Compliance Audit Report
2014-2015
Southwestern University

Contact Information: Sherry Adrian
County/District Number: 256-501
SBEC Approval Date: January 6, 1969

Texas Education Agency Education Preparation Program Specialists, Vanessa Alba and Lorrie Ayers, conducted a desk compliance audit of Southwestern University Educator Preparation Program (EPP), located at 1001 E. University Ave., Georgetown, TX 76626, on July 6, 2015, as required by Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §228.10(c) and TAC §229.6(a) which states that educator preparation programs “shall be reviewed at least once every five years”. The focus of the audit was the traditional undergraduate program. The program’s accreditation status is “Accredited”. The following are the findings of the desk audit.

Scope of the Compliance Audit:

The scope of this audit is restricted solely to verifying compliance with Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §227, §228, §229, and §230.

Data Analysis:

Information concerning compliance with TAC governing educator preparation programs was collected by various qualitative means. A self-report was submitted to TEA on July 6, 2015. A TEA review of documents, student records, course material, and curriculum correlations charts provided evidence regarding compliance. In addition, TEA sent electronic questionnaires to Southwestern University EPP stakeholders. A total of 39 out of 154 (25%) responded to the questionnaires as follows: 7 out of 22 (32%) advisory committee members; 12 out of 51 educator candidates (24%); 3 out of 25 (12%) principals; 16 out of 53 (30%) cooperating teachers/mentors; and 1 out of 3 (33%) field supervisors. Qualitative methods of content analysis, cross-referencing, and triangulation of the data were used to evaluate the evidence. Evidence of compliance was measured using a rubric aligned to Texas Administrative Code.
Findings, Compliance Issues, and Recommendations:

Findings indicate evidence that was collected during the compliance audit process. If the program is “NOT in compliance” with any identified component, the program should consult the Texas Administrative Code and correct the issue IMMEDIATELY. A compliance plan was drafted during the desk audit that identified issues to be addressed. A timeline for completion was agreed upon by TEA and the program. Program recommendations are suggestions for general program improvement and no follow up is required.

Ongoing Communication and Compliance Plan:

A communication between the TEA program specialist and the Southwestern University EPP Certification Officer and Department Chair occurred via phone conference on June 20, 2015, to discuss findings and request additional information. A follow-up call with the Certification Officer occurred on August 5, 2015.

The Compliance Plan phone conference was held on August 5, 2015 and was attended by the same individuals. The action plan was developed to guide implementation of compliance issues. General recommendations are incorporated into the report.

**COMPONENT I: COMMITMENT AND COLLABORATION - Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §228.20**

**FINDINGS:**

Sherry Adrian, Certification Officer, and Michael Kamen, Department Chair, participated in the audit conference. Sherry Adrian also provided sufficient support, and was accountable for the quality of the educator preparation program and the candidates whom the program recommends for certification [TAC §228.20(c) and TAC §228.2(8)].

The advisory committee currently consists of 15 members. Twelve members of the advisory committee are from public/private schools, one member represents an institution of higher education, one member represents the Education Service Center (ESC), and one member represents business and community. Southwestern University EPP meets TAC §228.20(b) minimum requirements for advisory committee composition.

Minutes and agendas verifying advisory committee meetings were held twice during the past three academic years as follows: for the 2013-2014 academic year: November 13, 2013 (12 members present) and April 16, 2014 (9 members present). Advisory committee meetings were held as follows for the 2012-2013 academic year: October 9, 2012 (11 members present) and April 29, 2013 (9 members present). Advisory committee meetings were held as follows for the 2011-2012 academic year: November 14, 2011 (13 members present) and April 20, 2012 (13 members present). Agendas, minutes, and attendee records indicating that the members assist in the design, delivery, evaluation, and major policy decisions of the EPP were available as evidence of compliance. Additionally, a Letter of Invitation detailing roles and responsibilities dated 2009 was provided in the document review showed that the program approved the roles and responsibilities of each member [TAC §228. 20(b)].

