For TEA Use Only				Laredo Independent	t	
	ments and/or annotations ma e have been confirmed with	de		School District		240901 County-District#
i this page	e nave been commed with		TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	Organization Name		Lounty-District#
1			Standard Application System	J.W. Nixon High Schoo		002
			(SAS)	Campus Name	Campus	
			School Years 2010-2013			11
by telephon	e/e-mail/FAX on	by	501001 10015 2010 2015	9-Digit Vendor ID#		ESC Region
	C	of TEA.		NOGA ID# (Assigned by	<u>rea)</u>	Amendment #
			as Title I Priority Schools Gr			
	Chandrad Analian Court		edule #1 – General Informatio		a fa-mata	hu applicante
			is system provides a series of standard ducation Agency. If additional clarifica			
			003(g), as amended by ARRA; CFD	A # 84.377A & 84.38	BA	
	ginning Date: 08/01/2010			Ending Date: 06/30	2013	
		tier fo	r the campus included in this a	oplication:		
	ier II 🗌 Tier III 🛛				•	
	Mex to the Application	icates th	ose schedules that must be submitted	l as part of the applicati	on The ar	volicant must
place an X i	n this column for each additio	nal sche	dule submitted to complete the application	ation. For amendments,	the applic	ant must
			next to the schedule(s) being submitte		ment.	
Sch No.	Schedule Name					lication
					New	Amend
13	General Information Purpose of Amendment				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
4	Program Requirements				<u> </u>	
4A	Program Abstract				X	
4B	Program Description				X	
4C	Performance Assessment an		ation		<u> </u>	
4D 5	Equitable Access and Partici Program Budget Summary	pation			X X	
5B	Payroll Costs 6100			······	$\overline{\boxtimes}$	
5C	Professional and Contracted	Service	s 6200		\boxtimes	
5D	Supplies and Materials 6300					
5E 5G	Other Operating Costs 6400					
6A	Capital Outlay 6600/15XX (I General Provisions	EXCIUSIVE	2 of 6619 and 6629)		X	
6B	Debarment and Suspension	Certifica	ition		X	NA
6C	Lobbying Certification				X	NA
6D	Disclosure of Lobbying Activ				NA	
6E 6F	NCLB Provisions and Assura Program-Specific Provisions		uranços		<u> </u>	NA NA
	on and Incorporation	and Ass		· · · ·		
		ained in	this application is, to the best of my ki	nowledge, correct and th	hat the org	anization
named abov	e has authorized me as its re	presenta	ative to obligate this organization in a l	egally binding contractu	ial agreem	ent. I further
			be conducted in accordance with all ap s, the Provisions and Assurances, Deba			
			ules attached as applicable. It is under			
constitutes a	an offer and, if accepted by th		y or renegotiated to acceptance, will for			
Authorize	and the standard					
Typed First Marcus	Name Initia		t Nameson	Title Superintendent of Sch	ools	
Phone	Fax		nail	Signature/Date Signed		preferred)
956-795-34	10 956-795-3405	m	nelson@laredoisd.org			
Only the le	gally responsible party ma	y sign t	his application.			
		st 3 with	n original signature(s), must be <u>receive</u>	ed by 5:00 p.m. Thursd	ay, June	3, 2010:
William	Education Agency					
Docum	ent Control Center, Room 6-10	3		TEA DOCUMEN	T CONTRO	L NO.
1701 N	orth Congress Avenue					
Austin,	Texas 78701-1494	·· 1 ~	Tail	0-112-302		
		nd E				

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by telepho	ne/e-mail/FAX on	School Years 2010-2013					
by	of TEA.		Amendment No.				
Teleford and the second		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant					
		Schedule #1—General Information					
		-Related Attachments and Assurances					
accompa any revi	any the application when it is	lication will not be reviewed and scored if any of submitted. Applicants will not be permitted to hments, after the closing date of the grant. Atta lix.	submit required attachments, or				
		Proof of Nonprofit Status					
1	Required for all open-enr	ollment charter schools sponsored by a nonprofit organization:					
	Check box to indicate that and Part 3: Schedule Instruct	t proof of nonprofit status is attached. (See Particions for acceptable proof.)	rt 1: General and Fiscal Guidelines				
		Assurance of Financial Stability					
	Required for all independent school districts, open-enrollment charter schools, and education service centers:						
2 A Check box to indicate assurance that audit requirements have been met. All public enrollment charter schools, and education service centers must be in compliance with sub- audit for the immediate prior fiscal year to TEA in the time and manner requested by TEA, determined by the TEA Division of Financial Audits to be in compliance with the applicable reserves the right to ensure that all applicants are deemed by TEA to be financially stable preliminary selection for funding to receive a grant award. The TEA Division of Financial Audit for the immediate prior fiscal year.		e with submitting the required annual ed by TEA, and the audit must be applicable audit standards. TEA ally stable at the initial time of Financial Audits will determine					
	A	ssurance of Submittal of Reviewer Informa	tion Form				
	Required for all applicant	Required for all applicants:					
3 🖂	Check box to indicate ass	urance that reviewer information form will be	submitted.				
		complete the Reviewer Information Form and to s Guidelines, "Reviewer Information Form," for instr					

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by telephone/e-mail/FAX on			rs 2010-2013		A second black
by of TEA. Texas Title I P			iarity School	e Grant	Amendment No.
		Schedule #1-G			
Part 3: Applicant Inform	ation				- Anno - Carlos - Car
Local Educational Agen	Y (LE	A) Information		an a	
LEA Name		in a su ar a contraction de la contraction de	z za deminist (
Laredo Independent School D					
Mailing Address Line – 1	Maili	ng Address Line – 2	City	State	Zip Code
1701 Houston St.			Laredo	TX	78040
U.S. Congressional District		Primary DUNS Numb		tractor Registrat	tion NCES Identification
Number			(CCR) CAG	E Code	Number
28		057570640	4A8X2		482679003025
Campus Name				County-D	istrict Campus Number
J.W. Nixon High School				240-901	
Mailing Address Line – 1	Maili	ng Address Line – 2	City	State	Zip Code
	+	ng naaress Enter E			
2000 Plum			Laredo	TX	78041
			Laredo	TX	
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts Primary Contact			Laredo	TX	78041
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts	Initia		Laredo	TX	78041
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts Primary Contact			Laredo me	TX	78041
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts Primary Contact First Name		ai Last Na	Laredo me	TX	78041 Title
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts Primary Contact First Name Guadalupe Telephone 956-795-3849	Initia	ai Last Na	Laredo me Email	TX	78041 Title Principal
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts Primary Contact First Name Guadalupe Telephone	Initia Fax 956-	al Last Na Cortez	Laredo me Email		78041 Title
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts Primary Contact First Name Guadalupe Telephone 956-795-3849	Initia Fax 956-	al Last Na Cortez 795-3840	Email	TX Diaredoisd.org	78041 Title Principal
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts Primary Contact First Name Guadalupe Telephone 956-795-3849 Mailing Address Line – 1	Initia Fax 956- Maili	al Last Na Cortez 795-3840	Laredo me Email gcortez@ City Laredo	Diaredoisd.org State	78041 Title Principal Zip Code
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts Primary Contact First Name Guadalupe Telephone 956-795-3849 Mailing Address Line – 1 2000 Plum Secondary Contact First Name	Initia Fax 956- Maili	al Last Na Cortez 795-3840 ng Address Line – 2	Laredo me Email gcortez(City Laredo	Diaredoisd.org State TX	78041 Title Principal Zip Code 78041 Title
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts Primary Contact First Name Guadalupe Telephone 956-795-3849 Mailing Address Line – 1 2000 Plum Secondary Contact First Name Alma	Initia Fax 956- Maili Initia G	al Last Na Cortez 795-3840 ng Address Line – 2	Laredo me Email gcortez(City Laredo	Diaredoisd.org State TX	78041 Title Principal Zip Code 78041
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts Primary Contact First Name Guadalupe Telephone 956-795-3849 Mailing Address Line – 1 2000 Plum Secondary Contact First Name Alma Telephone	Initia Fax 956- Maili Initia G Fax	al Last Na Cortez 795-3840 ng Address Line – 2 al Last Na Ramos	Laredo me Email gcortez(City Laredo me E-mail	Diaredoisd.org State TX	78041 Title Principal Zip Code 78041 Title
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts Primary Contact First Name Guadalupe Telephone 956-795-3849 Mailing Address Line – 1 2000 Plum Secondary Contact First Name Alma Telephone 956-795-3849	Initia Fax 956- Maili Initia G Fax 956-	al Last Na Cortez 795-3840 ng Address Line – 2 al Last Na Ramos 795-3840	Laredo me Email gcortez@ City Laredo me E-mail agramos	TX Plaredoisd.org State TX State	78041 Title Principal Zip Code 78041 Title Assistant Principal
2000 Plum Applicant Contacts Primary Contact First Name Guadalupe Telephone 956-795-3849 Mailing Address Line – 1 2000 Plum Secondary Contact First Name Alma Telephone	Initia Fax 956- Maili Initia G Fax 956-	al Last Na Cortez 795-3840 ng Address Line – 2 al Last Na Ramos	Laredo me Email gcortez(City Laredo me E-mail	Diaredoisd.org State TX	78041 Title Principal Zip Code 78041 Title

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by telep by				ears 20)10-2013	Ameno	ment No.	
			Texas Title I Pr	riority	Schools Grant	Annoococococococococococococococococococ		
	and second		Schedule #3-Pu	irpose	e of Amendment	A. S.		
Part :	L: Sched	ules Amended (O	Check all schedules	s that a	are being amende	d.)		
			nendment, please ind porting budget sched				chedules are	
	Schedule	#1—General Inform	ation			ram Budget Summa	ary	
	Schedule	#3—Purpose of Ame	endment		Schedule #5B—Pay	roll Costs 6100		
	Schedule	#4—Program Requi	rements	1 1	Schedule #5C—Pro 6200	fessional and Contr	acted Services	
	Schedule	#4A—Program Abst	ract		Schedule #5D—Sup	plies and Materials	6300	
	Schedule	#4B—Program Desc	ription		Schedule #5E—Oth	er Operating Costs	6400	
	Schedule - Evaluation	#4C— Performance	Assessment and		Schedule #5G—Cap 6619 and 6629)	oital Outlay 6600/1	5XX (Exclusive of	
	Schedule Participati	#4D—Equitable Acc	ess and		,			
NOTE	-		amendment to TEA	is 90	days prior to the	ending date of th	e grant.	
Part	2: Revise	ed Budget						
Compl	ete this pa	rt if there are any b	udgetary changes.	Badaada				
			Grant Project Costs	.	В	С	D	
Line	Sch.	Class/	Previously Approved		b	C	U	
No.	No.	Object Code	Budget		Amount Deleted	Amount Added	New Budget	
01	5B	6100	\$		\$	\$	\$	
02	5C	6200	\$		\$	\$	\$	
03	5D	6300	\$		\$	\$	\$	
04	5E	6400	\$		\$	\$	\$	
05	5G	6600/15XX	\$		\$	\$	\$	
06	Total Direct Costs	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	
07	Indire	ect Cost (%)	\$		\$	\$	\$	
08		Total Costs	\$		\$	\$	\$	

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by tele by	phone/e-mail/FAX on	School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.
		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	
		Schedule #3—Purpose of Amendment	
	3: Reason for Amendmen opriate box to indicate reaso	It Request. For all grants, regardless of do n for amendment request.	llar amount, check the
	1. Addition of a class/object of	ode_not previously budgeted on Schedule #5—B	udget Summary
		mount approved in any class/object code on Sch % of the current amount approved in the class/o	
	3. Addition of a new line item	on any of the supporting budget schedules (i.e.	, Schedules #5B-5G)
	4. Increase or decrease in the	number of positions budgeted on Schedule_#5	3–Payroll Costs
	5. Addition of a new item of c Supplies and Materials	omputer hardware/equipment (not capitalized) a	approved on Schedule #5C
	6. Addition of a new item or in Capital Outlay for articles cos	ncrease in quantity of capital outlay item(s) \geq \$ ting \$5,000 or more.	5,000 approved on Schedule #5G—
	7. Addition of a new item of c less than \$5,000.	apital outlay items approved on Schedule #5G-	Capital Outlay for articles costing
	8. Reduction of funds allotted	for training costs	
	9. Additional funds needed		
	10. Change in scope of object approval	ives, regardless of whether there is an associate	ed budget revision requiring prior
	11. Other (Specify)		
Part	4: Amendment Justificati	ON	

The last day to submit an amendment to TEA is 90 days prior to the ending date of the grant.

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by telephone/e-mail/FAX on	School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.
by of TEA.	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	Amenament No.
	-Program Summary and Application Re	
Part 1: Grant Program Information		equitements
Summary of Program: Purpose		
of 1965 (Title I or ESEA) as amended agencies (LEAs) for use in Title I scho campuses that demonstrate the grea adequate resources in order to raise adequate yearly progress and exit im	zed under section 1003(g) of Title I of the Eleme by ARRA, are grants, through the Texas Educat ools identified for improvement, corrective action test need for the funds and the strongest comm substantially the achievement of their students s provement status. Under the final requirements ederal Register in January 2010 school improven ools.	tion Agency, to local educational n, or restructuring and other eligible itment to use the funds to provide so as to enable the schools to make s, as amended through the interim
restructuring and certain Title I eligib Tier II schools are a State's persisten Title I, Part A funds and certain addit other Tier II schools or that have had school improvement funds in Title I s	ly lowest-achieving Title I schools in improveme le elementary schools that are as low achieving tly-lowest achieving secondary schools that are ional Title I eligible secondary schools that are a l a graduation rate below 60 percent over a num chools in improvement, corrective action, or res and certain additional Title I eligible schools ("T	as the State's other Tier I schools. eligible for, but do not receive, s low achieving as the State's ber of years. An LEA may also use tructuring that are not identified as
	A chooses to serve, the LEA must implement on nodel, school closure, or transformation model.	e of four school intervention
Tier I and Tier II Grantees		
	ds for the required activities delineated for the s	elected intervention model as
defined in the final federal regula	ations.	
	is for the permissible activities delineated for the	e selected intervention model as
defined in the final federal regula		
Grantees may expend grant function needs not addressed by the inter	ls for other school improvement activities deeme	ed needed to address identified
needs not addressed by the inter	vention model selected.	
Tier III Grantees		
	of the four intervention models in the federal re	gulations or the state's Tier III
Transformation Model.		
	els in the federal regulations, grantees must exp ted intervention model as defined in the final fe	
	issible activities delineated for the selected inter	
final federal regulations.		
	Is for other school improvement activities deem	ed needed to address identified
needs not addressed by the inter	rvention model selected.	
To addition a Time T Time TT T' a TT	unada a success de la transformation de la de la della de la della de la della della della della della della de	
Restart, or Transformation models wi intervention model with the TTIPS gr. last two years, the LEA/campus will r SIG funds in accordance with this flex requirements. In other words, if the	rantee campus that has implemented, in whole thin the last two years may continue or complet ant funds. For example, if a grantee campus ha not be required to hire another new principal. Ar kibility must fully implement the selected model school had been implementing the model only in n so that it fully complies with the federal regul	e the implementation of the s replaced its principal within the n LEA/campus that receives TTIPS as required by the final federal n part, it must use the funds it
	e activities for each intervention model, as define Requirements and are incorporated by reference	

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TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

240901

County-District No.

by telephone/e-mail/FAX on _____ by

School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

*****	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	
	Schedule #4—Program Requirements art 2: Statutory Requirements	
* *	Requirement Description - Federal Statutory Requirements	Primary Component Where Described
1	The LEA must demonstrate that the LEA has analyzed the needs of each school and selected an intervention for each school and selected an intervention for each school.	Comprehensive Needs Assessment
2	The LEA must demonstrate that it has the capacity to use these grant funds to provide adequate resources and related support to each Tier campus identified in the LEA's application in order to implement, fully and effectively, the required activities of the school intervention model it has selected.	Project Management—Capacity Project Management—LEA Support
3	If the LEA is not applying to serve each Tier I school (through a separate application for each campus), the LEA must explain why it lacks capacity to serve each Tier I school.	Project Management—Lack of Capacity
4	The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to design and implement interventions consistent with the final federal requirements, including the services the campus will receive or the activities the campus will implement.	Program Abstract Intervention Model
5	The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to recruit, screen, and select external providers, if applicable, to ensure their quality.	Project Management—External Providers
6	The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to align other resources with the interventions.	Project Management—Resource Management Program Budget Summary
7	The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to modify its practices or policies, if necessary, to enable its schools to implement the interventions fully and effectively.	Project Management— Management of Grant Activities
8	The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to sustain the reforms after the funding period ends.	Project Management—Program Continuation and Sustainability
9	The LEA must include a timeline delineating the steps it will take to implement the selected intervention in each campus.	Project Management—Activity Timeline
10	The LEA must describe the annual goals for student achievement on the State's assessments in both reading/language arts and mathematics that it has established in order to monitor its Tier I and Tier II schools that receive school improvement funds.	Performance Assessment and Evaluation—Annual Performance Goals
11	As appropriate, the LEA must consult with relevant stakeholders regarding the LEA's application and implementation of school improvement models on its campus	Comprehensive Needs Assessment—Groups of Participants Project Management— Partnerships/Involvement of Others
12	Applicant provides assurance that financial assistance provided under the grant program will supplement, and not supplant, the amount of state and local funds allocated to the campus.	Program Assurances
13	Applicant provides assurance that it will use its School Improvement Grant to implement fully and effectively an intervention in each Tier I and Tier II school that the LEA commits to serve consistent with the final federal requirements.	Program Assurances

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TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

240901

County-District No.

School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

<u>by</u>	of TEA		Amendment No.
0. <i>5</i> .28		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	
		Schedule #4—Program Requirements	
P	art 2: Statutory Require	ments	
#		- Federal Statutory Requirements	Primary Component Where Described
14	achievement on the State's mathematics and measure final federal requirements in serves with school improve	e that it will establish annual goals for student assessments in both reading/language arts and progress on the leading indicators in section III of the n order to monitor each Tier I and Tier II school that it ment funds, and establish goals (approved by the Tier III schools that receive grant funds.	Program Assurances
15	I or Tier II school, include in hold the charter operator, c	e that it will, if it implements a restart model in a Tier its contract or agreement terms and provisions to harter management organization (CMO), or education EMO) accountable for complying with the final federal	Program Assurances
16	Applicant provides assurance	e that it will report to the TEA the school-level data f the final federal requirements.	Program Assurances
17	If the LEA/campus selects t must implement the follow a. Replace the principal flexibility (including implement fully a d improve student ad graduation rates; b. Use locally adopted who can work with students; 1. Screen all e 2. Select new c. Implement such str for promotion and are designed to reac to meet the needs d. Provide staff ongoin development that instructional progra are equipped to fac capacity to success e. Adopt a new govern to, requiring the so or SEA, hire a "tur Superintendent or contract with the L greater accountabi f. Use data to identify research-based an as aligned with Sta g. Promote the continu	b implement the turnaround model , the campus ng federal requirements. al and grant the principal sufficient operational g in staffing, calendars/time, and budgeting) to comprehensive approach in order to substantially chievement outcomes and increase high school competencies to measure the effectiveness of staff in the turnaround environment to meet the needs of xisting staff and rehire no more than 50 percent; and staff. ategies as financial incentives, increased opportunities career growth, and more flexible work conditions that truit, place, and retain staff with the skills necessary of the students in the turnaround school; g, high-quality, job-embedded professional s aligned with the school's comprehensive am and designed with school staff to ensure that they cilitate effective teaching and learning and have the fully implement school reform strategies; ance structure, which may include, but is not limited hool to report to a new "turnaround office" in the LEA haround leader" who reports directly to the Chief Academic Officer, or enter into a multi-year EA or SEA to obtain added flexibility in exchange for	Program Assurances
	h. Establish schedules learning time (as c	to meet the academic needs of individual students; and implement strategies that provide increased efined in this notice); and	
		social-emotional and community-oriented services	

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by te by	elephone/e-mail/FAX on of TEA.	School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.
		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	
		Schedule #4-Program Requirements	
P	art 2: Statutory Requireme		
#		ederal Statutory Requirements	Primary Component Where Described
<u>a sasac</u>	If the LEA/campus selects to im	plement the turnaround model , the campus	Program Assurances
	may implement the following fe		
18	 Any of the required and 	permissible activities under the transformation	
	model; or		
		<u>a.</u> , themed, dual language academy).	
	must implement the following r	plement the school <u>closure model</u> , the campus	Program Assurances
		attended that school in other schools in the LEA	
10		ng within reasonable proximity to the closed	
19		e, but are not limited to, charter schools or new	
		vement data are not yet available.	
		re is a one-year grant without the possibility of	
	continued funding.		
	implement the following federal	plement the restart model , the campus must	Program Assurances
		open the school under a charter school operator,	
		organization (CMO), or an education	
		tion (EMO) that has been selected through a	
20		s. A CMO is a non-profit organization that	
		harter schools by centralizing or sharing certain	
		s among schools. An EMO is a for-profit or non-	
	LEA.	provides "whole-school operation" services to an	
		s it serves, any former student who wishes to	
	attend the school.	· ·	
		plement the transformation model, the campus	Program Assurances
	must implement the following f		
		acher and school leader effectiveness. Acipal who led the school prior to commencement	
	of the transformation r		
		ansparent, and equitable evaluation systems for	
	teachers and principals		
		o account data on student growth as a significant	
		other factors such as multiple observation-based	
		performance and ongoing collections of	
		ctice reflective of student achievement and school graduation rates; and	
21		signed and developed with teacher and principal	
	involvement;		
	(C) Identify and rev	vard school leaders, teachers, and other staff	
		enting this model, have increased student	
		d high school graduation rates and identify and	
		ho, after ample opportunities have been provided	
	so;	rove their professional practice, have not done	
		going, high-quality, job-embedded professional	
		<u>.q.</u> , regarding subject-specific pedagogy,	
		reflects a deeper understanding of the community	/
	served by the s	chool, or differentiated instruction) that is aligned	
	with the school'	s comprehensive instructional program and	

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by te	elephone/e-mail/FAX	*****	School Years 2010-2013	
by		of TEA.		Amendment No.
<u>.</u>	GAN THE REPORT		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	and the second
		the second se	chedule #4—Program Requirements	
<u> </u>	art 2: Statuto	ry Requirement	S	
#	Requirement	Description – Fea	eral Statutory Requirements	Primary Component Where Described
	effective implem (E) Impl oppo cond skills scho 2. Compre (A)	e teaching and lear ent school reform s ement such strates ortunities for promo litions that are des s necessary to mee ol. chensive instruction Use data to identif is research-based next as well as alig Promote the conti formative, interim	to ensure they are equipped to facilitate ming and have the capacity to successfully strategies; and gies as financial incentives, increased ation and career growth, and more flexible wo gned to recruit, place, and retain staff with the t the needs of the students in a transformation al reform strategies. Y and implement an instructional program the and vertically aligned from one grade to the gned with State academic standards; and huous use of student data (such as from , and summative assessments) to inform and ction in order to meet the academic needs of	he on at
21	3. Increas	individual students ing learning time a	nd creating community-oriented schools.	

(A) Establish schedules and strategies that provide increased learning time; and

(B) Provide ongoing mechanisms for family and community engagement.

Providing operational flexibility and sustained support 4

(A) Give the so calendars/ compreher achieveme rates; and		
assistance designated	t the school receives ongoing, intensive technical and related support from the LEA, the SEA, or a external lead partner organization (such as a school organization or an EMO).	
leaders' effectiveness, suc (A) Provide additional necessary to mee (B) Institute a system resulting from pro (C) Ensure that the sci	nt other strategies to develop teachers' and school h as compensation to attract and retain staff with the skills t the needs of the students in a transformation school; for measuring changes in instructional practices ofessional development; or hool is not required to accept a teacher without the f the teacher and principal, regardless of the teacher's	Program Assurances

seniority.

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A	For TEA Use Only djustments and/or annotations made		
on this page have been confirmed with		TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)	County-District No.
by telephone/e-mail/FAX on		School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.
by	OF TEA.	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	Amenument No.
n an she an		Schedule #4-Program Requirements	
P	art 2: Statutory Requireme	ants	
#	Requirement Description – I	Federal Statutory Requirements	Primary Component Where Described
		mprehensive instructional reform strategies, such	Program Assurances
	as (A) Conduct periodic revi	ews to ensure that the curriculum is being	
	implemented with fidelity, is having the intended impact on student		
		modified if ineffective;	
		vide "response-to-intervention" model;	
	· · ·	poports and professional development to teachers	
		r to implement effective strategies to support ties in the least restrictive environment and to	
		nglish proficient students acquire language skills t	0
	master academic con		
		hnology-based supports and interventions as par	t
	of the instructional pr		
	(E) In secondary schools-	- by offering opportunities for students to enroll in	
23		ework (such as Advanced Placement; accalaureate; or science, technology, engineering	
	and mathemati	r	
	rigorous and re		
	contextual lear		
	dual enrollment		
	prepare students for college and careers, including by providing		
	appropriate supports designed to ensure that low-achieving		
	students can take advantage of these programs and coursework;(2) Improve student transition from middle to high school through		
	summer transition programs or freshman academies;		
	(3) Increase graduation rates through, for example, credit-recovery		
	programs, re-engagement strategies, smaller learning		
	communities, competency-based instruction and performance-		
	based assessments, and acceleration of basic reading and mathematics skills; or		
		warning systems to identify students who may be	
	at risk of failing	to achieve to high standards or graduate.	
		her strategies that extend learning time and	Program Assurances
	create community-oriented sch		
	(A) Partner with parents a based organizations, h		
	others to create safe s		
	emotional, and health		
24	(B) Extend or restructure		
24	strategies as advisory	,	
	faculty, and other school staff;		
	(C) Implement approaches to improve school climate and discipline, such as implementing a system of positive behavioral supports or taking steps to		
		0	
	eliminate bullying and student harassment; or (D) Expand the school program to offer full-day kindergarten or pre-		
	kindergarten.		

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	<u> </u>	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	
		Schedule #4-Program Requirements	
P	art 2: Statutory Requireme	ants	
#		ederal Statutory Requirements	Primary Component Where Described
25	The LEA may also implement other strategies for providing operational flexibility and intensive support, such as (A) Allow the school to be run under a new governance arrangement, such as a turnaround division within the LEA or SEA; or (B) Implement a per-pupil school-based budget formula that is weighted based on student needs.		Program Assurances
26	An LEA that has nine or more Tier L and Tier II schools is prohibited from Program Assurance		Program Assurances
		d signing Schedule #1, the applicant is certi component descriptions and activities.	fying that all requirements are
Pai	t 3: Statutory Assurances		
#	Statutory Assurance Descrip	rtion	
1	Applicant provides assurance that financial assistance provided under the grant program will supplement, and not supplant, the amount of state and local funds allocated to the campus.		
2	Applicant provides assurance that it will use its TTIPS Grant to implement fully and effectively an intervention in each Tier I and Tier II school that the LEA commits to serve consistent with the final federal requirements.		
3	Applicant provides assurance that it will establish annual goals for student achievement on the State's assessments in both reading/language arts and mathematics and measure progress on the leading indicators in section III of the final federal requirements in order to monitor each Tier I and Tier II school that it serves with school improvement funds, and establish goals (approved by the TEA) to hold accountable its Tier III schools that receive school improvement funds.		
4	Applicant provides assurance that it will, if it implements a restart model in a Tier I or Tier II school, include in its contract or agreement terms and provisions to hold the charter operator, charter management organization, or education management organization accountable for complying with the final federal requirements.		
5	Applicant provides assurance that it will report to the TEA the school-level data required under section III of the final federal requirements.		
6	Applicant provides assurance that it will participate in any evaluation of the grant conducted by the U.S. Department of Education, including its contractors, or the Texas Education Agency, including its contractors.		
Pai	t 4: TEA Program Assuran	ces	
#	TEA Assurance Description		
1	 Before full implementation funds are made available, the grantee must demonstrate that all early implementation activities have been completed. Successful completion of the early implementation will be measured in the Quarterly Implementation Reports (QIR), the Model Selection and Description Report, and through participation in TEA technical assistance. a. The Model Selection and Description Report must be submitted to TEA no later than February 1, 2011. This report may be submitted at any time prior to the deadline. Grantees must demonstrate successful completion of the following activities: i. Comprehensive Needs Assessment process. 		
	ii. Establish the gr iii. Identification a	ant budget by the required categories. nd Selection of the intervention model.	
		f activities to implement selected intervention mo f Timeline of Grant Activities.	del.

