Subject	Languages Other Than English (LOTE)
Course Title	§114.34 American Sign Language, Level I (One Credit), Adopted 2014
(a) General Requirements. Level I can be course. There is no prerequisite required fo	offered in elementary, middle, or high school. At the high school level, students shall be awarded one credit for successful completion of this ourse.
(b) Introduction.	
the nature of communication and the compl diversity. Further benefits of foreign language than one language, with an appropriate und (2) Communication is the overarching goal present information expressively to an audie (ACTFL) identifies three modes of communic (A) In the interpersonal mode of communic not limited to signing face to face or in a gro (B) In interpretive (receptive) mode of commit type of "one-way" receptive comprehension conversations. (C) In presentational (expressive) mode of immediate expressive interaction. Examples presentation where there is no receptive list (3) The use of age-level appropriate and cu (LOTE). The use of culturally authentic reso studied with their own, and to participate in (4) ASL difficulty has been determined by s American Sign Language Teachers Associa and significant structural and cultural differe looking away from the primary source of infi-	ulturally authentic resources is imperative to support the teaching of the essential knowledge and skills for languages other than English purces in world language study enables students to make connections with other content areas, to compare the language and culture

(6) ASL is a signed language where the modes of communication involve different skills than written and/or spoken languages. ASL is not a formal written language; glossing is the term used to describe a chosen written system of symbols devised to transcribe signs and nonmanual signals to an English equivalent. Since ASL information is received visually and not in an auditory manner, communication skills in ASL are defined as follows:

(A) interpretive listening and reading targets are called interpretive receptive;

(B) one-to-one interpersonal targets are called receptive and expressive; and

(C) one-to-many presentational speaking is expressed through signs and the target is presentational expressive.

(7) Using age-appropriate materials, students in ASL Level I develop the ability to perform the tasks of the novice language learner. The novice language learner, when dealing with familiar topics, should understand ASL phrases receptively and respond expressively with learned material; sign learned words, concepts, phrases, and sentences; recognize the importance of communication and how it applies to the American Deaf culture; and recognize the importance of accuracy of expression by knowing the components of ASL. Students use expressive and receptive skills for comprehension.

(8) ASL Level I proficiency levels, as defined by ACTFL and ASLTA, are as follows: interpersonal receptive, novice mid; interpersonal expressive, novice mid; interpretive receptive, novice high; and presentational expressive, novice high.

(9) Students who have fully or partially acquired the skills required at each proficiency level through home or other immersion experiences are known as heritage speakers. Heritage speakers may be allowed to accelerate based on their ability to demonstrate a proficiency in the Texas essential knowledge and skills at the prescribed proficiency level and communicate across all modes of communication. According to ASLTA's National K-16 ASL Standards, "heritage language learning is an emerging issue in ASL instruction. The formal instruction of ASL to deaf is a very recent phenomenon, as is the availability of ASL instruction in K-12 settings for hearing children of deaf parents. Heritage language learning is an important and developing interest in the field of ASL teaching and learning."

(c) Knowledge and Skills.		
Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information	(i) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information	(ii) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to provide information
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information	(iii) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to obtain information
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(B) demonstrate an understanding of basic ASL such as simple stories, everyday commands, and brief instructions when dealing with familiar topics	(i) demonstrate an understanding of basic ASL when dealing with familiar topics
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using familiar words, concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice	(i) convey without voice information to others in ASL using familiar words
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using familiar words, concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice	(ii) convey without voice information to others in ASL using familiar concepts

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using familiar words, concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice	(iii) convey without voice information to others in ASL using familiar classifiers
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using familiar words, concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice	(iv) convey without voice information to others in ASL using familiar phrases
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using familiar words, concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice	(v) convey information to others in ASL using familiar sentences without voice
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics	(i) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics	(ii) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL morphology
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics	(iii) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL syntax
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics	(iv) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL semantics

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics	(v) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL pragmatics
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(E) be exposed to and experience ASL literature such as handshape stories that follows traditional cultural features	(i) be exposed to ASL literature that follows traditional cultural features
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(E) be exposed to and experience ASL literature such as handshape stories that follows traditional cultural features	(ii) experience ASL literature that follows traditional cultural features
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) recognize and use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) recognize Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) recognize and use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) show evidence of appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) show evidence of appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) show evidence of appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) show how [ASL literature created by the Deaf] applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of appreciation of the contributions by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture such as historical, geographical, political, artistic, and scientific avenues	(i) show evidence of appreciation of the contributions by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of appreciation of the contributions by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture such as historical, geographical, political, artistic, and scientific avenues	(ii) show how [contributions by the Deaf] are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate an understanding of Deaf history and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) demonstrate an understanding of Deaf history
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate an understanding of Deaf history and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) demonstrate how [Deaf history] applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to information about ASL and Deaf culture	(i) use resources to gain access to information about ASL
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to information about ASL and Deaf culture	(ii) use digital technology to gain access to information about ASL