In their questionnaire responses, advisory committee members reported the following:
• 14% had served on the advisory committee for 6-12 months; 29% served on the committee for 1-3 years; 14% had served for 4-5 years; and 43% had served for more than 5 years;

• 71% reported that program hours had not been discussed; 14% reported more than 400 clock-hours in the program; and 14% reported 351-400 clock-hours;

• 57% reported participating in designing/revising the program’s curriculum and 43% did not;

• 43% reported participating in major policy decisions affecting the program and 57% did not;

• The types of data presented to advisory committee members by the program included: Number passing TExES on the first attempt (67%); Student retention information (50%); Qualitative evaluations from principals/schools (50%); Qualitative evaluations from students and faculty (50%); Number of testing attempts by each student (17%); Outside evaluation results (17%); and No data presented (33%);

• 33% rated the collaboration between the program and local schools as excellent; 33% rated it as very good; and 33% rated it as satisfactory; and

• 100% felt that the program adequately prepared candidates for the role of classroom teacher in Texas.

Common trends reported by the advisory committee members in their comments were as follows:

• Students are prepared for the real world in the areas of English Language Learners and special education;

• The program’s success is measured by teacher retention rates;

• There is great collaboration among the university, students, and the school districts; and

• There is open and honest discussion with the Advisory Committee about the current program and possible changes.

Areas for improvement included:

• There needs to be more collaboration between subject area faculty and the secondary program; and

• The students need more content knowledge, especially at the secondary level.

Compliance Issues to be addressed:

None

General Recommendations:

• Rotate the terms of the Advisory Committee members in order to bring fresh ideas and insights to the group;
• Consider an Advisory Committee Handbook and/or Bylaws for the purpose of ensuring strong continuity of the Advisory Committee as membership changes; and
• Provide an incentive to the members of the Advisory Committee for their involvement and assistance with the Southwestern University Educator Preparation Program (EPP) by providing Continuing Professional Education (CPE) credit to members who need CPE hours for the renewal of their Texas certificates.

Based on the evidence presented, Southwestern University Educator Preparation Program (EPP) is in compliance with Texas Administrative Code §228.20 – Governance of Educator Preparation Programs.

COMPONENT II: ADMISSION CRITERIA - Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §227.10

FINDINGS:
The Southwestern University EPP admission requirements as identified on the website consist of the following:

• Enrolled in an educator preparation program from an institution of higher education that is accredited by a regional accrediting agency, as recognized by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB) [TAC §227.10(a)(1) and TAC §230.11];
• Have a minimum 2.5 GPA or at least a 2.5 in the last 60 semester credit hours [TAC §227.10(a)(3)(A)];
• Demonstrate basic skills in reading, written communication and mathematics by satisfactory scores on the Texas Higher Education Assessment (THEA) or an approved exemption [TAC §227.10(a)(4) and TAC §230.37(a)];
• Demonstrate oral communication skills as listed in TAC §230.11(b)(5), a TOEFL passing score of 26 on the oral speaking portion and foreign transcript evaluation by a TEA approved evaluation service is required [TAC §227.10(a)(5)];
• Submit an application [TAC §227.10(a)(6)];
• Have a grade of at least C- in an English composition course [TAC §227.10(a)(6)];
• Complete an interactive, sustained Intercultural Experience and keep a journal that documents and reflects on the selected experience, including no fewer than 20 hours [TAC §227.10(a)(6)];
• Complete a post-experience reflection paper submitted to and approved by department faculty to finalize the admission requirement [TAC §227.10(a)(6)];
• Submit a proposal prior to engaging in the Intercultural Experience [TAC §227.10(a)(6)];
• Complete a successful background check [TAC §227.10(a)(7) and TAC §227.101(c)]; and
• Provide proof of professional insurance for seniors in the field-based program and student teaching through membership in a statewide teacher organization [TAC §227.10(a)(7)].

A review of ten (10) candidate records verified that admission requirements are followed.

