Equity and Meaningful Educational Opportunity for All  
Invited Testimony of IDRA – Presented by David Hinojosa, J.D., National Director of Policy, before the Texas School Finance Commission  
March 19, 2018

Chairman and Justice Brister and Members of the Commission:

Thank you for opportunity to present testimony of IDRA’s research and analysis of equity in the Texas school finance system. IDRA is an independent, non-profit organization that is dedicated to assuring equal educational opportunity for every child through strong public schools that prepare all students to access and succeed in college. Since its founding in 1973, IDRA has conducted extensive research and analysis on Texas school finance, which have been used to help inform policymakers and advocates.

A Roadmap to Equity: Creating Meaningful Educational Opportunity for All

Strong, recent research shows that increased funding has contributed to both improved student performance and lifetime outcomes, especially for underserved students (Jackson 2016; Lafortune 2016). Yes, money matters, and how that money is spent and on which children, also matters. Below is a research/equity-based model that states can follow to ensure that all children access the meaningful educational opportunities they need to succeed in school and in life.

IDRA STATE SCHOOL FINANCE ROADMAP TO EQUITY (2018)
IDRA is working with the Learning Policy Institute on a brief that will help inform policymakers and advocates in creating a strong, equitable school finance system that provides an excellent education for all students. The brief focuses on the first three stages identified above: 1) foundational standards, goals and principles; 2) identifying fair and stable revenue sources; and 3) identifying essential building blocks, which are grounded in legitimate and necessary costs reflecting meaningful student learning and opportunity, and promising practices in the states. Part of the focus of our testimony today centers on this third step:
Texas’ Continuing Reliance on Disparate Property Values

Texas continues to rely heavily on local property taxes that remain, and will continue to remain, incredibly disparate across the state. As noted in the chart below, the wealthiest decile (10%) of districts have property values greater than $1,000,000 per weighted student compared to the poorest decile. On average, the wealthiest districts educate fewer economically disadvantaged, students of color and English learners than the poorest. The state has used equalized wealth levels for maintenance and operations funding (not facilities funding) for various tiers of funding; however, as noted further below, there are several statutes that contribute to the lingering inequities of the Texas school finance system.

| Property Wealth/WADA by Decile of Districts with Equalized Wealth Levels (2016) |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Wealthiest      | $1,122,457      |                 |                 |                 |
| copper penny    | $319,500        |                 |                 |                 |
| golden penny, no recapture | $1,047,236 |                 |                 |                 |
| basic allotment, $514,000 | $75,131 | $125,187 | $162,135 | $193,855 |
| poorest         | $231,664        | $264,619        | $323,530        | $404,785 |

Texas Legislature’s Inequity Drivers

Over the past three decades, the Legislature has struggled mightily to ensure that all children in Texas have equitable and meaningful opportunities in the classroom. Below are some inefficient features of the current school finance system that continue to allow mostly property-wealthy school districts sizable funding advantages over mid- and low-wealth school districts:

- 1993 Hold-harmless provisions (for approximately 37 property-wealthy districts)
- Available School Fund (for Chapter 41 districts only)
- Unrecaptured golden pennies (districts with Property Revenue/WADA exceeding Austin ISD)
- Hold-harmless “Hardship” Grants (formerly ASATR)
- Inadequate Weights for English Learner and Economically Disadvantaged Students
- High school allotment (benefits districts with lower dropout rates)
- Recapture credits
- Reliance on prior year’s values
- Facilities Funding (no recapture)
The Results: Inequitable Educational Opportunities

Despite formulas that are intended to equalize opportunities for school children across Texas, the wealthiest districts can tax much lower and still access far greater revenues. As shown below, *despite taxing 11-cents less* than their counterparts, the *top 5%* of property-wealthy school districts in the state *access over $1,100 more per WADA than the bottom 5%*.

When that over-$1,100 advantage is applied to a school or district of one-thousand students, the wealthiest top 5% resource advantage grows to over $1.1 million. This could translate to expanded pre-K, more computers or better technology, greater professional development and mentoring opportunities for teachers and school leaders, increased instructional support, more teachers and reduced class sizes, among other educational opportunities-to-learn.
IDRA thanks the Commission for the opportunity to testify and stands ready as a resource. For additional resources, visit IDRA’s Fair Funding for the Common Good website. If you have any questions, please contact IDRA’s National Director of Policy, David Hinojosa, at david.hinojosa@idra.org or (210) 444-1710, ext. 1739.

Sources:


IDRA is an independent, private non-profit organization, led by María Robledo Montecel, Ph.D., dedicated to assuring educational opportunity for every child. At IDRA, we develop innovative research- and experience-based solutions and policies to assure that (1) all students have access to and succeed in high quality schools, (2) families and communities have a voice in transforming the educational institutions that serve their children, and (3) educators have access to integrated professional development that helps to solve problems, create solutions, and use best practices to educate all students to high standards.