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		Schedule #4—Program Requirements		
Pai	t 4: TEA Program Assuran	ces		
#	TEA Assurance Description			
2	The applicant provides assurance that the LEA will designate an individual or office with primary responsibilities for supporting the LEA/campus' school improvement efforts. This individual/office will have primary responsibility and authority for ensuring the effective implementation of the grant option approved by TEA; serve as the district liaison to TEA and those providing technical assistance and/or contracted service to the LEA/campus as part of the approved grant.			
3	The applicant provides assurance that a team from the grantee LEA/campus will attend and participate in grant orientation meetings, technical assistance meetings, other periodic meetings of grantees, the Texas School Improvement Conference, and sharing of best practices.			
4	make use of technical assistance	Designed Models the applicant provide assurance e and coaching support provided by TEA, SIRC,	and/or its subcontractors.	
5	The applicant will establish or provide evidence of a system of formative assessment aligned to the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills which provides robust, targeted data to evaluate the effectiveness of the LEA's curriculum and its alignment with instruction occurring on the campus; assesses progress on student groups' academic achievement at the campus level; and guide instructional decisions by teachers for individual students.			
6	The applicant will participate in a formative assessment of the LEA's capacity and commitment to carry out the grant intervention models.			
7	The applicant will provide access for onsite visits to the LEA and campus by TEA, SIRC and its contractors.			
8	The applicant, if selecting the Restart Model, agrees to contract only with CMO or EMO providers on the State's approved list of CMO and EMO providers.			
9	The applicant, if selecting the Turnaround Model or Transformation Model (Tiers I and Tiers II only) agrees to the			
	If the LEA/Tier III campus select	ts to implement the Transformation to Educa	tion Excellence Model, the	
		plement the following federal requirements:		
	 Develop and increase teacher and school leader effectiveness. A. Evaluate the effectiveness of the current principal and use the results of the evaluation to determine 			
	whether the principal should be replaced, be retained on the campus, or be provided leadership coaching			
	or training.			
	B. Identify and reward school leaders, teachers, and other staff who, in implementing this model, have increased student achievement and high school graduation rates and identify and remove those who,			
	after ample opportunities have been provided for them to improve their professional practice, have not			
	done so;			
10	C. Provide staff ongoing, high-quality, job-embedded professional development (e.g., regarding subject-			
10	specific pedagogy, instruction that reflects a deeper understanding of the community served by the school, or differentiated instruction) that is aligned with the school's comprehensive instructional			
		ed with school staff to ensure they are equipped		
		ne capacity to successfully implement school refo		
		ategies as financial incentives, increased opportu		
	growth, and more flexible work conditions that are designed to recruit, place, and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students in a transformation school based on rigorous,			
	transparent, and equitable evaluation systems for teachers and principals:			
	1. Takes into ac	count data on student growth as a a factor as w	ell as other factors such as multiple	
	practice refle	pased assessments of student performance and e ctive of student achievement and increased high and developed and with teacher and principal in	school graduation rates; and	

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		Schedule #4—Program Requirements	
Ра	rt 4: TEA Program Assuran	es	
#	TEA Assurance Description		
10	 Comprehensive instructional reform strategies. A. Use data to identify and implement an instructional program that is research-based and vertically aligned from one grade to the next as well as aligned with State academic standards; and B. Promote the continuous use of student data (such as from formative, interim, and summative assessments) to inform and differentiate instruction in order to meet the academic needs of individual students. Increasing learning time and creating community-oriented schools. A. Establish schedules and strategies that provide increased learning time; and B. Provide ongoing mechanisms for family and community engagement. Providing operational flexibility and sustained support. Give the school sufficient operational flexibility (such as staffing, calendars/time, and budgeting) to implement fully a comprehensive approach to substantially improve student achievement outcomes and increase high school graduation rates; and Ensure that the school receives ongoing, intensive technical assistance and related support from the LEA, the SEA, or a designated external lead partner organization (such as a school turnaround organization or an EMO). 		
11	 (A)Provide additional comp the students in a trans (B)Institute a system for m development; or (C) Ensure that the schoo 	er strategies to develop teachers' and school leade ensation to attract and retain staff with the skills r sformation school; easuring changes in instructional practices resulting is not required to accept a teacher without the m f the teacher's seniority.	necessary to meet the needs of ng from professional
12	 An LEA may also implement comprehensive instructional reform strategies, such as (A)Conduct periodic reviews to ensure that the curriculum is being implemented with fidelity, is having the intended impact on student achievement, and is modified if ineffective; (B)Implement a school wide "response-to-intervention" model; (C) Provide additional supports and professional development to teachers and principals in order to implement effective strategies to support students with disabilities in the least restrictive environment and to ensure that limited English proficient students acquire language skills to master academic content; (D) Use and integrate technology-based supports and interventions as part of the instructional program; and (E) In secondary schools (1) Increase rigor by offering opportunities for students to enroll in advanced coursework (such as advanced Placement; International Baccalaureate; or science, technology, engineering, and mathematics courses, especially those that incorporate rigorous and relevant project-, inquiry-, or design-based contextual learning opportunities), early-college high schools, dual enrollment programs, or thematic learning academies that prepare students for college and careers, including by providing appropriate supports designed to ensure that low-achieving students can take advantage of these programs and coursework; (2) Improve student transition from middle to high school through summer transition programs or freshman academies; (3) Increase graduation rates through, for example, credit-recovery programs, re-engagement strategies, smaller learning communities, competency-based instruction and performance-based assessments, and acceleration of basic reading and mathematics skills; or (4) Establish early-warning systems to identify students who may be at risk of failing to achieve to high standards or graduate. 		

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	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant				
4004 (940) 		Schedule #4-Program Requirements			
Pai	Part 4: TEA Program Assurances				
#	TEA Assurance Description				
13	such as A. Partner with parents an other State or local a emotional, and healt B. Extend or restructure th relationships betwee C. Implement approaches behavioral supports o D. Expand the school prog	e school day so as to add time for such strategin students, faculty, and other school staff; to improve school climate and discipline, such as or taking steps to eliminate bullying and student ram to offer full-day kindergarten or pre-kinderg	ased organizations, health clinics, nments that meet students' social, es as advisory periods that build s implementing a system of positive harassment; or garten.		
14	A. Allow the school to be r LEA or SEA; or B. Implement a per-pupil s		as a turnaround division within the ased on student needs.		
15	 B. Implement a per-pupil school-based budget formula that is weighted based on student needs. The LEA/campus assures TEA that data to meet the following federal requirements will be available and reported as requested. a. Number of minutes within the school year. b. Average scale scores on State assessments in reading/language arts and in mathematics, by grade, for the "all students" group, for each achievement quartile, and for each subgroup. c. Number and percentage of students completing advanced coursework (e.g., AP/IB), early-college high schools, or dual enrollment classes. (High Schools Only) d. College enrollment rates. (High Schools Only) e. Teacher Attendance Rate f. Student Completion Rate g. Student Drop-Out Rate h. Locally developed competencies created to identify teacher strengths/weaknesses i. Types of on-going, job-embedded professional development for teachers k. Types of on-going, job-embedded professional development for administrators l. Strategies which increase student learning time 				
	submitting the application an ve assurances.	d signing Schedule #1, the applicant is cert	ifying it will comply with the		

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by telephone/e-mail/FAX on by of TEA.	School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.		
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	Schedule #4A—Program Abstract			
Part 1: Grant Eligibility				
🔲 Tier I Eligible Campus 🛛 🗍 T	ier II Eligible Campus 🛛 🛛 Tier III Eligible Ca	mpus		
Identify which timeline the LEA/	Campus the applicant will implement.			
Option 1: LEA/campus currently	engaged in aggressive reform			
Option 2: LEA/campus in need of	of foundational technical assistance			
Part 2: Grant Program Summary. Provide a brief overview of the program you plan to implement on the campus. Be sure to address fundamental issues such as your local program goals and objectives that align with the RFA purpose and goals, rationale for program design, etc. Address the specific gaps, barriers, or weaknesses to be addressed by the intervention model to be selected. A response to this question must be completed in the original submission regardless of whether the LEA/campus has selected an intervention model at this time or not. Responses are limited to the space provided, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).				
Laredo Independent School District and J.W. Nixon High School face many challenges that result from language and cultural differences, student mobility, poverty, new and emerging technologies, fluctuations in the economy, shifting demographics, and specific environmental forces related to the border area.				
Based on the 2008-2009 Academic Excellence Indicator System (AEIS) report, provided by the Texas Education Agency, the total number of students enrolled in Laredo Independent School is 24,790; 99.5% are Hispanic; 66.0% or 16,429 enter school as Spanish dominant English Language Learners; 82.2% or 20,465 students are at-risk, and 96.5% or 24,032 are identified as economically disadvantaged.				
The objective data sources used to develop the comprehensive needs assessment for this program include related literature/research, annual state standardized test scores, TEA campus report cards, and the campus star chart. The Laredo Independent School District and J.W. Nixon High School have chosen to participate in the Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant based on the advisory committee recommendations, comprehensive needs assessment, academic statistics, number of low income families, limited access to technology and technological support, and strong support from district administration, parents, students and staff to participate in this school improvement project.				
Transformation to Educational Exc	ellence Model Objectives:			
J.W. Nixon High School plans to implement the <u>Transformation to Educational Excellence Model</u> by implementing the following strategies:				
Increasing teacher and school lead	ader effectiveness;			
	ed the school prior to commencement of the <u>Trans</u> the extent of school leadership effectiveness throu in or replace the current principal;			
The campus will use rigorous, tra that—	nsparent, relevant and equitable evaluation instrum	nents for teachers and principals		
performance and ongoing pr	wth as well as other factors that include multiple of ofessional practice that is reflective of student achi school graduation rates; and that are designed and	evement and increased student		
b. Identification and rewards sys	stem for school leaders, teachers, and other staff w	vho, in implementing the		

transformation model, have increased student achievement and high school graduation rates by identifying and removing those school leaders, teachers and other staff, after being provided ample opportunities to improve their professional practice and have not done so;

- c. Provide all school leaders, teachers and other staff ongoing, high-quality, job-embedded professional development (e.g., regarding subject-specific pedagogy, instruction that reflects a deeper understanding of the community served by the school, and differentiated instructional strategies) that are aligned with the school's comprehensive instructional program and designed with school staff to ensure they are equipped to facilitate effective teaching and learning and have the capacity to successfully implement school reform strategies;
- d. Implementation of such strategies as financial incentives, increased opportunities for promotion and career growth, and more flexible work conditions that are designed to recruit, place, and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students attending J.W. Nixon High School.

Identified Instructional Reform Strategies:

J.W. Nixon High School Comprehensive instructional reform strategies include a data driven analysis used to:

- Identification and implementation an instructional strategies that are research-based and vertically aligned from one grade to the next as well as aligned with State academic standards;
- Continuous use of student data (such as District Benchmark formative assessments, interim assessments, and summative assessments) to inform and differentiate instructional strategies to meet the academic needs of individual students.
- Creation of community-oriented schools.
- Establishment of schedules and strategies that provide increased learning time;

Providing ongoing activities for family and community engagement;

- Providing operational flexibility and sustained support;
- Providing J.W. Nixon High School sufficient operational flexibility (such as staffing, calendars/time, and budgeting) to implement fully a comprehensive approach to substantially improve student achievement outcomes and increase high school graduation rates;
- Ensure that J.W. Nixon High School receives ongoing, intensive technical assistance and related support from the District, Region 1, Texas Education Agency and Professional Development providers.

J.W. Nixon High School will also implement other instructional and professional development strategies to develop teachers' and school leaders' effectiveness by providing:

- a. Additional compensation to attract and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students attending J.W. Nixon High School;
- b. Performance measures for evaluation of instructional practices resulting from professional development;
- c. Ensuring J.W. Nixon High School is not required to accept a teacher without the mutual consent of the teacher and principal, regardless of the teacher's seniority.

Additionally, J.W. Nixon High School will implement the comprehensive instructional reform strategies, to include:

- a. Periodic reviews to ensure the curriculum is being implemented with fidelity, and is having the intended impact on student achievement, and is modified if ineffective;
- b. Implementation of a school wide "response-to-intervention" model;
- c. Provide additional support and professional development to teachers and principals in order to implement effective strategies to support students with disabilities in the least restrictive environment and to ensure that limited English proficient students acquire language skills to master academic content;

- d. Use and integrate technology-based support and intervention as part of the instructional program;
- e. Increase academic rigor by providing opportunities for students to enroll in advanced coursework (such as Advanced Placement; health science, science, technology, engineering, mathematics or fine arts magnet programs, especially those that incorporate rigorous and relevant project-, inquiry-, or design-based contextual learning opportunities), early-college high schools, dual enrollment programs, or thematic learning academies that prepare students for college and careers, and provide appropriate student support designed to ensure that low-achieving students can take advantage of these programs and coursework;
- f. Improve on student transition from middle to high school through intensive summer transition and enrichments programs;
- g. Increase graduation rates through the Non-traditional high school drop-out and credit-recovery program, reengagement strategies, smaller learning communities, competency-based instruction and performance-based assessments, and acceleration of basic reading and mathematics skills;
- h. Establishment of early-warning systems that identify students who may be at risk of failing, dropping-out or graduating.

J.W. Nixon High School will implement additional strategies that extend learning times and create community-oriented schools that include:

- a. Partnerships with parents and parent organizations, faith- and community-based organizations, health clinics, other State or local agencies to create safe school environments that meet students' social, emotional, and health needs;
- b. Extended day, Saturday and summer enrichment programs that allow time for such strategies as advisory periods that build relationships between students, faculty, and other school staff;
- c. Changing the organizational culture to improve school climate and discipline, such as implementing a system of positive behavioral supports and taking proactive steps to eliminate bullying and student harassment.

Identified Curriculum Needs:

Based on data disaggregation the committee and leadership team has reviewed all data sources to encapsulate their findings:

- Students need continuous feedback on their performance;
- Program success and effectiveness needs more evaluation to ensure effective leadership and instructional strategies;
- Identify students in need of remediation, acceleration and/or intervention;
- Identification of instructional models and technological tools that have shown improved student academic successes;
- Revise curriculum development strategies and professional development programs;
- · Hold all district/campus personnel accountable for outcomes;
- Determine goals for increased student achievement, benchmarks for progress, and measurable outcomes;
- Provide a structured support network for each student;
- Academic support services;
- Credit recovery;
- Career and technology education;
- Individualized instruction;
- Prescriptive tutorials;
- Life skills and character education;
- Health and student support services; and
- Educational enrichment.

Assurances:

The Laredo Independent School District and J.W. Nixon High School assures TEA that data to meet the following federal requirements will be available and reported as requested.

- a. Number of minutes within the school year.
- b. Average scale scores on State assessments in reading/language arts and in mathematics, by grade, for the "all students" group, for each achievement quartile, and for each subgroup.
- c. Number and percentage of students completing advanced coursework (e.g., AP/IB), magnet school programs or dual enrollment classes. (High Schools Only)
- d. College enrollment rates. (High Schools Only)
- e. Teacher Attendance Rate
- f. Student Completion Rate
- g. Student Drop-Out Rate
- h. Locally developed competencies created to identify teacher strengths/weaknesses
- i. Types of support offered to teachers
- j. Types of on-going, job-embedded professional development for teachers
- k. Types of on-going, job-embedded professional development for administrators
- I. Strategies to increase parent/community involvement
- m. Strategies which increase student learning time.

Professional Development and Curriculum Framework:

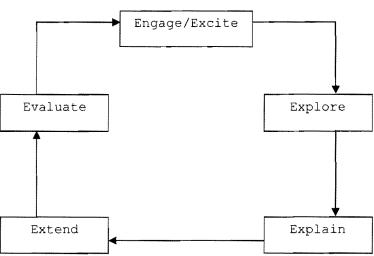
J.W. Nixon High School will provide teachers with the necessary resources and technology to prepare lessons and actively engage students. Lesson will follow the 5-E Model which is a researched-based approach to lesson planning and has been proven to be very successful.

According to J.D. Bransford, teachers must model and guide learning strategies so students develop a repertoire of flexible strategies learned and practiced in a community of learners where the emphasis is on learning how to learn, and not the one correct answer. They must use their expertise to do the following: Identify relevant cognitive processes and design mediated interactions that focus student attention to critical elements and encourage abstraction of principles, Create meaningful and creative repetition so students experience the same cognitive processes in different learning contexts, Develop a plan of action that addresses expected difficulties of the students with the process, Directly point out or lead students to remember relevant knowledge, Create opportunities to observe similarities and differences across diverse events/contexts, Actively enable students to experience changes in understanding, and current interactions with principles to build pre-requisite skills for future learning, Use frequent formative assessment to make students' thinking visual, Make students aware of the strategies they used, Monitor actively, including seeking and using feedback, Characterize major themes, generalized features, and strategies rather than specific solutions, Actively inquire into the students' thinking, make students aware of the strategies they used, and assist them to be aware of growth in their thinking (meta-cognitive skills). Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.

The district curriculum framework (CSCOPE, a regional collaborative) and the instructional methodologies of PD 360, Ericson, Kagan, and Kaplan along with the 5e Instructional Model that address multiple intelligences and cooperative instructional strategies are all indicative of the district's commitment to student academic success.

The instructional approach using the 5e model will be implemented as part of the J.W. Nixon High School transformation model. The 5e model describes a teaching sequence that can be used for entire programs, specific units, and individual lessons. The 5E Instructional Model plays a significant role in the curriculum development process as well as the enactment of curricular materials in science classrooms. Bybee, Taylor, Gardner, Van Scotter, Powell, Westbrook, and Landes (2006).

5E - Instructional Model



Engagement - The teacher or a curriculum task accesses the learners' prior knowledge and helps them become engaged in a new concept through the use of short activities that promote curiosity and elicit prior knowledge. The activity should make connections between past and present learning experiences, expose prior conceptions, and organize students' thinking toward the learning outcomes of current activities.

Exploration - Exploration experiences provide students with a common base of activities within which current concepts (i.e., misconceptions), processes, and skills are identified and conceptual change is facilitated. Learners may complete lab activities that help them use prior knowledge to generate new ideas, explore questions and possibilities, and design and conduct a preliminary investigation.

Explanation - The explanation phase focuses students' attention on a particular aspect of their engagement and exploration experiences and provides opportunities to demonstrate their conceptual understanding, process skills, or behaviors. This phase also provides opportunities for teachers to directly introduce a concept, process, or skill. Learners explain their understanding of the concept. An explanation from the teacher or the curriculum may guide them toward a deeper understanding, which is a critical part of this phase.

Elaboration - Teachers challenge and extend students' conceptual understanding and skills. Through new experiences, the students develop deeper and broader understanding, more information, and adequate skills. Students apply their understanding of the concept by conducting additional activities.

Evaluation - The evaluation phase encourages students to assess their understanding and abilities and provides opportunities for teachers to evaluate student progress toward achieving the educational objectives.

The professional development will allow school leaders, teachers, counselors and staff to develop initiatives regarding specific issues of instruction relevant to student academic achievement, knowledge and skills acquisition in the context designed to capture content-based knowledge, active learning styles, comprehension of content based lessons in all academic areas and targeted intervention, prescriptive small group instruction, enrichment, and parental involvement activities.

Teacher/Leader Professional Development will including the following:

- 1) Inclusion Workshops for professional development and curriculum planning.
- 2) Academic Seminars, workshops, trainings, and conferences.
- 3) Scope and Sequence/5e Model professional development training and workshops.
- 4) C-SCOPE Professional development training and workshops.
- 5) Integrating Virtual Learning Activities professional development training and workshops.
- 6) Hands-on/Minds-on Learning Activities professional development training and workshops.

Through continuous and planned professional development, district and campus administrators, and instructional leaders, will ensure that each teacher is highly qualified to implement and deliver the approved C-Scope curriculum using the 5E model.

The comprehensive plan is designed to engage in ongoing development and training of teachers to develop effective instructional strategies in academics to improve local benchmark and State assessment results and prepare students at the J.W. Nixon High School level by enhancing academic performance through effective instructional delivery and the use of research-based foundations in order to increase student academic performance in all academic areas.

The district adopted instructional model that will significantly revise the existing programs by the use of educational thematic units that include, but not limited to: (a) Integration of different educational subject areas through thematic units that present data combined with research-based knowledge and skills acquisition. (b) Implement a total support system for each student through campus leadership and supplemental courses combined with aggressive targeted interventions to specific identified areas of diverse need of the individual student. (c) Intensive prescriptive tutoring and intervention strategies will be implemented to ensure student progress by monitoring the areas of individual needs and based on individual education plans (IEP) and individual graduation plans (IGP). (d). Ultimately, affording students the maximum opportunity to attain the fundamental knowledge and skills to achieve a total well rounded education.

School's Identified Goals:

The goals of J.W. Nixon High School will be planned and designed for the following:

- a. Increase the number of students who are academically ready to meet the passing standard on local and State assessments.
- b. Plan, design, and implement effective systemic programs to improve teachers' academic content knowledge and instructional effectiveness and create a deeper understanding of the instructional concepts and skills needed to prepare students for academic success.
- c. Create opportunities for teachers to receive in-classroom coaching to improve instructional and Response to Intervention (RTI) effectiveness in academic areas. As part of the program's professional development requirements, teachers will gain experience and ideas from instructional strategies in order to accomplish this goal. Professional learning opportunities with Tier I and Tier II RTI strategies and accelerated instruction will be provided during the first year of the grant.
- d. Ensure students participate in a challenging curriculum that meets and exceeds the grade level TEKS for which the student is enrolled.
- e. Equip school leaders to support and facilitate teachers' efforts to increase student achievement in academic areas.
- f. Provide parents with opportunities to talk with teachers at more frequent intervals about their child's academic progress in and to engage parents in their child's academic success.
- g. Create a deeper understanding of the instructional concepts and skills needed to prepare students for academic success.

In the development and planning of <u>Transformation to Educational Excellence Model</u> activities to support the campus goals and key practices through organized team structuring we will develop a three year action plan that includes:

- 1) Identification and organization of a school leadership team that will provide assistance in achieving program goals and key practices through the resource based comprehensive needs assessment.
- 2) Planned monthly school leadership meetings in order to manage program activities the progress monitoring, planning and implementation.
- Maintaining a portfolio for all progress monitoring documentation and communication of progress and program expectations to administrators, teachers, parents, superintendent, board members, community members, and other stakeholders.

The planning and implementation stages include a collaborative effort from all stakeholders at the campus, district and community to support the involvement and preparation of this transformation model for J.W. Nixon High School school.

The coordination of stakeholders will require various committees to address the curriculum implementation, fiscal management, data evaluation, post-secondary awareness and readiness, and parental involvement.

District staff coordination includes the Principals, Assistant Principals, Counselors, Director for Secondary Education, Instructional Deans/ Instructional Specialists, Special Education Director/Supervisor, Director for Secondary Education, Director for Guidance and At-Risk, Response to Intervention and Section 504 Coordinator, Executive Director for Curriculum and Instruction, Executive Director Student Services, Chief Financial Officer, Director for Financial Management, Executive Director for Academic Compliance and Accountability, Superintendent of Schools, the School Board of Trustees, Community Members, Business Leaders and Parents.

In addition, a district liaison and parent liaison will participate and be a part of the school leadership team to serve as a link between the school, district, parents, and community.

J.W. Nixon High School Technology Utilization and Promotion:

The instructional curriculum design will provide for instructional technology usage for the purpose of implementing technologically enhanced instruction. Additionally, the technology will support professional development along with support, sustaining systemic change and promotion of school improvement strategies.

The technology will provide an advanced technological foundation that are TEKS based technology integration into classroom instruction in order to promote active instructional strategies and will allow for the curriculum and instructional strategies to utilize technology by incorporating the technology TEKS into the curriculum and instruction.

Parental/Community Involvement:

Parental involvement is crucial for the success of the program, curriculum, and overall student achievement. By building a strong partnership between the school and parents, the program will have a solid foundation for the implementation of both the grant and curriculum. Parents will take part ownership in the academic development of their own children, thus student success will become a cohesive and collaborative effort between parents, students, teachers, and school administrators. Plans to provide quarterly meetings for parents through the guidance department to disseminate information regarding school improvement strategies and academic readiness.

Campus administrative personnel of the school will demonstrate a comprehensive plan to engage in ongoing development and training of participating teachers, parents, and community leaders to understand academic standards. In the article, Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. Furthermore, the research shows that the more intensively parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008)

Student Support Services:

J.W. Nixon High School's Transformation to Educational Excellence Model intends to provide a structured support network for the student to remove obstacles that inherently prevent the student from focusing on the academic requirements of graduation and college entry through the academic and non-academic support structure.

The structured support network will include, but not be limited to:

- a) workforce skill development;
- b) employment skills development and employment opportunities;
- c) college-readiness skills;
- d) student attendance;
- e) adult education and continuing education programs;
- f) academic performance on standardized tests;

- g) support services for student and their families;
- h) non-traditional instructional strategies;
- i) peer mentoring of student academic support;
- j) self-paced learning;
- k) character education;
- I) PSAT, ACT, SAT, and THEA testing preparation;
- m) prescriptive tutoring and instruction through flexible scheduling;
- n) technology skills training;
- o) counseling and health services;
- p) individual education plans;
- q) remediation, acceleration and interventions
- r) SES (Supplemental Educational Services)

The academic support services will provide students with credit recovery enrollment, school re-enrollment opportunities, career and technology education, software enhanced learning tools, individualized instruction, prescriptive tutorials, mentorship and life skills education.

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	Step 1: The purpose and outcomes for	development of the Comprehensive Needs Ass	essment:

- Identify short and long-term timelines;
- Disseminate purpose and outcomes to all stakeholders;
- Involve all stakeholders throughout the process;
- Ensure all stakeholders understand the process; and
- Identify accomplishment of short and long term goals.

Step 2: Establishing various committees for each area of the Comprehensive Needs Assessment:

- Establishment of committee and school leadership team from a variety of individuals with expertise from different areas;
- Identification of staff members that will maximize impact on committee or team;
- Identify process of committee or team recruitment, selection, and replacement;
- Ensure all stakeholders understand the process and there is diversity on the committee or team in order to create synergy;
- Identify committee or team members that will lead or conduct individual teams; Ensure each leader is skilled in group leadership regarding data collection/analysis, collaboration and presentation; and
- Identification of how committee and team coordination among committees will occur.

Step 3: Determining data sources to be collected and analyzed by committee in order to develop the school profile:

- Identify data sources and types of data to be collected;
- Identify whether data is sufficient for analysis or if data will need to be reorganized and/or collection tools need to be developed;
- Identify data types that are needing to be kept confidential and FERPA is not violated; and
- Ensure that processes are followed;

Step 4: Prioritize and summarize areas of need:

- Identify strengths and needs of district/school and groups being represented;
- Review evidence that supports the identified strengths and needs;
- Identify and prioritize needs; and
- Identify district/school correlations and dissemination of data results.

Step 5: Link the Comprehensive Needs Assessment to the District/Campus improvement plan development and review process:

- What has been discovered during the process of development of the Comprehensive needs assessment?
- Are all the findings reflected in the Comprehensive Needs Assessment summary statements?
- Have the strategies and activities been addressed in the district/campus improvement plan?
- Does the Comprehensive Needs Assessment address continued and sustained development of the identified strengths?
- Does the Comprehensive Needs Assessment address strategies and activities designed to improve student outcomes?
- Does the Comprehensive Needs Assessment justify NCLB program expenditures as they correlate to the identified needs and priorities of the district/campus?

Data Disaggregation:

To understand the current district/campus outcomes as reflected in prior Comprehensive Needs Assessments and district/campus improvement plans that have reflected random improvement efforts. The committee and school leadership team has updated school improvement strategies and have identified critical success factors that are focused and clearly define strategies that improve student academic achievement through a variety of identified solutions.

The identified solutions were derived from data collection and data analysis of the following:

- Student Demographics;
- Student Special Populations;
- Student Achievement Results;
- School Culture, Climate and Safety;
- Staff Quality, Recruitment and Retention;
- Curriculum, Instruction, and Assessment;

- Family/Parent/Community Involvement;
- Health, Family, and Student Support Services;
- School Organization;
- Technology;
- Staff Development Needs; and
- State and Federal Requirements;

Use of extended learning time (e.g., double blocking) for Academics:

J.W. Nixon High School has identified students at risk of failure and plans to ensure extended learning times, e.g., a continuous double block format (110 minutes) taught by the same teacher in the area of mathematics. An extra Reading class was also provided to all students who failed TAKS the previous year. The model for extended learning time is determined by the campus and may include an additional class period with a certified teacher, individual or small-group instruction, before- and after-school programs, or Saturday programs and summer enrichment activities.

Common planning time:

J.W. Nixon High School has provided a common planning period for teachers in order to develop professional learning communities and to collaboratively plan lessons, interventions, and assessments based on a careful analysis of available data (student work, diagnostic assessments, anecdotal records, quizzes, tests, etc).

