| Current English Language Arts and Reading TEKS   | TEKS Review Committee Final Recommendations   |
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| (1) Reading/Fluency. Students read grade-level text with fluency and comprehension. Students are expected to adjust fluency when reading aloud grade-level text based on the reading purpose and the nature of the text.   | <ul> <li>(1) Developing and Sustaining Foundational Language Skills: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing. Students develop oral language and word structure knowledge through phonological awareness, print concepts, phonics and, morphology to communicate, decode and encode. Students apply knowledge and relationships found in the structures, origins, and contextual meanings of words. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(C) adjust fluency when reading grade-level text based on the reading purpose; and</li> <li>(D) self-select text and read independently for a sustained period of time.</li> </ul> |
| <ul><li>(2) Reading/Vocabulary Development. Students understand new vocabulary and use it when reading and writing. Students are expected to:</li><li>(A) determine the meaning of grade-level academic English words derived from</li></ul>   | (1) Developing and Sustaining Foundational Language Skills: Listening, Speaking,<br>Reading, and Writing. Students develop oral language and word structure knowledge<br>through phonological awareness, print concepts, phonics and, morphology to   |
| Latin, Greek, or other linguistic roots and affixes;   | communicate, decode and encode. Students apply knowledge and relationships found<br>in the structures, origins, and contextual meanings of words. The student is expected   |
| (B) use context (e.g., cause and effect or compare and contrast organizational text structures) to determine or clarify the meaning of unfamiliar or multiple meaning words;   | to:<br>(B) develop vocabulary by:   |
| (C) complete analogies that describe part to whole or whole to part (e.g., ink:pen as page: or pen:ink as book:);  | (i) using print and digital resources to determine the meanings, syllabication, pronunciations, parts of speech, and alternate word choices of words in context;  |
| (D) explain the meaning of foreign words and phrases commonly used in written English (e.g., <i>RSVP, que sera sera</i> ); and   | (ii) using context within and beyond a sentence to determine the meaning of unfamiliar words or multiple meaning words; and   |
| (E) use a dictionary, a glossary, or a thesaurus (printed or electronic) to determine<br>the meanings, syllabication, pronunciations, alternate word choices, and parts of<br>speech of words.   | (ii) determining the meaning and usage of grade-level academic English words derived from Greek and Latin roots including: mis/mit, bene, man, vac, scrib/script, and jur/jus;  |
|  | (3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:  |
|  | (E) respond using newly acquired vocabulary as appropriate  |
| (3) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Theme and Genre. Students analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about theme and genre in different cultural, historical, and contemporary contexts and provide evidence from the text to support their understanding. Students are expected to: | <ul><li>(3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br/>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:</li><li>(B) use text evidence to support an appropriate response;</li></ul>   |

## Final Recommendations Side by Side—English Language Arts and Reading, Grade 6

| (A) infer the implicit theme of a work of fiction, distinguishing theme from the topic;  | (F) discuss and write about the implicit and explicit meanings of text;  |
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| (B) analyze the function of stylistic elements (e.g., magic helper, rule of three) in  | (G) compare sources within and across genres and write a response with accurate text evidence;   |
| traditional and classical literature from various cultures; and  | (5) Multiple Genres: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.  |
| (C) compare and contrast the historical and cultural settings of two literary works.   | Students recognize and analyze genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical and diverse texts. The student is expected to:   |
|  | (A) develop an understanding of how forms and structures are the same and different<br>within and across genres such as realistic fiction, historical fiction, legends and myths,<br>fantasy, science fiction, biographies, autobiographies, memoirs, informational text,<br>primary source documents, narrative nonfiction, argumentative text, poetry, drama,<br>and hybrid text;  |
|  | (B) recognize characteristics and structures of literary texts including:  |
|  | (ii) explaining the influence of the setting on character and plot development;  |
|  | (iv) explaining multiple themes and ideas not explicitly stated in a text ;  |
|  | <ul> <li>(6) Author's Purpose and Craft: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using<br/>Multiple Texts. Students use critical inquiry to analyze the purpose of authors' choices<br/>and how they influence and communicate meaning within a text. Students will analyze<br/>and apply author's craft purposefully in order to develop their own products and<br/>performances. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(F) identify and analyze the use of literary devices including omniscient and limited<br/>point of view and foreshadowing to achieve a specific purpose; and</li> </ul> |
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| (4) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Poetry. Students understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about the structure and elements of poetry and provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected | (3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:   |
| to explain how figurative language (e.g., personification, metaphors, similes, hyperbole) contributes to the meaning of a poem.  | (B) use text evidence to support an appropriate response;  |
|  | (5) Multiple Genres: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students recognize and analyze genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes<br>within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical and<br>diverse texts. The student is expected to:  |
|  | (A) develop an understanding of how forms and structures are the same and different<br>within and across genres such as realistic fiction, historical fiction, legends and myths,<br>fantasy, science fiction, biographies, autobiographies, memoirs, informational text,<br>primary source documents, narrative nonfiction, argumentative text, poetry, drama,  |

