

(B) Review, Approval, and Revocation of Exception Request.

(i) Exception requests will be reviewed by TEA staff, and the TEA staff shall recommend to the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) whether the exception should be approved. The SBEC may:

(I) approve the request;
(II) approve the request with conditions;
(III) deny approval of the request; or
(IV) defer action on the request pending receipt of further information.

(ii) If the SBEC approves the request with conditions, the EPP must meet the conditions specified in the request. If the EPP does not meet the conditions, the approval is revoked.

(iii) If the SBEC approves the request, the EPP must submit a written report of outcomes resulting from the clinical teaching exception to the TEA by September 15 of each academic year. If the EPP does not timely submit the report, the approval is revoked.

(iv) If the SBEC does approve the exception or an approval is revoked, an EPP must wait at least six months from the date of the denial or revocation before submitting a new request.

(4) Candidates participating in an internship or a clinical teaching assignment need to experience a full range of professional responsibilities that shall include the start of the school year. The start of the school year is defined as the first 15 instructional days of the school year. If these experiences cannot be provided through clinical teaching or an internship, they must be provided through field-based experiences.

(5) An internship or clinical teaching experience for certificates that include early childhood may be completed at a Head Start Program with the following stipulations:

(A) a certified teacher is available as a trained mentor;
(B) the Head Start program is affiliated with the federal Head Start program and approved by the TEA;
(C) the Head Start program teaches three- and four-year-old students; and
(D) the state's prekindergarten curriculum guidelines are being implemented.

(6) An internship or clinical teaching experience must take place in an actual school setting rather than a distance learning lab or virtual school setting.

(7) An internship or clinical teaching experience shall not take place in a setting where the candidate:

(A) has an administrative role over the mentor or cooperating teacher; or
(B) is related to the field supervisor, mentor, or cooperating teacher by blood (consanguinity) within the third degree or by marriage (affinity) within the second degree.

(8) [66] For certification in a class other than classroom teacher, each EPP shall provide a practicum for a minimum of 160 clock-hours whereby a candidate must demonstrate proficiency in each of the educator standards for the certificate class being sought.

(A) A practicum experience must take place in an actual school setting rather than a distance learning lab or virtual school setting.

(B) A practicum shall not take place in a setting where the candidate:

(i) has an administrative role over the site supervisor; or

(ii) is related to the field supervisor or site supervisor by blood (consanguinity) within the third degree or by marriage (affinity) within the second degree.

(C) An intern or probationary certificate may be issued to a candidate for a certification class other than classroom teacher who meets the requirements and conditions, including the subject matter knowledge requirement, prescribed in §230.37 of this title.

(i) A candidate for an intern or probationary certificate in a certification class other than classroom teacher must meet all requirements established by the recommending EPP, which shall be based on the qualifications and requirements for the class of certification sought and the duties to be performed by the holder of a probationary certificate in that class.

(ii) An EPP may recommend an additional practicum under a probationary certificate if:

(I) the EPP certifies that the first practicum was not successful, the EPP has developed a plan to address any deficiencies identified by the candidate and the candidate's field supervisor, and the EPP implements the plan during the additional practicum; or

(II) the EPP certifies that the first practicum was successful and that the candidate is making satisfactory progress toward completing the EPP before the end of the additional practicum.

(D) A practicum is successful when the field supervisor and the site supervisor recommend to the EPP that the candidate should be recommended for a standard certificate. If either the field supervisor or site supervisor does not recommend that the candidate should be recommended for a standard certificate, the person who does not recommend the candidate must provide documentation supporting the lack of recommendation to the candidate and either the field supervisor or site supervisor.

(9) [22] Subject to all the requirements of this section, the TEA may approve a school that is not a public school accredited by the TEA as a site for field-based experience, internship, clinical teaching, and/or practicum.

(A) All Department of Defense Education Activity (DoDEA) schools, wherever located, and all schools accredited by the Texas Private School Accreditation Commission (TEPSAC) are approved by the TEA for purposes of field-based experience, internship, clinical teaching, and/or practicum.