Effective supplemental resources:

J.W. Nixon High School will select supplemental instructional materials that challenge students with additional problem solving, higher-level thinking, hands-on/minds-on activities and performance-based assessments to enhance and engage students in learning.

J.W. Nixon High School will provide teachers with supporting technology. Technology and its use must be designed to enhance student learning of the mathematics TEKS and prepare students for all EOC assessments. Technology may also be used to track student progress in mathematics over the course of the grant cycle. Some of the technological tools that will be used for the implementation of the transformation to excellence model are smart boards, calculators, promethean boards, computers, laptops, notebooks, projectors, document cameras, video conferencing and relevant instructional software.

Active, ongoing student engagement:

J.W. Nixon High School will provide teachers with the necessary resources and technology to prepare lessons and actively engage students. Lesson will follow the 5-E Model which is a researched-based approach to lesson planning and has been proven to be very successful. Accurate, timely and comprehensive data systems will be in place in order to formulate solutions and effective decisions which will impact student achievement.

J.W. Nixon High School Academic Data Analysis:

Based on the 2008-2009 Academic Excellence Indicator System (AEIS) report, provided by the Texas Education Agency, the total number of students is 2007; 99.9% are Hispanic; 99.0%; 91.2% economically disadvantaged; and 22.8 Limited English Proficient.

J.W. Nixon High School Teacher Experience:

Beginning Teachers 7.2 5.1% 1-5 Years Experience 32.6 23.4% 6-10 Years Experience 26.4 19.0% 11-20 Years Experience 37.4 26.9% Over 20 Years Experience 35.8 25.7%

J.W. Nixon High School Current Curriculum:

The curriculum being implemented in the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model at Dr. J.G. Cigarroa Middle School is C-SCOPE

J.W. Nixon High School Scheduling Utilized:

The schedule designed to implement the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model at J.W. Nixon High School is the traditional (55 minute) schedule.

J.W. Nixon High School Comprehensive Needs Assessment Results:

- 1. Training in Reading, English, Math, Science, and Social Studies workshops
- 2. Staff development in current, researched-based strategies
- 3. Staff development in addressing special pops: LEP and Special Education Students
- 4. Enhancing content knowledge and instructional delivery skills in all academic areas for teachers
- 5. Acquiring adequate technologies for all students
- 6. Acquiring technology licenses/software for computers
- 7. Acquiring additional technology: laptops, VGA wires, smart boards, etc. for instructional delivery
- 8. Providing extended day activities, Saturday, and summer enrichment programs.

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		Schedule #48–Program Description					
Part 1: (Comprehensive Needs						
Section	D: Groups of Participants	Contributing/to Contribute to Needs Assess					
Parents	Principals and Assistant P	vere involved in the process.					
1	Principais and Assistant F	rincipais					
2	Counselors/Nurses/Libra	ians/Teachers					
3	Director for Secondary Ed	ducation and Federal Programs					
4	Instructional Deans/Instr	uctional Specialists					
5	Special Education Directo	r/Supervisor					
6	Secondary Education Dire	ector					
7	Director for Guidance and	l At-Risk					
8	Director for Staff Develop	oment					
9	Response to Intervention	and Section 504 Coordinator					
10	Executive Director for Cu	rriculum and Instruction					
11	Executive Director for Stu	Ident Services					
12	Chief Financial Officer/Di	ector for Financial Management/Director for Procu	rement				
13	Executive Director for Aca	ademic Compliance and Accountability					
14	Superintendent of Schools						
15	School Board of Trustees						
16	Community Members and	Business Leaders					
17	Parents						

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Amendment No.

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

Schedule #48—Program Description

Part 2: Project Management Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

Capacity — Describe the LEA's capacity to use grant funds to provide adequate resources and related services/support to the campus to implement, fully and effectively, the required activities of the school intervention model.

The Laredo Independent School District has a strong commitment and focus on academic excellence that allows for our under-served and economically disadvantaged community to embrace challenges as opportunities to achieve and maintain high academic standards through best practices and embedding technological innovations in the classroom that inspire a rich and productive learning environment regardless of the socio-economic backgrounds of our student population.

The implementation, design and program evaluation of the transformation model will provide necessary feedback to sustain and support rigorous academic standards for students; provide a mechanism of higher accountability for teachers, and a coherent sustained leadership program that fosters a synergetic educational environment that emanates academic excellence and transforms the school culture. Research has shown that a major driving force to school improvement, highly qualified teachers, and academic achievement is instructional leadership. Leithwood, Kenneth et al, "How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004.

Monitoring of the program implementation progress will be an on-going process to solicit feedback on students' progress, fidelity to the curriculum plan and timeline, student attendance and to provide support as needed. Meetings will include teachers, campus administrator/facilitator, teacher-aides, counselor, support staff and parents. Data will be closely analyzed at the end of each benchmark period to ensure the success of every participant and to provide and maintain frequent communication between all stakeholders.

Social service interventions and other needs that may prevent or hinder student academic performance and success by referral to community social service programs and providers as well as communities-in-schools and other non-profit organizations on an as needed basis. Working with judges in the Juvenile Justice System can provide opportunities for students to increase academic performance and attendance.

The Laredo Independent School District has capacity to use grant funds and other funding sources to provide adequate resources, professional development, and related services/support to the campus to implement, fully and effectively, the required activities of the school modified transformation model.

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #48–Program Description

Part 2: Project Management Cont.

Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

Partnership/Involvement of Others – Describe how the LEA/campus consulted with relevant stakeholders (students, staff, parents, community) regarding this application and proposed implementation of a school intervention model. Collaborative communities of teachers will have great potential for improving teaching and learning, enhancing academic achievement, increasing academic rigor, and creating a safe school climate. Positive professional relations among teachers contribute to greater collaboration, the dissemination of effective teaching practices, and ultimately, a better learning environment for all students. Teaching staff will gain strengths in working together across disciplines to take on new ways of teaching and can engage students' high quality learning. Teachers will be capable of addressing their instructional delivery in context that will have students learn and retain more when they know why they are learning.

A comprehensive learning community experience that includes personal coaching, study groups, tutorials, extended day, Saturday, and summer enrichment, post-secondary readiness, and work-based learning opportunities, will positively affect student grades, assessment results, attendance rates, and graduation rates.

Parental involvement is crucial for the success of the program, curriculum, and overall student achievement. By building a strong partnership between the school and parents, the program will have a solid foundation for the implementation of both the grant and curriculum. Parents will take part ownership in the academic development of their own children, thus student success will become a cohesive and collaborative effort between parents, students, teachers, and school leaders. Plans to provide quarterly meetings for parents through the guidance department to disseminate information regarding school improvement strategies and academic readiness.

Campus administrative personnel of the school will demonstrate a comprehensive plan to engage in ongoing development and training of participating teachers, parents, and community leaders to understand academic standards. In the article, Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. Furthermore, the research shows that the more intensively parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008)

The campus administrative personnel such as the nurse, librarian, and counselor will plan, implement, and demonstrate through non-instructional strategies and activities how students can develop as more engaged individuals in the learning process.

According to the national Center for School Engagement, collaboration with the community identifies that the use of community resources and services strengthen schools, families, and student learning and development. The article, "What Research Says About Family-School-Community Partnerships" goes on further to say that although children's school-community link is the least supported and publicized component of the school-family-community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those connections influences children's school learning, (Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed September 21, 2008 - published October 2005). In addition, the school will enter a partnership with school staff, parents of students at the school, community and business leaders, school district administration, nonprofit organizations, and the Texas Education Agency to ensure higher academic standards.

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #48–Program Description

Part 2: Project Management Cont. Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no

smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).
Management of Grant Activities – Describe how the LEA and campus will modify its practices and/or policies, as necessary, to ensure its implementation of the intervention(s) fully and effectively.

School Leadership Team – to include all individual groups to ensure overall planning, implementation, evaluation, and compliance of the campus transformation model.

Campus Principals, Assistant Principals, Counselors, Coordinators, Instructional Support Staff and DAEP Principal – Program Implementation.

Counselors/Nurses/Librarians - Provide services regarding educational, social, emotional, and health services.

Director for Secondary Education – Program Management/Administration, Performance Evaluation and Reporting. Correspond via e-mails, phone, memo's and conduct meetings as needed to ensure program compliance.

Executive Director for Curriculum and Instruction – Program planning, Implementation and formative and summative program evaluation.

Executive Director for Academic Accountability and Compliance - Program planning, Implementation and formative, summative program evaluation, program compliance and academic accountability.

Executive Director for Student Services – Provide services to parents and students regarding attendance, discipline, educational, social, emotional, and health services.

Deans/Instructional Specialists - Program planning, Implementation and formative and summative program evaluation, Benchmark testing, assessment results, planning of professional development sessions, budget, procurement, and overall program evaluation. Gather campus data from teachers, students and parents, correspond via e-mails, phone, memo's and conduct meetings as needed to ensure program compliance.

Special Education Director/Supervisor – Provide services to parents and students regarding Special Education Programs, attendance, discipline, educational, social, emotional, and physical and mental health services. Provide referrals for students and parents to community based organizations that provide family services. Provides structured development of ARD's and meetings with school leaders, instructional staff, parents, and students.

Director for Guidance and At-Risk – Provide services to counselors, parents and students regarding educational, social, emotional, and physical and mental health services.

Director for Staff Development – Professional Development planning and implementation based on the transformation model requirements, instructional based content specific strategies, evaluation, and compliance.

Response to Intervention and Section 504 Coordinator – Provide services to parents and students regarding dyslexia, attendance, discipline, educational, social, emotional, and physical and mental health services. Provides structured development of ARD's and meetings with school leaders, instructional staff, parents, and students.

Chief Financial Officer/Director for Financial Management - Budgetary Compliance.

Procurement Director - Procurement Compliance.

Teachers – Program planning, assessment participation, student tracking, implementation of instructional planning, content delivery, classroom management and procedures, and technology integration.

Superintendent of Schools, School Board of Trustees, Community Member and Business Leaders - Procurement Compliance, Academic Accountability and Fiscal Accountability.

Parents – Academic Accountability.

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #4B—Program Description

Part 2: Project Management Cont.

Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

Resource Management – Describe how the LEA/campus will align other resources (federal, state, local, and community) with the school improvement intervention.

The district central office administration will identify how other resources (federal, state, local, and private) will be utilized to coordinate services to support and sustain the school improvement intervention. Coordination of federal, state, and private funds will be ensured during the implementation process. Funds will be used to supplement not supplant current services and increase the level of services provided.

State Compensatory, Title I, and Local Funds will be used in conjunction with this program to maximize the use of funds through fund coordination and resources in order to ensure cost effectiveness.

Funds will be used to supplement not supplant current services and increase the level of services provided by the transformation model goals and objectives. Funds will be used to enhance academic content, instructional delivery methods and teacher content knowledge and instructional delivery methods.

The funds will be expended on programs that support the school improvement strategies of the transformation model to enhance teacher classroom preparedness, instructional delivery and content competency, improve high school graduation rates, improve at-risk student academic achievement on State assessments, improve student attendance rates, and student postsecondary readiness as per the Texas High School Completion and Success Initiative.

District staff coordination includes the Principals, Assistant Principals, Counselors, Director for Secondary Education, Instructional Deans/ Instructional Specialists, Special Education Director/Supervisor, Director for Secondary Education, Director for Guidance and At-Risk, Response to Intervention and Section 504 Coordinator, Executive Director for Curriculum and Instruction, Executive Director Student Services, Chief Financial Officer, Director for Financial Management, Executive Director for Academic Compliance and Accountability, Superintendent of Schools, the School Board of Trustees, Community Members, Business Leaders and Parents will ensure these funds are used exclusively on the required resources and materials needed to effectively carry out the TEKS driven curriculum's hands-on activities. They will have an in-depth understanding and will be well versed in the Texas Title I Priority School Grant fiscal guidelines and requirements. All materials will be purchased following a structured plan of approval at the campus and district levels. Campus administrative personnel of the school will demonstrate the responsible use of the funds to achieve school improvement.

Program funds will supplement and not supplant state mandates, SBOE rules or activities previously conducted with state and local funds.

The Laredo Independent School District is committed to sustain the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model strategies beyond the program completion date in order to ensure the continued enhancement of student academic achievement.

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #48—Program Description

Part 2: Project Management Cont. Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana). Grant Project Manager Qualifications – Describe the qualifications of the person selected to be the project manager for this grant on the campus.

The Principal (Project Manager) qualifications are as follows:

- Certification in Educational Administration.
- Coordinates, reviews, develops, and revises instructional programs and related curriculum and materials.
- Evaluates findings including student achievement to examine the effectiveness and use of instructional materials.
- Collaborates professional development, disseminates information regarding current research-based instructional delivery and developments, observe classroom instructional methods to facilitate academic improvement and innovation.
- Compiles and maintains reports, records, contract management, and compliance.
- Ensure that all at-risk students are engaged as an intricate part the transformation model program.
- Ensure that school leaders and teachers comply with state, district and program guidelines.
- Developed/revised roles and responsibilities to ensure compliance with Texas Education Agency standards.
- Implement District P16 strategies and Coordinated Professional Development.
- Work with School Leaders on issues relating to Student Services and Academic Achievement.
- Program Coordination and Planning while engaging in Professional Development sessions, Student Tutoring, Mentoring, Advisement and Enrichment.
- Ensure that all participants are provided prescriptive and differentiated academic support.
- Provide for Communication amongst coordinator, parents and district personnel.
- Provide progress reporting.
- Provide pre and post assessments and make recommendations for grade level placement of students.

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	Schedule #4B—Program Description	
Part 2: Project Management Cont		
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LEA Support – Describe how the LE supporting the campus' school impro	A will structure and implement an individual or o symmetric efforts	ffice with responsibility for
	vorking relationship with school leadership teams	to develop a stronger partnership
	velopment opportunities to enhance content knowl	
	ructional expertise, place stronger emphasis on im	
	e in all academic areas, provide rigorous and eng	
	collaborative practices for teachers, develop the s	
• •	Provide models of excellence in coaching teacher	-
their knowledge and expertise.	Trovide models of excellence in coaching teacher	a ministructional dentery to improve
area knowledge and expense.		
The transformation strategies needed	to address the comprehensive needs assessmen	t performed by the district and
	get provides a cost per student estimate for the en	
as part of this application.		anery of the three year grant period
The Transformation to Excellence Mo	del services identified in the comprehensive needs	s assessment are as follows:
1) Instructional Knowledge, Planning	and the use of Extended Learning Time	
2) Instructional Delivery of Content an		
	by Individual Student Need by providing effective	use of supplemental resources.
4) Classroom Management and Proce		•••
5) Assistive Technology Usage and Te		
	t promote active on-going student engagement	
7) Professional Development		
8) Parental and Community Involvement	ent	
Furthermore, a key practice in continu	ous school improvement will include a system of s	support where effective team
planning, data-driven decision-making	, evaluation, and analysis of programs will highligh	nt and impact an individualized
graduation plan (IGP) that encompass	ses a cross-discipline mixture of academic and ele	ctive courses designed to empower
all students to take responsibility for the	neir personal and educational development early in	ı life.
An immediate evaluation of the Transf	formation to Excellence Model and goal setting wil	l address:
 An increase in the students a 	cademic performance and preparation for middle s	school, high school or college;
 An increase in the grade leve 	I completion rates by addressing the academic pe	rformance of students;
 An increase in students' and the students' as the stu	their families' knowledge of school improvement a	nd school choice options,
preparation, and services;	- · ·	
 An expectation to improve the 	e counselor's knowledge and outreach competenc	ies;
	onse to student intervention by teachers, counseld	
students in need of additional	services and accommodations;	-
A sustainable long-term Trans	sformation to Excellence Model that will support pa	artnerships between teachers,
students and parents;	,	
•	counselors will work closely with students and par	ents regarding prescriptive tutorials
	mically while helping the students in issues regard	
	gh structured intervention strategies.	

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #4B—Program Description

Part 2: Project Management Cont. Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

Program Continuation and Sustainability – Describe how the LEA will sustain the campus reforms after the funding period ends.

Program funds will supplement and not supplant state mandates, SBOE rules or activities previously conducted with state and local funds.

State Compensatory, Title I, and Local Funds will be used in conjunction with this program to maximize the use of funds through fund coordination and resources in order to ensure cost effectiveness.

The district central office administration will identify how other resources (federal, state, local, and private) will be utilized to coordinate services to support and sustain the school improvement. Coordination of federal, state, and private funds will be ensured during the grant negotiation process. Funds will be used to supplement not supplant current services and increase the level of services provided.

Funds will be used to supplement not supplant current services and increase the level of services provided. Funds will be used to enhance teacher content knowledge, instructional content and instructional delivery methods.

The funds will be expended on Transformation to Excellence Model strategies to support the improvement of teacher classroom preparedness, instructional delivery and content competency, improve high school graduation rates, improve atrisk student academic achievement on State assessments, improve student attendance rates, and student postsecondary readiness as per the Texas High School Completion and Success Initiative.

The program also addresses the provisions in the district's P-16 strategic plan.

The program will sustain Program strategies beyond the grant program by providing a seamless professional development environment for teachers by implementing a comprehensive program whereby advanced technological tools are applied and integrated into the planning and development of the curriculum, thus improving teaching strategies and student State assessment results by 10% in all academic areas.

The district will also hold inclusion workshops whereby teachers will share what they have learned through the program by providing additional professional development opportunities to non participants and new teachers.

Laredo Independent School District is committed to continue to collaborate with community partners and providing continued additional professional development and instructional services beyond the grant program in order to continue to provide opportunities to achieve program objectives and district goals.

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #48—Program Description

Part 2: Project Management Cont. Section A: LEA (District) Capacity Responses are limited to one page each, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).

External Providers -- Describe how the LEA will recruit, screen, and select external providers to ensure their quality. Laredo Independent School District will recruit external providers primarily to provide professional development to all campus administration, instructional staff, and non-instructional staff. The screening process will be decided upon based on our local procurement procedures regarding contracted services. The selection of external providers will be determined based on the campus comprehensive needs assessment.

Laredo Independent School District will work with our Regional Education Service (Region 1). Our Regional Educational Service Center will provide necessary staff development on an as needed basis using the recommended campus comprehensive needs assessment results.

In addition, the funding sources available will provide Supplementary Education Services for students identified in need of additional remediation, acceleration and tutoring.

Other service providers may be selected as-needed to serve our students, teachers, and parents depending on the types of services needed to support the J.W. Nixon High School Transformation to Excellence Model implementation.

Additional services could include, but not be limited to social and health services, family services, student support services and/or students with disabilities services.

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		Schedule #4B—Program Description	
	: Project Management Con n A: LEA (District) Capacity	r. y Responses are limited to one page each , fron	t side only, with a font size no
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		gram includes site visits to other campuses succ cess for selecting the locations and the expected	
The La	redo Independent School Dist	rict in continued support of the campuses interve elemented a model similar to this proposal.	
	. This report allows Laredo IS	ased on the comparable comparison reports prov SD to examine campuses with similar characteris	
When o	conducting site visits the scho	ol leadership teams will examine several factors	that include:
٠	A review of comprehensive in	structional reform strategies the campus adopted	
•	Identification of instructional s well as aligned with State aca	strategies that are research-based and vertically a ademic standards;	ligned from one grade to the next as
•		ta (such as District Benchmark formative assessme nform and differentiate instructional strategies to r	
•		d schools that include extended day, Saturday and as advisory periods that build relationships betwe	
٠	A review of class schedules a	and strategies that provide increased learning time	;
٠	Review and observation of or	ngoing activities for family and community engager	ment;
٠	Review of operational flexibilit	ty and sustained support;	
•	Review of technical assistance Professional Development pro	e and related support from the District, ESC's, Te oviders.	xas Education Agency and
•	Review of compensation prog students attending;	grams that attract and retain staff with the skills ne	cessary to meet the needs of the
٠	Review of performance meas	sures for evaluation of instructional practices result	ting from professional development;
٠	Review of implementation of	a school wide "response-to-intervention" model;	
•	to support students with disat	sional development to teachers and principals in o bilities in the least restrictive environment and to en ills to master academic content;	
٠	Review uses and integrated t	echnology-based support and intervention as part	of the instructional program;
•	Review the establishment of or graduating;	early-warning systems that identify students who r	nay be at risk of failing, dropping-out
•		ture and how it has improved school climate and o supports and taking proactive steps to eliminate b	

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	Schedule #4B—Program Description	
Part 2: Project Management Cont		
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	a). t applying to serve each Tier I school (is not app tion of why the LEA lacks capacity to serve each	
	ict lacks capacity to serve a Tier I school due to the	
and grant opportunity are then in early		
Since, Laredo Independent School Dis within its district's boundaries.	strict does not have any Tier I schools it lacks cap	pacity to service such a campus
If indeed Laredo Independent School campuses to provide services.	District had any Tier I campuses they would have	included these campus as priority
		-

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	Schedule #4B—Program Description	
Part 3: Intervention Model		
Implementation. Indicate whether t	nented - Indicate the model(s) being <u>considered</u> he LEA/campus will participate in the TEA Approv Improvement Resource Center or the LEA/campu	ed Model with Technical Assistance
Turnaround		
Closure		
Restart		
Transformation		
Iter III Modified Transformation		
TEA Designed Model with Techni	cal Assistance Provided by the School Improvem	ent Resource Center
Supplemental Education Services	s (SES) incorporated into the intervention model	
Note: Applying to implement the TE Resource Center in no way implies o	A Approved Model with Technical Assistance Prov r guarantees funding.	vided by the School Improvement
The LEA/campus will implement regulations released by USDE	its own intervention design, within the paramete	rs required by the final federal
Schedule #4B—Program	m Description, Part 3, Intervention Model, c	ontinued on next page

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where the company of the second s	: Intervention I	and the second se		
1. The identif	process the LEA a ed needs of the ca	ind campus mpus.	IS -Describe in detail: followed/will follow to select a school interver the campus will take to implement the select	
Respoi	nses are limited to	five pages,	front side only, with a font size no smaller th	nan 9 point (Arial or Verdana).
			ict and J.W. Nixon High School will follow the district and campus needs.	Tier III Modified Transformation to
solid fo			to Excellence Model provides the district and gy that is based on the comprehensive needs	
			to Excellence Model was decided upon after the tion of the the tion of the term of	
			II Modified Transformation to Excellence Mode lement are as follows:	el and steps that the district and J.W.
1.	A comprehensive Grant Program (A		h School Leadership to explain the purpose o	f the Texas Title I Priority Schools
2.	Meeting with Sch	ool Leadersh	nip to develop the campus comprehensive nee	eds assessment (April 2010);
3.	Begin developme	nt of compre	hensive needs assessment (April 2010);	
4.	Begin grant appli	cation devel	opment in order to meet TEA submission dea	dline (May 2010)
5.	Meet with School selected intervent		Team to work on grant application based on (May 2010);	comprehensive needs assessment and
6.	Finalize grant app	lication for	submission (May 2010);	
7.	Begin planning ar	nd preparatio	ons to implement selected intervention model	l (June 2010 – August 2010);
8.			III Modified Transformation Model (Septemb	
	Campus F	Principal sum	nmative evaluation;	
			nal strategies that are research-based and ve ed with State academic standards;	rtically aligned from one grade to the
	Establishr	nent of sche	edules and strategies that provide increased le	earning time;
9.		sments) to i	ch as District Benchmark formative assessme nform and differentiate instructional strategie 2010);	
10	Begin establishing engagement (Oct		ating community-oriented and ongoing activit	ties for family and community
11	Establishment of	planned ope	rational flexibility and sustained support (Oct	ober 2010);
12			School receives ongoing, intensive technical a Education Agency and Professional Developm	

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #48—Program Description

	Schedule #4B—Program Description
	Intervention Model
	n B: Model Selection Process Cont. Responses are limited to <i>five pages,</i> front side only, with a font size no than 9 point (Arial or Verdana).
13.	Review of the identified the Critical Success Factor (s) including all campus activities, and supporting research that indicates the activities will be effective (October 2010 – June 2013);
14.	Begin Academic Performance reviews, including (but not limited to) Reading/ELA and Math benchmarks (November 2010);
15.	Begin enhanced data-driven instruction based on district approved instructional model (September 2010);
16.	Continue with curriculum alignment (both horizontal and vertical) and instructional strategies for increased learning times (September 2010);
17.	On-going monitoring of instruction, lesson plans, technology integration, and academic enrichment (October 2010 – May 2013);
18.	Increase use of quality data to drive instruction based on local assessment data and State assessment results (November 2010 – May 2013);
19.	Provide professional development workshop on data disaggregation and training using data-driven decision models (November 2010 – May 2013);
20.	Continued on-going communication with all stakeholders (April 2010 – June 2013);
21.	Increase leadership effectiveness through on-going job embedded professional development (August 2010 – May 2013);
22.	Ensure operational flexibility plan is being implemented and utilized as identified in the campus comprehensive needs assessment (September 2010 – May 2013);
23.	Increase parent/community involvement meetings for input, effective communication, activities and accessible community services (September 2010 – May 2013);
24.	Improve school climate through increased student attendance, decreased discipline referrals, and increased student involvement in extra/co-curricular activities (September 2010 – May 2013);
25.	Increase teacher quality through locally developed appraisal instruments, on-going professional development, and recruitment/retention strategies (August 2010 – June 2013)
26.	Plan and implement extended learning times through after school programs, Saturdays and Summer Enrichment (September 2010-May 2013)

Adjustmer	For TEA Use Only Its and/or annotations made have been confirmed with	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)	240901 County-District No.
	/e-mail/FAX on	School Years 2010-2013	
by	of TEA.	Towns Title I Briggity Cabaala Crant	Amendment No.
A CARLEN AND A COMPANY		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #48—Program Description	
Part 3- Tr	itervention Model	Schedule #40-Program Description	
Section C	: Groups of Participants	 List the groups of participants who will active to the identified needs of the campus. 	y assist in the process to select a
1	Principals and Assistant I		
2	Counselors/Nurses/Libra	rians/Teachers	
3	Director for Secondary E	ducation and Federal Programs	
4	Instructional Deans/Instr	uctional Specialists	
5	Special Education Directo	pr/Supervisor	
6	Secondary Education Dire	ector	
7	Director for Guidance and	d At-Risk	
8	Director for Staff Develop	oment	
9	Response to Intervention	and Section 504 Coordinator	
10	Executive Director for Cu	rriculum and Instruction	

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Adjustments and/or annotations made		
on this page have been confirmed with	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	240901
	Standard Application System (SAS)	County-District No.
by telephone/e-mail/FAX on	School Years 2010-2013	Amondanast Na
by of TEA.	Toyac Title I Priority Schools Grant	Amendment No.
	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	
	Schedule #4B—Program Description	
Part 3: Intervention Model		
Section D: Improvement Activit		
incorporated with the model to be	plicants should describe all other school improver	nent activities that will be
incorporated with the model to be	selected.	
For each additional improvement a	ctivity entered, enter the Critical Success Factor C	ada(c) from this table optar the
	the activity, provide the supporting research that	
effective, and indicate the beginnin		indicates the activity will be
	ance, including (but not limited to) Reading/ELA a	nd Math
A. Data-driven instruc		rr twe is reacted i
	ent (both horizontal and vertical)	
C. On-going Monitorin		
2 - Increase the Use of Quality		
A. Data Disaggregatio	n/Training	
B. Data-driven Decision		
C. On-going Communi		
3 – Increase Leadership Effectiv		
	dded Professional Development	
B. Operational Flexibil		
C. Resource/Data Utili 4 – Increase Learning Time	zation	
A. Flexible Scheduling		
B. Instructionally-focu		
C. Staff Collaborative		
5 – Increase Parent/Community		
A. Increased Opportur		
B. Effective Communic		
C. Accessible Commur	nity Services	
6 – Improve School Climate		
 A. Increased Attendan B. Decreased Disciplin 		
	e Referrais hent in Extra/Co-Curricular Activities	
7 – Increase Teacher Quality		
A. Locally Developed A	Appraisal Instruments	
	dded Professional Development	
C. Recruitment/Retent	ion Strategies	

Adjustments an on this page have by telephone/e-ma by Part 3: Inter Section D: In	of TEA. S vention Model provement Activities	TEXAS EDUCATION A Standard Application Syste School Years 2010- Texas Title I Priority Sch Schedule #4B—Program and Timeline (cont.) Academic Performance inc	em (SAS) 2013 100ls Grant Description	Ā	240901 unty-District No mendment No. Reading/E	
CSF Milestone	Additional Improvement Activity	Rationale	Supporting R	esearch	Timelin e Begin Date	Timeline End Date
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Improve Student Achievement in Reading/ELA	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	Bransford, J. D. (2000). How people Brain, mind, exp and school (Exp Edition) Washing National Academ Comprehensive instructional app technical support technologically of course curriculus scientifically bas research. Clark, (2002). Brooks, J. G. & H G. (1999). In se understanding: for constructivis classrooms. Ale VA. Association Supervision and Curriculum Deve Calkins, Andrew "The turnaround Challenge: Why best opportunity dramatically imp student achieven in our worst per schools."2007.	ople learn: berience anded gton, DC: ny Press. proaches, t, and enhanced m that is sed , R. Brooks, M. earch of The case t xandria, n for elopment. et al. America's to prove ment lies	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

Improve Academic Performance - Curriculum Alignment	Improve Student Achievement in Mathematics	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
			instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002).		
			Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.		
			Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Improve Student Achievement in Science	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
			Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002).		
			Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.		
			Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to		

			dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Improve Student Achievement in Social Studies	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
			Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002).		
			Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.		
			Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Improve Academic Performance - Data Driven Instruction	Improve Student Achievement through prescriptive remediation, reinforcement, acceleration, and enrichment activities Dr. J.G. Cigarroa Middle School will reduce the excessive	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
	staff absences by providing staff incentives.	achievement, attendance, and social behavior. Historical data reflects excessive staff absences which has a negative effect in student performance.	course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.		