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to information about ASL and Deaf culture	(iii) use resources to gain access to information about Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to information about ASL and Deaf culture	(iv) use digital technology to gain access to information about Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(B) use ASL to obtain, reinforce, or expand knowledge of other subject areas	(i) use ASL to obtain, reinforce, or expand knowledge of other subject areas
(4) Comparisons. The student develops insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) demonstrate an understanding of the nature of language through comparisons of the student's own language and ASL	(i) demonstrate an understanding of the nature of language through comparisons of the student's own language and ASL
(4) Comparisons. The student develops insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) demonstrate an understanding of the nature of culture through comparisons of the student's own culture and the American Deaf culture	(i) demonstrate an understanding of the nature of culture through comparisons of the student's own culture and the American Deaf culture
(4) Comparisons. The student develops insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) demonstrate an understanding of how one language and culture can influence another	(i) demonstrate an understanding of how one language can influence another

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(4) Comparisons. The student develops insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) demonstrate an understanding of how one language and culture can influence another	(ii) demonstrate an understanding of how one culture can influence another
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL at the novice proficiency level in or out of the school setting through involvement in cultural activities such as attending Deaf events	(i) apply ASL at the novice proficiency level in or out of the school setting through involvement in cultural activities
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(B) be aware of methods of technology to communicate with the Deaf/ASL community	(i) be aware of methods of technology to communicate with the Deaf/ASL community
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the novice proficiency level for personal enrichment and/or career development	(i) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the novice proficiency level for personal enrichment and/or career development

Subject	Languages Other than English (LOTE)
Course Title	§114.35 American Sign Language, Level II (One Credit), Adopted 2014
(a) General Requirements. Level II can be offer this course. American Sign Language (ASL) Lev	ered in elementary, middle, or high school. At the high school level, students shall be awarded one credit for successful completion of vel I is a prerequisite for this course.
(b) Introduction.	
the nature of communication and the complexity diversity. Further benefits of foreign language st than one language, with an appropriate underst. (2) Communication is the overarching goal of w present information expressively to an audience (ACTFL) identifies three modes of communication (A) In the interpersonal mode of communication not limited to signing face to face or in a group of (B) In interpretive (receptive) mode of communi- type of "one-way" receptive comprehension incl (C) In presentational (expressive) mode of commu- immediate expressive interaction. Examples of the presentation where there is no receptive listener (3) The use of age-level appropriate and culturation (LOTE). The use of culturally authentic resource studied with their own, and to participate in loca (4) ASL difficulty has been determined by stand American Sign Language Teachers Association and significant structural and cultural differences looking away from the primary source of informations.	ally authentic resources is imperative to support the teaching of the essential knowledge and skills for languages other than English es in world language study enables students to make connections with other content areas, to compare the language and culture

(6) ASL is a signed language where the modes of communication involve different skills than written and/or spoken languages. ASL is not a formal written language; glossing is the term used to describe a chosen written system of symbols devised to transcribe signs and nonmanual signals to an English equivalent. Since ASL information is received visually and not in an auditory manner, communication skills in ASL are defined as follows:

- (A) interpretive listening and reading targets are called interpretive receptive;
- (B) one-to-one interpersonal targets are called receptive and expressive; and

(C) one-to-many presentational speaking is expressed through signs and the target is presentational expressive.

(7) Using age-appropriate materials, students in ASL Level II develop the ability to perform the tasks of the novice-to-intermediate language learner. The novice-to-intermediate language learner, when dealing with familiar topics, should understand ASL phrases receptively and respond expressively with learned material; sign learned words, concepts, phrases, and sentences; recognize the importance of communication and how it applies to the American Deaf culture; and recognize the importance of accuracy of expression by knowing the components of ASL. Students use expressive and receptive skills for comprehension.

(8) ASL Level II proficiency levels, as defined by ACTFL and ASLTA, are as follows: interpersonal receptive, novice mid; interpersonal expressive, intermediate low; interpretive receptive, intermediate low; and presentational expressive, intermediate mid.