(B) An EPP may file an application with the TEA for approval, subject to periodic review, of a public school, a private school, or a school system located within any state or territory of the United States, as a site for field-based experience. The application shall be in a form developed by the TEA staff and shall include, at a minimum, evidence showing that the instructional standards of the school or school system align with those of the applicable Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) and SBEC certification standards.
(C) An EPP may file an application with the TEA for approval, subject to periodic review, of a public or private school located within any state or territory of the United States, as a site for an internship, clinical teaching, and/or practicum required by this chapter. The application shall be in a form developed by the TEA staff and shall include, at a minimum:

(i) the accreditation(s) held by the school;
(ii) a crosswalk comparison of the alignment of the instructional standards of the school with those of the applicable TEKS and SBEC certification standards;
(iii) the certification, credentials, and training of the field supervisor(s) who will supervise candidates in the school; and
(iv) the measures that will be taken by the EPP to ensure that the candidate's experience will be equivalent to that of a candidate in a Texas public school accredited by the TEA.

(D) An EPP may file an application with the TEA for approval, subject to periodic review, of a public or private school located outside the United States, as a site for clinical teaching, internship, or practicum required by this chapter. The application shall be in a form developed by the TEA staff and shall include, at a minimum, the same elements required in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph for schools located within any state or territory of the United States, with the addition of a description of the on-site program personnel and program support that will be provided and a description of the school's recognition by the U.S. State Department Office of Overseas Schools.

(g) Mentors, cooperating teachers, and site supervisors. In order to support a new educator and to increase educator retention, an EPP shall collaborate with the campus or district administrator to assign each candidate a mentor during the candidate's internship, assign a cooperating teacher during the candidate's clinical teaching experience, or assign a site supervisor during the candidate's practicum. If an individual who meets the certification category and/or experience criteria for a cooperating teacher, mentor, or site supervisor is not available, the EPP and campus or district administrator shall assign an individual who most closely meets the criteria and document the reason for selecting an individual that does not meet the criteria. The EPP is responsible for providing mentor, cooperating teacher, and/or site supervisor training that relies on scientifically-based research, but the program may allow the training to be provided by a school, district, or regional education service center if properly documented.

(h) Ongoing educator preparation program support for initial certification of teachers. Supervision of each candidate shall be conducted with the structured guidance and regular ongoing support of an experienced educator who has been trained as a field supervisor. Supervision provided on or after September 1, 2017, must be provided by a field supervisor who has completed TEA-approved observation training. The initial contact, which may be made by telephone, email, or other electronic communication, with the assigned candidate must occur within the first three weeks of assignment. For each formal observation, the field supervisor shall participate in an individualized pre-observation conference with the candidate, document educational practices observed; provide written feedback through an individualized, synchronous, and interactive post-observation conference with the candidate; and provide a copy of the written feedback to the candidate's cooperating teacher or mentor. Neither the pre-observation conference nor the post-observation conference need to be on site. For candidates participating in an internship, the field supervisor shall provide a copy of the written feedback to the candidate's supervising campus administrator. Formal observations by the field supervisor conducted through collaboration with school or district personnel can be used to meet the requirements of this subsection. Informal observations and coaching shall be provided by the field supervisor as appropriate. In a clinical teaching experience, the field supervisor shall collaborate with the candidate and cooperating teacher throughout the clinical teaching experience. For an internship, the field supervisor shall collaborate with the candidate, mentor, and supervising campus administrator throughout the internship.

(1) Each formal observation must be at least 45 minutes in duration, must be conducted by the field supervisor, and must be on the candidate's site in a face-to-face setting.
(2) An EPP must provide the first formal observation within the first third of all clinical teaching assignments and the first six weeks of all internship assignments.

(3) For an internship under an intern certificate or an additional internship described in subsection (f)(2)(B)(v)(I) [(e)(2)(C)(v)(I)] of this section, an EPP must provide a minimum of three formal observations during the first half of the internship and a minimum of two formal observations during the last half of the internship.

(4) For a first-year internship under a probationary certificate or an additional internship described in subsection (f)(2)(B)(v)(II) [(e)(2)(C)(v)(II)] of this section, an EPP must provide a minimum of one formal observation during the first third of the assignment, a minimum of one formal observation during the second third of the assignment, and a minimum of one formal observation during the last third of the assignment.