Improve	Improve Student	Historical data reflects	Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007. Calkins, Andrew et al.	Sept 1,	June 30,
School Climate – Increased Attendance	Attendance Rates	Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	"The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	2010	2013
Improve School Climate – Decreased Discipline Referrals	Improve Student Social and emotional adaptive skills	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve School Climate – Decreased Discipline Referrals	Instill and Reinforce Student School Attachment and Engagement	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve School Climate – Increased Involvement in Extra/Co- Curricular Activities	Provide and Promote instruction in Student Leadership Development Provide, Promote and increase students' participation in UIL Academic events, chess, Science Projects, and UIL Fine	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

			G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing		
Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Provide Small Group Prescriptive Instruction including Academic Counseling	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	schools."2007. Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase Parent/Com munity Involvement – Increased Opportunities for Input/Effecti ve Communicati on	Increase Parental Involvement and Participation	Parental involvement activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more effectively is required.	Schools. 2007. Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. The more intensively parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008)	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increased Learning Time – Flexible Scheduling	Implement Extended Day, Saturday and Summer Enrichments Activities	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches,	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

		students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration and/or credit recovery.	technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Provide Seminars and Educational Trips to Engage Students in Hands-on/Minds-on Activities	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, students do not have many opportunities to explore beyond their own community to get a global perspective or enculturation of diverse community interactions.	North Central Regional Educational Laboratory (NCREL). (2003). <i>Critical</i> <i>issue: Providing hands-</i> <i>On, minds-on, and</i> <i>authentic learning</i> <i>experiences in science.</i> Retrieved March 10, 2006, from <u>http://www.ncrel.org/</u>	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance - College Readiness Instruction	J.G. Cigarroa Middle School will initiate the Scholastic Honors Advantage Academy project which will be an initiative to provide 8 th graders with an advantage to be better prepared for a post- high education. It will consist of project of three phases: a research paper, a product, and a presentation. The	Historical data reflects that schools focused on meeting state minimum standards do not tend to challenge students that demonstrate an ability to pursue learning at a challenging college preparatory Level	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002).	October 1, 2010	June 30,, 2013

	students will be guided throughout the process by faculty mentors/advisers. This project may be compared to a mini- thesis that will be developed after the regular school day. The students will defend the findings of their research to a group of experts from the community in their particular area of study.		Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Provide Additional Academic Support Services – Credit Recovery/Advanced Placement	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration and/or credit recovery.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Provide Students with Advanced Technologies	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Advanced Technological tools engage students and challenge their ability to become skilled learners.	National Center for Research and Evaluation, Standards, and Student Testing, University of California, O'Neil, H. F. (2003). What Works in Distance Learning (Report to the Office of Naval Research). University of Southern	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

		Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration and/or credit recovery.	California, Rossier School of Education; and National Standards for Quality Online Teaching. North American Council for Online Learning; Ascough, R.S. (2002). Designing for online distance education: Putting pedagogy before technology. Teaching Theology and Religion, 5(1), 17-29. Texas A&M International University; Roberts, J. Scott (2001) "Potential Users' and Users' Behavioral Intentions Toward the Adoption of Information Technology, Thesis Publication.		
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Decrease the number of students in need of remediation and developmental interventions	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration and/or credit recovery without placement of students in these remediation and intervention programs because they have difficulties with academic content.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance - Curriculum Alignment	Increase the number of students promoted to the next grade level	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC:	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

Additionally, there has National Academy Press. Additionally, there has Comprehensive been a lack of additional Comprehensive educational services for instructional approaches, students identified with technical support, and		
been a lack of additional Comprehensive educational services for instructional approaches,		
educational services for instructional approaches,		1
difficulties in technologically enhanced		
achievement, attendance, course curriculum that is		
and social behavior. scientifically based		
research. Clark, R.		
In addition, there is a (2002).		
need to provide students		
opportunities to receive Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
services that provide G. (1999). In search of		
them with intervention, understanding: The case		
remediation, acceleration for constructivist		
and/or credit recovery classrooms. Alexandria,		
without placement of VA. Association for		
students in these Supervision and		
remediation and Curriculum Development.		
intervention programs		
because they have Calkins, Andrew et al.	1	
difficulties with academic "The turnaround		
content. Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to		
A more rigorous academic dramatically improve		
immersion will challenge student achievement lies		
students to become in our worst performing		i
inquiry-based learners. schools."2007.		
Increase the Number of Students Historical data reflects Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	October	June 30,
Use of served by the consistently low scores on (2000). How people learn:	1, 2010	2013
Quality data program, State and local Brain, mind, experience		
to Drive disaggregated by assessments as compared and school (Expanded		
Instruction – grade level to State averages. Edition) Washington, DC:		
Data-Driven National Academy Press.		
Decisions/On Additionally, there has		
-going been a lack of additional Comprehensive		
Communicati educational services for instructional approaches,		
on students identified with technical support, and		
difficulties in technologically enhanced		
achievement, attendance, course curriculum that is		
and social behavior. scientifically based research. Clark, R.		
In addition, there is a (2002).		
need to provide students		
opportunities to receive Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
services that provide G. (1999). In search of		
them with intervention, <i>understanding: The case</i>		
remediation, acceleration for constructivist		
and/or credit recovery classrooms. Alexandria,		
without placement of VA. Association for		
students in these Supervision and		
remediation and Curriculum Development.		
intervention programs		1
because they have Calkins, Andrew et al.		
difficulties with academic "The turnaround		
content. Challenge: Why America's	1	
best opportunity to		
A more rigorous academic dramatically improve		
immersion will challenge student achievement lies		
students to become in our worst performing inquiry-based learners. schools."2007.		
inquiry-based learners. Scribbis, 2007.		

		All students will participate in the modified transformation model implementation as actively engaged owners instilling pride and desire to succeed academically.			
Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Decrease number and percent of students that score below grade level in Mathematics, English- Language Arts, Reading, Social Studies, and Science	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration and/or credit recovery without placement of students in these remediation and intervention programs because they have difficulties with academic content.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
			best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data-Driven Decisions/On -going Communicati on	Increase the number and percent of students demonstrating proficiency in enrichment, remediation, reinforcement and acceleration	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. In addition, there is a need to provide students opportunities to receive services that provide them with intervention, remediation, acceleration	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		and/or credit recovery without placement of	<i>classrooms.</i> Alexandria, VA. Association for		

students in these	Supervision and	
remediation and	Curriculum Development.	
intervention programs		
because they have	Calkins, Andrew et al.	
difficulties with academic	"The turnaround	
content.	Challenge: Why America's	
A more rigorous academic	best opportunity to dramatically improve	
immersion will challenge	student achievement lies	
students to become	in our worst performing	
inquiry-based learners.	schools,"2007.	
All students will		
participate in the modified		
transformation model		
implementation as		
actively engaged owners		
instilling pride and desire		
to succeed academically.		

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on this page have been confirmed w	vith

TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

240901

County-District No.

by telephone/e-mail/FAX on _____ by

School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #4B—Program Description

Part 3: Intervention Model Section D: Improvement Activities and Timeline (cont.) Critical Success Factor 2: Increase the use of Quality Data to Drive Instruction

of TEA.

CSF Milestone	Additional Improvement Activity	Rationale	Supporting Research	Timeline Begin Date	Timeline End Date
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Evaluate Programs effectiveness by Compiling and Analyzing program Data	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	January 3, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Disaggregate District Benchmark Results and Disseminate Data to all Stakeholders in a Timely Manner	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement. Quantifiable and	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is	Nov 4, 2010	June 30, 2013

		qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods.	scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Program monitoring, compliance with budgets, and grant guidelines	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

Increase the line of	Des ses es	Listoria alle data	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	February	June 30,
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive	Program	Historically data- driven decision	(2000). How people learn:	1, 2011	2013
Instruction – Data-	reporting as	making,	Brain, mind, experience	1, 2011	
Driven Decisions/On-	required per	communication,	and school (Expanded		
going	grant	and seem less	Edition) Washington, DC:		
Communication/Data	requirements	disaggregation	National Academy Press.		
Disaggregation/training		have not provided			
		quality outcomes to	Comprehensive		
		school	instructional approaches,		
		improvement.	technical support, and		
			technologically enhanced		
		Quantifiable and	course curriculum that is		
		qualitative data	scientifically based		
		sources and	research. Clark, R.		
		analysis need to	(2002).		
		become vertically			
		and horizontally	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
		tied to leadership	G. (1999). In search of		
		and learning.	understanding: The case		
			for constructivist		
		Data-driven	classrooms. Alexandria,		
		decisions require	VA. Association for		
		real-time data	Supervision and		
		feedback in order to	Curriculum Development.		
		make immediate			
		decisions regarding	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
		instructional	"The turnaround		
		methods.	Challenge: Why America's		
			best opportunity to		
		Evaluation and	dramatically improve		
		training on	student achievement lies		
		budgets, program	in our worst performing		
		evaluation and	schools."2007.		
		monitoring, compliance with			1
		grant guidelines			
		and data quality is			
		needed to make			
		sound informed			
		decisions.			
Increase Leadership	Classroom	Historically data-	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	Sept 1,	June 30,
effectiveness –	performance	driven decision	(2000). How people learn:	2010	2013
Operational	evaluation	making,	Brain, mind, experience		
Flexibility/Resource		communication,	and school (Expanded		
data Utilization		operational	Edition) Washington, DC:		
		flexibility, resource	National Academy Press.		
		allocation and seem			
		less disaggregation	Comprehensive		
		have not provided	instructional approaches,		
		quality outcomes to	technical support, and		
		school	technologically enhanced		
		improvement or	course curriculum that is		
		leadership	scientifically based		
		effectiveness.	research. Clark, R.		
			(2002).		
		Quantifiable and			1
		qualitative data	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
		sources and	G. (1999). In search of		
		analysis need to	understanding: The case		
		become vertically	for constructivist		
		and horizontally tied to leadership	<i>classrooms</i> . Alexandria, VA. Association for		

		and learning.	Supervision and Curriculum Development.		
		Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods.	Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
		Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed docisions			
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Student academic services evaluation	decisions. Historically data- driven decision making, communication, and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

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Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data-	Student support services evaluation	Historically data- driven decision making,	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Driven Decisions/On-	CVAIUALION	communication,	and school (Expanded		
going		and seem less	Edition) Washington, DC:		
Communication/Data		disaggregation	National Academy Press.		
Disaggregation/training		have not provided			
		quality outcomes to	Comprehensive		
		school	instructional approaches, technical support, and		
		improvement.	technologically enhanced		
		Quantifiable and	course curriculum that is		
		qualitative data	scientifically based		
		sources and	research. Clark, R.		
		analysis need to	(2002).		
		become vertically			
		and horizontally	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
		tied to leadership	G. (1999). In search of		
		and learning.	understanding: The case		
		Data driven	for constructivist		
		Data-driven decisions require	<i>classrooms</i> . Alexandria, VA. Association for		
		real-time data	Supervision and		
		feedback in order to	Curriculum Development.		
		make immediate	•		
		decisions regarding	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
		instructional	"The turnaround		
		methods and	Challenge: Why America's		
		student	best opportunity to		
		identification for	dramatically improve student achievement lies		
		additional support services.	in our worst performing		
		Services.	schools."2007.		
		Evaluation and			
		training on			
		budgets, program			
		evaluation and			
		monitoring,			
		compliance with grant guidelines			
		and data quality is			
		needed to make			
		sound informed			
		decisions.			
Increase Leadership	Principal/School	Historically data-	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	October	June 30,
effectiveness –	leadership	driven decision	(2000). How people learn:	1,2010	2013
Operational	evaluation	making,	Brain, mind, experience		
Flexibility/Resource	through	communication,	and school (Expanded		
data Utilization/On-	observation based	and seem less	Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.		
Going Job Embedded Professional	assessment of performance	disaggregation have not provided	National Academy Press.		
development	performance	quality outcomes to	Comprehensive		
		school	instructional approaches,		
		improvement.	technical support, and		
			technologically enhanced		
		Quantifiable and	course curriculum that is		
		qualitative data	scientifically based		
		sources and	research. Clark, R.		
		analysis need to	(2002).		
		become vertically			ł
		and horizontally	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
		tied to leadership	G. (1999). In search of	<u> </u>	

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		and learning.	understanding: The case		
			for constructivist		
		Data-driven	<i>classrooms.</i> Alexandria,		
		decisions require	VA. Association for		
		real-time data	Supervision and		
		feedback in order to	Curriculum Development.		
		make immediate			
		decisions regarding	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
		instructional	"The turnaround		
		methods and	Challenge: Why America's		
		student	best opportunity to		
		identification for	dramatically improve		
		additional support	student achievement lies		
			1		
		services.	in our worst performing		
			schools."2007.		
		Evaluation and			
		training on			
		budgets, program			
		evaluation and			
		monitoring,			
		compliance with			
		grant guidelines			
		and data quality is			
		needed to make			
		sound informed			
		decisions.			
		decisions.			
		Mora Drofossional			
		More Professional			
		Development			
		sessions are			
		needed to provide			
		effective leadership			
		training and more			
		comprehensive			
		educational			
		administration			
		decision making.			
Increase the Use of	Evaluation of	Historically data-	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	October	June 30,
Quality data to Drive	professional	driven decision	(2000). How people learn:	1, 2010	2013
Instruction - Data-	development	making,	Brain, mind, experience		
Driven Decisions/On-	training/activities	communication,	and school (Expanded		
going	d anning/activities	and seem less	Edition) Washington, DC:		
Communication/Data		4	National Academy Press.		
		disaggregation	National Academy Press.		
Disaggregation/training		have not provided	Comprehensive		
		quality outcomes to			
		school	instructional approaches,		
		improvement.	technical support, and		
		0	technologically enhanced		
		Quantifiable and	course curriculum that is		
		qualitative data	scientifically based		[
		sources and	research. Clark, R.		
		analysis need to	(2002).		
		become vertically			
		and horizontally	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
		tied to leadership	G. (1999). In search of		
		and learning.	understanding: The case		
			for constructivist		
		Data-driven	classrooms. Alexandria,		
		decisions require	VA. Association for		
		•			
		real-time data	Supervision and		
		real-time data	Supervision and Curriculum Development.		
		real-time data feedback in order to make immediate	Curriculum Development.		

Increase the Use of	Research based	instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions. More Professional Development sessions are needed to provide effective leadership training/activities and more comprehensive educational administration decision making.	"The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	October	June 30,
Quality data to Drive Instruction - Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	instructional strategies evaluation measures	driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional evaluation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement strategies. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies. Data-driven decisions require real-time data	 (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies 	1, 2010	2013

		feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring,	in our worst performing schools."2007.		
		compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions.			
		More Professional Development sessions are needed to provide effective leadership training and more comprehensive educational administration			
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training Improve Academic Performance – College Readiness Instruction	J.G. Cigarroa Middle School will initiate the Scholastic Honors Advantage Academy project which will be an initiative to provide 8 th graders with an advantage to be better prepared for a post-high education. It will consist of project of three phases: a research paper, a product, and a presentation. The students will be guided throughout the process by faculty mentors/advisers. This project may be compared to a mini-thesis that will be developed after the regular	decision making. Historical data reflects that schools focused on meeting state minimum standards do not tend to challenge students that demonstrate an ability to pursue learning at a challenging college preparatory Level	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve	October 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

school day. The students will defend the findings of their research to a group of experts from the community in their particular area of study.	student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	

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School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

Schedule #48—Program Description

Part 3: Intervention Model Section D: Improvement Activities and Timeline (cont.)

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	al Success	Iactor			uci sind	LIIGULIYC	11633

CSF Milestone	Additional Improvement Activity	Rationale	Supporting Research	Timeline Begin Date	Timeline End Date
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction - Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Equip school leaders to support and facilitate teachers' efforts to increase student achievement in mathematics, reading, writing, social studies, and science.	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional evaluation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement strategies. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make	Leithwood, Kenneth et al, "How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

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		sound informed decisions.			
		decisions.			
		More Professional			
		Development			
		sessions are needed			
		to provide effective leadership training			
		and more			
		comprehensive			
		educational			
		administration			
		decision making.			
Increase Leadership	Number and	Historically data-	Leithwood, Kenneth et al,	August	June 30, 2013
effectiveness –	frequency of teachers and	driven decision	"How Leadership Influences Student	1, 2010	2013
Operational Flexibility/Resource	administrators	making, communication,	Learning." Wallance		
data Utilization/On-	receiving	research based	foundation, 2004.		
Going Job Embedded	training,	instructional			
Professional	professional	strategies,	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
development	development,	instructional	"The turnaround		
	and materials	evaluation and seem	Challenge: Why America's		
	that significantly	less disaggregation	best opportunity to dramatically improve		
	improve instruction	have not provided quality outcomes to	student achievement lies		
	moduction	school improvement	in our worst performing		
		strategies.	schools."2007.		
		-			
		Quantifiable and			
		qualitative data			
		sources and analysis need to become			
		vertically and			
		horizontally tied to			
		leadership and			
		learning using			
		research based			
		strategies.			
		Data-driven			
		decisions require			
		real-time data			
		feedback in order to			
		make immediate			
		decisions regarding			
		instructional methods and			
		student identification			
		for additional			
		support services.			
		Evaluation and			
		training on budgets, program evaluation			
		and monitoring,			
		compliance with			
		grant guidelines and			
		data quality is			
		needed to make			
		sound informed			
		decisions.			

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		More Professional			
		Development			
		sessions are needed			
		to provide effective leadership training			
		and more			
		comprehensive			
		educational			
		administration			
		decision making.			
Increase Leadership	Design Activities	Historically data-	Leithwood, Kenneth et al,	August	June 30,
effectiveness –	to include	driven decision	"How Leadership	1, 2010	2013
Operational	Innovative	making,	Influences Student	1, 2010	2020
Flexibility/Resource	and/or	communication,	Learning." Wallance		
data Utilization/On-	Interdisciplinary	research based	foundation, 2004.		
Going Job Embedded	Approaches to	instructional			
Professional	program Content	strategies,	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
development	program concerte	instructional	"The turnaround		
		evaluation and seem	Challenge: Why America's		
		less disaggregation	best opportunity to		
		have not provided	dramatically improve		
		quality outcomes to	student achievement lies		
		school improvement	in our worst performing		
		strategies.	schools."2007.		
		Quantifiable and			
		qualitative data			
		sources and analysis			
		need to become			
		vertically and			
		horizontally tied to			
		leadership and			
		learning using			
		research based			
		strategies.			
		_			
		Data-driven			
		decisions require			
		real-time data			
		feedback in order to			
		make immediate			
		decisions regarding			
		instructional			
		methods and			
		student identification		1	
		for additional			
		support services.			
		Evaluation and		1	
		training on budgets,			
		program evaluation			
		and monitoring,		1	
		compliance with			
		grant guidelines and			
		data quality is			
		needed to make			
		sound informed			
		decisions.			The second s
		More Professional			
		Development			
		sessions are needed			

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		to provide effective leadership training and more comprehensive educational administration decision making.			
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Evaluation of professional development training/activities	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional evaluation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement strategies. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions. More Professional Development sessions are needed to provide effective leadership training and more	Leithwood, Kenneth et al, "How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

		comprehensive educational administration decision making.			
Increase Leadership effectiveness - Operational Flexibility/Resource data Utilization/On- Going Job Embedded Professional development	Principal/School leadership evaluation through observation based assessment of performance	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional evaluation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement strategies. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions. More Professional Development sessions are needed to provide effective leadership training and more comprehensive educational administration	Leithwood, Kenneth et al, "How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

ncrease the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- joing Communication/Training Disaggregation/training
Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed

		decision making.			
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction – Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Evaluation of operational flexibility	 Historically data- driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional evaluation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement strategies. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. 	Leithwood, Kenneth et al, "How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed decisions.			
		More Professional Development sessions are needed to provide effective leadership training and more comprehensive educational administration			

		decision making.			
Increase the Use of Quality data to Drive Instruction - Data- Driven Decisions/On- going Communication/Data Disaggregation/training	Performance measures for evaluation of instructional practices	Historically data- driven decision making, communication, research based instructional strategies, instructional evaluation and seem less disaggregation have not provided quality outcomes to school improvement strategies. Quantifiable and qualitative data sources and analysis need to become vertically and horizontally tied to leadership and learning using research based strategies. Data-driven decisions require real-time data feedback in order to make immediate decisions regarding instructional methods and student identification for additional support services. Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with	Leithwood, Kenneth et al, "How Leadership Influences Student Learning." Wallance foundation, 2004. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		Evaluation and training on budgets, program evaluation and monitoring, compliance with grant guidelines and data quality is needed to make sound informed			
		decisions. More Professional Development sessions are needed to provide effective leadership training and more comprehensive educational administration			

		decision making.			
Increase Leadership effectiveness – Operational Flexibility/Resource data Utilization	J.G. Cigarroa Middle School will initiate the Scholastic Honors Advantage Academy project which will be an initiative to provide 8 th graders with an advantage to be better prepared for a post-high education. It will consist of project of three phases: a research paper, a product, and a presentation. The students will be guided throughout the process by faculty mentors/advisers. This project may be compared to a mini-thesis that will be developed after the regular school day. The students will defend the findings of their research to a group of experts from the community in their particular area of study.	Historical data reflects that schools focused on meeting state minimum standards do not tend to challenge students that demonstrate an ability to pursue learning at a challenging college preparatory Level	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	October 1, 2010	June 30,, 2013
Add additional pages as	needed.				

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School Years 2010-2013

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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #4B—Program Description

Part 3: Intervention Model Section D: Improvement Activities and Timeline (cont.) Critical Success Factor 4: Improve Learning Time

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CSF Milestone	Additional Improvement Activity	Rationale	Supporting Research	Timeline Begin Date	Timeline End Date
Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Provide Small Group Prescriptive Instruction including Academic Counseling	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Provide Seminars and Educational Trips to Engage Students in Hands-on/Minds-on Activities	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	North Central Regional Educational Laboratory (NCREL). (2003). <i>Critical</i> <i>issue:Providing hands-On,</i> <i>minds-on, and authentic</i> <i>learning experiences in</i> <i>science</i> . Retrieved March 10, 2006, from <u>http://www.ncrel.org/</u>	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increased Learning Time – Flexible Scheduling	Implement Extended Day, Saturday and Summer Enrichments Activities	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance - Data Driven Instruction	Provide Additional Academic Support Services – Credit Recovery/Advanced Placement	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

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		Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Improve Academic Performance – Data Driven Instruction	Provide Students with Advanced Technologies through instructional technology integration	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	What works in Distance Learning: Instructional Strategies, Strategies Based on Providing Learner Control of Instructional navigation, National Center for Research and Evaluation, Standards, and Student Testing, University of California, O'Neil, H. F. (2003). What Works in Distance Learning (Report to the Office of Naval Research). University of Southern California, Rossier School of Education; and National Standards for Quality Online Teaching. North American Council for Online Learning; Ascough, R.S. (2002). Designing for online distance education: Putting pedagogy before technology. Teaching Theology and Religion, 5(1), 17-29. Texas A&M International University; Roberts, J. Scott (2001) "Potential Users' and Users' Behavioral Intentions Toward the Adoption of Information Technology, Thesis Publication.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increased Learning Time – Flexible Scheduling	Provide increased learning time through scheduling and instructional strategies	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002).	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

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Improve Academic Performance - Data Driven Instruction	Implementation and evaluation of a school wide "response to intervention" model	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007. Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve	Increase academic	Historical data reflects	in our worst performing schools."2007. Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	Sept 1,	June 30,
Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	rigor through advanced coursework	consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages.	(2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.	2010	2013
		Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in	Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced		

		achievement, attendance, and social behavior.	course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Increased Learning Time – Instructionall y-focused Calendar	Provide common planning time for teacher to enhance instruction	Historical data reflects consistently low scores on State and local assessments as compared to State averages. Additionally, there has been a lack of additional educational services for students identified with difficulties in achievement, attendance, and social behavior. Increased planning time allows teachers the opportunity to enhance instruction and identify students in need of additional support services.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve learning time – College Readiness Instruction	Students will develop a three-phase project for the Scholastic Honors Advantage Academy after the regular school day.	Historical data reflects that schools focused on meeting state minimum standards do not tend to challenge students that demonstrate an ability to pursue learning at a	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.	October 1, 2010	June 30,, 2013

J.G. Cigarroa Middle School will initiate the Scholastic Honors Advantage Academy project which will be an initiative to provide 8 th graders with an advantage to be better prepared for a post- high education. It will consist of project of three phases: a research paper, a product, and a presentation. The students will be guided throughout the process by faculty mentors/advisers. This project may be compared to a mini- thesis that will defend the findings of their research to a group of experts from the community in their particular area of study. challenging college preparatory Level Add additional pages as needed. challenging college preparatory Level	Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.
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TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

240901

County-District No.

by telephone/e-mail/FAX on by_

School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

<u>98</u>

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #48—Program Description

Part 3: Intervention Model <u>vielo</u> in the second Section D: Improvement Activities and Timeline (cont.) Critical Success Factor 5: Increase Parent/Community Involvement

of TEA.