|  | and hybrid text;   |
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|  | (B) recognize characteristics and structures of literary texts including:  |
|  | (v) analyzing the importance of visual elements such as capital letters, line length, and word position in various forms of poetry; and  |
|  | (6) Author's Purpose and Craft: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using<br>Multiple Texts. Students use critical inquiry to analyze the purpose of authors' choices<br>and how they influence and communicate meaning within a text. Students will analyze<br>and apply author's craft purposefully in order to develop their own products and<br>performances. The student is expected to: |
|  | (D) explain the effect of literal and figurative language including metaphor, simile, personification, and imagery to achieve intended purposes;   |
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| (5) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Drama. Students understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about the structure and elements of drama and provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected | (3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:   |
| to explain the similarities and differences in the setting, characters, and plot of a play and those in a film based upon the same story line.   | (B) use text evidence to support an appropriate response;  |
| play and mose in a min based upon the same story mie.  | (G) compare sources within and across genres and write a response with accurate text evidence;   |
|  | (5) Multiple Genres: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students recognize and analyze genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes<br>within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical and<br>diverse texts. The student is expected to:  |
|  | (A) develop an understanding of how forms and structures are the same and different<br>within and across genres such as realistic fiction, historical fiction, legends and myths,<br>fantasy, science fiction, biographies, autobiographies, memoirs, informational text,<br>primary source documents, narrative nonfiction, argumentative text, poetry, drama,<br>and hybrid text;                |
|  | (B) recognize characteristics and structures of literary texts including:  |
|  | (ii) explaining the influence of the setting on character and plot development;  |
|  | (iii) analyzing the roles and functions of characters including their relationships and conflicts;   |
|  | (vi) describing how a playwright uses acts, scenes, stage directions, and scripted dialogue to develop dramatic action;  |
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| (6) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Fiction. Students understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about the structure and elements of fiction and provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected | (3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:   |
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| to:  | (B) use text evidence to support an appropriate response;  |
| (A) summarize the elements of plot development (e.g., rising action, turning point, climax, falling action, denouement) in various works of fiction;   | (C) paraphrase and summarize texts in ways that maintain meaning and logical order;  |
| (B) recognize dialect and conversational voice and explain how authors use dialect to convey character; and  | within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical and  |
| (C) describe different forms of point-of-view, including first- and third-person.  | diverse texts. The student is expected to:   |
|  | (A) develop an understanding of how forms and structures are the same and different<br>within and across genres such as realistic fiction, historical fiction, legends and myths,<br>fantasy, science fiction, biographies, autobiographies, memoirs, informational text,<br>primary source documents, narrative nonfiction, argumentative text, poetry, drama,<br>and hybrid text;                |
|  | (B) recognize characteristics and structures of literary texts including:  |
|  | (i) analyzing nonlinear plot development including the use of foreshadowing to advance the plot  |
|  | (iii) analyzing the roles and functions of characters including their relationships and conflicts;   |
|  | (6) Author's Purpose and Craft: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using<br>Multiple Texts. Students use critical inquiry to analyze the purpose of authors' choices<br>and how they influence and communicate meaning within a text. Students will analyze<br>and apply author's craft purposefully in order to develop their own products and<br>performances. The student is expected to: |
|  | (E) identify and analyze how the author's use of language contributes to the mood and voice of a text;   |
|  | (F) identify and analyze the use of literary devices including omniscient and limited point of view and foreshadowing to achieve a specific purpose; and   |
| (7) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Literary Nonfiction. Students understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about the varied structural patterns and features of literary nonfiction and provide evidence from text to           | (3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:   |
| support their understanding. Students are expected to identify the literary language<br>and devices used in memoirs and personal narratives and compare their  | (B) use text evidence to support an appropriate response;  |
| characteristics with those of an autobiography.  | (G) compare sources within and across genres and write a response with accurate text evidence;   |