(9) Students who have fully or partially acquired the skills required at each proficiency level through home or other immersion experiences are known as heritage speakers. Heritage speakers may be allowed to accelerate based on their ability to demonstrate a proficiency in the Texas essential knowledge and skills at the prescribed proficiency level and communicate across all modes of communication. According to ASLTA's National K-16 ASL Standards, "heritage language learning is an emerging issue in ASL instruction. The formal instruction of ASL to deaf is a very recent phenomenon, as is the availability of ASL instruction in K-12 settings for hearing children of deaf parents. Heritage language learning is an important and developing interest in the field of ASL teaching and learning."

(c) Knowledge and Skills.		
Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information	(i) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information	(ii) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to provide information
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information	(iii) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to obtain information
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(B) demonstrate an understanding of ASL such as stories, everyday commands, and instructions when dealing with familiar topics	(i) demonstrate an understanding of ASL when dealing with familiar topics
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice	(i) convey without voice information to others in ASL using concepts
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice	(ii) convey without voice information to others in ASL using classifiers
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice	(iii) convey without voice information to others in ASL using phrases

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice	(iv) convey without voice information to others in ASL using sentences
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics	(i) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics	(ii) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL morphology
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics	(iii) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL syntax
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics	(iv) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL semantics
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics	(v) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL pragmatics
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(E) create and express ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features	(i) create ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(E) create and express ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features	(ii) express ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) recognize and use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate, in writing or ASL, an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) recognize Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate, in writing or ASL, an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) recognize and use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate, in writing or ASL, an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate, in writing or ASL, an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) show evidence of appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) show evidence of appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) show evidence of appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) show how [ASL literature created by the Deaf] applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to the arts by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to the sciences by the Deaf

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(iii) show how [contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf] are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate an understanding of Deaf history and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) demonstrate an understanding of Deaf history
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate an understanding of Deaf history and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) demonstrate how [Deaf history] applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to information about ASL and Deaf culture	(i) use resources to gain access to information about ASL
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to information about ASL and Deaf culture	(ii) use digital technology to gain access to information about ASL
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to information about ASL and Deaf culture	(iii) use resources to gain access to information about Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to information about ASL and Deaf culture	(iv) use digital technology to gain access to information about Deaf culture

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(B) use ASL to obtain, reinforce, or expand knowledge of other subject areas	(i) use ASL to obtain, reinforce, or expand knowledge of other subject areas
(4) Comparisons. The student develops or expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) demonstrate an understanding of the nature of language through comparisons of the student's own language and ASL	(i) demonstrate an understanding of the nature of language through comparisons of the student's own language and ASL
(4) Comparisons. The student develops or expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) demonstrate an understanding of the nature of culture through comparisons of the student's own culture and the American Deaf culture	(i) demonstrate an understanding of the nature of culture through comparisons of the student's own culture and the American Deaf culture
(4) Comparisons. The student develops or expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) demonstrate an understanding of how one language and culture can influence another	(i) demonstrate an understanding of how one language can influence another
(4) Comparisons. The student develops or expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) demonstrate an understanding of how one language and culture can influence another	(ii) demonstrate an understanding of how one culture can influence another

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL at the novice-to-intermediate proficiency level in or out of the school setting through involvement in cultural activities such as attending Deaf events	(i) apply ASL at the novice-to-intermediate proficiency level in or out of the school setting through involvement in cultural activities
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(B) use technology to communicate with the Deaf/ASL community	(i) use technology to communicate with the Deaf/ASL community
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the novice-to-intermediate proficiency level for personal enrichment and career development	(i) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the novice-to-intermediate proficiency level for personal enrichment
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the novice-to-intermediate proficiency level for personal enrichment and career development	(ii) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the novice-to-intermediate proficiency level for career development