CSF Milestone	Additional Improvement Activity	Rationale	Supporting Research	Timeline Begin Date	Timeline End Date
Increase Parent/Community Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/Acce ssible Community Services	Number of parent, student, and community meetings and outreach activities	Parental/Community involvement activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more effectively is required. In addition, the number of parent/community involvement activities are in need of enhancement to become more customer service oriented through active engagement of parents/community members in activities that educate as well as provide opportunity for effective input and communication.	Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. The more intensively parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008) What Research Says About Family-School- Community Partnerships goes on further to say that although children's school-community link is the least supported and publicized component of the school-family- community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those connections influences children's school learning, (Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed September 21, 2008 - published October 2005).	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase	Distribution of	Parental involvement	Parental Involvement in	Sept 1,	June 30,

Parent/Community Involvement –	surveys to parents in regards to	activities have not had the desired	Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and	2010	2013
Increased	program	effect on parental	Karen Reed Wikelund,		
opportunities for	effectiveness	participation. A	research overwhelmingly		
Input/Effective		more structured	demonstrates that parent		
Communication		approach to engage	involvement in children's		
		parents more	learning is positively		
		effectively is required.	related to achievement.		
			The more intensively		
		In addition, the	parents are involved in		
		numbers of parent/community	their children's learning, the more beneficial are		
		involvement	the achievement effects.		
		activities are in need	This hold true for all types		
		of enhancement to	of parent involvement in		
		become more	children's learning and for		
		customer service	all ages of students.		
		oriented through	(http://www.nwrel.org -		
		active engagement	retrieved on September		
		of	21, 2008)		
		parents/community			
		members in	What Research Says		
		activities that	About Family-School-		
		educate as well as	Community Partnerships		
		provide opportunity	goes on further to say		
		for effective input	that although children's		
		and communication.	school-community link is		
			the least supported and publicized component of		
			the school-family-		
			community partnership		
			model, research indicates		
			that the quality of those		
			connections influences		
			children's school learning,		
			(Article prepared for the		
			Colorado Department of		
			Education by NCSE -		
			National Center for School		
			Engagement - accessed]
			September 21, 2008 -		
Increase	Coordinate with	Dava atal/Cara aturitu	published October 2005). Parental Involvement in	Cont 1	1000 20
Parent/Community	community	Parental/Community involvement	Education, according to	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Involvement –	programs/social	activities have not	Kathleen Cotton and	2010	2015
Increased	service providers,	had the desired	Karen Reed Wikelund,		
opportunities for	and family oriented	effect on parental	research overwhelmingly		
Input/Effective	support services	participation. A	demonstrates that parent	1	
Communication/Acce	••	more structured	involvement in children's		
ssible Community		approach to engage	learning is positively		
Services		parents more	related to achievement.		1
		effectively is			
		required.	The more intensively		
		The matality of the	parents are involved in		
		In addition, the	their children's learning,		
		number of	the more beneficial are		
		parent/community involvement	the achievement effects. This hold true for all types		
			LINS DOLUTINE FOR ALL TYDES	1	1
		activities are in need of enhancement to	of parent involvement in children's learning and for		

		customer service oriented through active engagement of parents/community members in activities that educate as well as provide opportunity for effective input and communication.	(http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008) What Research Says About Family-School- Community Partnerships goes on further to say that although children's school-community link is the least supported and publicized component of the school-family- community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those connections influences children's school learning, (Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed September 21, 2008 - published October 2005).		
Increase Parent/Community Involvement - Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/Acce ssible Community Services	Yearly parental involvement conference and parental involvement activities	Parental involvement activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more effectively is required. In addition, the number of parent/community involvement activities are in need of enhancement to become more customer service oriented through active engagement of parents/community members in activities that educate as well as provide opportunity for effective input and communication.	Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. The more intensively parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008) What Research Says About Family-School- Community Partnerships goes on further to say that although children's school-community link is the least supported and publicized component of the school-family- community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those connections influences children's school learning,	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

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			(Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed September 21, 2008 - published October 2005).		
Increase Parent/Community Involvement - Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/Acce ssible Community Services	Increase in parental involvement/parent al support systems and participation	Parental involvement activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more effectively is required. In addition, the number of parent/community involvement activities are in need of enhancement to become more customer service oriented through active engagement of parents/community members in activities that educate as well as provide opportunity for effective input and communication.	Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. The more intensively parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008) What Research Says About Family-School- Community Partnerships goes on further to say that although children's school-community link is the least supported and publicized component of the school-family- community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those connections influences children's school learning, (Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed September 21, 2008 - published October 2005).	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase Parent/Community Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/Acce ssible Community Services	Recruitment of Parental and Community Volunteers	Parental involvement activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more effectively is required.	Parental Involvement in Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. The more intensively	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

		In addition, the number of parent/community involvement activities are in need of enhancement to become more customer service oriented through active engagement of parents/community members in activities that educate as well as provide opportunity for effective input and communication.	parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008) What Research Says About Family-School- Community Partnerships goes on further to say that although children's school-community link is the least supported and publicized component of the school-family- community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those		
Increase	Continued and	Parental involvement	that the quality of those connections influences children's school learning, (Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed September 21, 2008 - published October 2005). Parental Involvement in	Sept 1,	June 30,
Parent/Community Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/Acce ssible Community Services	sustained parental notification in regards to school improvement strategies	activities have not had the desired effect on parental participation. A more structured approach to engage parents more effectively is required.	Education, according to Kathleen Cotton and Karen Reed Wikelund, research overwhelmingly demonstrates that parent involvement in children's learning is positively related to achievement. The more intensively	2010	2013
		In addition, the number of parent/community involvement activities are in need of enhancement to become more customer service oriented through active engagement of parents/community	parents are involved in their children's learning, the more beneficial are the achievement effects. This hold true for all types of parent involvement in children's learning and for all ages of students. (http://www.nwrel.org - retrieved on September 21, 2008)		
		members in activities that educate as well as provide opportunity for effective input and communication.	What Research Says About Family-School- Community Partnerships goes on further to say that although children's school-community link is		

			the least supported and publicized component of the school-family- community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those connections influences children's school learning, (Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed September 21, 2008 - published October 2005).		
Increase Parent/Community Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/Acce ssible Community Services	Increase in parental involvement/parent al support systems and participation	Dr. J.G. Cigarroa Middle School will provide computer literacy classes for parents.	What Research Says About Family-School- Community Partnerships goes on further to say that although children's school-community link is the least supported and publicized component of the school-family- community partnership model, research indicates that the quality of those connections influences children's school learning, (Article prepared for the Colorado Department of Education by NCSE - National Center for School Engagement - accessed September 21, 2008 - published October 2005).	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase Parent/Community Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/Acce ssible Community Services Improve Academic Performance – College Readiness Instruction	A group of experts will be invited to a form a committee which will evaluate students' projects. J.G. Cigarroa Middle School will initiate the Scholastic Honors Advantage Academy project which will be an initiative to provide 8 th graders with an advantage to be better prepared for a post-high education. It will consist of project of three phases: a research paper, a product, and a presentation. The students will be guided throughout the process by	Historical data reflects that schools focused on meeting state minimum standards do not tend to challenge students that demonstrate an ability to pursue learning at a challenging college preparatory Level	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al.	October 1, 2010	June 30,, 2013

thesis that will be student of the s	amatically improve udent achievement lies our worst performing hools."2007.
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For	TEA	Use	Only	

Adjustments and/or annotations made on this page have been confirmed with

TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

240901

County-District No.

School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant
Schedule #4B—Program Description

Part 3: Intervention Model Section D: Improvement Activities and Timeline (cont.) Critical Success Factor 6: Improve School Climate

CSF_Milestone	Additional Improvement Activity	Rationale	Supporting Research	Timeline Begin Date	Timeline End Date
Increase Leadership Effectiveness - Operational Flexibility	Identification and rewards systems for principals	In order to increase Leadership Effectiveness it is necessary to provide our school leadership with incentives for achieving identified modified transformation model performance measures.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	May 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase Teacher Quality – Recruitment/Ret ention Strategies	Job embedded professional development activities	In order to increase the quality of teachers and as part of the modified transformation model recruitment retention strategies it is necessary to provide opportunities for teachers to receive effective job embedded professional development activities. In addition, teachers will have the opportunity to take ownership of instructional content,	Professional-development programs were characterized by collaborative structures, diverse and extensive professional-learning opportunities, and an emphasis on accountability and student results." (West Ed, 2000) (1) pedagogy instruction, (2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3) how to establish an environment for student and teacher success, (4) provide technical support for teachers, (5) how to engage teachers, parents and staff in the decision	June 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

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		instructional delivery methods and effective leadership tools.	making process and resource allocation (Edelstein & Edwards 2002)		
			Models for instructional design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002).		
			Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.		
			Comprehensive instructional approaches, technical support, and technologically enhanced course curriculum that is scientifically based research. Clark, R. (2002).		
			Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.		
			Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Increase Teacher Quality – Recruitment/Ret ention Strategies/Locall y Developed Appraisal Instruments	Identification and implementation of comprehensive instructional strategies	In order to increase the quality of teachers and as part of the modified transformation model recruitment retention strategies it is	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		necessary to provide opportunities for teachers to receive effective job embedded professional development	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and		

	l	activities.	Curriculum Development.		
		In addition, teachers will have the opportunity to take ownership of instructional content, instructional delivery methods and effective leadership tools. Inquiry-based and research based instructional activities provide teachers with instructional autonomy and technological tools to enhance instructional delivery and methods of instruction that engage students in	Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Increase Parent/Communi ty Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/ Accessible Community Services	Creation of Community-oriented schools for on-going activities for family and community engagement	the process. By increasing parent/community involvement in the modified transformation model allows for the creation of community-oriented schools and allow for on-going activities for family and community engagement. In addition, community oriented schools provide the avenue for the parents and community members to hold the campus and district accountable for student academic achievement ensuring the modified transformation model success.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase Teacher Quality – On- going Job Embedded Professional Development	Establishment of operational flexibility	In order to increase the quality of teachers and as part of the modified transformation model recruitment retention strategies it is necessary to provide opportunities for teachers to receive	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

		offective ish	for constructivist		
		effective job embedded	for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria,		
		professional	VA. Association for		
		development	Supervision and		
		activities.	Curriculum Development.		
		In addition, teachers	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
		will have the	"The turnaround		
		opportunity to take	Challenge: Why America's		
		ownership of	best opportunity to		
		instructional content,	dramatically improve		
		instructional delivery methods and	student achievement lies In our worst performing		
		effective leadership	schools."2007.		
		tools that provide			
		operational flexibility.			
		,-			
		Inquiry-based and			
		research based			
		instructional activities			
		provide teachers with			
		instructional			
		autonomy and technological tools to			
		enhance instructional			
		delivery and methods			
		of instruction that			
		engage students in			
		the process.			
Increase	On-going intensive	Increasing the	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	August	June 30,
Leadership	technical assistance	leadership	(2000). How people learn:	1, 2010	2013
Effectiveness -	and related support	effectiveness through	Brain, mind, experience		
Resource/Data	from service providers	resources and data utilization provides	and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC:		
Ochization		the opportunity to	National Academy Press.		
		enhance the technical			
		assistance and	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
		related support from	G. (1999). In search of		
		a variety of service	understanding: The case		
		providers.	for constructivist		
			classrooms. Alexandria,		
		This on-going intensive technical	VA. Association for Supervision and		
		assistance aspect of	Curriculum Development.		
		the modified			
		transformation model	Calkins, Andrew et al.		
		allows the campus	"The turnaround		
		flexibility in providing	Challenge: Why America's		
		specific, intentional,	best opportunity to		
		explicit and targeted	dramatically improve		
		intervention strategies.	student achievement lies in our worst performing		
		30 0009163.	schools."2007.		
Improve	Implementation of a	This on-going	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.).	August	June 30,
Academic	school wide "Response	"Response to	(2000). How people learn:	1, 2010	2013
Performance –	to Intervention" model	Intervention" aspect	Brain, mind, experience		
Data Driven		of the modified	and school (Expanded		
Instruction		transformation model	Edition) Washington, DC:		
		allows the campus	National Academy Press.		
		flexibility in providing	Brooks 1 C 9 Brooks M		
		specific, intentional, explicit and targeted	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of		
	1			1	

		intervention	understanding: The case		
		strategies.	for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for		
		In addition, through data driven	Supervision and		
		instruction and intervention allows	Curriculum Development.		
		the campus to improve academic	Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround		
		performance.	Challenge: Why America's		
			best opportunity to dramatically improve		
			student achievement lies in our worst performing		
	-		schools."2007.		
Increase Teacher Quality – On- going Job	Prescriptive and intentional professional development in	In order to effectively implement the modified	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Embedded Professional Development	specific academic areas (e.g. ELL, 504, Special Ed.)	transformational model a prescriptive and intentional	and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.		
Increase Leadership Effectiveness –		professional development component is necessary to address	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case		
Resource/Data Utilization		identified student needs in specific	for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria,		
		academic areas that enhance student support services.	VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.		
			Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing		
			schools."2007.		
Improve School Climate – Decreased Discipline Referrals	Implementation of behavioral supports and taking proactive steps to eliminate bullying and student harassment	In order to effectively implement the modified transformational model a prescriptive and intentional professional	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		development component is necessary to address identified student	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist		
		needs in specific academic areas that enhance student support services.	<i>classrooms.</i> Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.		
		In addition, the implementation of	Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround		
		behavioral support to decrease bullying and	Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to		
		student harassment is necessary to	dramatically improve student achievement lies		
		ensure student	in our worst performing		

	academic and social success.	schools."2007.	
Add additional pages as needed.			

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by	of TEA.	•		2013		Amendment No.				
	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant									
Schedule #4B—Program Description										
Part 3: Intervention Model										
Section D: Improvement Activities and Timeline (cont.)										
Critical Success F										
		n an			servite go trades i	Timeline	Timeline			
CSF Milestone	Addition	AND A LAST THE COMPANY STREET STREET	Rationale	Supporting I	Recearch	Begin	End			
	Improvement	Activity		oupporting (Date	Date			
			C BARRIER CONTRACTOR		<u></u>					
Increase Teacher	Increase teache		In order to	Brooks, J. G. &		August	June 30,			
Quality - On-	content knowled		increase the	G. (1999). In s		1,2010	2013			
going Job	Instructional De	livery for	quality of teachers	understanding:						
Embedded	instructional		and as part of the	for constructivis	-					
Professional	effectiveness in		modified	classrooms. Al						
Development	improve perform		transformation	VA. Associatio						
Turner	struggling stude		model recruitment	Supervision and						
Increase	those at risk for	ranure.	retention	Curriculum Dev	elopment.					
Leadership Effectiveness –			strategies it is	Calkins, Andrev	v ot al					
Resource/Data			necessary to provide	"The turnaroun						
Utilization/Operati			opportunities for	Challenge: Why						
onal Flexibility			teachers to receive	best opportunit						
			effective job	dramatically im						
			embedded	student achieve						
			professional	in our worst pe						
			development	schools."2007.	2					
			activities.							
				Professional-de	velopment					
			In addition,	programs were						
			teachers will have	characterized b						
			the opportunity to	collaborative st	•					
			take ownership of	diverse and ext						
			instructional	professional-lea	~					
			content,	opportunities, a	ind an					
			instructional delivery methods	emphasis on accountability a	nd student					
			and effective	results." (West						
			leadership tools.	icouros (meor	Lu, 2000)					
				(1) pedagogy ir	struction.					
			Inquiry-based and	(2) issues in stu						
			research based	teacher instruct						
			instructional	how to establis						
			activities provide	environment for						
			teachers with	and teacher suc						
			instructional	provide technic						
			autonomy and	for teachers, (5						
			technological tools	engage teacher						
			to enhance	and staff in the						
			Instructional	making process						
			delivery and	resource allocat						
			methods of	(Edelstein & Edu	warus					
			instruction that	2002)						
			engage students in the process.	Models for instr	uctional					
			the process.	models for instr	uctional					

Increase Parent/Communit y Involvement – Increased opportunities for Input/Effective Communication/A ccessible Community Services Increase Leadership Effectiveness – Resource/Data Utilization/Operati onal Flexibility	Collaborative planning meeting with all stakeholders	In order to increase parent/community involvement through engagement of parents and community in collaborative planning activities ensures that campus and district accountability provides increased opportunities for input, communication, and accessible community services. In addition, collaborative planning increases leadership effectiveness and operational flexibility.	design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance – Curriculum Alignment	Identification and implementation of comprehensive instructional strategies	In order to improve student academic performance identification and implementation of comprehensive instructional strategies align curriculum.	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Increase Leadership Effectiveness – Resource/Data Utilization/Operati onal Flexibility	Prescriptive and intentional professional development in specific academic areas (e.g. ELL, 504, Special Ed.)	In order to effectively implement the modified transformational model a	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

Increase Teacher	Job embedded	engage students in the process. In order to	Professional-development	August	June 30,
		instructional content, instructional delivery methods and effective leadership tools. Inquiry-based and research based instructional activities provide teachers with instructional autonomy and technological tools to enhance instructional delivery and methods of instruction that	Models for instructional design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002).		
		provide opportunities for teachers to receive effective job embedded professional development activities. In addition, teachers will have the opportunity to take ownership of instructional	 pedagogy instruction, issues in student and teacher instruction, (3) how to establish an environment for student and teacher success, (4) provide technical support for teachers, (5) how to engage teachers, parents and staff in the decision making process and resource allocation (Edelstein & Edwards 2002) 		
Utilization/Operati onal Flexibility		In order to increase the quality of teachers and as part of the modified transformation model recruitment retention strategies it is necessary to	Professional-development programs were characterized by collaborative structures, diverse and extensive professional-learning opportunities, and an emphasis on accountability and student results." (West Ed, 2000)		
Increase Teacher Quality - On- going Job Embedded Professional Development Increase Leadership Effectiveness - Resource/Data		prescriptive and intentional professional development component is necessary to address identified student needs in specific academic areas that enhance student support services.	Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		

Professional Developmentmodified transformation model recruitmentdiverse and extensive professional-learning opportunities, and an emphasis on accountability and student results." (West Ed, 2000)Increased Learning Schedulingprovide opportunities for teachers to receive effective job(1) pedagogy instruction, (2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3) how to establish an envide envide envide instructional development and teacher success, (4) activities.Inacted Italization/Operation onal FlexibilityIn addition, teachers will have take ownership of instructional content, take ownership tools.Models for instructional delivery methods and effective learcher allocation instructional delivery methods and effective learchering	
Increased Learning Time - Flexible Schedulingmodel recruitment retentionopportunities, and an emphasis on accountability and student results." (West Ed, 2000) provide opportunities for teachers to receive effective job teachers to receive effective job onal Flexibilityopportunities, and an embedded provide effective job teachers to receive effective job teachers to receive effective job teacher struction, (3)Increase Leadership Effectiveness - Resource/Data Utilization/Operati onal Flexibilityembedded professional development activities.(1) pedagogy instruction, (2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3) how to establish an environment for student and teacher success, (4) provide technical support for teachers, (5) how to take ownership of instructional delivery methods and effective leadership tools.In addition, ensure allocation (Edelstein & Edwards 2002)Models for instructional delivery methods and effective leadership tools.Models for instructional design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning	
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Effectiveness – quality of teachers understanding: The case	2
Resource/Data and as part of the for constructivist	
Utilization modified <i>classrooms.</i> Alexandria,	
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embedded student achievement lies	
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activities.	
Professional-development	
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teachers will have characterized by	

Increase Leadership Effectiveness - Resource/Data Utilization/Operati onal Flexibility Increased Learning Time - Staff Collaborative Planning	Provide common planning time for teacher to enhance instruction	the opportunity to take ownership of instructional content, instructional delivery methods and effective leadership tools. Inquiry-based and research based instructional activities provide teachers with instructional autonomy and technological tools to enhance instructional delivery and methods of instruction that engage students in the process. To increase instructional leadership effectiveness teachers need to have operational flexibility and resources to effectively plan their instructional content and delivery methods. By providing teachers common planning time as a requirement under the modified transformation model implementation.	collaborative structures, diverse and extensive professional-learning opportunities, and an emphasis on accountability and student results." (West Ed, 2000) (1) pedagogy instruction, (2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3) how to establish an environment for student and teacher success, (4) provide technical support for teachers, (5) how to engage teachers, parents and staff in the decision making process and resource allocation (Edelstein & Edwards 2002) Models for instructional design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002). Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007. Professional-development programs were characterized by collaborative structures,	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
		planning time as a requirement under the modified transformation	schools."2007. Professional-development programs were		

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Increase Teacher Quality - Recruitment/Rete ntion Strategies	Incentives for advanced degrees/certifications	Increasing teacher quality through recruitment and retention strategies and incentives for advanced degrees and/or certifications provides a structure of recognition to teachers that seek to enhance their personal and professional knowledge.	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007. Professional-development programs were characterized by collaborative structures, diverse and extensive professional-learning opportunities, and an emphasis on accountability and student results." (West Ed, 2000) (1) pedagogy instruction, (2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3) how to establish an environment for student and teacher success, (4) provide technical support for teachers, (5) how to engage teachers, parents and staff in the decision	August 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

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			activities (Lynch 2002).		
Increase	Increase available	In order to	What works in Distance	August	June 30,
Leadership	resources and	increase the	Learning: Instructional	1,2010	2013
Effectiveness -	technologies to prepare	quality of teachers	Strategies, Strategies		
Resource/Data	lessons and actively	and as part of the	Based on Providing		
Utilization/Operati	engage students.	modified	Learner Control of		
onal Flexibility		transformation	Instructional navigation,		
		model recruitment	National Center for		
		retention	Research and Evaluation,		
Improve		strategies it is	Standards, and Student		
Academic		necessary to	Testing, University of		
Performance –		provide	California, O'Neil, H. F.		
Data-driven		opportunities for	(2003).		
Instruction/Curric		teachers to receive	What Marks in Distance		
ulum Alignment		effective job embedded	What Works in Distance		
Increase Teacher		professional	Learning (Report to the Office of Naval Research).		
Quality -		development	University of Southern		
Recruitment/Rete		activities.	California, Rossier School		
ntion Strategies			of Education; and National		
		In addition,	Standards for Quality		
		teachers will have	Online Teaching. North		
		the opportunity to	American Council for		
		take ownership of	Online Learning; Ascough,		
		Instructional	R.S. (2002).		
		content,			
		instructional	Designing for online		
		delivery methods	distance education:		
		and effective	Putting pedagogy before		
		leadership tools.	technology. Teaching		
		Inquiry-based and	Theology and Religion, 5(1), 17-29. Texas A&M		
		research based	International University;		
		instructional	Roberts, J. Scott (2001)		
		activities provide	"Potential Users' and		
		teachers with	Users' Behavioral		
		instructional	Intentions Toward the		
		autonomy and	Adoption of Information		
		technological tools	Technology, Thesis		
		to enhance	Publication.		
		instructional			
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		methods of			
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		engage students in			
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Add additional page	es as needed.				

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Leadership		relevant, and	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M.		
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Resource/Data		evaluation and	understanding: The case		
Utilization		feedback to	for constructivist		
		teachers	classrooms. Alexandria,		
		productivity.	VA. Association for		
			Supervision and		
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		ensure leadership	"The turnaround		
		effectiveness in	Challenge: Why America's		
		resource and data	best opportunity to		
		utilization to	dramatically improve		
		enhance the	student achievement lies		
		school climate and	in our worst performing		
		instructional	schools."2007.		
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		transformation	programs were		
		model strategies	characterized by		
		that provide	collaborative structures,		
		financial	diverse and extensive		
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			for teachers, (5) how to		
			engage teachers, parents		
			and staff in the decision		
			making process and		
			resource allocation		

		In order to increase Leadership Effectiveness it is necessary to provide our school leadership with incentives for achieving identified modified transformation model performance measures.	(Edelstein & Edwards 2002) Models for instructional design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002).		
Improve Academic Performance – Data-driven Instruction/On- going Monitoring of Instruction Increase Leadership Effectiveness – Resource/Data Utilization Increase the Use of Quality Data to Drive Instruction – Data Disaggregation/T raining/Data- driven Decisions/On- going Communication	Periodic reviews to ensure program compliance with school improvement strategies	In order to improve academic performance data driven instruction increases instructional success, effective leadership and data quality. Periodic reviews will provide a mechanism whereby program compliance can be evaluated to identify areas that need improvement, allow for more structured decision making and communication.	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007. Professional-development programs were characterized by collaborative structures, diverse and extensive professional-learning opportunities, and an emphasis on accountability and student results." (West Ed, 2000) (1) pedagogy instruction, (2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3) how to establish an environment for student and teacher success, (4) provide technical support for teachers, (5) how to engage teachers, parents and staff in the decision making process and resource allocation (Edelstein & Edwards 2002) Models for instructional design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

			styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002).		
Improve Academic Performance – Data-driven Instruction Increase Parent/Communi ty Involvement – Accessible Community Services Increase Learning Time – Staff Collaborative Planning Improve Academic Performance – On-Going Monitoring of Instruction	Implementation of strategies that improve instruction for students with disabilities	In order to improve student academic performance implementation of modified transformation model strategies will improve instruction for students with disabilities. The instructional strategies will focus on student support systems, parental/communit y involvement, collaborative planning, and continuous monitoring of academic performance.	Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007. Professional-development programs were characterized by collaborative structures, diverse and extensive professional-learning opportunities, and an emphasis on accountability and student results." (West Ed, 2000) (1) pedagogy instruction, (2) issues in student and teacher instruction, (3) how to establish an environment for student and teacher success, (4) provide technical support for teachers, (5) how to engage teachers, parents and staff in the decision making process and resource allocation (Edelstein & Edwards 2002) Models for instructional design that are content based that allow for differentiated learning styles, examine a variety of instructional strategies by engaging in portfolio building and reflection activities (Lynch 2002).	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013

Improve Academic Performance – Data-driven Instruction Increase Parent/Communi ty Involvement – Accessible Community Services Increase Learning Time – Staff Collaborative Planning	Evaluation of the campus comprehensive needs assessment	Continuous evaluation of the campuses comprehensive needs assessment will improve academic performance, increase parental/communit y involvement, increase learning time, and improve academic performance.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Improve Academic Performance – On-Going Monitoring of			Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.		
Instruction Improve Academic Performance – On-Going Monitoring of Instruction	Implementation of differentiated instructional strategies	Incorporating prescriptive small group instruction with differentiated instructional strategies will enhance the overall academic performance. Monitoring of instruction will be the data driven decision instructional strategy that will result in positive academic performance results.	Bransford, J. D. (Ed.). (2000). How people learn: Brain, mind, experience and school (Expanded Edition) Washington, DC: National Academy Press. Brooks, J. G. & Brooks, M. G. (1999). In search of understanding: The case for constructivist classrooms. Alexandria, VA. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. Calkins, Andrew et al. "The turnaround Challenge: Why America's best opportunity to dramatically improve student achievement lies in our worst performing schools."2007.	Sept 1, 2010	June 30, 2013
Add additional pag	es as needed.				

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by telephone/e-mail/FAX on	School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.	
<u> </u>	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant		
Part 4: Waiver Requests	Schedule #4B—Program Description		
	n which the LEA/campus intends to implement.		
Extending the period of availability of school improvement funds. This waiver extends the "life" of the funds for two additional years; allowing the state to fund the grant period for three years to the LEA on behalf of the eligible campus, as long as the campus meets the requirements of implementation of the grant program.			
	ested and received a waiver of the period of avai funds, this waiver automatically applies to all LE		
implementing a turnaround Under this waiver, the LEA w restart model may have the school improvement interve be applicable. This waiver a	l improvement timeline for Tier I and Tier II Title or restart model. with an eligible Tier I or Tier II campus implement ir School Improvement status reset regardless of ntions, such as School Choice and Supplemental allows the campus two years to effectively implement nout additional statutory school improvement inte	ting the turnaround model or f the actual AYP status and other Education Services (SES) would not nent the selected turnaround or	
40 percent poverty eligibility This waiver allows a Tier I T	e program in a Tier I or Tier II Title I participating y threshold. Ttle I campus that otherwise does not qualify to o the Tier I reform model selected.		

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Echady	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	luation			
Part 1: Component Description. B reporting and evaluation require	Schedule #4C—Performance Assessment and Evaluation Part 1: Component Description. By submitting this application, the applicant agrees to comply with any reporting and evaluation requirements that TEA may establish and to submit the reports in the format TEA requests. (Response limited to one page each, font size no smaller than 9 pt, Arial or Verdana)				
	ontinuous Improvement - Describe the LEA/	campus' process for providing on-			
going monitoring of grant activities t	o ensure continuous improvement vill be on an on-going basis to solicit feedback on	students' progress fidelity to the			
	attendance and to provide support as needed. Me				
administrator/facilitator, teacher-aides					
Appoint a site coordinator to:					
 monitor progress in meeting a 	ction-plan objectives:				
	s, the superintendent and school board of progres	ss toward action-plan objectives;			
	to help the school carry out the programs key pr	•			
	evel staff development coordinators to create a s				
 coordinate and facilitate camp 	hrough use of local, state and national meetings a ous leadership activities:	and resources,			
	of committees and teams; document attendance	and minutes of meetings;			
 coordinate the data collection 		0			
	nd key practices with other school improvement e	efforts and system wide strategic			
plans; and produce an annua	report and other information as requested.				
The site coordinator/grant manager w	ill be responsible for the following:				
 Progress monitoring in meetir Provide continuous communic 	ig action-plan objectives; cation with the school improvement leadership tea	om the superintendent and the			
	ast once a year on progress toward action-plan of				
	I to help the campus carry out the programs key				
4. Work closely with the district a	and school level staff development coordinators in	n order to create a site focused staff			
	es quality training through a variety of resources a	and information gathered from local,			
state and national meetings;	pus leadership activities, meetings with committe	es and teams, document attendance			
and minutes of meetings;	pus leadership activities, meetings with committee	es and learns, document altendance			
	process while integrating the program goals and	I key practices with other school			
improvement efforts and syste					
	other information as requested; and	erests served by the process			
-	dents, counselors, administrators, teachers, and p	· · · ·			
	oordinate the hosting of the technical assistance				
transformation model plans.	ow-up activities, and hold the campus accountable	e for implementing campus			
•					
	ict and J.W. Nixon High School will administer, co	ollect, assess, analyze and report the			
data results. This data will be used to continually in	nprove the program goals and objectives. The da	ata will also allow for identification and			
corrective action necessary for continu					
•	, , .	mulamented on planned to include			
	the extent to which the program activities were in nes. The evaluation instruments will consist of the the evaluation instruments will consist of the evaluation.				
	s, number of hours of professional development a				
	ic achievement, and the campus based STAR Ch				

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		uation		
Part 1: Component Description reporting and evaluation requests. (Response limited to Section B: Formative Evaluation results of the evaluation will be <u>Formative evaluation</u> we evaluation will focus on whether Benchmarks will be use will include, but not limited to the Are key staff me Are teachers part Are collaborative Is a process in p Are lessons lear	embers in place for the project to be successful? rticipating in the proposed project, course work, semina e learning and dissemination strategies being implement place for feedback from participants? rned being incorporated in professional development ac	t agrees to comply with any t the reports in the format TEA or Verdana) e evaluation, including how the aluation data. Each year, formative as planned. ent. Formative evaluation questions ars/trainings, and instructional trips? nted as described?		
	place for dissemination of project materials?			
Are evaluation findings vertically and horizontally implemented as compared to other performance measures, program timeline, budget and modified transformational model goals and objectives?				
The surveys, classroom observations, and interviews will investigate the following four major outcome-based questions:				
1) Did the training activities improve the content knowledge of participating teachers?				
2) Has the quality of teachers' lesson plans improved?				
3) Have teaching techniques improved as measured through classroom observations?				
	at and performance improve?			
	teachers consider the project to be beneficial to them a			
transformation model as well as	ill give the school leadership team information about th which professional development components are effec ate assessment results of participating students.			
On-going weekły progress moni evaluation process.	toring and periodic student assessment (benchmarks) will be used as part of a formative		

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TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)

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County-District No.