(5) If an internship under an intern certificate or an additional internship described in subsection (f)(2)(B)(v)(I) [(e)(2)(C)(v)(I)] of this section involves certification in more than one certification category that cannot be taught concurrently during the same period of the school day, an EPP must provide a minimum of three observations in each assignment. For each assignment, the EPP must provide at least two formal observations during the first half of the internship and one formal observation during the second half of the internship.

(6) For a first-year internship under a probationary certificate or an additional internship described in subsection (f)(2)(B)(v)(II) [(e)(2)(C)(v)(II)] of this section that involves certification in more than one certification category that cannot be taught concurrently during the same period of the school day, an EPP must provide a minimum of one formal observation in each of the assignments during the first half of the assignment and a minimum of one formal observation in each assignment during the second half of the assignment.

(7) For a 14-week, full-day clinical teaching assignment, an EPP must provide a minimum of one formal observation during the first third of the assignment, a minimum of one formal observation during the second third of the assignment, and a minimum of one formal observation during the last third of the assignment. For an all-level clinical teaching assignment in more than one location, a minimum of two formal observations must be provided during the first half of the assignment and a minimum of one formal observation must be provided during the second half of the assignment.

(8) For a 28-week, half-day clinical teaching assignment or a full-day clinical teaching assignment that exceeds 14 weeks and extends beyond one semester, an EPP must provide a minimum of two formal observations during the first half of the assignment and a minimum of two formal observations during the last half of the assignment.

(i) Ongoing educator preparation program support for certification in a certification class other than classroom teacher. Supervision of each candidate shall be conducted with the structured guidance and regular ongoing support of an experienced educator who has been trained as a field supervisor. Supervision provided on or after September 1, 2017, must be provided by a field supervisor who has completed TEA-approved observation training. The initial contact, which may be made by telephone, email, or other electronic communication, with the assigned candidate must occur within the first quarter of the assignment. For each formal observation, the field supervisor shall participate in an individualized pre-observation conference with the candidate; document educational practices observed; provide written feedback through an individualized, synchronous, and interactive post-observation conference with the candidate; and provide a copy of the written feedback to the candidate's site supervisor. Neither the pre-observation conference nor the post-observation conference need to be onsite. Formal observations conducted through collaboration with school or district personnel can be used to meet the requirements of this subsection. Informal observations and coaching shall be provided by the field supervisor as appropriate. The field supervisor shall collaborate with the candidate and site supervisor throughout the practicum experience.

(1) Formal observations must be at least 135 minutes in duration in total throughout the practicum and must be conducted by the field supervisor.

[(2) At least one of the formal observations must be on the candidate's site in a face-to-face setting.]
(2) [4] If a formal observation is not conducted on the candidate's site in a face-to-face setting, the formal observation may be provided by use of electronic transmission or other video or technology-based method. A formal observation that is not conducted on the candidate's site in a face-to-face setting must include a pre- and post-conference.

(3) [4] Regardless of the type of certificate held by a candidate during a practicum, an [An] EPP must provide a minimum of one formal observation within the first third of the practicum, one formal observation within the second third of the practicum, and one formal observation within the final third of the practicum.

(i) Coursework and/or training for candidates seeking Early Childhood: Prekindergarten-Grade 3 certification.

(1) In support of the educator standards that are the curricular basis of the Early Childhood: Prekindergarten-Grade 3 certificate, an EPP shall integrate the following concepts and themes throughout the coursework and training:

(A) using planning and teaching practices that support student learning in early childhood, including:

(i) demonstrating knowledge and skills to support child development (birth-age eight) in the following areas:

(I) brain development;
(II) physical development;
(III) social-emotional learning; and
(IV) cultural development;

(ii) demonstrating knowledge and skills of effective, research supported, developmentally appropriate instructional approaches to support young students' learning, including, but not limited to:

(I) intentional instruction with clear learning goals;
(II) project-based learning;
(III) child-directed inquiry;
(IV) learning through play; and
(V) integration of knowledge across content areas;

(iii) demonstrating knowledge and skills in implementing instruction tailored to the variability in learners' needs, including, but not limited to, small group instruction;