A GPA range of 3.13-4.0 was noted in the 10 files reviewed and on transcript worksheets [TAC §227.10(a)(3)(A)];

All files reviewed included documentation that candidates met the basic skills requirement in reading, written communication and mathematics as verified on transcripts by SAT, TAAS, ACT, TAKS, or THEA [TAC §227.10(a)(4) and TAC §230.37(A)].

There were no out-of-country candidate files reviewed. However, the Director of Admissions for the university is responsible for verification if the need arises [TAC §227.10(a)(5); TAC §227.10(e); TAC §230.11(b)(5)].

All files reviewed contained a completed signed and dated application [TAC §227.10(a)(6)];

All files contained evidence of the Interview Form scored on a rubric [TAC §227.10(a)(6)];

All applicant files were reviewed for the Dispositions to Teach and Intercultural Experience that is scored on a rubric. All 10 files reviewed contained evidence of the Dispositions to Teach. Sufficient documentation that all files contained evidence of this requirement was provided [TAC §227.10(a)(6)];

All files reviewed contained an admissions check sheet noting that the Intercultural Experience had been completed. It was also noted that 8 out of 10 candidate files reviewed contained the actual documentation that the candidate completed the requirement. The program met the admissions requirement of Intercultural Experience [TAC §227.10(a)(6)];

All files reviewed contained evidence that candidates had a grade of B or better in an approved writing course (EDU 40-494 or EDU 40-593) [TAC §227.10(a)(6)];

All candidate files were reviewed for any other academic criteria for admission that are published and applied consistently to all applicants. The program requires proof of liability insurance. All 10 files reviewed contained evidence that the requirement was met [TAC §227.10(a)(7)].

There were no candidates admitted who met the exception to the minimum GPA requirement as granted by the program director only in extraordinary circumstances and was not used by a program to admit more than 10% of any cohort of candidates. The program has begun a draft 10% rule policy [TAC §227.10(a)(3)(B)];

The program requires all applicants to complete a successful background check. All files reviewed contained evidence that this requirement was met [TAC §227.10(a)(7) and TAC §227.101(c)].

All student records for current students and those certified since 1980 are kept in hardcopy format in the Certification and Testing Coordinator’s Office located in Mood-Bridwell 234. The program is working toward utilizing electronic files. TEA program specialist verified via phone.
conference call that record retention in a secure location that evidence a candidate’s eligibility for admission to the program and evidence of completion of all program requirements for a period of five years after program completion has been met [TAC 228.40(d)].

**Compliance Issues to be addressed:**

- None

**General Recommendations:**

- Consider requiring more than one person to be present during the interview process to ensure inter-rater reliability and to ensure that all potential interview bias is eliminated;
- Consider requiring a cut score on the Dispositions to Teach to ensure that all applicants meet a standard requirement; and
- Consider adding a 10% rule policy and ensure that the policy is posted on the website and on any other admissions documents that are published.

Based on the evidence presented, Southwestern University EPP is in compliance with TAC §227.10 - Admission Criteria.

**COMPONENT III: CURRICULUM - Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §228.30**

**FINDINGS:**

The curricular scope of the desk audit focused on the Pedagogy and Professional Responsibilities (PPR) EC-12 content.

The PPR EC-12 alignment chart, syllabi, course outlines, and focused field-based experiences verified that the content is taught in the PPR coursework [TAC §228.30 (a)]

A TEKS Correlation Alignment Chart completed by the program served as evidence that the relevant Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) are taught to all candidates. It was also noted that candidates were required to complete weekly lesson plans using a Lesson Plan Template based on TEKS to ensure alignment to the applicable TEKS [TAC §228.30 (a)].

The structured assessments used by the program include candidate records showing the grade earned, progression through the program by verifying assessments, and syllabi detailing the assessments used in each course [TAC §228.40 (a)].

A review of the syllabi revealed that lesson plans, activities to be completed based on standards, and assessments were found in EDU 43-443, a PPT presentation, EDU 42-773, and EDU 45-773. [TAC §228.30(b)].

It was noted that reading instruction was taught in EDU 45-773-783. The program also utilizes the Florida Center for Reading Research (FCRR) for reading instruction materials. All five
components of reading (phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension) are taught within the specific reading courses [TAC §228.30(b)(1)].