School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #4C-Performance Assessment and Evaluation Part 1: Component Description. By submitting this application, the applicant agrees to comply with any reporting and evaluation requirements that TEA may establish and to submit the reports in the format TEA requests. (Response limited to one page each, font size no smaller than 9 pt, Arial or Verdana)

Section C: Qualitative and Quantitative Data Collection Methods- Describe the LEA/campus' process for data collection methods to be implemented and 1) how the data will be disaggregated; 2) used to improve instruction; and 3) obtain continuous improvement results

Initial data used for determining the selection of the modified transformation model was based on be the most current state assessment scores, campus AEIS Rating, and Federal academic accountability measures.

The modified transformation model will utilize developed State assessment aligned and locally formatted assessments to ensure program success. Teacher input will determine the rigor and level of performance of each student as well.

The school leadership team will gather descriptive information on the development and implementation of the modified transformation model by implementing the following evaluation strategies:

- interviews, observations and surveys;
- 2) descriptive information on proposed versus actual implementation of the modified transformation model;
- critical issues and success factors encountered by students, parents, community, school leaders, teachers, and staff modified transformation model instructional activities;
- 4) descriptions of students, and modified transformation model outcomes;

Data collection formats will include but not be limited to:

- a review of narrative accounts of randomly selected teachers, students, parents, community and staff involvement;
- standardized open-ended interviews or surveys of students, parents, administrators, teachers, and staff;
- field observations;
- site visits;
- locally developed evaluation instruments;
- student academic performance;
- parental/involvement activities;
- teacher quality surveys;
- school climate surveys;
- professional development data;
- instructional content and delivery evaluation;
- technology usage;
- student support systems provided;

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Amendment No.

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant
Schedule # 4C—Performance Assessment and Evaluation

Part 2: Process for Development of Performance Goals

Describe the process to be implemented to develop the campus' performance goals. Include the groups participating in the development of the goals.

Responses are limited to two pages, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana). <u>Performance Monitoring System</u> - The performance monitoring system allows an assessment of the extent to which the modified transformation model has been implemented as planned and whether staff, collaborators, service providers and student instructional activities are in line with those intended based on each campuses comprehensive needs assessment and campus improvement plan.

During the initial implementation phase, the school leadership team will meet to refine the plan and define performance standards for each primary objective.

Data supporting this phase comes primarily from the school leadership team. Based on this plan, brief management reports can be generated during the life of the modified transformation model implementation. These reports are distributed to key staff and in quarterly meetings to discuss implications and recommendations based on the findings.

<u>Outcome Evaluation</u> - The final component of the evaluation process is the outcome evaluation, which utilizes existing data sources to obtain student information including student demographics, services received while attending the campus implementing the modified transformation model, student assessment results, content pedagogy and other pedagogy practices will be collected.

During this phase of the evaluation, teacher professional growth through project participation will be measured. Evaluation measures will be utilized to monitor and modify the model to improve the impact on overall school improvement strategies and student academic achievement.

The three main performance measures to assess progress toward meeting the purpose of the modified transformation model are:

- The percentage of students receiving support services in relation to the total enrollment of the campus, reduces, eliminates or prevents minority group isolation.
- The percentage of students from major racial and ethnic groups that meet or exceed the state's adequate yearly progress standards in accordance with the State of Texas plan as required by section 1111 of the ESEA.
- The percentage of students that meet or exceed State assessment standards in each academic area.

Additional evaluation measures will be utilized to monitor and modify the Transformation to Excellence Model to improve the impact on overall school improvement strategies including a strong professional development program, parental/community involvement and student academic achievement that include:

- Percentage of students who successfully complete their respective grade level
- Number of professional development sessions, seminars/trainings attended and total number of hours;
- Percentage of teachers who are recruited, selected, transferred and/or retained in their position at J.W.
 Nixon High School high need schools for at least three years;
- Number of instructional trips taken and the number of hours;
- Number of online professional development interactions;
- Number of administrators, teachers, staff, parents/community and students participating in the modified transformation model implementation;
- Did participating teachers complete at a minimum 75% or more of the professional development hours offered?

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by of TEA. Describe Teals 2000 2013 Amendment No. Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule # 4C—Performance Assessment and Evaluation Part 2: Process for Development of Performance Goals Describe the process to be implemented to develop the campus' performance goals. Include the groups participating in the development of the goals. Responses are limited to two pages, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana). • Was the instructional content and delivery improved? • Did student interest and performance improve as a result of improved quality of instruction and leadership? • Has the quality of teachers' lesson plans improved? • Have teaching techniques/strategies improved as measured through peer-reviews and student performance? • Has the total number of teachers who integrate technology in their instructional content increased by 10% annually? The summative evaluation plan will utilize a rigorous design to investigate the significance and strength of the relationship between the modified transformational models activities and teacher/student outcomes. Surveys, classroom observations and interviews will be used to examine the project outcome. Using statistical analyses and descriptive statistics, the school leadership team will examine the statistical significance of outcome measures, while qualitative data will be used to provide a richer explanation of judgment, accomplishments,	Adjustments and/or annotations made		
Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule # 4C—Performance Assessment and Evaluation Part 2: Process for Development of Performance Goals Describe the process to be implemented to develop the campus' performance goals. Include the groups participating in the development of the goals. Responses are limited to two pages, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana). • Was the instructional content and delivery improved? • Did student interest and performance improve as a result of improved quality of instruction and leadership? • Has the quality of teachers' lesson plans improved? • Has the quality of teachers' lesson plans improved? • Has the total number of teachers who integrate technology in their instructional content increased by 10% annually? The summative evaluation plan will utilize a rigorous design to investigate the significance and strength of the relationship between the modified transformational models activities and teacher/student outcomes. Surveys, classroom observations and interviews will be used to examine the project outcome. Using statistical analyses and descriptive statistics, the school leadership team will examine the statistical significance of outcome measures, while qualitative data will be used to provide a richer explanation of judgment, accomplishments,		School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.
Schedule # 4CPerformance Assessment and Evaluation Part 2: Process for Development of Performance Goals Describe the process to be implemented to develop the campus' performance goals. Include the groups participating in the development of the goals. Responses are limited to two pages, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana). • Was the instructional content and delivery improved? • Did student interest and performance improve as a result of improved quality of instruction and leadership? • Has the quality of teachers' lesson plans improved? • Have teaching techniques/strategies improved as measured through peer-reviews and student performance? • Has the total number of teachers who integrate technology in their instructional content increased by 10% annually? The summative evaluation plan will utilize a rigorous design to investigate the significance and strength of the relationship between the modified transformational models activities and teacher/student outcomes. Surveys, classroom observations and interviews will be used to examine the project outcome. Using statistical analyses and descriptive statistics, the school leadership team will examine the statistical significance of outcome measures, while qualitative data will be used to provide a richer explanation of judgment, accomplishments,		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	
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 In the development of the goals. Responses are limited to two pages, front side only, with a font size no smaller than 9 point (Arial or Verdana). Was the instructional content and delivery improved? Did student interest and performance improve as a result of improved quality of instruction and leadership? Has the quality of teachers' lesson plans improved? Have teaching techniques/strategies improved as measured through peer-reviews and student performance? Has the total number of teachers who integrate technology in their instructional content increased by 10% annually? The <u>summative evaluation</u> plan will utilize a rigorous design to investigate the significance and strength of the relationship between the modified transformational models activities and teacher/student outcomes. Surveys, classroom observations and interviews will be used to examine the project outcome. Using statistical analyses and descriptive statistics, the school leadership team will examine the statistical significance of outcome measures, while qualitative data will be used to provide a richer explanation of judgment, accomplishments,			
	Part 2: Process for Development Describe the process to be implement in the development of the goals. Responses are limited to two page • Was the instruction: • Did student interest leadership? • Has the quality of terminance? • Has the total number annually? The summative evaluation plan will between the modified transformation and interviews will be used to exam Using statistical analyses and descroutcome measures, while qualitative	It of Performance Goals ented to develop the campus' performance goals. es, front side only, with a font size no smaller that al content and delivery improved? and performance improve as a result of improved of eachers' lesson plans improved? niques/strategies improved as measured through p er of teachers who integrate technology in their inst utilize a rigorous design to investigate the significar nal models activities and teacher/student outcomes ine the project outcome.	Include the groups participating n 9 point (Arial or Verdana). quality of instruction and eer-reviews and student ructional content increased by 10% nce and strength of the relationship . Surveys, classroom observations

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and the second		e # 4C-	Performance As		valuation	- Steel	
	3: Annual Performance Goals					the Chabele	
	rove Academic Performance - ssments and other measures ider						
viewel?		interior de la companya		CHC LLF 10 HORAN			
#	Performance Measure		Assessment Instrument/ Tool	Most Recent Year Performance	Year 1 Progress Goal	Progress Goal	Year 3 Progress Goal
1	Improve Student Achieveme Reading/ELA	ent in b F	State Assessment, Denchmarks, Drogress report Cards, ARD's, EP's	78%	81%	84%	87%
2	Improve Student Achieveme Mathematics	ent in t F	State assessment, penchmarks, progress report cards, ARD's, EP's	55%	58%	61%	64%
3	Improve Student Achieveme Science	entin t	State State Seessment, Denchmarks, Drogress report Cards, ARD's, EP's	48%	51%	54%	57%
4	Improve Student Achieveme social Studies	ent in t	State State assessment, benchmarks, brogress report cards, ARD's, EP's	79%	82%	85%	88%
5	Improve Campus Academic Ratings	-	State Assessment	Academically Accepted	Academically Accepted	Academically Accepted	Academicall Accepted
6	Improve Student Attendance Rates		Attendance Reports	94.8%	95%	95.5%	96%
7	Increase Parental Involveme and Participation	ent 	Monthly Activity Report, Jolunteer Hours Report, PTO Sign In, Parent Meeting Sign In	20%	25%	30%	35%
3	Decrease Number of Student Need of Remediation and Developmental Intervention	ts in t ts in t ts in t	State Issessment, Denchmarks, Drogress report Cards, ARD's, CEP's	300	250	200	150
9	Increase the Number of Students Promoted to the ne		State Issessment,	30%	27%	25%	23%

	Grade Level	benchmarks, progress report cards, ARD's, IEP's				
<mark>Incr</mark> data	ease the Use of Quality Data to Dri- to drive instruction, to which the LEA I	ve Instruction – En s holding the campus	ter the annual go accountable.	als for increa	sing the use	of quality
#	Performance Measure	Assessment Instrument/ Tool	Most Recent Year Performance	Year 1 Progress Goal	Year 2 Progress Goal	
1	Campus Federal AYP Ratings	State Assessments	Stage 4	Meet AYP	Meet AYP	Meet AYP
2	Campus State AEIS Ratings	State Assessments	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Recognized
3	Classroom Performance Evaluation	Mid- Assessments	Basic	Proficient	Proficient	Advanced
4	Student Academic Services and Support Evaluation	Special Pops data, UIL, Extracurricular data	Basic	Proficient	Proficient	Advanced
5	Professional Development Trainings/Activities	Sign-ins and ERO (Electronic Registrar Online)	18	25	30	35
6	Grade Level Local Benchmark Results	Mid- Assessment (2008), DDA	Reading: 66% Math: 15% Science: 6% S. Studies: 19%	Reading: 71% Math: 20% Science: 11% S. Studies: 24%	Reading: 76% Math: 25% Science: 16% S. Studies: 29%	Reading: 81% Math: 30% Science: 21% S. Studies: 34%
7	Grade Level State Assessment Results	State Assessment	Reading: 78% Math: 55% Science: 48% S. Studies: 79%	Reading: 81% Math: 58% Science: 51% S. Studies: 82%	Reading: 84% Math: 61% Science: 54% S. Studies: 85%	Reading: 87% Math: 64% Science: 57% S. Studies: 88%
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9						
10						
11						<u> </u>

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		exas Title I Priority # 4C—Performance As					
Part	3: Annual Performance Goals	# AC-PENUIMANCE AS	Sessinent and E		n.		
Incr	ease Leadership Effectiveness- hich the LEA is holding the campus		for increasing the	effectiveness	of campus le	adership,	
#	Performance Measure	Assessment Instrument/ Tool	Most Recent Year Performance	Year, 1 Progress Goal	Year 2 Progress Goal	Year 3 Progress Goal	
1	Number and Frequency of Teachers and Administrators Receiving Training, Profession Development, and Materials th Significantly improve Instruct	hat Online, Staff	90%	93%	96%	99%	
2	Teacher and Administrator Yearly Performance Evaluation	National Assessment of Educational Proficiency	95% Meets Expectations	96% Meets Expectation S	97% Meets Expectation S	98% Meets Expectation S	
3	3						
4	4						
5	5						
	ease Learning Time - Enter the ing the campus accountable.	annual goals for increasi	ng learning time o	n the campus	s, to which th	e LEA Is	
4 *	Performance Measure	Assessment Instrument/ Tool	Most Recent Year Performance	Year 1 Progress Goal	Year 2 Progress Goal	Year 3 Progress Goal	
1	Increased Learning Time through Scheduling and Instructional Strategies	Master Schedule, Start on Time Initiative, DDA	Reading: 78% Math: 55% Science: 48% S. Studies: 79%	Reading: 81% Math: 58% Science: 51% S. Studies: 82%	Reading: 84% Math: 61% Science: 54% S. Studies: 85%	Reading: 87% Math: 64% Science: 57% S. Studies: 88%	
2	Number of Advanced Coursework Credits Received	Dual Enrollment Courses/AP Courses	420	450	480	500	

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10001203		<u>is Title I Priority</u>				<u>, and a</u> the
Dant	Schedule # 40 3: Annual Performance Goals	<u>—Performance As</u>	sessment and Ev	valuation		
Incr	ease Parent/Stakeholder Involvem vement, to which the LEA is holding th			asing parent	and commu	nity
*	Performance Measure	Assessment Instrument/ Tool	Most Recent Year Performance	Year 1 Progress Goal	Year 2 Progress Goal	Year 3 Progress Goal
1	Number of Parent, Student, and Community meetings and Outreach Activities	Sign-ins, Newsletters	15%	30%	45%	50%
2	Increase in the Number of Parental Involvement Conferences, Programs, and Meetings	Sign-ins, Newsletters	4	8	10	12
3	Increase in the Number of Parental and Community Volunteers	Sign-ins, volunteer hours	25	35	45	55
4	Increase in the Number of Parents Actively Engaged	Sign-ins, volunteer hours	150	200	250	300
	rove School Climate – Enter the ann	ual goals for improvi	ng the school clim	ate, to which	the LEA is h	olding the
can #	pus accountable. Performance Measure	Assessment Instrument/ Tool	Most Recent Year Performance	Year 1 Progress Goal	Year 2 Progress Goal	Year 3 Progress Goal
1	Number of Job Embedded Professional Development Activities	Sign-ins, Electronic Registrar Online	18	25	30	35
2	Number of Teachers Served by Prescriptive and Intentional Professional Development in Specific Academic Areas (e.g. ELL, 504, Special Ed.)	Sign-ins, Electronic Registrar Online	95%	97%	98%	100%
3	Number of Technical Assistance Workshops Attended or Received at the Campus	Sign-ins	6	12	14	18
4						
5						

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		C-Performance Ass			n	
Par	t 3: Annual Performance Goals					
	rease Teacher Quality – Enter the ar hich the LEA is holding the campus acc		ing teacher qu	lality by me	asures identified	by the LEA,
		Assessment	Most Recen	t Year		Year 3
#	Performance Measure	Tool	Year Performanc	Progr Goa		Progress Goal
1.7 A. 4				Readi	ng: Reading:	Reading:
1	Grade Level State Assessment Results	State Assessment	Reading: 78% Math: 55% Science: 48% S. Studies	819 Math 589 Scient 519 S.	84% n: Math: % 61% ce: Science: % 54% S.	87% Math: 64% Science: 57% S.
			79%	' Studie 82%	1	Studies: 88%
2						
3						
Oth	」 er – Enter any other annual goals for i	mprovement to which	the LEA is ho	Idino the ca	mpus accountable	
		Ang and	Most			
	A STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE	Assessment	Recent	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
	Performance Measure	Instrument/ Tool	Year Performa	Progres s Goal	Progress Goal	Progress Goal
			nce	1. A.		
1	Number of targeted Intervention Services Provided to Students Identified as Unlikely to meet Academic Standards in Future Assessments	State Assessments	Reading: 78% Math: 55% Science: 48% S. Studies;	Reading : 81% Math: 58% Science: 51% S. Studies:	Reading: 84% Math: 61% Science: 54% S. Studies:	Reading: 87% Math: 64% Science: 57% S. Studies:
			79%	82%	85%	88%
2	Number of Periodic Reviews to ensure program Compliance with School Improvement Strategies	Curriculum Based Assessments, Mid- Assessments	Reading: 66% Math: 15% Science: 6% S.	Reading : 71% Math: 20% Science: 11% S.	Reading: 76% Math: 25% Science: 16% S. Studies:	Reading: 81% Math: 30% Science: 21% S.
			Studies: 19%	Studies: 24%	29%	Studies: 34%

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·		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant			_
		Equitable Access and Participation: Barrie	ers and Strated	jies	
No Barri	iers				
#		No Barriers	Students	Teachers	Others
000	The applicant assures that no participation for any groups.	barriers exist to equitable access and			
Barrier:	Gender-Specific Blas				
#	Strategies	s for Gender-specific Bias	Students	Teachers	Others
A01		rically underrepresented groups to fully			
A02	Provide staff development on	eliminating gender bias			
A03	Ensure strategies and materia bias	Is used with students do not promote gender			
A04	effects of past discrimination of				
A05	Amendments of 1972, which p	quirements in Title IX of the Education prohibits discrimination on the basis of gender			
A06	Ensure students and parents a responsibilities with regard to	are fully informed of their rights and participation in the program			
A99	Other (Specify)				
			2 2 3 4 2 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5		
	Cultural, Linguistic, or Ec	la de marte de la contente de la			
#	Strategies for Cultur	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity	Students	Teachers	Others
# B01	T and the second data was in the second s	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity	Students		
#	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities	Students		
# B01	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc.	Students		
# B01 B02 B03 B04	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc. chers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds	Students		
# B01 B02 B03	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc. chers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities	Students		
# B01 B02 B03 B04	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc. chers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse	Students		
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is so communicates an appreciation	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc. chers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and for diversity	Students		
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is se communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance from Center, Title I, Part A School S	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc. chers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and	Students		
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08 B09	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is se communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance from Center, Title I, Part A School S Provide parenting training	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc. chers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and for diversity in Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider	Students		
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08 B09 B10	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is se communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance from Center, Title I, Part A School S Provide parenting training Provide a parent/family center	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc. chers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and for diversity b Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider	Students □<		
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08 B09	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is se communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance from Center, Title I, Part A School S Provide parenting training Provide a parent/family center Involve parents from a variety	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc. chers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and a for diversity n Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider	Students		
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08 B09 B10 B11 B12	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is se communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance from Center, Title I, Part A School S Provide parenting training Provide a parent/family center Involve parents from a variety Offer "flexible" opportunities f activities and other activities t	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc. chers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and a for diversity n Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider	Students □		
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08 B09 B10 B11	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is se communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance from Center, Title I, Part A School S Provide parenting training Provide a parent/family center Involve parents from a variety Offer "flexible" opportunities f activities and other activities t	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc. chers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and for diversity n Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider	Students □		
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08 B09 B10 B11 B12	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is se communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance from Center, Title I, Part A School S Provide parenting training Provide a parent/family center Involve parents from a variety Offer "flexible" opportunities f activities and other activities t Provide child care for parents Acknowledge and include famil knowledge in school activities	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc. chers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and for diversity be Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider of backgrounds in decision making or parent involvement including home learning hat don't require parents to come to the school participating in school activities ly members' diverse skills, talents, and	Students □		
# B01 B02 B03 B04 B05 B06 B07 B08 B09 B10 B11 B12 B13	Strategies for Cultur Provide program information/ Provide interpreter/translator Increase awareness and appre a variety of activities, publicat Communicate to students, tea appreciation of students' and Develop/maintain community Provide staff development on populations Ensure staff development is se communicates an appreciation Seek technical assistance from Center, Title I, Part A School S Provide parenting training Provide a parent/family center Involve parents from a variety Offer "flexible" opportunities f activities and other activities t Provide child care for parents Acknowledge and include fami knowledge in school activities Provide adult education, include program	al, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity materials in home language at program activities eciation of cultural and linguistic diversity through ions, etc. chers, and other program beneficiaries an families' linguistic and cultural backgrounds involvement/participation in program activities effective teaching strategies for diverse ensitive to cultural and linguistic differences and for diversity n Education Service Center, Technical Assistance Support Team, or other provider	Students □		

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County-District No.

School Years 2010-2013

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Disardana	Schedule # 4D—Equitable Access and Participation: Barrie	ers and Strat	and the second of the second sec	
and the second se	Cultural, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity (cont.)	Chudoata	Taacharc	Others
#	Strategies for Cultural, Linguistic, or Economic Diversity	Students	Teachers	
B17	Conduct an outreach program for traditionally "hard to reach" parents			
B18	Coordinate with community centers/programs			
B19	Seek collaboration/assistance from business, industry, or institution of higher education			
B20	Develop and implement a plan to eliminate existing discrimination and the effects of past discrimination on the basis of race, national origin, and color			
B21	Ensure compliance with the requirements in Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, national origin, and color			
B22	Ensure students, teachers, and other program beneficiaries are informed of their rights and responsibilities with regard to participation in the program			
B23	Provide mediation training on a regular basis to assist in resolving disputes and complaints			
B99	Other (Specify)			
Barrier	: Gang-Related Activities	San Director		
#	Strategies for Gang-related Activities	Students	Teachers	Others
C01	Provide early intervention.	\boxtimes	\square	\boxtimes
C02	Provide Counseling.			
C03	Conduct home visits by staff.	\boxtimes		
C04	Provide flexibility in scheduling activities.	\boxtimes		
C05	Recruit volunteers to assist in promoting gang-free communities.			\boxtimes
C06	Provide mentor program.	\boxtimes		
C07	Provide before/after school recreational, instructional, cultural, or artistic programs/activities.			
C08	Provide community service programs/activities.			\boxtimes
C09	Conduct parent/teacher conferences.			\boxtimes
C10	Strengthen school/parent compacts.			\boxtimes
C11	Establish partnerships with law enforcement agencies.			
C12	Provide conflict resolution/peer mediation strategies/programs.			
C13	Seek collaboration/assistance from business, industry, or institution of higher education.			
C14	Provide training/information to teachers, school staff, & parents to deal with gang-related issues.			
C99	Other (Specify)		\boxtimes	
Barrier:	Drug-Related Activities		i.	
#	Strategies for Drug-related Activities	Students	Teachers	Others
D01	Provide early identification/intervention.			
D02	Provide Counseling.	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	
D03	Conduct home visits by staff.			
 D04	Recruit volunteers to assist in promoting drug-free schools and communities.			
D05	Provide mentor program.			
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School Years 2010-2013

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Barrier :	Drug-Related Activities (cont.)			
D06	Provide before/after school recreational, instructional, cultural, or artistic programs/activities			
D07	Provide community service programs/activities			
D08	Provide comprehensive health education programs.			
D09	Conduct parent/teacher conferences.			\boxtimes
D10	Establish school/parent compacts.		\boxtimes	
D11	Develop/maintain community partnerships.		\boxtimes	
D12	Provide conflict resolution/peer mediation strategies/programs.		\boxtimes	
D13	Seek collaboration/assistance from business, industry, or institution of higher education.			
D14	Provide training/information to teachers, school staff, & parents to deal with drug-related issues.			
D15	Seek Collaboration/assistance from business, industry, or institution of higher education.			
D99	Other (Specify)			
Barrier	· Visuál Impairments			
#	Strategies for Visual Impairments	Students	Teachers	Others
E01	Provide early identification and intervention.			
E02	Provide Program materials/information in Braille.			
E03	Provide program materials/information in large type.			
E04	Provide program materials/information on tape.			
E99	Other (Specify)			
Barrier	Hearing Impairments			
#	Strategies for Hearing Impairments	Students	Teachers	Others
F01	Provide early identification and intervention.			
F02	Provide interpreters at program activities.			
F99	Other (Specify)			
Barrier:	Learning Disabilities			
#	Strategies for Learning Disabilities	Students	Teachers	Others
G01	Provide early identification and intervention.			
G02	Expand tutorial/mentor programs.			
G03	Provide staff development in identification practices and effective teaching strategies.			
G04	Provide training for parents in early identification and intervention.			\boxtimes
G99	Other (Specify)			
Barrier:	Other Physical Disabilities or Constraints			
#	Strategies for Other Physical Disabilities or Constraints	Students	Teachers	Others
H01	Develop and implement a plan to achieve full participation by students with other physical disabilities/constraints.			
H99	Other (Specify)			

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County-District No.