|  | (5) Multiple Genres: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students recognize and analyze genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes<br>within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical and<br>diverse texts. The student is expected to:  |
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|  | (A) develop an understanding of how forms and structures are the same and different<br>within and across genres such as realistic fiction, historical fiction, legends and myths,<br>fantasy, science fiction, biographies, autobiographies, memoirs, informational text,<br>primary source documents, narrative nonfiction, argumentative text, poetry, drama,<br>and hybrid text;                |
|  | (C) recognize characteristics and structures of informational text including:  |
|  | (i) using features such as introduction, foreword, preface, references, or<br>acknowledgements to gain background information and understand the author's<br>perspective on the topic; and   |
|  | (ii) explaining how different organizational structures such as cause and effect proposition-and-support, and problem-and-solution support the main ideas;   |
|  | (6) Author's Purpose and Craft: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using<br>Multiple Texts. Students use critical inquiry to analyze the purpose of authors' choices<br>and how they influence and communicate meaning within a text. Students will analyze<br>and apply author's craft purposefully in order to develop their own products and<br>performances. The student is expected to: |
|  | (B) explain how a text structure contributes to the author's purpose;  |
|  | (E) identify and analyze how the author's use of language contributes to the mood and voice of a text;   |
|  | (F) identify and analyze the use of literary devices including omniscient and limited point of view and foreshadowing to achieve a specific purpose; and   |
| (8) Reading/Comprehension of Literary Text/Sensory Language. Students<br>understand, make inferences and draw conclusions about how an author's sensory<br>language creates imagery in literary text and provide evidence from text to support | (3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:   |
| their understanding. Students are expected to explain how authors create meaning through stylistic elements and figurative language emphasizing the use of   | (B) use text evidence to support an appropriate response;  |
| personification, hyperbole, and refrains.  | (F) discuss and write about the implicit and explicit meanings of text;  |
|  | (6) Author's Purpose and Craft: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using<br>Multiple Texts. Students use critical inquiry to analyze the purpose of authors' choices<br>and how they influence and communicate meaning within a text. Students will analyze<br>and apply author's craft purposefully in order to develop their own products and  |

|  | performances. The student is expected to:  |
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|  | (D) explain the effect of literal and figurative language including metaphor, simile, personification, and imagery to achieve intended purposes;   |
|  | (G) discuss the use of rhetorical devices including hyperbole.   |
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| (9) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Culture and History. Students analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about the author's purpose in cultural, historical, and contemporary contexts and provide evidence from the text | (3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:   |
| to support their understanding. Students are expected to compare and contrast the stated or implied purposes of different authors writing on the same topic.   | (B) use text evidence to support an appropriate response;  |
| stated of mighted parposes of atterent addies writing on the same topici   | (F) discuss and write about the implicit and explicit meanings of text;  |
|  | (G) compare sources within and across genres and write a response with accurate text evidence;   |
|  | (5) Multiple Genres: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students recognize and analyze genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes<br>within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical and<br>diverse texts. The student is expected to:  |
|  | (A) develop an understanding of how forms and structures are the same and different<br>within and across genres such as realistic fiction, historical fiction, legends and myths,<br>fantasy, science fiction, biographies, autobiographies, memoirs, informational text,<br>primary source documents, narrative nonfiction, argumentative text, poetry, drama,<br>and hybrid text;                |
|  | (C) recognize characteristics and structures of informational text including:  |
|  | (i) using features such as introduction, foreword, preface, references, or<br>acknowledgements to gain background information and understand the author's<br>perspective on the topic; and   |
|  | (6) Author's Purpose and Craft: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using<br>Multiple Texts. Students use critical inquiry to analyze the purpose of authors' choices<br>and how they influence and communicate meaning within a text. Students will analyze<br>and apply author's craft purposefully in order to develop their own products and<br>performances. The student is expected to: |
|  | (A) identify and analyze the author's purpose and message within a text;   |
| (10) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Expository Text. Students analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about expository text and provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected to:      | (3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:   |

| (A) summarize the main ideas and supporting details in text, demonstrating an   | (B) use text evidence to support an appropriate response;  |
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| understanding that a summary does not include opinions;   | (C) paraphrase and summarize texts in ways that maintain meaning and logical order   |
| (B) explain whether facts included in an argument are used for or against an issue;   | (F) discuss and write about the implicit and explicit meanings of text;  |
| (C) explain how different organizational patterns (e.g., proposition-and-support, problem-and-solution) develop the main idea and the author's viewpoint; and | (G) compare sources within and across genres and write a response with accurate te evidence;   |
| (D) synthesize and make logical connections between ideas within a text and across two or three texts representing similar or different genres.               | (5) Multiple Genres: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts<br>Students recognize and analyze genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purpos<br>within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical and<br>diverse texts. The student is expected to:   |
|   | (A) develop an understanding of how forms and structures are the same and differen<br>within and across genres such as realistic fiction, historical fiction, legends and myth<br>fantasy, science fiction, biographies, autobiographies, memoirs, informational text,<br>primary source documents, narrative nonfiction, argumentative text, poetry, drama,<br>and hybrid text;   |
|   | (C) recognize characteristics and structures of informational text including:  |
|   | (i) using features such as introduction, foreword, preface, references, or<br>acknowledgements to gain background information and understand the author's<br>perspective on the topic; and   |
|   | (ii) explaining how different organizational structures such as cause and effect proposition-and-support, and problem-and-solution support the main ideas;   |
|   | (D) recognize characteristics and structures of persuasive text including:   |
|   | (i) identifying the claim the author presents in the thesis; and   |
|   | (ii) explaining how the author uses relevant evidence and consideration of alternative to support the argument; and  |
|   | (6) Author's Purpose and Craft: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using<br>Multiple Texts. Students use critical inquiry to analyze the purpose of authors' choic<br>and how they influence and communicate meaning within a text. Students will analy<br>and apply author's craft purposefully in order to develop their own products and<br>performances. The student is expected to:   |
|   | (A) identify and analyze the author's purpose and message within a text;   |
|   | (B) explain how a text structure contributes to the author's purpose;  |
| (11) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Persuasive Text. Students analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about persuasive text and provide    | <ul><li>(3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.</li><li>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The second se</li></ul> |