The code of ethics and standard practices for Texas educators, pursuant to Chapter 247 of this title (relating to Educators’ Code of Ethics) is taught within a training module that candidates are required to take. Candidates are required to sign an ethics agreement that is placed in their file [TAC §228.30(b)(2)].

The coursework and training is sustained, interactive, student-focused, performance-based and included the required subject matter as required in TAC §228.30(b)(3)(A-E). PPR alignment charts, syllabi, and course outlines provided evidence of compliance. This specifically included instructional planning and delivery [TAC §228.30(b)(3)(A)] An instructional planning PPT, lesson planning format, and Thinking Through Teaching assignments are required throughout the program; knowledge of students and student learning [TAC §228.30(b)(3)(B)]; content knowledge and expertise [TAC §228.30(b)(3)(C)]; learning environment [TAC §228.30(b)(3)(D)]; and data-driven practice [TAC §228.30(b)(3)(E)].

Professional practices and responsibilities are adequately addressed within the PPR EC-12 coursework [TAC §228.30(b)(3)(E)].

Instruction in detection and education of students with dyslexia as indicated in the Texas Education Code (TEC) §21.044(b) was provided to candidates in EDU 43-443 [TAC §228.35(a)(4)].

Instruction in detection and education of students with mental and emotional disorders, as indicated in the Texas Education Code (TEC), §21.044(c-1) and (c-2) was provided to candidates in EDU 43-404; EDU 43-453; PSY 33-333; Alignment Charts were also provided for the 3 aforementioned courses. Assigned readings, assignments, exams, and lesson plans were required. Candidates were also required to conduct a problem-based intervention and conduct a FBA with observational data. Additional evidence provided in the document review included presentation slides, readings, and handouts [TAC §228.35(a)(5)].

Educator candidates and mentor/cooperating teachers reported the following regarding instruction in their respective questionnaires:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instruction Provided in the Following Areas:</th>
<th>Candidates Yes/No/Don’t Know</th>
<th>Mentor/Cooperating Teachers Yes/No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reading Instruction for all certification areas at all grade levels</td>
<td>91% / 9% / 0%</td>
<td>93% / 7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dyslexia Training</td>
<td>82% / 18% / 0%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child/Adolescent Development</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>100% / 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instructional Methods for Motivating Students</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>100% / 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Theories of How People Learn</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>93% / 7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topic</td>
<td>Percentage</td>
<td>Compliance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEKS Organization, Structure, Skills</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>93% / 7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilizing TEKS in Content Areas</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>86% / 14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teacher Responsibilities for Administering the STAAR or End of Course Exams</td>
<td>82% / 9% / 9%</td>
<td>77% / 23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How to Develop a Lesson Plan</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>100% / 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Process of Curriculum Development</td>
<td>91% / 9% / 0%</td>
<td>93% / 7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How to Utilize A Variety of Classroom Assessments with Students</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>100% / 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How to Use Formative Assessments to Diagnose Student Learning Needs</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>93% / 7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Models and Methodologies in Classroom Management Prior to Placement as a Teaching Candidate</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>86% / 14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laws and Strategies Regarding Students with Special Needs</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>86% / 14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teaching Strategies for Students Designated as GT</td>
<td>91% / 9% / 0%</td>
<td>75% / 25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standards and Teaching Strategies for Students with Limited English Proficiency</td>
<td>91% / 9% / 0%</td>
<td>93% / 7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conducting Parent Conferences</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>79% / 21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variety of Instructional Strategies in Your Classroom</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>100% / 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differentiating or Changing Instruction to Meet Individual Student</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
<td>100% / 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Needs</td>
<td>Characteristics and Identification of Students with Mental or Emotional Disorders</td>
<td>100% / 0% / 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Campus principals reported the following in their questionnaires regarding the teaching candidates:

- 100% indicated that candidates were prepared by the program in the following areas: classroom management; to meet the academic and behavioral needs of students with disabilities; to communicate clear expectations for achievement and behavior; to collaborate with others in meeting the academic, developmental, and behavioral needs of students; to address the academic and behavioral needs of limited English proficient students; and to develop and interpret formal and informal assessments that track student progress;

- 100% indicated that candidates were prepared to use appropriate multimedia and other technology to support/extend student learning; and

- 67% indicated that candidates were well prepared by the program and 33% indicated that they were sufficiently prepared.