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School Years 2010-2013 **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant**

	Schedule # 4D—Equitable Access and Participation: Barrie	ers and Strat	egies	
Barrier:	Absenteeism/Truancy		And her the second second	
#	Strategies for Absenteeism/Truancy	Students	Teachers	Others
K01	Provide early identification/intervention.	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes
K02	Develop and implement a truancy intervention plan.			\boxtimes
К03	Conduct home visits by staff.			
K04	Recruit volunteers to assist in promoting school attendance.			
K05	Provide mentor program.			
K06	Provide before/after school recreational or educational activities.			
K07	Conduct parent/teacher conferences.			
K07				
	Strengthen school/parent compacts.			
K09	Develop/maintain community partnerships.			
K10	Coordinate with health and social services agencies.			
K11	Coordinate with the juvenile justice system.			
K12	Seek collaboration/assistance from business, industry, or institution of higher education.			
К99	Other (Specify)			
Barrier:	High Mobility Rates			
#	Strategies for High Mobility Rates	Students	Teachers	Others
L01	Coordinate with social services agencies			\boxtimes
L02	Establish partnerships with parents of highly mobile families.	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes
L03	Establish/maintain timely record transferable system.		\boxtimes	\boxtimes
L99	Other (Specify)			
Barrier:	Lack of Support from Parents			
#	Strategies for Lack of Support from Parents	Students	Teachers	Others
M01	Develop and implement a plan to increase support from parents.			
M02	Conduct home visits by staff.			\boxtimes
M03	Recruit volunteers to actively participate in school activities.			
M04	Conduct parent/teacher conferences.		\boxtimes	\boxtimes
M05	Establish school/parent compacts.	\square	\boxtimes	\boxtimes
M06	Provide parenting training.			\boxtimes
M07	Provide a parent/family center.			\square
M08	Provide program materials/information in home language.			
M09	Involve parents from a variety of backgrounds in school decision making.			\boxtimes
M10	Offer "flexible" opportunities for involvement, including home learning activities and other activities that don't require coming to school.			
M11	Provide child care for parents participating in school activities.		\boxtimes	
M12	Acknowledge and include family members' diverse skills, talents, acknowledge in school activities.			
M13	Provide adult education, including GED and/or ESL classes, or family literacy program.		⊠	
M14	Conduct an outreach program for traditionally "hard to reach" parents.		\boxtimes	
			\boxtimes	

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School Years 2010-2013

	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant					
	Schedule # 4D—Equitable Access and Participation: Barrie	rs and Strate	egies			
Barrier:	Shortage of Qualified Personnel		n balan ya Calasi ya			
#	Strategies for Shortage of Qualified Personnel	Students	Teachers	Others		
N01	Develop and implement a plan to recruit and retain qualified personnel.		\boxtimes	\square		
N02	Recruit and retain teachers from a variety of racial, ethnic, and language minority groups.					
N03	Provide mentor program for new teachers.					
N04	Provide intern program for new teachers.					
N05	Provide professional development in a variety of formats for personnel.					
N06	Collaborate with colleges/universities with teacher preparation programs.		\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
N99	Other (Specify)		\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
Barrier: Lack of Knowledge Regarding Program Benefits						
#	Strategies for Lack of Knowledge regarding Program Benefits	Students	Teachers	Others		
P01	Develop and implement a plan to inform program beneficiaries of program activities & benefits.					
P02	Publish newsletter/brochures to inform program beneficiaries of activities and benefits.					
P03	Provide announcements to local radio stations & newspapers about program activities/benefits.					
P99	Other (Specify)					
Barrier:	Lack of Transportation to Program Activities	14 A 16	¥			
#	Strategies for Lack of Transportation to Program Activities	Students	Teachers	Others		
Q01	Provide transportation for parents and other program beneficiaries to activities.					
Q02	Offer "flexible" opportunities for involvement, including home learning activities and other activities that don't require coming to school.					
Q03	Conduct program activities in community centers and other neighborhood locations.					
Q04	Other (Specify)					
Barrier:	Other Barrier		an a			
#	Strategies for Other Barrier	Students	Teachers	Others		
Z99	Other Barrier:					
299	Other Strategy:		L			

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	7	and the second second	1	iority Schools	Same and a street of the	0.04.9992		
	Sch	edule	#5—Pro	gram Budget :	Summary	1		
Program Authority: Fund Code P.L. 107-110, Section 1003(g), as amended by ARRA, P.L. 111-5 ARRA (CFDA# 84.38 CFDA # 84.388A & 84.377A Regular (CFDA# 84.38						•		
P	roject F	Period:	August 1	, 2010 through	June 30, 3	2013		
Class/Object Code a	nd Des	criptio	on	Campus Grant Costs	LEA Adr Grant Co		Pre-Award Cost	Total Grant Funds Budgeted
Payroll Costs		5B	6100	\$2,063,000	\$		\$	\$2,063,000
Professional and Contracted Se	vices	5C	6200	\$149,300				\$149,300
Supplies and Materials		5D	6300	\$448,202				\$448,202
Other Operating Costs		5E	6400	\$415,468				\$415,468
Capital Outlay (Exclusive of 661 6629) (15XX for charter school		5G	6600/ 15XX	\$2,808,590				\$2,808,590
	Т	otal Dir	ect Costs	\$5,884,560				\$5,884,560
	1.924	% Indir	ect Costs		\$115,44	40		\$115,440
Grand Total								
Total Budgeted Costs:				\$	\$115,	440	\$	\$6,000,000
Administrative Cost Calcu	lation							
Enter total amount from Schedu	ule #5 Bi	udget S	ummary,	Last Column, Tot	al Budgeted	d Cost	S	\$6,000,000
Multiply by .05 (5% limit)					X .05			
Enter Maximum Allowable for Administration, including Indirect Costs					\$300,000			

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School Years 2010-2013

Amendment No.

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #5—Program Budget Summary

Budget Request by Grant Year: Enter the amount of grant funds requested for each year of the three year grant period.

Year 1: SY 2010-2011 \$2,000,000.00

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Year 2: SY 2011-2012 \$2,000,000.00 *

Year 3: SY 2012-2013 \$2,000,000.00 *

* Any Budget Request entered for funds in Year 2 and/or Year 3 constitutes the LEA/campus requesting approval of the waiver for extending the period of availability of these grant funds, whether indicated on Schedule #4B—Program Description: Waiver Requests or not.

Provide any necessary explanation or clarification of budgeted costs

6100 Payroll Costs- (1) Project Coordinator to oversee data collection and Program Evaluation. Incentives for Principals that meet established benchmark criteria.

Extra duty for professional and support staff. This includes stipends for all highly qualified teachers in the amount of \$1,000.00 each. Extra duty pay includes community outreach, after school and Saturday enrichment, summer enrichment programs, and staff development on Saturdays and Summers.

6200 Professional Contracted Services- Distance Learning Video Conference – technologically integrated tours, instruction, events, and educational programming specific to the needs of the campus. In addition, Consultant Services for Professional Development in all academic areas, technology integration and data management, leadership effectiveness, health, student support services, family support services, conflict resolution, counseling and behavior and classroom management.

6300 Supplies and Materials- Instructional supplies (Consumables). The purpose of these supplies and materials are for consumables that will be used for the purpose of the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model implementation. The intent is to provide necessary consumable supplies to promote Educational Excellence. In addition, classroom monitoring software, software license renewals and additional software applications or upgrades as needed.

6400 Other Operating Costs- In-State travel expenditures for the principals, teachers, and support staff, administration, parents and community members that include travel to and from professional development sessions/trainings/workshops, UIL Competitions and instructional trips. The purpose of the travel is to ensure the principals, teachers, administration, support staff, parents, students and community members are able to attend necessary meetings, trainings, workshops, seminars and school visits. The intent is to provide necessary travel funds for Transformation to Educational Excellence Model Implementation meetings, trainings, workshops, seminars and school visits.

Out of State travel for the principals, teachers, and support staff, administration, parents and community members to include travel costs, lodging, and meals to and from professional development sessions/trainings/workshop.

Instructional Trips: *All instructional trips will help fulfill the instructional strategies. Each trip will have approximately 200 students, 13 adults, with 6 buses needed for each trip.

 The destination will be to the Johnston Space Center for the purpose of providing students with educational enrichment opportunities in the area of Math, Engineering, Technology, and Science.

Mileage – To and from Houston, 301 miles 2 = 602 miles round trip, approximately 400 students, 40 adults

Total miles round trip = 602 miles 12 buses needed - \$38,508.00 \$3209/602 miles = \$5.33 per mile

 The destination will be to the Health and Science Museum for the purpose of providing students with educational enrichment opportunities in the area of Science and Math.

Mileage – To and from Houston, 301 miles 2 = 602 miles round trip, approximately 400 students, 40 adults

Total miles round trip = 602 miles 12 buses needed - \$38,508.00 \$3209/602 miles = \$5.33 per mile

• The destination will be to the Holocaust Museum for the purpose of providing students with educational enrichment opportunities in the area of Social Studies/World History.

Mileage – To and from Houston, 301 miles 2 = 602 miles round trip, approximately 400 students, 40 adults

Total miles round trip = 602 miles 6 buses needed - \$38,508.00 \$3209/602 miles = \$5.33 per mile

 The destination will be to the Aquarium in Corpus Christi, TX for the purpose of providing students with educational enrichment opportunities in the area of Science/Math.

Mileage – To and from Corpus Christi, TX. 160 miles 2 = 320 miles round trip, approximately 400 students, 40 adults

Total miles round trip = 320 miles 12 buses needed - \$20,472.00 \$1706/320 miles = \$5.33 per mile

• The destination will be to the State Capital/University of Texas/St. Edwards University for the purpose of providing students with educational enrichment opportunities in the area of Social Studies/ELA.

Mileage – To and from Austin, TX 215 miles 2 = 430 miles round trip, approximately 400 students, 40 adults

Total miles round trip = 430 miles 12 buses needed - \$20,472.00 \$2292/430 miles = \$5.33 per mile

Additional destinations will be pending depending on additional educational enrichment opportunities that include, but are not limited to UIL competition dates or based on instructional planning for trips based on Fine Arts, Reading/ELA, Social Studies, Science and Math concepts.

Fund sources used for match will come from local funds (199) and/or state compensatory education funds (199). The matching funds will pay for any additional costs associated with travel. All TEA Documentation requirements will be met.

*All field trips will help fulfill the Transformation to Educational Excellence Model requirement as per the grant.

6411 Out of State Travel for Employees (includes registration fees) – Professional development trainings, sessions, and workshops in the amount of \$80,000.00.

6412 Travel for Students (includes registration fees; does not include field trips) – Educational enrichment including UIL competitions, Fine Arts, Science, Social Studies, Math, and Reading/ELA in the amount of \$250,750.00.

6419 - Travel for Non-Employees (includes registration fees; does not include field trips) (specific approval required only for nonprofit organizations) - Parents to attend higher educational enrichment opportunities with students in order to increase parental involvement in their children's education in the amount of \$50,000.00.

6411/6419 Travel Costs for Executive Director(6411), Superintendent (6411), or Board members (6419) (including registration fees) – Leadership effectiveness workshops, seminars, conferences, and trainings in the amount of \$25,000.00.

6499 Publication and Printing Costs - if reimbursed (specific approval required only for nonprofit charter schools) -

Parental Notification Letters, special event programs, and other publications as needed in the amount of \$20,000.00.

6699 Library Books and media (capitalized and controlled by library) – (1)Reference Materials/Periodicals/Audio Books/Instructional Based Videos/eBooks/Professional Reference Material in the amount of \$90,000.00; (2) Library Books – Fiction/Non-Fiction in the amount of \$75,000.00.

6600 Capital Outlay- The Transformation to Educational Excellence curriculum design will provide for classroom instructional technology usage for the purpose of implementing technologically enhanced instruction and impact school climate. Additionally, the technology will support professional development along with support and sustaining systemic change.

66XX Technology Hardware – Capitalized:

Library Desktops -4 * \$2,500.00 = \$10,000.00Laptop Computers for Parent Literacy Classes -80 * 650.00 = \$52,000.00Computer for student recordings -3 * \$6,030.00 = \$18,090.00Interactive answering systems -60 * \$3,000.00 = \$180,000.00Student internet ready notebook computers with Microsoft Office 2007 - 2,000 students * \$550.00 = \$1,100,000.00Teacher internet ready laptops with Microsoft Office 2007 - 140 * \$1,500.00 = \$210,000.00Classroom LED projectors and mounts for in class instruction technology presentation -150 * \$1,000.00 = \$150,000.00Plasma Screen TV with mounts -140 * \$2,500.00 = \$350,000.00DVD/VCR Combo with mounts -140 * \$150.00 = \$21,000.00Hardware for student recordings (e.g. microphones) -2 * \$2,500.00 = \$5,000.00Sound system for student performances -2 * \$5,000.00 = \$10,000.00Duplicator CD/DVD for student project mini-thesis -7 * \$3,000.00 = \$21,000.00

Library Media Services Technology to include an (1) electronic projector screen - \$1,000.00, (2) color printers - \$1,000.00 (2) large plasma screen TVs - \$9,500.00 (2) DVD/VCR combos - \$300.00 (2) LED projectors - \$2,000.00, Large capacity plotter for large size posters, banners, and photos - \$10,500.00, 50 Notebook Computers - \$27,500.00 for Parental Involvement training/activities, furniture in the amount of \$25,000.00

66XX Equipment and Furniture:

Cabinets and tables for laptops and hardware $-20 \times 1,600.00 = 32,000.00$ Computers desks $-90 \times 500.00 = 45,000.00$ Large Capacity Laminator $-1 \times 3,000.00$ Shelves $-20 \times 300.00 = 6,000.00$ Display case for library $-5 \times 1,200.00 = 6,000.00$ Storage cabinets for notebook computers $-60 \times 4,250.00 = 255,000.00$ Large capacity laminator for library $-3 \times 3,000.00 = 9,000.00$

Instruction \$ \$ 1 Teacher \$ \$ 2 Educational Aide 3 Tutor Program Management and Administration	Amount Budgeted
Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #5B—Payroll Costs (6100) Budgeted Costs #Fuil- Time Effort #Part- Time Effort Pre-Award Instruction #Fuil- Time Effort Pre-Award Pre-Award 1 Teacher \$ \$ \$ 2 Educational Aide \$ \$ \$ 3 Tutor \$ \$ \$ Program Management and Administration \$ \$ \$ 4 Project Director Data Collection/ Grant Facilitator 1 \$ 5 Project Coordinator \$ \$ \$ 6 Teacher Facilitator \$ \$ \$ 7 Teacher Supervisor \$ \$ \$ 8 Secretary/Administrative Assistant \$ \$ \$ 9 Data Entry Clerk \$ \$ \$ 10 Grant Accountant/Bookkeeper \$ \$ \$ 11 Evaluator/Evaluation Specialist \$ \$ \$ Auxillary \$ \$ \$ \$ <td>Amount Budgeted</td>	Amount Budgeted
Schedule #5B—Payroll Costs (6100) Budgeted Costs #Full- Time Effort #Part- Time Effort Pre-Award Pre-Award <td>Amount Budgeted</td>	Amount Budgeted
Budgeted Costs Employee Position Titles Justification #Full- Time Effort #Part- Time Effort Instruction Image: Structure Pre-Award Image: Structure 1 Teacher Structure Structure Structure 2 Educational Aide Image: Structure Structure Structure Structure 3 Tutor Image: Structure Image: Structure Image: Structure Structure Image: Structure Structure Image: Structure Image: Structure Structure Image: Structure Structure Image: Struc	Amount Budgeted
Employee Position TitlesJustification#Fuil- Time Effort#Part- Time EffortInstruction1Teacher2Educational Aide3TutorProgram Management and Administration4Project Director5Project Coordinator6Teacher Facilitator7Teacher Supervisor8Secretary/Administrative Assistant9Data Entry Clerk10Grant Accountant/Bookkeeper11Evaluator/Evaluation Specialist12Counselor13Social Worker	Amount Budgeted
Employee Position TitlesJustification#Fuil- Time Effort#Part- Time EffortPre-Award IInstructionITeacherI\$\$2Educational AideIIII3TutorIIIIIProgram Management and Administration4Project DirectorData Collection/ Grant Facilitator1II5Project CoordinatorIIIII6Teacher FacilitatorIIIII7Teacher SupervisorIIIIII8Secretary/Administrative AssistantIIIIIII9Data Entry ClerkIII <td< td=""><td>Budgeted</td></td<>	Budgeted
1Teacher\$\$\$2Educational Aide </td <td>-</td>	-
2 Educational Aide Image: constraint of the second se	-
3 Tutor Image: Secretary/Administration 4 Project Director Data Collection/ Grant Facilitator 1 Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant 5 Project Supervisor Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant 9 Data Entry Clerk Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant 10 Grant Accountant/Bookkeeper Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant 11 Evaluator/Evaluation Specialist Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant 11 Evaluator/Evaluation Specialist Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant 12 Counselor Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant 13 Social Worker Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant Image: Secretary/Administrative Assistant	\$186,000
Program Management and Administration 4 Project Director Data Collection/ Grant Facilitator 1 5 Project Coordinator 1 1 1 1 6 Teacher Facilitator 1 1 1 1 7 Teacher Supervisor 1 1 1 1 8 Secretary/Administrative Assistant 1 1 1 9 Data Entry Clerk 1 1 1 1 10 Grant Accountant/Bookkeeper 1 1 1 1 11 Evaluator/Evaluation Specialist 1 1 1 1 12 Counselor 1	\$186,000
Program Hatagement and Administration 4 Project Director Data Collection/ Grant Facilitator 1	\$186,000
5 Project Coordinator Image: constraint of the second	3100,000
6 Teacher Facilitator Image: Constraint of the second	
7 Teacher Supervisor Image: Constraint of the second	
8 Secretary/Administrative Assistant	
9 Data Entry Clerk Image: Clerk description of the second se	
10 Grant Accountant/Bookkeeper Image: Comparison of the com	
Auxiliary 12 Counselor 13 Social Worker	
12 Counselor 13 Social Worker	
13 Social Worker	an Carronada Antonio antonio
14 Child Care Provider	
15 Community Liaison/Parent Coordinator	
16 Bus Driver	
17 Cafeteria Staff	
18 Librarian	
19 School Nurse	
Other Employee Positions	
22 Title: Principal Incentives for meeting established performance benchmarks 1	\$42,000
	\$447,000
	\$129,000
Denchmarks	\$126,000
	\$930,000
Substitute, Extra-Duty, Benefits	
27 6112 Substitute Pay \$	\$250,000
	\$600,500
	\$120,000
	\$162,500
31 Subtotal Substitute, Extra-Duty, Benefits Costs \$ \$1,	tititi aaaadii bibibi
	1,133,000
32 Grand Total Payroll Budget (line 26 + line 31) \$ \$2,	l ,133,000

Principal Awards: In order to support School Improvement Activities and Performance Measures

# of Principals	Assessment Instrument	Performance Target Criteria	Award Amount
1	Federal AYP Ratings	Baseline:	Tier I
	School Year:	Tier I Met Standards	\$5,000
		Or	Or
	2010 – 2011	Tier II Met Standards with required	Tier II
	2011 – 2012	Improvement. Or	\$3,000
		Tier III	Or
	2012 - 2013	Met Standards with Texas Projection Model (TPM).	Tier III
			\$2,000
		Target: Met or Exceed Standards	All award amounts listed above include TRS benefits and Tax Deductions
1	AEIS Ratings	Baseline:	Tier I
	School Year:	Tier I Campus received an "Exemplary"	\$5,000
	2010 2011	state accountability rating. Or	Or
	2010-2011	Tier II	Tier II
	2011 – 2012	Campus received a "Recognized" state accountability rating.	\$3,000
		Or	Or
	2012 - 2013	Tier III Campus received an "Acceptable"	Tier III
		state accountability rating.	\$2,000
		Target: Recognized or Exemplary Status	All award amounts listed above include TRS benefits and Tax Deductions
1	AEIS Comparable	Baseline:	Tier I
	Improvement Report	Tier I	\$4,000
	School Year:	Campus in the top 25% of Comparable Schools for all tests taken.	Or
	2010 – 2011	Or	Tier II
		Tier II Campus in the top 50% of	\$2,000
	2011 – 2012	Comparable Schools for all tests taken.	All award amounts listed above include TRS benefits and Tax
	2012 - 2013	Target: Top 10% of Comparable Schools for all tests taken.	Deductions

Assistant Principal Awards: In order to support School Improvement Activities and Performance Measures

# of Principals	Assessment Instrument	Performance Target Criteria	Award Amount
6	Federal AYP Ratings	Baseline:	Tier I
	School Year:	Tier I Met Standards Or	\$2,500 Or
	2010 – 2011		
	2010 - 2011	Tier II Met Standards with required	Tier II
	2011 – 2012	Improvement.	\$1,500
		Or	Or
	2012 - 2013	Tier III Met Standards with Texas Projection	Tier III
		Model (TPM).	\$1,000
		Target: Met or Exceed Standards	All award amounts listed above include TRS benefits and Tax Deductions
6	AEIS Ratings	Baseline:	Tier I
	School Year:	Tier I Campus received an "Exemplary"	\$2,500
		state accountability rating.	Or
	2010 – 2011	Or	Tier II
	2011 – 2012	Tier II Campus received a "Recognized" state accountability rating.	\$1,500
		Or	Or
	2012 - 2013	Tier III Campus received an "Acceptable"	Tier III
		state accountability rating.	\$1,000
		Target: Recognized or Exemplary Status	All award amounts listed above include TRS benefits and Tax Deductions
6	AEIS Comparable	Baseline:	Tier I
	Improvement Report	Tier I	\$2,000
	School Year:	Campus in the top 25% of Comparable Schools for all tests taken.	Or
	2010 – 2011	Or	Tier II
	2011 – 2012	Tier II Campus in the top 50% of Comparable Schools for all tests	\$1,000
	2012 - 2013	taken. Target:	All award amounts listed above include TRS benefits and Tax Deductions
		Top 10% of Comparable Schools for all tests taken.	

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by tele,	of TEA.	School Years 201	0-2013		Amendment No.	
		Texas Title I Priority S				
<u></u> S(chedule #5C- Itemized 620	0 Professional and Contrac	ted Services C	osts Requirin	g Specific A	
	E	xpense Item Description			Pre-Award	Total Amount Budgeted
621	Audit Costs (other than audits re	quired under OMB Circular A-133)			
2	Specify purpose				\$	\$
626	Rental or Lease of Buildings, Spa	ce in Buildings, or Land				
9	Specify purpose and provide calc				1	
620	Contracted Publication and Printi	ng Costs (specific approval requir	ed only for nonpro	ofit charter		1
629 9	schools)				-	
	Specify purpose:					
629	i	t allowed for nonprofit charter sch	nools)]	
9	Specify purpose:			15 7 7 7 8 8 7 7 8 1 8 7 8 1 8 7 8 1 8		
Subto	a construction of the second					
	in the second	nal and Contracted Services Co		ecific Approva	1	
Profe	ssional and Consulting Service:	s (6219/6239) Less than \$10,	D00			
#	Topic/Purpose/Service			Total Contracted Amount	Pre-Award	Total Amount Budgeted
1.	Region I TEEM services			\$9,800	\$	\$9,800
2.	Mathematics/To improve tead	cher quality		\$9,500		\$9,500
3.	Science/To improve teacher of	quality		\$9,500		\$9,500
4.	Reading ELA/To improve teac	her quality		\$9,500		\$9,500
5.	Bilingual ESL/To improve tead	cher quality		\$9,500		\$9,500
6.	Special Education/To improve	e teacher quality		\$9,500		\$9,500
7.	Social Studies/To improve tea	acher quality		\$9,500		\$9,500
8.	Classroom and Behavioral Ma	nagement/ To improve teache	r quality	\$9,500		\$9,500
9.	Conflict Resolution/To improv	ve teacher quality		\$9,500		\$9,500
10.	Technology Integration/To in	prove teacher quality		\$9,500		\$9,500
11.	Leadership Effectiveness Trai	ning		\$9,500		\$9,500
12.	Parental Involvement Trainin	g		\$9,500		\$9,500
Subto	tal 👘				A CONTRACTOR	
	a a ann an an tha an ann an an ann an ann ann ann ann a	Professional and Consult	ng Services Les	s than \$10,000) \$	\$114,300
Profe	ssional and Consulting Services	(6219) Greater than or Equal	to \$10,000	Verne C		
1. Des	scription of Professional or Con	sulting Service (Topic/Purpos	e/Service):	·		
				Total	1	Total
Contr	actor's Cost Breakdown of Serv		# Positions	Contracted Amount	Pre-Award	Amount Budgeted
	Contractor's Payroll Co	osts		\$	\$	\$
	Titles	cts, Subcontracted Services				
	Supplies and Materials					
	Other Operating Costs	······································				
	Capital Outlay (Subgra					
	Indirect Cost (_%)				
			Total Payment:	\$	\$	\$

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	Standard Application S	ystem (SAS)	c	County-District	No.
by telephone/e-mail/FAX on	School Years 201	.0-2013			
by of TEA.				Amendment No	o
	xas Title I Priority				
Schedule #5C- Itemized 6200 Profe				<u>c Approval (</u>	cont.)
Professional and Consulting Services (621			.)		
2. Description of Professional or Consulting	g Service (Topic/Purpos	se/Service):			
			Total	Pre-	Total
Contractor's Cost Breakdown of Service to	be Provided	# Positions	Contracted	Award	Amount
			Amount		Budgeted
Contractor's Payroll Costs	······		\$	\$	\$
Title: Subgrants, Subcontracts, Su	bcontracted Services				
Supplies and Materials	Deutinacted Services	~ =====			
Other Operating Costs					
Capital Outlay (Subgrants O	nlv)				
Indirect Cost (%)					
		Total Payment:	\$	\$	\$
3. Description of Professional or Consultin	g Service (Topic/Purpos				
				T	
Contractor's Cost Breakdown of Service to	he Broyided	# Positions	Total Contracted	Pre-	Total Amount
contractor's cost preakdown of service to	be provided	# Positions	Amount	Award	Budgeted
Contractor's Payroll Costs				-	
Title:			\$	\$	\$
Subgrants, Subcontracts, Su	Ibcontracted Services				
Supplies and Materials					
Other Operating Costs					
Capital Outlay (Subgrants O	nly)				
Indirect Cost (%)			•		
A Description of Declarational and Converting	- Constant (Toosta (Door	Total Payment:	\$	\$	\$
4. Description of Professional or Consultin	g Service (Topic/Purpos	se/Service):			
			Total		Total
Contractor's Cost Breakdown of Service to	be Provided	# Positions	Contracted	Pre-	Amount
			Amount	Award	Budgeted
Contractor's Payroll Costs			\$	\$	\$
Title	-		т 	T	
Subgrants, Subcontracts, Su	bcontracted Services				
Supplies and Materials Other Operating Costs					-
Capital Outlay (Subgrants O	nlv)				
Indirect Cost (%)					
interrete cost (10)		Total Payment:	\$	\$	\$
Subtotal: Professional and Consulting Serv	vices Greater Than or Eq		\$	\$	\$
	•				
and the second secon	and the second state of th				
Subtotal of Professional and Contract					
Subtotal of Professional and Consult	ing Services or Subgrants	Less than \$10,000:			\$114,300
Subtotal of Professional and Consulting	ng Services Greater than o	r Equal to \$10,000:			
Remaining 6200- Professional and Contracted	Services that do not requir	e specific approval:			\$35,000
		Grand Total:			\$149,300
			1	1	,

	ons made	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)		240901 County-District No	- p.
none/e-mail/FAX on	of TEA.	School Years 2010-2013		Amendment No.	-
Schedule #5	D - Itemized	1 6300 Supplies and Materials Costs Requ	ring Speci	fic Approval	
	Expe	ense Item Description		Pre-Award	Total Budgeted
	ire- Not Capitali				
# Type		Purpose	Quantity		
2				\$	\$
3		noocoocoocou		Ŧ	+
4					
•					
		with Advisory Council or Committee			
		Total Supplies and Materials Possible Specifi	a Anneovati		
Bomai	ning 6200 . Eu				\$448,202
Remai	1111g 0300- 30				\$448,202
	tments and/or annotationage have been confirments and/or annotationage have been confirments and set of the se	tments and/or annotations made age have been confirmed with none/e-mail/FAX on of TEA. Schedule #5D - Itemized Expe Technology Hardware- Not Capitali # Type 1 2 3 4 5 Technology Software- Not Capitali Supplies and Materials Associated	Itements and/or annotations made age have been confirmed with TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS) none/e-mail/FAX on School Years 2010-2013 of TEA. Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant Schedule #5D - Itemized 6300 Supplies and Materials Costs Requires the Description Technology Hardware- Not Capitalized # Type 1 Purpose 2 3 3 4 5 Technology Software- Not Capitalized Supplies and Materials Associated with Advisory Council or Committee Total Supplies and Materials Requiring Specifi Total Supplies and Materials Requiring Specifi	timents and/or annotations made age have been confirmed with TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS) none/e-mail/FAX on	timents and/or annotations made lage have been confirmed with TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS) 240901 none/e-mail/FAX on

	For TEA Use Only stments and/or annotations made page have been confirmed with	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY Standard Application System (SAS)	240901 County-District N	o.
by telepl by	hone/e-mail/FAX on	School Years 2010-2013	Amendment No.	-
-,		Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant		
	Schedule #5E - Iter	nized 6400 Other Operating Costs Requiring Spec	ific Approval	
	E	pense Item Description	Pre-Award	Total Budgeted
6411	Out of State Travel for Employed		\$	\$80,000
0411		development trainings, sessions and workshops.	+	400,000
6412		pistration fees; does not include field trips) (specific approval		¢75.000
6412	required only for nonprofit chart	er schools) Fine Arts, Orchestra, Band, Student Educational Enrichment		\$75,000
		ecific approval required only for nonprofit charter schools)		
6413	Specify purpose:	cente approval requirea only for honorone enarcer sentonsy		
6419		des registration fees; does not include field trips) (specific offic offic offic offic offic offic offic offic		\$50,000
		icational Enrichment – seminars, trainings and workshops		
6411/		or (6411), Superintendents (6411), or Board Members (6419))	
6419	(includes registration fees)			\$15,000
		Effectiveness workshops, seminars, and trainings		
6429		een covered by permissible insurance		
6490	Indemnification Compensation f			
6490	Schedule #4B-Program Descript			
		mmunity Organizations (Not allowable for University applicants	5)	
6499	Specify name and purpose of or			
6499	schools)	reimbursed (specific approval required only for nonprofit char	ter	\$20,000
at and and	Specify purpose: Parent Invo	vement Communications		
		Total 64XX- Operating Costs Requiring specific appre		\$240,000
	Remaining 6400 -	Other Operating Costs that do not require specific appro	oval:	\$175,468
		Grand T	otal \$	\$415,468

	For TEA Use Only djustments and/or annotations made is page have been confirmed with	TEXAS EDUCATION Standard Application Sy			240901 County-District N	_ lo.
by te by	lephone/e-mail/FAX on of TEA.	School Years 201	0-2013		Amendment No),
		Texas Title I Priority S	chools Grant	,		
	Schedule #5G - Itemized	6600/15XX Capital Outlay-	Capitalized As	sets Regard	less of Unit	Cost
	(15XX is for use	by Charter Schools sponso	red by a nonp	rofit organiz	ation)	
	Description	n/Purpose	Unit Cost	Quantity	Pre-Award	Total Budgeted
669	9/15XX- Library Books and Medi		y library)	91 - S.		manna thair ann a' thair a' thair a' thair a'
1	Reference Materials/Periodicals Based Videos/eBooks/Profession		- Barling Control			\$75,000
2	Library Books - Fiction/Non-Fic			Server and the		\$65,000
66X	X/15XX- Technology Hardware -	Capitalized	in the state of the			
3	Library desktops		\$2,500	4		\$10,000
4	Laptop computers for Parent Li		\$650	80		\$52,000
5	Computer for Student Recording		\$6,030	3		\$18,090
6	Interactive Answering Systems		\$3,000	60		\$180,000
7	Notebooks (classroom sets 30 o	each)	\$550	2000		\$1,100,000
8	Teacher Laptops	manuala 1 2 fee libraria	\$1,500	140	++-	\$210,000
10	Classroom LED Projectors with Color Printers + 2 for library	mounts + 2 for library	\$1,000	150		\$150,000 \$155,000
11	Plasma Screen TV's with mount		\$1,000 \$2,500	<u>155</u> 140	-	\$350,000
12	Large Plasma Screen TV's with mount		\$4,750	2		\$9,500
13	DVD/VCR Combo's and Mounts		\$150	140		\$21,000
14	Electronic Projection Screen for		\$1,000	1		\$1,000
15	Hardware for Student Recordin		\$2,500	2		\$5,000
16	Sound system for Student Perfo		\$5,000	2		\$10,000
17	Duplicator CD/DVD for student		\$3,000	7		\$21,000
18	Curriculum on Wheels (COWs)		\$2,500	8		\$20,000
66X	X/15XX- Technology Software- (나는 것 다 나 나 나 나 나 나 나 나 나 나 나 나 나 나 나 나 나 나	
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						-
25			La regioned and	L Sişteri versiya (sili)		
26	X/15XX- Equipment and Furnitu Furniture – cabinets and tables		\$1,600	20		\$32,000
27	Computer desks	for laptops and hardware	\$1,800	90		\$45,000
28	Large Capacity Laminator		\$3,000	1		\$3,000
29	Shelves		\$300	20		\$6,000
30	Display Cases – for library		\$1200	5		\$6,000
31	Storage cabinets for notebook	computers	\$4,250	60		\$255,000
32						
33	Large Capacity Laminator – for	library	\$3,000	3		\$9,000
34				ļ		
35				L		
Cap life.	ital expenditures for improvement	nts to land, buildings, or equip	ment which mat	erially increa	se their value	or useful
36						
animerica das			a de la companya de l	The advances of	1	
			0/15XX- Capita	Outlay Costs	;:	\$2,808,590

SCHEDULE #6A

TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

Standard Application System

GENERAL PROVISIONS & ASSURANCES

School Years 2010-2013

240901

County-District No.