Subject	Languages Other Than English (LOTE)
Course Title	§114.36 American Sign Language, Level III (One Credit) Adopted 2014
(a) General Requirements. Level III can be offered American Sign Language (ASL) Levels I and II are	ed in middle or high school. At the high school level, students shall be awarded one credit for successful completion of this course.
(b) Introduction.	
the nature of communication and the complexity of diversity. Further benefits of foreign language stud than one language, with an appropriate understand (2) Communication is the overarching goal of worl present information expressively to an audience, a (ACTFL) identifies three modes of communication: (A) In the interpersonal mode of communication, s not limited to signing face to face or in a group disc (B) In interpretive (receptive) mode of communicat type of "one-way" receptive comprehension include (C) In presentational (expressive) mode of commu- immediate expressive interaction. Examples of this some way where there is no receptive listener pres (3) The use of age-level appropriate and culturally (LOTE). The use of culturally authentic resources i studied with their own, and to participate in local an (4) ASL difficulty has been determined by standard American Sign Language Teachers Association (A and significant structural and cultural differences in looking away from the primary source of informatic	students engage in direct signed communication with others without voice. Examples of this "two-way" communication include but are cussion. Interpersonal communication includes receptive and expressive skills. ation, students demonstrate understanding of receptively viewed communication within appropriate cultural contexts. Examples of this le but are not limited to ASL video weblogs (or vlogs), other signed presentations, and signed DVD conversations. unication, students present information in expressive form without voice to an audience of receptive listeners with whom there is no s "one-to-many" mode of communication include but are not limited to an expressively signed presentation to a group or recorded in sent to respond. y authentic resources is imperative to support the teaching of the essential knowledge and skills for languages other than English in world language study enables students to make connections with other content areas, to compare the language and culture

(6) ASL is a signed language where the modes of communication involve different skills than written and/or spoken languages. ASL is not a formal written language; glossing is the term used to describe a chosen written system of symbols devised to transcribe signs and nonmanual signals to an English equivalent. Since ASL information is received visually and not in an auditory manner, communication skills in ASL are defined as follows:

- (A) interpretive listening and reading targets are called interpretive receptive;
- (B) one-to-one interpersonal targets are called receptive and expressive; and
- (C) one-to-many presentational speaking is expressed through signs and the target is presentational expressive.

(7) Using age-appropriate activities, students in ASL Level III expand their ability to perform novice tasks and develop their ability to perform the tasks of the intermediate language learner. The intermediate language learner, when dealing with everyday topics, should understand ASL phrases receptively and respond expressively with learned material; sign learned words, concepts, phrases, and sentences; apply acquired knowledge of Deaf cultural norms to the development of communication skills; and apply knowledge of the components of ASL to increase accuracy of expression. Students use expressive and receptive skills for comprehension.

(8) ASL Level III proficiency levels, as defined by ACTFL and ASLTA, are as follows: interpersonal receptive, intermediate mid; interpersonal expressive, advanced low; interpretive receptive, intermediate low; and presentational expressive, advanced low.

(9) Students who have fully or partially acquired the skills required at each proficiency level through home or other immersion experiences are known as heritage speakers. Heritage speakers may be allowed to accelerate based on their ability to demonstrate a proficiency in the Texas essential knowledge and skills at the prescribed proficiency level and communicate across all modes of communication. According to ASLTA's National K-16 ASL Standards, "heritage language learning is an emerging issue in ASL instruction. The formal instruction of ASL to deaf is a very recent phenomenon, as is the availability of ASL instruction in K-12 settings for hearing children of deaf parents. Heritage language learning is an important and developing interest in the field of ASL teaching and learning."

(c) Knowledge and Skills.		
Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information at an intermediate proficiency level	(i) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize at an intermediate proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information at an intermediate proficiency level	(ii) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to provide information at an intermediate proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information at an intermediate proficiency level	(iii) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to obtain information at an intermediate proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(B) demonstrate an understanding of ASL such as stories, commands, and instructions when dealing with familiar and less familiar topics	(i) demonstrate an understanding of ASL when dealing with familiar topics
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(B) demonstrate an understanding of ASL such as stories, commands, and instructions when dealing with familiar and less familiar topics	(ii) demonstrate an understanding of ASL when dealing with less familiar topics
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice at the intermediate proficiency level	(i) convey without voice information to others in ASL using concepts at the intermediate proficiency level

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice at the intermediate proficiency level	(ii) convey without voice information to others in ASL using classifiers at the intermediate proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice at the intermediate proficiency level	(iii) convey without voice information to others in ASL using phrases at the intermediate proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice at the intermediate proficiency level	(iv) convey without voice information to others in ASL using sentences at the intermediate proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the intermediate proficiency level	(i) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology at the intermediate proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the intermediate proficiency level	(ii) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL morphology at the intermediate proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the intermediate proficiency level	(iii) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL syntax at the intermediate proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the intermediate proficiency level	(iv) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL semantics at the intermediate proficiency level