Compliance Issues to be addressed:

- None

General Recommendations:

- None

Based on evidence presented, Southwestern University Educator Preparation Program (EPP) is in compliance with Texas Administrative Code Section §228.30.

COMPONENT IV: PROGRAM DELIVERY AND ONGOING SUPPORT - Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §228.35

FINDINGS:

Southwestern University EPP undergraduate program curriculum review revealed that the program has a total of 2465-2540 clock-hours, depending on the certificate area [TAC §228.35(a)(1) and TAC §228.2(5)]. The program requires that candidates complete 1725-1980 clock-hours of coursework and training [TAC §228.35(a)(3) and TAC §228.2(5)] and 46-347.5 clock hours of field-based experiences prior to student teaching. The total program hours and
program hours prior to student teaching provided in the document review were verified in the
degree plan and program hours chart by TEA program specialists.

While candidates are required to complete from 46-347.5 clock-hours (varies by certificate area)
of field-based experiences prior to student teaching, documentation for the 10 files reviewed
was incomplete.

The program requires candidates to complete more than 80 clock-hours of coursework and
training prior to student teaching. The evidence presented was a candidate benchmark chart for
each file reviewed denoting that the candidate had completed the field-based experiences prior
to student teaching served as evidence of compliance [TAC §228.35(a) (3)(B)].

The program did not provide sufficient evidence to document that field-based experiences prior
to student teaching were in a variety of educational settings with diverse student populations,
including observation, modeling, and demonstration of effective practices to improve student
learning. The program provided documentation that each professor is responsible for monitoring
completion of field-based experiences. Each professor gathers student material and assigns
grades, but the program does not keep documentation in each candidate’s certification file. It
also appeared, from the documentation provided, that candidates completed field-based
experiences in a similar setting as the actual student teaching practicum. The program did
provide additional documentation regarding field-based experiences. In conversations with the
Southwestern University Certification Officer, the TEA program specialist specifically clarified
the need for candidates to have the opportunity to complete field-based experiences prior to
student teaching in elementary, middle, and high school settings in classrooms that are different
from the candidate’s anticipated certification field. The rationale being that the candidate may
observe/interact in a different classroom setting which may lead to certification in a different
certification field. Only three files provided sufficient evidence that field-based experiences were
completed as prescribed. Field-based experiences did not meet the requirements as prescribed
[TAC §228.35(a)(3); TAC §228.35(d)(1); TAC §228.2(9)].

The field-based experiences were completed in the semester prior to student teaching. The
Field-based experiences spreadsheet provided by the program served as documentation [TAC
§228.35(d)(1)].

The program requires all coursework and training to be completed prior to educator preparation
program completion and standard certification. Evidence was found in the ten candidate records
denoting where each candidate was in the process of program completion. This included
benchmarks, a review of the program’s schedule of coursework, candidate records, degree
plans, and transcripts [TAC §228.35(a)(4)].

The program allows candidates to complete student teaching, clinical teaching, or internship
depending on if the candidate is in an initial, post-bac, or alternative certification track within
Southwestern University EPP. All files reviewed were for candidates that had completed student
teaching. Placement information in candidate records provided verification that 9 out of 10
candidates (10 files reviewed) were in an appropriate student teaching placement that matched
the certification field that the candidate was seeking [TAC 228.35(d)(1); TAC §228.35(d)(2)(A);
TAC §228.2(4)].

All student teaching took place in an actual school setting. Documentation was verified for 9 out
of 10 files reviewed. The documentation provided was the Student Teaching Contract with the
public elementary, middle or high school listed. The program also submitted additional evidence
that included the name of the cooperating teacher. The program met the requirement as prescribed [TAC §228.35(d)(2)(C)(ii)].