| evidence from text to support their analysis. Students are expected to:  | student is expected to:   |
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| (A) compare and contrast the structure and viewpoints of two different authors   | (B) use text evidence to support an appropriate response;   |
| writing for the same purpose, noting the stated claim and supporting evidence; and   | (C) paraphrase and summarize texts in ways that maintain meaning and logical order;   |
| (B) identify simply faulty reasoning used in persuasive texts.   | (F) discuss and write about the implicit and explicit meanings of text;   |
|  | (G) compare sources within and across genres and write a response with accurate text evidence;  |
|  | (5) Multiple Genres: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students recognize and analyze genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes<br>within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical and<br>diverse texts. The student is expected to:   |
|  | (A) develop an understanding of how forms and structures are the same and different<br>within and across genres such as realistic fiction, historical fiction, legends and myths,<br>fantasy, science fiction, biographies, autobiographies, memoirs, informational text,<br>primary source documents, narrative nonfiction, argumentative text, poetry, drama,<br>and hybrid text; |
|  | (D) recognize characteristics and structures of persuasive text including:  |
|  | (i) identifying the claim the author presents in the thesis; and  |
|  | (ii) explaining how the author uses relevant evidence and consideration of alternatives to support the argument; and  |
| (12) Reading/Comprehension of Informational Text/Procedural Texts. Students understand how to glean and use information in procedural texts and documents. Students are expected to: | (3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:  |
| (A) follow multi-tasked instructions to complete a task, solve a problem, or perform procedures; and   | (D) interact with sources in meaningful ways such as notetaking, annotating, freewriting, or illustrating;  |
| (B) interpret factual, quantitative, or technical information presented in maps, charts, illustrations, graphs, timelines, tables, and diagrams.                                     | (5) Multiple Genres: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students recognize and analyze genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes<br>within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical and<br>diverse texts. The student is expected to:   |
|  | (A) develop an understanding of how forms and structures are the same and different<br>within and across genres such as realistic fiction, historical fiction, legends and myths,<br>fantasy, science fiction, biographies, autobiographies, memoirs, informational text,<br>primary source documents, narrative nonfiction, argumentative text, poetry, drama,<br>and hybrid text; |