(iv) demonstrating knowledge and skills in early literacy development and pedagogy, including:

(I) demonstrating effective ways to support language development, particularly oral language development, including, but not limited to, growth in academic vocabulary, comprehension, and inferencing abilities; and

(II) demonstrating effective ways to support early literacy development, including letter knowledge, phonological awareness, early writing, and decoding;

(v) demonstrating knowledge and skills in early mathematics and science development and pedagogy;

(vi) demonstrating knowledge and skills in developing and implementing pedagogical approaches for students who are English learners and/or bilingual; and
(vii) demonstrating knowledge and skills in developing and implementing pedagogical approaches for students who have or are at risk for developmental delays and disabilities;

(B) assessing the success of instruction and student learning through developmentally appropriate assessment, including:
  (i) demonstrating knowledge of multiple forms of assessment, the information that each form of assessment can provide about a student's learning and development, and how to conceive, construct, and/or select an assessment aligned to standards that can demonstrate student learning to stakeholders;
  (ii) demonstrating knowledge in how to use assessments to inform instruction to support student growth; and
  (iii) demonstrating knowledge and application of children's developmental continuum in the analysis of assessment results utilizing a variety of assessment types to gain a full understanding of students' current development and assets;

(C) creating developmentally appropriate learning environments, including:
  (i) demonstrating knowledge and skills in supporting learners' development of self-regulation and executive function (e.g., behavior, attention, goal setting, cooperation);
  (ii) demonstrating knowledge and skills in designing, organizing, and facilitating spaces for learning, particularly small group learning, in both indoor and outdoor contexts; and
  (iii) demonstrating knowledge and skills in developing learning environments that support English learners' development, including structures to support language development and communication;

(D) working with families, students, and the community through:
  (i) teacher agency and teacher leadership;
  (ii) research-based family engagement practices;
  (iii) understanding the capabilities of students through parent and community input; and
  (iv) the development and modeling of responsive relationships with children; and

(E) using a diversity and equity framework, such as:
  (i) demonstrating knowledge and skills in creating early learning communities that capitalize on the cultural knowledge and strengths children bring to the classroom;
  (ii) demonstrating knowledge and skills in creating an early learning environment that reflects the communities in which they work; and
  (iii) demonstrating knowledge and skills in how to access the knowledge children and families bring to school.

(2) An EPP shall provide each candidate who holds a valid standard, provisional, or one-year classroom teacher certificate specified in §230.31 of this title (relating to Types of Certificates) in a certificate category that allows the applicant to teach all subjects in Prekindergarten, Kindergarten, Grade 1, Grade 2, or Grade 3 with a minimum of 150 clock-hours of coursework and/or training that is directly aligned to the educator standards as specified in Chapter 235, Subchapter B, Division 1, of this title (relating to Early Childhood: Prekindergarten-Grade 3) and that is based on the concepts and themes specified in subsection (j)(1) of this section. A clinical
teaching, internship, or practicum assignment is not required for completion of program requirements.

(3) An EPP shall provide each candidate who holds a valid standard, provisional, or one year classroom teacher certificate specified in §230.31 of this title in a certificate category that does not allow the candidate to teach all subjects in Prekindergarten, Kindergarten, Grade 1, Grade 2, or Grade 3 coursework and/or training as specified in subsections (a) and (b) of this section that is directly aligned to the educator standards as specified in Chapter 235, Subchapter B, Division 1, of this title and that is based on the concepts and themes specified in subsection (j)(1) of this section, a clinical experience as specified in subsection (f)(2) of this section, a mentor or cooperating teacher as specified in subsection (g) of this section, and ongoing support as specified in subsection (h) of this section.

(k) Coursework and/or training for candidates seeking a Teacher of Students with Visual Impairments (TVI) Supplemental: Early Childhood-Grade 12 certification.

(1) An EPP must provide a minimum of 300 hours of coursework and/or training related to the educator standards for that certificate adopted by the SBEC.