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the intermediate proficiency level	(v) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL pragmatics at the intermediate proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(E) create and express ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features	(i) create ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(E) create and express ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features	(ii) express ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL to recognize and use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) apply ASL to recognize Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL to recognize and use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) apply ASL to use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) apply ASL to show how [ASL literature created by the Deaf] applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to the arts by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to the sciences by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(iii) apply ASL to show how [contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf] are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of Deaf history and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of Deaf history
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of Deaf history and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of how [Deaf history] applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to in-depth information about ASL and Deaf culture	(i) use resources to gain access to in-depth information about ASL

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to in-depth information about ASL and Deaf culture	(ii) use digital technology to gain access to in-depth information about ASL
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to in-depth information about ASL and Deaf culture	(iii) use resources to gain access to in-depth information about Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to in-depth information about ASL and Deaf culture	(iv) use digital technology to gain access to in-depth information about Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(B) apply ASL at the intermediate proficiency level to obtain, reinforce, or expand knowledge of other subject areas	(i) apply ASL at the intermediate proficiency level to obtain, reinforce, or expand knowledge of other subject areas
(4) Comparisons. The student expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL at the intermediate proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of the nature of language through comparisons of the student's own language and ASL	(i) apply ASL at the intermediate proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of the nature of language through comparisons of the student's own language and ASL
(4) Comparisons. The student expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) apply ASL at the intermediate proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of the nature of culture through comparisons of the student's own culture and the American Deaf culture	(i) apply ASL at the intermediate proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of the nature of culture through comparisons of the student's own culture and the American Deaf culture

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(4) Comparisons. The student expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL at the intermediate proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of how one language and culture can influence another	(i) apply ASL at the intermediate proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of how one language and culture can influence another
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL at the intermediate proficiency level in or out of the school setting through involvement in cultural activities such as attending Deaf events	(i) apply ASL at the intermediate proficiency level in or out of the school setting through involvement in cultural activities
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(B) use technology to communicate with the Deaf/ASL community	(i) use technology to communicate with the Deaf/ASL community
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the intermediate proficiency level for personal enrichment and career development	(i) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the intermediate proficiency level for personal enrichment
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the intermediate proficiency level for personal enrichment and career development	(ii) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the intermediate proficiency level for career development

Subject	Languages Other Than English (LOTE)
Course Title	§114.37 American Sign Language, Level IV (One Credit), Adopted 2014
(a) General Requirements. Level IV can be offered in m American Sign Language (ASL) Levels I, II, and III are pr	niddle or high school. At the high school level, students shall be awarded one credit for successful completion of this course. rerequisites for this course.
(b) Introduction.	
the nature of communication and the complexity of cultur diversity. Further benefits of foreign language study inclu than one language, with an appropriate understanding of (2) Communication is the overarching goal of world lang present information expressively to an audience, and to of (ACTFL) identifies three modes of communication: interp (A) In the interpersonal mode of communication, student not limited to signing face to face or in a group discussion (B) In interpretive (receptive) mode of communication, st type of "one-way" receptive comprehension include but a (C) In presentational (expressive) mode of communication immediate expressive interaction. Examples of this "one- some way where there is no receptive listener present to (3) The use of age-level appropriate and culturally auther (LOTE). The use of culturally authentic resources in worl studied with their own, and to participate in local and glob (4) ASL difficulty has been determined by standards of the American Sign Language Teachers Association (ASLTA) and significant structural and cultural differences in the la looking away from the primary source of information, and	Its engage in direct signed communication with others without voice. Examples of this "two-way" communication include but a in. Interpersonal communication includes receptive and expressive skills. Interpersonal communication includes receptively viewed communication within appropriate cultural contexts. Examples of the are not limited to ASL video weblogs (or vlogs), other signed presentations, and signed DVD conversations. If is students present information in expressive form without voice to an audience of receptive listeners with whom there is no -to-many" mode of communication include but are not limited to an expressively signed presentation to a group or recorded in the respond. In the resources is imperative to support the teaching of the essential knowledge and skills for languages other than English Id language study enables students to make connections with other content areas, to compare the language and culture

(6) ASL is a signed language where the modes of communication involve different skills than written and/or spoken languages. ASL is not a formal written language; glossing is the term used to describe a chosen written system of symbols devised to transcribe signs and nonmanual signals to an English equivalent. Since ASL information is received visually and not in an auditory manner, communication skills in ASL are defined as follows:

(A) interpretive listening and reading targets are called interpretive receptive;

(B) one-to-one interpersonal targets are called receptive and expressive; and

(C) one-to-many presentational speaking is expressed through signs and the target is presentational expressive.