Nine out of 10 files reviewed provided evidence that candidate was assigned a cooperating teacher in an actual public/private school setting. The program met the requirement as prescribed [TAC §228.35(e); TAC §228.2(6)].

While Southwestern University EPP provided mentor/cooperating teacher training, it could not be verified that the cooperating teachers attended the training. Training materials were submitted as evidence. The documentation submitted by the program to verify that training had occurred did not meet the requirements as prescribed [TAC §228.35(e)].

It was documented by the program and verified by TEA program specialists that each candidate was assigned an appropriate field-supervisor.

Each candidate was assigned a field-supervisor who provided structured guidance and regular ongoing support. Each of the five field-supervisors was an experienced educator and had appropriate certification. Certifications for field-supervisors were reviewed in the TEAL system by program specialists. The field supervisors met the requirements as prescribed [TAC §228.35(f)].

The field supervisors did not receive yearly training as prescribed. As a result, the program did not meet the field-supervisor training requirement as prescribed [TAC §228.35(f)].

Southwestern University EPP provided evidence that field supervisors made initial contact within the first 3 weeks of assignment as required. Documentation was provided in 10 files reviewed. The program met the requirements of initial contact by the field-supervisor as prescribed [TAC §228.35(f)].

Each field supervisor conducted two observations, the Mid-Term and Final Observation, documented instructional practices observed, and provided written feedback through an interactive conference with the candidates. Additional observations, with documentation and feedback, of the candidate by the field supervisor occurred throughout the student teaching practicum. It was noted and discussed with the program staff that candidates had more than three observations by the field supervisor. Ten files were reviewed and only one file was lacking observations for the second half of the student teaching practicum. The program met the requirements of field-supervision [TAC §228.35(f)(4)].

There was no evidence that the program provided a copy of the written feedback to the campus administrator. The program did not meet the requirements as prescribed [TAC §228.35(f)].

The evidence provided regarding informal observations and coaching was found in the Self-Report. Candidates participated in weekly student teacher support meetings with peer support and faculty guidance. There was documentation provided for one candidate as requested by TEA. Additional documentation, which included sign-in sheets at the weekly support meetings, was provided. The program met the requirements of informal observations and coaching as prescribed [TAC §228.35(f)].

Because only one field supervisor completed the Field Supervisor questionnaire, the data could not be utilized or triangulated in the report.

**Cooperating/Mentor Teachers reported the following in their questionnaires:**
• 100% teach in the same grade level and content area as the candidate they mentor;

• 19% reported that this is the 1st candidate they have mentored; 44% have mentored 2-3 candidates in the past; 31% have mentored 4-6 candidates; and 6% have mentored more than 6 candidates;

• Mentor training is received from: the program 88%; the school/district 31%; the ESC 25%; the Handbook 38%; online 6%; no training 6%; and 6% received an email from the university professor and spoke with that person prior to the student teacher starting assignment;

• 93% stated that the expectations and responsibilities as a mentor/cooperating teacher were explained by the EPP and 7% stated they were not;

• Collaboration between the EPP and the school was rated as: Satisfactory 21% and Very Good 79%;

• Cooperating/Mentor Teacher has observed candidate teaching: One time 7%; 2-3 times 7%; and 3+ times 86%;

• Cooperating/Mentor Teacher provided written feedback to candidate about the observation and ways to improve: Yes 93% and No 7%;

• Additional Observations and coaching were provided: 2-3 times 14%; 4-6 times 21%; 6+ times 64%;

• Cooperating/Mentor Teacher and Field Supervisor communicate about the candidate: more than once a month 64%; monthly 36%;

• Field supervisor has observed the candidate: Yes 93%; No 7%;

• Field Supervisor has shared written or verbal feedback about candidate with Cooperating/Mentor Teacher: Yes 86%; No 14%;

• Cooperating/Mentor Teacher, Field Supervisor, and Candidate have conferenced to help candidate improve teaching performance: Yes 93%; Does Not Seem Necessary 7%;

• Principal has observed candidate teaching: Yes 36%; No 64%;

Reported strengths of the program: High expectations for students; thorough monitoring of students; content-knowledge of TEKS; collaboration between school and university, and university is very involved with the students.