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|  | <ul><li>(C) recognize characteristics and structures of informational text including:</li><li>(i) using features such as introduction, foreword, preface, references, or</li></ul>   |
|  | acknowledgements to gain background information and understand the author's perspective on the topic; and  |
|  | (ii) explaining how different organizational structures such as cause and effect proposition-and-support, and problem-and-solution support the main ideas;   |
|  | (E) analyze and construct multimodal texts and digital literacies for a variety of purposes.   |
| (13) Reading/Media Literacy. Students use comprehension skills to analyze how words, images, graphics, and sounds work together in various forms to impact meaning. Students will continue to apply earlier standards with greater depth in increasingly more complex texts. Students are expected to: | (5) Multiple Genres: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students recognize and analyze genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes<br>within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical and<br>diverse texts. The student is expected to:  |
| (A) explain messages conveyed in various forms of media;   | (D) recognize characteristics and structures of persuasive text including:   |
| (B) recognize how various techniques influence viewers' emotions;  | (i) identifying the claim the author presents in the thesis; and   |
| (C) critique persuasive techniques (e.g., testimonials, bandwagon appeal) used in media messages; and  | (ii) explaining how the author uses relevant evidence and consideration of alternatives to support the argument; and   |
| (D) analyze various digital media venues for levels of formality and informality.  | (E) analyze and construct multimodal texts and digital literacies for a variety of purposes.   |
|  | (6) Author's Purpose and Craft: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using<br>Multiple Texts. Students use critical inquiry to analyze the purpose of authors' choices<br>and how they influence and communicate meaning within a text. Students will analyze<br>and apply author's craft purposefully in order to develop their own products and<br>performances. The student is expected to: |
|  | (A) identify and analyze the author's purpose and message within a text;   |
|  | (C) interpret the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes;   |
|  | (G) discuss the use of rhetorical devices including hyperbole.   |
| (14) Writing/Writing Process. Students use elements of the writing process (planning, drafting, revising, editing, and publishing) to compose text. Students are expected to:  | ((3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:  |
| (A) plan a first draft by selecting a genre appropriate for conveying the intended   | (I) reflect on and adjust responses when valid evidence is presented.  |
| meaning to an audience, determining appropriate topics through a range of strategies (e.g., discussion, background reading, personal interests, interviews),   | 7) Composition: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.   |
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| <ul> <li>and developing a thesis or controlling idea;</li> <li>(B) develop drafts by choosing an appropriate organizational strategy (e.g., sequence of events, cause-effect, compare-contrast) and building on ideas to create a focused, organized, and coherent piece of writing;</li> <li>(C) revise drafts to clarify meaning, enhance style, include simple and compound sentences, and improve transitions by adding, deleting, combining, and rearranging sentences or larger units of text after rethinking how well questions of purpose, audience, and genre have been addressed;</li> <li>(D) edit drafts for grammar, mechanics, and spelling; and</li> <li>(E) revise final draft in response to feedback from peers and teacher and publish written work for appropriate audiences.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Students use the modes of writing/discourse and the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are meaningful and legible and use appropriate conventions. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(A) plan a first draft by selecting a genre appropriate for conveying the intended meaning to an audience, determining appropriate topics through a range of strategies, such as discussion, background reading, personal interests, and interviews;</li> <li>(B) develop drafts by choosing an effective organizational strategy, such as sequence of events, cause-effect, and compare-contrast, and building on ideas to create a focused, organized, and coherent piece of writing;</li> <li>(C) revise drafts to ensure clarity, development, organization, style, word choice, and sentence fluency;</li> <li>(D) edit drafts using standard English conventions including:</li> <li>(i) complete simple and compound sentences with correct subject-verb agreement;</li> <li>(ii) consistent verb tenses;</li> <li>(iii) appropriate pronouns ;</li> <li>(iv) commas in compound sentences and after transitions, introductory words and phrases;</li> <li>(v) correct punctuation of dialogue;</li> <li>(vi) capitalization of proper nouns including abbreviation, initials, acronyms, and organizations;</li> <li>(vii) correct spelling; including commonly confused terms such as its and it's and affect and effect; and</li> <li>(viii) proper mechanics for referencing titles of books;</li> <li>(E) publish written work for appropriate audiences;</li> </ul> |
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| <ul> <li>(15) Writing/Literary Texts. Students write literary texts to express their ideas and feelings about real or imagined people, events, and ideas. Students are expected to:</li> <li>(A) write imaginative stories that include:</li> <li>(i) a clearly defined focus, plot, and point of view;</li> <li>(ii) a specific, believable setting created through the use of sensory details; and</li> <li>(iii) dialogue that develops the story; and</li> <li>(B) write poems using:</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>(7) Composition: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br/>Students use the modes of writing/discourse and the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are meaningful and legible and use appropriate conventions. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(F) use the elements of craft to advance the writer's purpose when composing by:</li> <li>(i) developing an engaging idea reflecting depth of thought with specific details and relevance;</li> <li>(ii) organizing with purposeful structure including an effective lead, transitions,</li> </ul>  |