(2) An EPP shall provide a clinical experience of at least 350 clock-hours in a supervised educator assignment in a public school accredited by the TEA or other school approved by the TEA for this purpose. A TVI certification candidate must demonstrate proficiency in each of the educator standards for the certificate being sought during the clinical experience. A clinical experience is successful when the field supervisor recommends to the EPP that the TVI certification candidate should be recommended for a TVI supplemental certification.

(A) An EPP will provide guidance, assistance, and support for the TVI certification candidate by assigning a cooperating teacher and/or providing individual or group consultation. The EPP is responsible for providing training to cooperating teachers and/or consultation providers.

(B) An EPP will collaborate with the program coordinator for the Texas School for the Blind and Visually Impaired Statewide Mentor Program to assign a TVI mentor for the TVI certification candidate. The Texas School for the Blind and Visually Impaired Statewide Mentor Program is responsible for providing training for all TVI mentors.

(C) An EPP will provide ongoing support for the TVI certification candidate. Supervision of each candidate shall be conducted with the structured guidance and regular ongoing support of an experienced educator who has been trained as a field supervisor. Supervision must be provided by a field supervisor who has completed TEA-approved observation training. The initial contact, which may be made by telephone, email, or other electronic communication, with the assigned candidate must occur within the first quarter of the assignment. For each formal observation, the field supervisor shall participate in an individualized pre-observation conference with the candidate; document educational practices observed; and provide written feedback through an individualized, synchronous, and interactive post-observation conference with the candidate. Neither the pre-observation conference nor the post-observation conference need to be onsite. Formal observations conducted through collaboration with school or district personnel can be used to meet the requirements of this subsection. Informal observations and coaching shall be provided by the field supervisor as appropriate.

(i) Formal observations must be at least 135 minutes in duration in total throughout the clinical experience and must be conducted by the field supervisor.

(ii) If a formal observation is not conducted on the candidate's site in a face-to-face setting, the formal observation may be provided by use of electronic transmission or other video or technology-based method. A formal observation that is not conducted on the candidates' site in a face-to-face setting must include a pre- and post-conference.
(iii) An EPP must provide a minimum of one formal observation within the first third of the clinical experience, one formal observation within the second third of the clinical experience, and one formal observation within the final third of the clinical experience.

(l) Candidates employed as certified educational aides.

(1) Clinical Teaching Assignment. Candidates employed as certified educational aides may satisfy their clinical teaching assignment requirements through their instructional duties.

(A) If an EPP permits candidates employed as certified educational aides, as defined by Chapter 230, Subchapter E, of this title (relating to Educational Aide Certificate), to satisfy the clinical teaching assignment requirements through their instructional duties, the clinical teaching assignment must be for a minimum of 490 hours (14-week equivalent).

(B) An EPP may permit an educational aide employed in a clinical teaching to be excused from up to 35 of the required hours due to maternity leave, military leave, or illness.

(C) Clinical teaching is successful when the candidate demonstrates proficiency in each of the educator standards for the assignment and the field supervisor and cooperating teacher recommend to the EPP that the candidate should be recommended for a standard certificate. If either the field supervisor or cooperating teacher do not recommend that the candidate should be recommended for a standard certificate, the person who does not recommend the candidate must provide documentation supporting the lack of recommendation to the candidate and either the field supervisor or cooperating teacher.

(2) Coursework and Training. An EPP must provide coursework and/or training as specified in subsections (a) and (b) of this section, a clinical experience as specified in subsection (f) of this section, a cooperating teacher as specified in subsection (g) of this section, and ongoing support as specified in subsection (h) of this section. An EPP must provide a minimum of one formal observation during the first third of the assignment, a minimum of one formal observation during the second third of the assignment, and a minimum of one formal observation during the last third of the assignment.

(m) Exemptions.

(1) Under the TEC, §21.050(c), a candidate who receives a bachelor's degree required for a teaching certificate on the basis of higher education coursework completed while receiving an exemption from tuition and fees under the TEC, §54.363, is exempt from the requirements of this chapter relating to field-based experience, internship, or clinical teaching.

(2) Under the TEC, §21.0487(c)(2)(B), a candidate's employment by a school or district as a Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps instructor before the person was enrolled in an EPP or while the person is enrolled in an EPP is exempt from any clinical teaching, internship, or field-based experience program requirement.