(7) Using age-appropriate activities, students in ASL Level IV expand their ability to perform novice tasks and develop their ability to perform the tasks of the intermediate-to-advanced language learner. The intermediate-to-advanced language learner, when dealing with everyday topics, should understand ASL phrases receptively and respond expressively with learned material at an intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level; sign learned words, concepts, phrases, and sentences at an intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level; apply acquired knowledge of Deaf cultural norms to the development of communication skills; and apply knowledge of the components of ASL to increase accuracy of expression. Students use expressive and receptive skills for comprehension.

(8) ASL Level IV proficiency levels, as defined by ACTFL and ASLTA, are as follows: interpersonal receptive, intermediate high; interpersonal expressive, advanced high; interpretive receptive, intermediate high; and presentational expressive, advanced high.

(9) Students who have fully or partially acquired the skills required at each proficiency level through home or other immersion experiences are known as heritage speakers. Heritage speakers may be allowed to accelerate based on their ability to demonstrate a proficiency in the Texas essential knowledge and skills at the prescribed proficiency level and communicate across all modes of communication. According to ASLTA's National K-16 ASL Standards, "heritage language learning is an emerging issue in ASL instruction. The formal instruction of ASL to deaf is a very recent phenomenon, as is the availability of ASL instruction in K-12 settings for hearing children of deaf parents. Heritage language learning is an important and developing interest in the field of ASL teaching and learning."

(c) Knowledge and Skills.		
Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information at an intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level	(i) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize at an intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information at an intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level	(ii) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to provide information at an intermediate-to- advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information at an intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level	(iii) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to obtain information at an intermediate-to- advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(B) demonstrate an understanding of ASL such as stories, commands, and instructions when dealing with familiar and unfamiliar topics	(i) demonstrate an understanding of ASL when dealing with familiar topics
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(B) demonstrate an understanding of ASL such as stories, commands, and instructions when dealing with familiar and unfamiliar topics	(ii) demonstrate an understanding of ASL when dealing with unfamiliar topics
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level	(i) convey without voice information to others in ASL using concepts at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level	(ii) convey without voice information to others in ASL using classifiers at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level	(iii) convey without voice information to others in ASL using phrases at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level	(iv) convey without voice information to others in ASL using sentences at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level	(i) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level	(ii) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL morphology at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level	(iii) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL syntax at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level	(iv) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL semantics at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level	(v) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL pragmatics at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(E) create and express ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features	(i) create ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(E) create and express ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features	(ii) express ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL to recognize and use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) apply ASL to recognize Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL to recognize and use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) apply ASL to use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) apply ASL to show how [ASL literature] applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to the arts by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to the sciences by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL to show evidence of appreciation of the contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(iii) apply ASL to show how [contributions to the arts and sciences by the Deaf] are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of Deaf history and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of Deaf history

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of Deaf history and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of how [Deaf history] applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to extensive information on ASL and Deaf culture	(i) use resources to gain access to extensive information on ASL
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to extensive information on ASL and Deaf culture	(ii) use digital technology to gain access to extensive information on ASL
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to extensive information on ASL and Deaf culture	(iii) use resources to gain access to extensive information on Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to extensive information on ASL and Deaf culture	(iv) use digital technology to gain access to extensive information on Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(B) apply ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level to obtain, reinforce, or expand knowledge of other subject areas	(i) apply ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level to obtain, reinforce, or expand knowledge of other subject areas
(4) Comparisons. The student expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of the nature of language through comparisons of the student's own language and ASL	(i) apply ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of the nature of language through comparisons of the student's own language and ASL

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(4) Comparisons. The student expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) apply ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of the nature of culture through comparisons of the student's own culture and the American Deaf culture	(i) apply ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of the nature of culture through comparisons of the student's own culture and the American Deaf culture
(4) Comparisons. The student expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of how one language and culture can influence another	(i) apply ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of how one language can influence another
(4) Comparisons. The student expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of how one language and culture can influence another	(ii) apply ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of how one culture can influence another
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level in or out of the school setting through involvement in cultural activities such as attending Deaf events	(i) apply ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level in or out of the school setting through involvement in cultural activities
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(B) use technology to communicate with the Deaf/ASL community	(i) use technology to communicate with the Deaf/ASL community
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level for personal enrichment and career development	(i) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level for personal enrichment