| <ul> <li>(i) poetic techniques (e.g., alliteration, onomatopoeia);</li> <li>(ii) figurative language (e.g., similes, metaphors); and</li> <li>(iii) graphic elements (e.g., capital letters, line length).</li> </ul> (16) Writing. Students write about their own experiences. Students are expected to write a personal narrative that has a clearly defined focus and communicates the importance of or reasons for actions and/or consequences. | <ul> <li>sentence-to-sentence connections, and closing;</li> <li>(iii) using intentional word choice, precise nouns, and strong action verbs;</li> <li>(iv) constructing a variety of sentence structures and lengths; and</li> <li>(v) developing voice;</li> <li>(7) Composition: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br/>Students use the modes of writing/discourse and the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are meaningful and legible and use appropriate conventions. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(G) compose literary texts including personal narratives, fiction, and poetry using</li> </ul> |
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| (17) Writing/Expository and Procedural Texts. Students write expository and   | <ul><li>genre characteristics and craft;</li><li>(3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.</li></ul>  |
| procedural or work-related texts to communicate ideas and information to specific audiences for specific purposes. Students are expected to:  | Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:   |
| (A) create multi-paragraph essays to convey information about a topic that:   | (D) interact with sources in meaningful ways such as notetaking, annotating,  |
| (i) present effective introductions and concluding paragraphs;  | freewriting, or illustrating;   |
| (ii) guide and inform the reader's understanding of key ideas and evidence;   | (E) publish written work for appropriate audiences;   |
| (iii) include specific facts, details, and examples in an appropriately organized structure; and  | (5) Multiple Genres: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students recognize and analyze genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes<br>within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical and   |
| (iv) use a variety of sentence structures and transitions to link paragraphs;   | diverse texts. The student is expected to:  |
| (B) write informal letters that convey ideas, include important information, demonstrate a sense of closure, and use appropriate conventions (e.g., date,   | (E) analyze and construct multimodal texts and digital literacies for a variety of purposes   |
| salutation, closing);<br>(C) write responses to literary or expository texts and provide evidence from the<br>text to demonstrate understanding; and  | (7) Composition: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students use the modes of writing/discourse and the writing process recursively to<br>compose multiple texts that are meaningful and legible and use appropriate<br>conventions. The student is expected to:   |
| (D) produce a multimedia presentation involving text and graphics using available   | (E) publish written work for appropriate audiences;   |
| technology.   |   |
|   | (F) use the elements of craft to advance the writer's purpose when composing by:  |
|   | (iv) constructing a variety of sentence structures and lengths; and   |
|   | (H) compose informational texts including multi-paragraph essays that convey information about a topic using genre characteristics and craft ;  |

|  | (J) compose correspondence that reflects an opinion, registers a complaint, or requests information in a business or friendly structure.  |
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| (18) Writing/Persuasive Texts. Students write persuasive texts to influence the attitudes or actions of a specific audience on specific issues. Students are expected to write persuasive essays for appropriate audiences that establish a position and include sound reasoning, detailed and relevant evidence, and consideration of | (7) Composition: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students use the modes of writing/discourse and the writing process recursively to<br>compose multiple texts that are meaningful and legible and use appropriate<br>conventions. The student is expected to: |
| alternatives.  | (E) publish written work for appropriate audiences;   |
|  | (I) compose argumentative texts using genre characteristics and craft; and  |
| (19) Oral and Written Conventions/Conventions. Students understand the function<br>of and use the conventions of academic language when speaking and writing.<br>Students will continue to apply earlier standards with greater complexity. Students<br>are expected to:   | (7) Composition: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students use the modes of writing/discourse and the writing process recursively to<br>compose multiple texts that are meaningful and legible and use appropriate<br>conventions. The student is expected to: |
| (A) use and understand the function of the following parts of speech in the context of reading, writing, and speaking:   | <ul><li>(D) edit drafts using standard English conventions including:</li><li>(ii) consistent verb tenses;</li></ul>  |
| (i) verbs (irregular verbs and active and passive voice);  | (iii) appropriate pronouns ;  |
| (ii) non-count nouns (e.g., rice, paper);  | (a) appropriate protocolo ;   |
| (iii) predicate adjectives (She is <i>intelligent</i> .) and their comparative and superlative forms (e.g., many, more, most);   |   |
| (iv) conjunctive adverbs (e.g., consequently, furthermore, indeed);  |   |
| (v) prepositions and prepositional phrases to convey location, time, direction, or to provide details;   |   |
| (vi) indefinite pronouns (e.g., all, both, nothing, anything);   |   |
| (vii) subordinating conjunctions (e.g., while, because, although, if); and   |   |
| (viii) transitional words and phrases that demonstrate an understanding of the function of the transition related to the organization of the writing (e.g., on the contrary, in addition to);  |   |
| (B) differentiate between the active and passive voice and know how to use them both; and  |   |
| (C) use complete simple and compound sentences with correct subject-verb agreement.  |   |