Reported areas for improvement: Unreasonable expectations that caused undue stress on intern which could lead to premature burnout; need more preparation for expectations as a cooperating teacher/mentor; have students begin earlier in the semester; and more time for students to know and understand practical aspects of preparing for a lesson (i.e. copies needed, materials to prepare prior to actually teaching).

Candidates reported the following in their questionnaires:

• 36% reported that they completed 30 clock-hours of field-based observations prior to clinical teaching/internship; and 64% completed more;
• 100% observed students in public/private classrooms during the 30% hours of field-based observations;

• As a part of the 30 clock-hours, 27% did not view videos; 18% viewed videos for 2 hours or less; 36% viewed videos for 2-15 hours; and 18% did not know if they viewed videos;

• As follow-up activities to the 30 clock-hours, candidates: completed reflection journals (91%); completed focused observation questions (91%); completed general observations (91%); completed written assignments (100%); participated in class discussions (100%); completed a report to class (91%); did something else-completed a FBA or collected RTI data (18%);

• 100% of candidates reported that their teaching placement and grade level matched the certification field they were seeking;

• 44% completed 6+ weeks of student teaching; 33% completed more than one semester; and 22% completed an academic year;

• Communication with the campus mentor occurred primarily through: daily informal discussions (89%); weekly scheduled conferences (56%); weekly informal discussions (56%); and email (56%);

• Mentor/cooperating teacher conducted formal observations with feedback: 2-3 times (44%); and more than 3 times (56%);

• 100% of mentor/cooperating teachers provided written documentation of the observation and ways to improve;

• 89% received additional coaching and support from the cooperating teacher/mentor and 11% did not;

• Candidates were informed by the program that they would be observed by a field supervisor: 100% yes;

• Candidates were observed a minimum of 3 times by a field supervisor: 100%;

• Communication with the field supervisor occurred: more than once a week (78%); every day (22%);

• Communication with the field supervisor was via: email (100%); phone call (33%); formal scheduled conferences (100%); informal discussions (100%); and text messaging (44%);

• 100% met with field supervisor during first 3 weeks of beginning teaching assignment;

• The first observation was within the 1st 6 weeks of assignment: 100% yes;

• Candidates were observed a minimum of three times during student/clinical teaching/internship 100% yes;

• Candidates were observed 3 times per year on second or third year of probationary certificate: 100% yes;
• 100% of candidates received written feedback of observations by field supervisor;
• 100% debriefed with field supervisor and received suggestions for improvement;
• 100% received informal observations and coaching from field supervisor;
• 100% were observed for about 45 minutes; and
• Effectiveness of field supervisor was reported as very effective (100%).

Reported strengths of the EPP: Professors (field supervisors) provided a variety of feedback and suggestions after observations; extensive knowledge of professors; amount of time spent with professors; many opportunities for observations and field placements throughout entire program; and strong relationships between students and teaching faculty.

Reported areas for improvement: More information on teaching students with dyslexia; expand secondary program to be more focused on specific strategies for the secondary level; and more varied courses for specific certification tracks.

** Principals reported the following in their questionnaires:**

• Field supervisor has shared written feedback: 67% yes and 33% no;
• Candidates’ instructional assignment matches grade level and certification they are seeking: 100% yes; and
• Campus administrator observes candidate: 67% yes; 33% observe some of them.

**Strengths of the EPP:** Clear communication of expectations before, during and after the field experience; ongoing support for interns during the field experience; observation feedback seems specific; and program is comprehensive and does a stellar job of preparing candidates for all aspects of teaching.

Areas for improvement: None reported.