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level for personal enrichment and career development	(ii) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level for career development

Subject	Languages Other than English (LOTE)
ourse Title §114.38. American Sign Language, Advanced Independent Study (One Credit), 2014.	
	tvanced Independent Study (ASL AIS) can be offered in high school. Students shall be awarded one credit for successful three times for state credit. ASL Levels I, II, III, and IV are prerequisites for this course.
(b) Introduction.	
the nature of communication and the complexity of cultured diversity. Further benefits of foreign language study include than one language, with an appropriate understanding of of (2) Communication is the overarching goal of world languag present information expressively to an audience, and to co (ACTFL) identifies three modes of communication: interpret (A) In the interpersonal mode of communication, students not limited to signing face to face or in a group discussion. (B) In interpretive (receptive) mode of communication, stud- type of "one-way" receptive comprehension include but ar (C) In presentational (expressive) mode of communication immediate expressive interaction. Examples of this "one-to some way where there is no receptive listener present to r (3) The use of age-level appropriate and culturally authent (LOTE). The use of culturally authentic resources in world studied with their own, and to participate in local and globa (4) ASL difficulty has been determined by standards of the American Sign Language Teachers Association (ASLTA) and significant structural and cultural differences in the lar looking away from the primary source of information, and	s engage in direct signed communication with others without voice. Examples of this "two-way" communication include but are in Interpersonal communication includes receptive and expressive skills. Indents demonstrate understanding of receptively viewed communication within appropriate cultural contexts. Examples of this re not limited to ASL video weblogs (or vlogs), other signed presentations, and signed DVD conversations. In, students present information in expressive form without voice to an audience of receptive listeners with whom there is no to-many" mode of communication include but are not limited to an expressively signed presentation to a group or recorded in respond. It resources is imperative to support the teaching of the essential knowledge and skills for languages other than English d language study enables students to make connections with other content areas, to compare the language and culture

(6) ASL is a signed language where the modes of communication involve different skills than written and/or spoken languages. ASL is not a formal written language; glossing is the term used to describe a chosen written system of symbols devised to transcribe signs and nonmanual signals to an English equivalent. Since ASL information is received visually and not in an auditory manner, communication skills in ASL are defined as follows:

(A) interpretive listening and reading targets are called interpretive receptive;

(B) one-to-one interpersonal targets are called receptive and expressive; and

(C) one-to-many presentational speaking is expressed through signs and the target is presentational expressive.

(7) Using age-appropriate activities, students in ASL Advanced Independent Study expand their ability to perform intermediate-to-advanced tasks and develop their ability to perform the tasks of the advanced language learner. The advanced language learner, when dealing with everyday topics, should understand ASL phrases receptively and respond expressively with learned material at an intermediate-to-advanced proficiency level; sign learned words, concepts, phrases, and sentences at an advanced proficiency level; apply acquired knowledge of Deaf cultural norms to the development of extensive communication skills; and apply knowledge of the components of ASL to increase accuracy of expression. Students use expressive and receptive skills for comprehension.

(8) ASL Advanced Independent Study proficiency levels, as defined by ACTFL and ASLTA, are as follows: interpersonal receptive, advanced; interpersonal expressive, advanced; interpretive receptive, novice intermediate; and presentational expressive, advanced.

(9) Students who have fully or partially acquired the skills required at each proficiency level through home or other immersion experiences are known as heritage speakers. Heritage speakers may be allowed to accelerate based on their ability to demonstrate a proficiency in the Texas essential knowledge and skills at the prescribed proficiency level and communicate across all modes of communication. According to ASLTA's National K-16 ASL Standards, "heritage language learning is an emerging issue in ASL instruction. The formal instruction of ASL to deaf is a very recent phenomenon, as is the availability of ASL instruction in K-12 settings for hearing children of deaf parents. Heritage language learning is an important and developing interest in the field of ASL teaching and learning."