| <ul> <li>(20) Oral and Written Conventions/Handwriting, Capitalization, and Punctuation. Students write legibly and use appropriate capitalization and punctuation conventions in their compositions. Students are expected to:</li> <li>(A) use capitalization for:</li> <li>(i) abbreviations;</li> <li>(ii) initials and acronyms; and</li> <li>(iii) organizations;</li> <li>(B) recognize and use punctuation marks including:</li> <li>(i) commas in compound sentences;</li> <li>(ii) proper punctuation and spacing for quotations; and</li> <li>(iii) parentheses, brackets, and ellipses (to indicate omissions and interruptions or incomplete statements); and</li> <li>(C) use proper mechanics including italics and underlining for titles of books.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>(7) Composition: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts. Students use the modes of writing/discourse and the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are meaningful and legible and use appropriate conventions. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(D) edit drafts using standard English conventions including:</li> <li>(iv) commas in compound sentences and after transitions, introductory words and phrases;</li> <li>(v) correct punctuation of dialogue;</li> <li>(vi) capitalization of proper nouns including abbreviation, initials, acronyms, and organizations;</li> <li>(viii) proper mechanics for referencing titles of books;</li> </ul> |
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| <ul> <li>(21) Oral and Written Conventions/Spelling. Students spell correctly. Students are expected to:</li> <li>(A) differentiate between commonly confused terms (e.g., its, it's; affect, effect);</li> <li>(B) use spelling patterns and rules and print and electronic resources to determine and check correct spellings; and</li> <li>(C) know how to use the spell-check function in word processing while understanding its limitations.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>(7) Composition: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts. Students use the modes of writing/discourse and the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are meaningful and legible and use appropriate conventions. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(vii) correct spelling; including commonly confused terms such as its and it's and affect and effect; and</li> </ul>   |
| <ul> <li>(22) Research/Research Plan. Students ask open-ended research questions and develop a plan for answering them. Students are expected to:</li> <li>(A) brainstorm, consult with others, decide upon a topic, and formulate open-ended questions to address the major research topic; and</li> <li>(B) generate a research plan for gathering relevant information about the major research question.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>(8) Inquiry and Research: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts. Students engage in both short-term and sustained recursive inquiry processes for a variety of purposes. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(A) generate student selected and teacher guided questions for formal and informal inquiry;</li> <li>(B) develop a plan;</li> </ul>  |
| <ul><li>(23) Research/Gathering Sources. Students determine, locate, and explore the full range of relevant sources addressing a research question and systematically record the information they gather. Students are expected to:</li><li>(A) follow the research plan to collect data from a range of print and electronic resources (e.g., reference texts, periodicals, web pages, online sources) and data</li></ul>   | <ul> <li>(8) Inquiry and Research: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts. Students engage in both short-term and sustained recursive inquiry processes for a variety of purposes. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(C) gather information from a variety of sources;</li> <li>(F) display academic citations and references to use source materials ethically; and</li> </ul>   |

| from experts;   | (G) incorporate digital technology, when appropriate.   |
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| (B) differentiate between primary and secondary sources;  |   |
| (C) record data, utilizing available technology (e.g., word processors) in order to see the relationships between ideas, and convert graphic/visual data (e.g., charts, diagrams, timelines) into written notes;  |   |
| (D) identify the source of notes (e.g., author, title, page number) and record<br>bibliographic information concerning those sources according to a standard<br>format; and   |   |
| (E) differentiate between paraphrasing and plagiarism and identify the importance of citing valid and reliable sources.   |   |
| (24) Research/Synthesizing Information. Students clarify research questions and evaluate and synthesize collected information. Students are expected to:  | (8) Inquiry and Research: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple<br>Texts. Students engage in both short-term and sustained recursive inquiry processes  |
| (A) refine the major research question, if necessary, guided by the answers to a  | for a variety of purposes. The student is expected to:  |
| secondary set of questions; and   | (D) critically examine sources for  |
| (B) evaluate the relevance and reliability of sources for the research.   | (i) credibility and bias; and   |
|   | (ii) faulty reasoning, including hyperbole, emotional appeals, and stereotype;  |
| (25) Research/Organizing and Presenting Ideas. Students organize and present their ideas and information according to the purpose of the research and their audience. Students are expected to synthesize the research into a written or an oral presentation that: | (1) Developing and Sustaining Foundational Language Skills: Listening, Speaking,<br>Reading, and Writing. Students develop oral language and word structure knowledge<br>through phonological awareness, print concepts, phonics and, morphology to<br>communicate, decode and encode. Students apply knowledge and relationships found |
| (A) compiles important information from multiple sources;   | in the structures, origins, and contextual meanings of words. The student is expected to:   |
| (B) develops a topic sentence, summarizes findings, and uses evidence to support conclusions;   | (A) develop oral language through listening and speaking by:  |
| (C) presents the findings in a consistent format; and   | (iii) giving an organized presentation with a specific point of view;   |
| (D) uses quotations to support ideas and an appropriate form of documentation to acknowledge sources (e.g., bibliography, works cited).   | (2) Comprehension: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students use metacognitive skills to comprehend text with increasing depth and complexity. The student is expected to:  |
|   | (G) evaluate information read to determine what is most important   |
|   | (7) Composition: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students use the modes of writing/discourse and the writing process recursively to<br>compose multiple texts that are meaningful and legible and use appropriate<br>conventions. The student is expected to:   |
|   | (E) publish written work for appropriate audiences;   |