**Compliance Issues to be addressed:**

• Require the program to keep documentation of the 30 clock-hours of field-based experiences that candidates complete prior to student teaching, clinical teaching or internship [TAC §228.35(a)(3)];
• Require the program to provide and keep a record that mentor/cooperating teacher training occurs each year or allow the school district to provide that training [TAC §228.35(e)];
• Require the program to provide and keep a record that field supervisor training occurs each year [TAC §228.35(f)]; and
• Require the program to provide the campus administrator with a copy of each observation of the candidate [TAC §228.35(f)].

**General Recommendations:**

• Consider not allowing 50 clock-hours of School District Training as a part of total hours for candidates in the ACP;
Consider providing Continuing Professional Education (CPE) credit to field-supervisors for their annual field supervisor training if appropriate; and

Create a standardized Observation Form that is utilized by all field supervisors to ensure that all candidates receive the same type of evaluation and feedback at each formal observation.

Based on evidence presented, Southwestern University Educator Preparation Program (EPP) is not in compliance with Texas Administrative Code Section §228.35 – Program Delivery and On-Going Support.

COMPONENT V: PROGRAM EVALUATION – Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §228.40

FINDINGS:

Southwestern University EPP has established benchmarks to ensure that candidates are prepared to receive standard certification [TAC §228.40(a)]. Documentation detailing the benchmark activity, timeline, and person responsible and the candidate record showing progression through the program by verifying benchmarks was provided as evidence for the 10 files reviewed.

The program provided evidence that the readiness of each candidate to take the appropriate certification assessment of pedagogy and professional responsibilities, including professional ethics and standards of conduct was determined as required. It was noted that four candidates had a student profile sheet verifying readiness to test. Additional documentation was provided that included dated emails to candidates, sign-in sheets for content area and PPR test prep, and a signed practice exam check-out for 10 files reviewed. It was also noted in two files reviewed that the program was allowing candidates to test and be certified in multiple certification fields. While Southwestern University met the requirement of determining each candidate’s readiness to test, the program did not meet the requirement as prescribed because two candidates were allowed to be certified in multiple content areas [TAC §228.40(b); TAC §230.21(c)].

The program continuously evaluates the design and delivery of the educator preparation curriculum based on performance data, scientifically-based research practices, and the results of internal and external assessments [TAC §228.40(c)]. The evidence provided included candidate surveys from academic years 2012-2015, documentation detailing the evaluation activity, timeline, and person responsible, and agendas and minutes of advisory committee meetings. The documentation was signed by the director and an advisory committee member.

Compliance issues to be addressed:

- Require EPP to only allow candidate to be admitted, trained, and certified in one content area for which they will be certified [TAC §228.40(b); TAC §230.21(c)].

General Recommendations:

None
Based on evidence presented, Southwestern University Educator Preparation Program (EPP) is not in compliance with Texas Administrative Code §228.40 – Assessment and Evaluation of Candidates of Candidates for Certification and Program Improvement.

COMPONENT VI: Professional Conduct (TAC) §228.50

Findings:

TAC §228.50(a) states that during the period of preparation, the educator preparation entity shall ensure that the individuals preparing candidates and the candidates themselves demonstrate adherence to Chapter 247 of this title (relating to Educators’ Code of Ethics).

The Southwestern University EPP staff and candidates (10 files reviewed) have signed a statement of reading, understanding, and abiding by the Code of Ethics.

Based on evidence presented, Southwestern University Educator Preparation Program (EPP) is in compliance with Texas Administrative Code §228.50(a) regarding Professional Conduct.

Standard Recommendations for Southwestern University EPP:

- Align the verbiage of Southwestern University to the verbiage of Texas Administrative Code (TAC) (ex. Field supervisor, cooperating teacher, candidate, etc.);
- Continue to follow the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) and the State Board of Education (SBOE) meetings and/or review the minutes to ensure that the program staff is knowledgeable about current Texas Administrative Code;
- Continue to participate in webinars provided by the Division of Educator Preparation to ensure that the program staff is knowledgeable about current requirements and changes in Texas Administrative Code;
- Continue to maintain communication with the program specialist assigned to the program; and
- Ensure that TEA staff has the most current contact information by sending update emails to the assigned program specialist.