(c) Knowledge and Skills.		
Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information at an advanced proficiency level	(i) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize at an advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information at an advanced proficiency level	(ii) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to provide information at an advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(A) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to socialize and to provide and obtain information at an advanced proficiency level	(iii) engage in a variety of ASL exchanges of learned material to obtain information at an advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(B) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of ASL such as stories, commands, and instructions when dealing with familiar and unfamiliar topics	(i) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of ASL when dealing with familiar topics
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(B) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of ASL such as stories, commands, and instructions when dealing with familiar and unfamiliar topics	(ii) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of ASL when dealing with unfamiliar topics
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice at the advanced proficiency level	(i) convey without voice information in ASL to others using concepts at the advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice at the advanced proficiency level	(ii) convey without voice information in ASL to others using classifiers at the advanced proficiency level

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice at the advanced proficiency level	(iii) convey without voice information in ASL to others using phrases at the advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(C) convey information in ASL using concepts, classifiers, phrases, and sentences to others without voice at the advanced proficiency level	(iv) convey without voice information in ASL to others using sentences at the advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the advanced proficiency level	(i) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology at the advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the advanced proficiency level	(ii) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL morphology at the advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the advanced proficiency level	(iii) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL syntax at the advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the advanced proficiency level	(iv) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL semantics at the advanced proficiency level
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics at the advanced proficiency level	(v) demonstrate appropriate usage of ASL pragmatics at the advanced proficiency level

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(E) create and express ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features	(i) create ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features
(1) Communication. The student communicates in ASL using expressive and receptive communication skills without voice. The student is expected to:	(E) create and express ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features	(ii) express ASL literature, including handshape stories, that follows traditional cultural features
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL to recognize and use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an in-depth understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) apply ASL to recognize Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an in-depth understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL to recognize and use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an in-depth understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) apply ASL to use Deaf cultural norms to demonstrate an in-depth understanding of the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) apply ASL to show evidence of an in depth appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) apply ASL to show evidence of an in depth appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) apply ASL to show evidence of an in depth appreciation of ASL literature created by the Deaf and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) apply ASL to show how [ASL literature] applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL to show evidence of an in depth appreciation of the contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) apply ASL to show evidence of an in depth appreciation of the contributions to the arts by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL to show evidence of an in depth appreciation of the contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) apply ASL to show evidence of an in depth appreciation of the contributions to the sciences by the Deaf
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL to show evidence of an in depth appreciation of the contributions to arts and sciences by the Deaf and how they are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(iii) apply ASL to show how [contributions to the arts and sciences by the Deaf] are applied to the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of Deaf history and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(i) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of Deaf history
(2) Cultures. The student gains knowledge and understanding of American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(D) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of Deaf history and how it applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture	(ii) demonstrate an in-depth understanding of how [Deaf history] applies to the perspectives of American Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to extensive information about ASL and Deaf culture	(i) use resources to gain access to extensive information about ASL

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to extensive information about ASL and Deaf culture	(ii) use digital technology to gain access to extensive information about ASL
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to extensive information about ASL and Deaf culture	(iii) use resources to gain access to extensive information about Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(A) use resources and digital technology to gain access to extensive information about ASL and Deaf culture	(iv) use digital technology to gain access to extensive information about Deaf culture
(3) Connections. The student uses ASL to make connections with other subject areas and to acquire information. The student is expected to:	(B) apply ASL at the advanced proficiency level to obtain, reinforce, or expand knowledge of other subject areas	(i) apply ASL at the advanced proficiency level to obtain, reinforce, or expand knowledge of other subject areas
(4) Comparisons. The student expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL at the advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of the nature of language through comparisons of the student's own language and ASL	(i) apply ASL at the advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of the nature of language through comparisons of the student's own language and ASL
(4) Comparisons. The student expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(B) apply ASL at the advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of the nature of culture through comparisons of the student's own culture and the American Deaf culture	(i) apply ASL at the advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of the nature of culture through comparisons of the student's own culture and the American Deaf culture

Knowledge and Skill Statement	Student Expectation	Breakout
(4) Comparisons. The student expands insight into the nature of language and culture by comparing the student's own language and culture to ASL and American Deaf culture. The student is expected to:	(C) apply ASL at the advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of how one language and culture can influence another	(i) apply ASL at the advanced proficiency level to demonstrate an understanding of how one language and culture can influence another
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(A) apply ASL at the advanced proficiency level in or out of the school setting through involvement in cultural activities such as attending Deaf events	(i) apply ASL at the advanced proficiency level in or out of the school setting through involvement in cultural activities
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(B) use technology to communicate with the Deaf/ASL community	(i) use technology to communicate with the Deaf/ASL community
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the advanced proficiency level for personal enrichment and career development	(i) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the advanced proficiency level for personal enrichment
(5) Communities. The student participates in the Deaf/ASL community by using ASL. The student is expected to:	(C) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the advanced proficiency level for personal enrichment and career development	(ii) show evidence of becoming a lifelong learner by using ASL at the advanced proficiency level for career development