| <ul><li>(F) use the elements of craft to advance the writer's purpose when composing by:</li><li>(i) developing an engaging idea reflecting depth of thought with specific details and relevance;</li></ul>  |
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|  |
| (ii) organizing with purposeful structure including an effective lead, transitions, sentence-to-sentence connections, and closing;   |
| (8) Inquiry and Research: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing using Multiple<br>Texts. Students engage in both short-term and sustained recursive inquiry processes<br>for a variety of purposes. The student is expected to:   |
| (F) display academic citations and references to use source materials ethically; and   |
| <ul> <li>(1) Developing and Sustaining Foundational Language Skills: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing. Students develop oral language and word structure knowledge through phonological awareness, print concepts, phonics and, morphology to communicate, decode and encode. Students apply knowledge and relationships found in the structures, origins, and contextual meanings of words. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(A) develop oral language through listening and speaking by:</li> <li>(i) employing strategies to support active listening;</li> <li>(3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.</li> </ul>   |
| Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:<br>(C) paraphrase and summarize texts in ways that maintain meaning and logical order  |
| <ul> <li>(1) Developing and Sustaining Foundational Language Skills: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing. Students develop oral language and word structure knowledge through phonological awareness, print concepts, phonics and, morphology to communicate, decode and encode. Students apply knowledge and relationships found in the structures, origins, and contextual meanings of words. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(A) develop oral language through listening and speaking by:</li> <li>(ii) employing eye contact, speaking rate, volume, enunciation, natural gestures, and conventions of language to communicate ideas effectively; and</li> <li>(iii) giving an organized presentation with a specific point of view;</li> </ul> |
|  |

| (28) Listening and Speaking/Teamwork. Students work productively with others<br>in teams. Students will continue to apply earlier standards with greater complexity.<br>Students are expected to participate in student-led discussions by eliciting and<br>considering suggestions from other group members and by identifying points of<br>agreement and disagreement. | <ul><li>(4) Collaboration: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br/>Students develop collaboration skills to participate productively in diverse interactions within a variety of digital and social environments. The student is expected to:</li><li>(A) listen actively to interpret a message and ask clarifying questions;</li></ul> |
|--|--|
|  | <ul><li>(B) work productively with others by following agreed upon rules for discussion to develop a plan with clear goals;</li></ul>  |
|  | (C) elicit and consider suggestions from other group members and identify points of agreement and disagreement; and  |
| Figure 19  |  |
| Reading/Comprehension Skills. Students use a flexible range of metacognitive reading skills in both assigned and independent reading to understand an author's message. Students will continue to apply earlier standards with greater depth in  | (2) Comprehension: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students use metacognitive skills to comprehend text with increasing depth and<br>complexity. The student is expected to:  |
| increasingly more complex texts as they become self-directed, critical readers. The student is expected to:  | (A) establish purpose for reading assigned and self-selected text;   |
| (A) establish purposes for reading selected texts based upon own or others' desired outcome to enhance comprehension;  | (B) generate questions about text before, during, and after reading to deepen<br>understanding and gain information;   |
| (B) ask literal, interpretive, and evaluative questions of text;   | (C) make and confirm predictions using text features, characteristics of genre, and structures;  |
| (C) monitor and adjust comprehension (e.g., using background knowledge, creating sensory images, rereading a portion aloud, generating questions);   | (D) create mental images to deepen understanding;  |
| (D) make inferences about text and use textual evidence to support understanding;  | (E) make connections to personal experiences, to ideas in other texts, and to the larger community;  |
| (E) summarize information in text, maintaining meaning and logical order; and  | (F) make inferences and use evidence to support understanding;   |
| (F) make connections (e.g., thematic links, author analysis) between literary and informational texts with similar ideas and provide textual evidence.   | (G) evaluate information read to determine what is most important;   |
| informational texts with similar ideas and provide textual evidence.   | (H) synthesize information to create new understanding; and  |
|  | (I) monitor comprehension and make adjustments when understanding breaks down.   |
|  | (3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:   |
|  | (A) describe the personal and emotional connections to a variety of sources including self-selected texts;   |
|  |  |

| <ul> <li>(3) Response: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.</li> <li>Students react and respond to a variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. The student is expected to:</li> <li>(1) respond or ally on in writing with expression register vessbulary, and veiges and</li> </ul> |
|---|
| (H) respond orally or in writing with appropriate register, vocabulary, and voice; and  |
| (4) Collaboration: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing using Multiple Texts.<br>Students develop collaboration skills to participate productively in diverse interactions<br>within a variety of digital and social environments. The student is expected to:   |
| (D) evaluate the effectiveness of the collaborative interactions.   |