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

Statement of provisions and assurances for the program(s) in this application:

A. Terms defined: As used in these Provisions and Assurances,

- Contract means the entire document, and all of TEA's attachments, appendices, schedules (including but not limited to the General Provisions and the Special Provisions), amendments and extensions of or to the Standard Contract;
- Agency or TEA means the Texas Education Agency;
- Contractor means the party or parties to this contract other than Agency; including its or their officers, directors, employees, agents, representatives, consultants and subcontractors, and subcontractors' officers, directors, employees, agents, representatives and consultants;
- Project Administrator means the person representing Agency or Contractor, as indicated by the contract, for the purposes of administering the contract project;
- Contract Project means the purpose intended to be achieved through the contract of which these Provisions and Assurances are a part;
- Applicant means the same as Contractor;
- SAS means the Standard Application System of which the application document is a part;
- "Application" means the entire package submitted by the Applicant including the schedules contained in the application and so indicated on the General Information page of the application package;
- Amendment means an application that is revised in budget categories and/or in program activities. It includes both the
 original application and any subsequent amendments; or extensions thereto;
- Works means all tangible or intangible material, products, ideas, documents or works of authorship prepared or created by Contractor for or on behalf of TEA at any time after the beginning date of the Contract (Works includes but is not limited to computer software, data, information, images, illustrations, designs, graphics, drawings, educational materials, assessment forms, testing materials, logos, trademarks, patentable materials, etc.); and,
- Intellectual Property Rights means the worldwide intangible legal rights or interests evidenced by or embodied in: (a) any idea, design, concept, method, process, technique, apparatus, invention, discovery, or improvement, including any patents, trade secrets, and know-how; (b) any work of authorship, including any copyrights, moral rights or neighboring rights; (c) any trademark, service mark, trade dress, trade name, or other indicia of source or origin; (d) domain name registrations; and (e) any other similar rights. The Intellectual Property Rights of a party include all worldwide intangible legal rights or interests that the party may have acquired by assignment or license with the right to grant sublicenses.
- Grant means the same as Contract;
- Grantee means the same as Contractor;
- Grantor means the same as Agency; and
- DCC means the Document Control Center of Agency.
- **B. Contingency:** This contract is executed by Agency subject to the availability of funds appropriated by legislative act for the purposes stated. All amendments and/or extensions or subsequent contracts entered into for the same or continued purposes are executed contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds. Notwithstanding any other provision in this contract or any other document, this contract is void upon appropriated funds becoming unavailable. In addition, this contract may be terminated by Agency at any time for any reason upon notice to Contractor. Expenditures and/or activities for which Contractor may claim reimbursement shall not be accrued or claimed subsequent to receipt of such notice from Agency. This contract may be extended or otherwise amended only by formal written amendment properly executed by both Agency and Contractor. No other agreement, written or oral, purporting to alter or amend this contract shall be valid.
- **C. Contractor's Application:** Furnished to Agency in response to a request for application, is incorporated in this contract by reference for all necessary purposes. It is specifically provided, however, that the provisions of this contract shall prevail in all cases of conflict arising from the terms of Contractor's application whether such application is a written part of this contract or is attached as a separate document.
- **D. Requirements, Terms, Conditions, and Assurances:** Which are stated in the Request for Application, in response to which Applicant is submitting this application, are incorporated herein by reference for all purposes although the current General Provisions shall prevail in the event of conflict. The instructions to the Standard Application System, as well as the General and Fiscal Guidelines and Program Guidelines, are incorporated herein by reference.

	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	
SCHEDULE #6A – cont.		
GENERAL PROVISIONS &	Standard Application System	
ASSURANCES	School Years 2010-2013	240901
	SCHOOL LEARS 2010-2015	County-District No.
	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	

- E. Signature Authority; Final Expression; Superseding Document: Applicant certifies that the person signing this application has been properly delegated this authority. The Contract represents the final and complete expression of the terms of agreement between the parties. The Contract supersedes any previous understandings or negotiations between the parties. Any representations, oral statements, promises or warranties that differ from the Contract shall have no force or effect. The Contract may be modified, amended or extended only by formal written amendment properly executed by both TEA and Contractor.
- F. State of Texas Laws: In the conduct of the contract project, Contractor shall be subject to Texas State Board of Education and Commissioner rules pertaining to this contract and the contract project and to the laws of the State of Texas governing this contract and the contract project. This contract constitutes the entire agreement between Agency and Contractor for the accomplishment of the contract project. This contract shall be interpreted according to the laws of the State of Texas except as may be otherwise provided for in this contract.
- **G. Monitoring**: Desk reviews or on-site monitoring reviews may be conducted by Agency to determine compliance with the approved application and the applicable statute(s), law(s), regulations, and guidelines.
- H. Sanctions for Failure to Perform or for Noncompliance: If Contractor, in Agency's sole determination, fails or refuses for any reason to comply with or perform any of its obligations under this contract, Agency may impose such sanctions as it may deem appropriate. This includes but is not limited to the withholding of payments to Contractor until Contractor complies; the cancellation, termination, or suspension of this contract in whole or in part; and the seeking of other remedies as may be provided by this contract or by law. Any cancellation, termination, or suspension of this contract, if imposed, shall become effective at the close of business on the day of Contractor's receipt of written notice thereof from Agency.
- I. Contract Cancellation, etc.: If this contract is canceled, terminated, or suspended by Agency prior to its expiration date, the reasonable monetary value of services properly performed by Contractor pursuant to this contract prior to such cancellation, termination or suspension shall be determined by Agency and paid to Contractor as soon as reasonably possible.

J. Indemnification:

For local educational agencies (LEAs), regional education service centers (ESCs), and institutions of higher education (IHEs) and state agencies: Contractor, to the extent permitted by law, shall hold Agency harmless from and shall indemnify Agency against any and all claims, demands, and causes of action of whatever kind or nature asserted by any third party and occurring or in any way incident to, arising from, or in connection with, any acts of Contractor, its agents, employees, and subcontractors, done in the conduct of the contract project.

For all other grantees, subgrantees, contractors, and subcontractors, including nonprofit organizations and forprofit businesses: Contractor shall hold Agency harmless from and shall indemnify Agency against any and all claims, demands, and causes of action of whatever kind or nature asserted by any third party and occurring or in any way incident to, arising from, or in connection with, any acts of Contractor, its agents, employees, and subcontractors, done in the conduct of the contract project.

K. Encumbrances/Obligations: All encumbrances/obligations shall occur on or between the beginning and ending dates of the contract. All goods must be received and all services rendered and subsequently liquidated (recorded as an expenditure or accounts payable) within the contract dates. In no manner shall encumbrances be considered or reflected as accounts payable or as expenditures, and an encumbrance cannot be considered an expenditure or accounts payable until the goods have been received and the services have been rendered. Obligations that are liquidated and recognized as expenditures must meet the allowable cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, A-21, or A-122 (as applicable) and program rules, regulations, and guidelines contained elsewhere. This applies to all grant programs, including state and federal, discretionary and formula.

	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	
SCHEDULE #6A – cont.		
GENERAL PROVISIONS &	Standard Application System	
ASSURANCES	School Years 2010-2013	240901
	School 16ars 2010-2015	County-District No.
	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	

- L. Financial Management and Accounting: Grantee assures it will maintain a financial management system that complies with federal standards established in 34 CFR 80.20 and 74.21 and that provides for accurate, current, and complete disclosure of the financial results of each grant project. The financial management system records will identify adequately the source and application of funds and will contain information pertaining to grant awards, authorizations, obligations, unobligated balances, assets, outlays (i.e., expenditures), income, and interest. Fiscal control and accounting procedures will permit the tracing of funds to a level of expenditure adequate to establish that funds have been used in accordance with the approved grant application. The applicant agrees to maintain effective control over and accountability for all funds, property, and other assets. Public school districts, open enrollment charter schools, and regional education service centers in Texas must comply with the accounting requirements in the Financial Accounting and Reporting (FAR) module of the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*, Texas Education Agency (34 CFR 74.21; 34 CFR 80.20; TEA *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*).
- M. Expenditure Reports: Contractor shall submit expenditure reports in the time and manner requested by Agency as specified in the instructions to the Standard Application System (SAS) which are incorporated by reference. Unless otherwise specified, interim reports are due to TEA within 15 days after the end of each reporting period. Unless otherwise specified, the final expenditure report is due within 30 days after the ending date of the grant. Revised expenditure reports, where the grantee is claiming additional expenditures beyond that originally requested, must be submitted within 60 days after the ending date of the grant, or as specified in the applicable Program Guidelines.
- N. Refunds Due to TEA: If Agency determines that Agency is due a refund of money paid to Contractor pursuant to this contract, Contractor shall pay the money due to Agency within 30 days of Contractor's receipt of written notice that such money is due to Agency. If Contractor fails to make timely payment, Agency may obtain such money from Contractor by any means permitted by law, including but not limited to offset, counterclaim, cancellation, termination, suspension, total withholding, and/or disapproval of all or any subsequent applications for said funds.
- **O. Records Retention:** Contractor shall maintain its records and accounts in a manner which shall assure a full accounting for all funds received and expended by Contractor in connection with the contract project. These records and accounts shall be retained by Contractor and made available for programmatic or financial audit by Agency and by others authorized by law or regulation to make such an audit for a period of not less than five years from the date of completion of the contract project or the date of the receipt by Agency of Contractor's final claim for payment or final expenditure report in connection with this contract, whichever is later. If an audit has been announced, the records shall be retained until such audit has been completed.

Contractor understands that acceptance of funds under this contract acts as acceptance of the authority of the State Auditor's office, or any successor agency, to conduct an audit or investigation in connection with those funds. Contractor further agrees to cooperate fully with the State Auditor's Office or its successor in the conduct of the audit or investigation, including providing all records requested. Contractor will ensure that this clause concerning the authority to audit funds received indirectly by subcontractors through Contractor and the requirements to cooperate is included in any subcontract it awards.

- P. Time and Effort Recordkeeping: For those personnel whose salaries are prorated between or among different funding sources, time and effort records will be maintained by Applicant that will confirm the services provided within each funding source. Applicant must adjust payroll records and expenditures based on this documentation. This requirement applies to all projects, regardless of funding source, unless otherwise specified. For federally funded projects, time and effort records must be in accordance with the requirements in the applicable OMB cost principles.
- **Q.** Forms, Assurances, and Reports: Contractor shall timely make and file with the proper authorities all forms, assurances and reports required by federal laws and regulations. Agency shall be responsible for reporting to the proper authorities any failure by Contractor to comply with the foregoing laws and regulations coming to Agency's attention, and may deny payment or recover payments made by Agency to Contractor in the event of Contractor's failure so to comply.
- **R. Intellectual Property Ownership**: Contractor agrees that all Works are, upon creation, works made for hire and the sole property of TEA. If the Works are, under applicable law, not considered works made for hire, Contractor hereby assigns to TEA all worldwide ownership of all rights, including the Intellectual Property Rights, in the Works, without the necessity of any further consideration, and TEA can obtain and hold in its own name all such rights to the Works. Contractor agrees to maintain written agreements with all officers, directors, employees, agents, representatives and subcontractors engaged by Contractor for the Contract Project, granting Contractor rights sufficient to support the performance and grant of rights to TEA by Contractor. Copies of such agreements shall be provided to TEA promptly upon request.

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	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	
SCHEDULE #6A - cont.		
GENERAL PROVISIONS &	Standard Application System	
ASSURANCES	School Years 2010-2013	240901
	School Years 2010-2013	County-District No.
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Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

Contractor warrants that (i) it has the authority to grant the rights herein granted, (ii) it has not assigned or transferred any right, title, or interest to the Works or Intellectual Property Rights that would conflict with its obligations under the Contract, and Contractor will not enter into any such agreements, and (iii) the Works will be original and will not infringe any intellectual property rights of any other person or entity. These warranties will survive the termination of the Contract. If any preexisting rights are embodied in the Works, Contractor grants to TEA the irrevocable, perpetual, non-exclusive, worldwide, royalty-free right and license to (i) use, execute, reproduce, display, perform, distribute copies of, and prepare derivative works based upon such preexisting rights and any derivative works thereof and (ii) authorize others to do any or all of the foregoing. Contractor agrees to notify TEA on delivery of the Works if they include any such preexisting rights. On request, Contractor will provide TEA with documentation indicating a third party's written approval for Contractor to use any preexisting rights that may be embodied or reflected in the Works.

For School Districts and Nonprofit Organizations: The foregoing Intellectual Property Ownership provisions apply to any school districts, nonprofit organizations, and their employees, agents, representatives, consultants and subcontractors. If a school district or nonprofit organization or any of its subcontractor(s) wish to obtain a license agreement to use, advertise, offer for sale, sell, distribute, publicly display, publicly perform or reproduce the Works, or make derivative works from the Works, then express written permission must first be obtained from the TEA Copyright Office.

For Education Service Centers (ESCs): The foregoing Intellectual Property Ownership provisions apply to an Education Service Center (ESC) and its employees, agents, representatives, consultants, and subcontractors. If an ESC or any of its subcontractor(s) wish to obtain a license agreement to use, advertise, offer for sale, sell, distribute, publicly display, publicly perform or reproduce the Works, or make derivative works from the Works, then express written permission must first be obtained from the TEA Copyright Office.

For Colleges and Universities: The foregoing Intellectual Property Ownership provisions apply to any colleges and universities and their employees, agents, representatives, consultants, and subcontractors; provided, that for all Works and derivative works created or conceived by colleges or universities under the Contract, they are granted a non-exclusive, nontransferable, royalty-free license to use the Works for their own academic and educational purposes only. The license for academic and educational purposes specifically excludes advertising, offering for sale, selling, distributing, publicly displaying, publicly performing, or reproducing the Works, or making derivative works from the Works that are created or conceived under this Contract and colleges and universities and their employees, agents, representatives, consultants, and subcontractors are prohibited from engaging in these uses and activities with regard to the Works unless the prior express written permission of the TEA Copyright Office is obtained.

Unfair Business Practices: Unfair Business Practices: By signing this Contract, Contractor, if other than a state agency, certifies that Contractor, within the preceding 12 months, has not been found guilty, in a judicial or state agency administrative proceeding, of unfair business practices. Contractor, if other than a state agency, also certifies that no officer of its company has, within the preceding 12 months, served as an officer in another company which has been found, in a judicial or state agency administrative proceeding, to be guilty of unfair business practices.

Contractor, whether a state agency or not a state agency, certifies that no funds provided under this Contract shall be used to purchase supplies, equipment, or services from any companies found to be guilty of unfair business practices within 12 months from the determination of guilt.

- T. Subcontracting: Contractor shall not assign or subcontract any of its rights or responsibilities under this contract, except as may be otherwise provided for in this application, without prior formal written amendment to this contract properly executed by both Agency and Contractor.
- U. Use of Consultants: Notwithstanding any other provision of this application, Applicant shall not use or pay any consultant in the conduct of this application if the services to be rendered by any such consultant can be provided by Applicant's employees.
- V. Capital Outlay: If Contractor purchases capital outlay (furniture and/or equipment) to accomplish the objective(s) of the project, title will remain with Contractor for the period of the contract. Agency reserves the right to transfer capital outlay items for contract noncompliance during the contract period or as needed after the ending date of the contract. This provision applies to any and all furniture and/or equipment regardless of unit price and how the item is classified in Contractor's accounting record.

	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	
SCHEDULE #6A – cont.	Chaudaud Anglianting Custom	
GENERAL PROVISIONS &	Standard Application System	
ASSURANCES	School Years 2010-2013	240901
	SCHOOL LEARS 2010-2015	County-District No.
	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	

- **W. Agency Property (terms):** In the event of loss, damage or destruction of any property owned by or loaned by Agency while in the custody or control of Contractor, its employees, agents, consultants or subcontractors, Contractor shall indemnify Agency and pay to Agency the full value of or the full cost of repair or replacement of such property, whichever is the greater, within 30 days of Contractor's receipt of written notice of Agency's determination of the amount due. This applies whether the property is developed or purchased by Contractor pursuant to this contract or is provided by Agency to Contractor for use in the contract project. If Contractor fails to make timely payment, Agency may obtain such money from Contractor by any means permitted by law, including but not limited to offset or counterclaim against any money otherwise due to Contractor by Agency.
- X. **Travel Costs:** Amounts authorized for maximum recovery for travel and per diem costs against any state or federal funding source are restricted to those amounts which are approved in the State of Texas Appropriations Bill in effect for the particular funding period. Any amount over this limit must come from local funding sources. Applicant must recover funds at a lesser rate if local policy amounts are less than the maximum allowed by the state. Out-of-state travel may not exceed the federal government rate for the locale. Travel allowances are not allowable costs.
- Y. Funds for Religious Worship, Instruction: No funds will be used to pay for religious worship, instruction, or proselytization, or for any equipment or supplies for such, or for any construction, remodeling, repair, operation, or maintenance of any facility or part of a facility to be used for religious worship, instruction, or proselytization (34 CFR 76.532 and P. L. 107-110, section 9505).
- **2. Disclosure of Gifts and Campaign Contributions:** The grantee shall file disclosures of gifts and campaign contributions as required by State Board of Education Operating Rule 4.3, which is incorporated as if set out in full. The grantee has a continuing obligation to make disclosures through the term of the contract. Failure to comply with State Board of Education Operating Rule 4.3 is grounds for canceling the grant.
- AA. Submission of Audit Reports to TEA: Grantees which are public school districts and open enrollment charter schools agree to submit the required annual audit report, including the reporting package required under OMB Circular A-133, if an audit is required to be conducted in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, to the TEA Division of School Financial Audits in the time and manner requested by the Agency.

Grantees which are **nonprofit organizations (other than charter schools) and universities/colleges** that expend \$500,000 or more total in federal awards in any fiscal year and are thus required to conduct a Single Audit or programspecific audit in accordance with the requirements in OMB Circular A-133, agree to submit a copy of such audit to TEA when the schedule of findings and questioned costs disclosed audit findings relating to any federal awards provided by TEA. A copy of such audit shall also be submitted to TEA if the summary schedule of prior audit findings reported the status of any audit findings relating to any federal awards provided by TEA.

A **nonprofit organization or university/college** grantee shall provide written notification to TEA that an audit was conducted in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 when the schedule of findings and questioned costs disclosed no audit findings related to any federal awards provided by TEA or when the summary schedule of prior audit findings did not report on the status of any prior audit findings related to any federal awards provided by TEA. Nonprofit organizations (other than charter schools) and universities/colleges shall submit the audit report to the TEA Division of Discretionary Grants. Audit reports must be submitted to TEA within 30 days of receipt of the report from the auditor. Failure to submit a copy of the audit to TEA could result in a reduction of funds paid to the grantee, a refund to TEA, termination of the grant, and/or ineligibility to receive additional grant awards from TEA.

- **BB. Federal Rules, Laws, and Regulations That Apply to all Federal Programs:** Contractor shall be subject to and shall abide by all federal laws, rules and regulations pertaining to the contract project, including but not limited to:
 - 1. Americans With Disabilities Act, P. L. 101-336, 42 U.S.C. sec. 12101, and the regulations effectuating its provisions contained in 28 CFR Parts 35 and 36, 29 CFR Part 1630, and 47 CFR Parts 0 and 64;
 - 2. **Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964**, as amended (prohibition of discrimination by race, color, or national origin), and the regulations effectuating its provisions contained in 34 CFR Part 100;
 - Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended (prohibition of sex discrimination in educational institutions) and the regulations effectuating its provisions contained in 34 CFR Part 106, if Contractor is an educational institution;
 - 4. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (nondiscrimination on the basis of handicapping condition), and the regulations effectuating its provisions contained in 34 CFR Part 104 and 105;

SCHEDULE #6A – cont.	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	
	Standard Application System	
GENERAL PROVISIONS & ASSURANCES		240901
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issued thereunder, including t 6. the Family Educational Rig records for students and pare including Privacy Rights of I USC 1232g);	of 1975, as amended (prohibition of discrimination the provisions contained in 34 CFR Part 110; hts and Privacy Act (FERPA) of 1975 , as amende nts while protecting the privacy of such records), and Parents and Students (34 CFR Part 99), if Contract incorporated by reference in P. L. 99-500 and P. L. 99	d (ensures access to educational d any regulations issued thereunder, tor is an educational institution (20
 of federal grant funds to in 8. Pro-Children Act of 2001, we or contracted and utilized for library services to children [P. indoor facility (or portion of service health care or day car 4303(b)(1)]. Any failure to comperson subject to such prohib determined by the Secretary 9. Fair Labor Standards Act (40 L 29 CFR Parts 1,3,5, and 7, and 10. Buy America Act: Contractor purchased under any federally produced or manufactured in cost would be unreasonable, which the agency head determined to the agency head determined to compare the first standards and the agency head determined by the agency head agency head the agency	fluence legislation pending before Congress); which states that no person shall permit smoking with the provision of routine or regular kindergarten, elen L. 107-110, Section 4303(a)]. In addition, no perso uch a facility) owned or leased or contracted and utili e or early childhood development (Head Start) service in the prohibition in this Act shall be considered ition who commits such violation may be liable to the of Education (P. L. 107-110, Section 4303(e)(1)]. 29 USC 207), Davis Bacon Act (40 USC 276(a), JSC 327 et seq .), as applicable, and their implement d 29 CFR Parts 5 and 1926, respectively. r certifies that it is in compliance with the Buy Ameri y funded supply contract exceeding \$2,500 is considered the United States. End products exempt from this re- products manufactured in the U. S. that are not of sa- nines that domestic preference would be inconsistent ion will be maintained that documents compliance with neous Provisions of the GOALS 2000: Educate Ameri nentary and Secondary Education Act, as amended; in the tart of the tart is a samended; in	hin any indoor facility owned or leased nentary, or secondary education or n shall permit smoking within any ized for the provision of regular or ces [P. L. 107-110, Section d to be a violation of this Act and any e United States for a civil penalty, as and Contract Work Hours and ting regulations in 29 CFR 500-899, ca Act in that each end product ered to have been substantially quirement are those for which the atisfactory quality, or products for t with the public interest. Contractor ith this requirement (FAR 25.12). ica Act; P.L. 103-382, Title XIV,
 1630, 34 CFR 75 or 76 as app (Cost Principles), A-133 (Audi For Education Service Cent 1630, 34 CFR 75 or 76 as app (Cost Principles), A-133 (Audi For Institutions of Higher I CFR 1630, 34 CFR 74, 77, 79 Principles), A-133 (Audits), a For Nonprofit Organization 	Acies (LEAs): 28 CFR 35 Subparts A-E, 28 CFR 36 Sublicable, 77, 79, 80, 81, 82, 85, 97, 98, 99, 104, 47 (ts), and A-102 (Uniform Administrative Requirement ters (ESCs): 28 CFR 35 Subparts A-E, 28 CFR 36 Sublicable, 77, 79, 80, 81, 82, 85, 97, 98, 99, 104, 47 (ts), and A-102 (Uniform Administrative Requirement Education (IHEs): 28 CFR 35 Subparts A-E, 28 CFR , 81, 82, 85, 86, 97, 98, 99, 104, 47 CFR 0 and 64, and A-110 (Uniform Administrative Requirements); is: 28 CFR 35 Subparts A-E, 28 CFR 36 Subparts C & B, 99, 104, 47 CFR 0 and 64, and OMB Circulars A-12	CFR 0 and 64, and OMB Circulars A-87 (s); bparts C & D, Appendix A, 29 CFR CFR 0 and 64, and OMB Circulars A-87 (s); 36 Subparts C & D, Appendix A, 29 and OMB Circulars A-21 (Cost (c), Appendix A, 29 CFR 1630, 34 CFR
	35 Subparts A-E, 28 CFR 36 Subparts C & D, Append 7 CFR 0 and 64, OMB Circulars A-87 (Cost Principles ; and	

6. For Commercial (for-profit) Organizations: 29 CFR 1630 and 48 CFR Part 31.

DD.General Education Provisions Act (GEPA), as Amended, <u>Applicable to All Federal Programs Funded or</u> <u>Administered Through or By the U. S. Department of Education</u>:

1. **Participation in Planning:** Applicant will provide reasonable opportunities for the participation by teachers, parents, and other interested parties, organizations, and individuals in the planning for and operation of each program described in this application (20 USC 1232(e)).

	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	
SCHEDULE #6A - cont.	Standard Application System	
GENERAL PROVISIONS & ASSURANCES		240901
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- Availability of Information: Any application, evaluation, periodic program plan, or report relating to each program described in this application will be made readily available to parents and other members of the general public (20 USC 1232(e)).
- 3. Sharing of Information: Contractor certifies that it has adopted effective procedures for acquiring and disseminating to teachers and administrators participating in each program described in this application significant information from educational research, demonstrations, and similar projects, and for adopting, where appropriate, promising educational practices developed through such projects (20 USC 1232(e)).
- 4. Prohibition of Funds for Busing: The applicant certifies that no federal funds (except for funds appropriated specifically for this purpose) will be used for the transportation of students or teachers (or for the purchase of equipment for such transportation) in order to overcome racial imbalance in any school or school system, or for the transportation of students or teachers (or for the purchase of equipment for such transportation of any school or school system (20 USC 1228).
- 5. Direct Financial Benefit: Contractor certifies that funds expended under any federal program will not be used to acquire equipment (including computer software) in any instance in which such acquisition results in a direct financial benefit to any organization representing the interests of the purchasing entity or its employees or any affiliate of such an organization [20 USC 1232(b)(8)].
- **EE. Payment for Services:** Payment for service(s) described in this Contract is contingent upon satisfactory completion of the service(s). Satisfaction will be determined by TEA's Project Administrator, in his sole discretion but in accordance with reasonable standards and upon advice of his superiors in TEA, if necessary.
- **FF. Family Code Applicability**: By signing this Contract, Contractor, if other than a state agency, certifies that under Section 231.006, Family Code, that Contractor is not ineligible to receive payment under this Contract and acknowledges that this Contract may be terminated and payment may be withheld if this certification is inaccurate. TEA reserves the right to terminate this Contract if Contractor is found to be ineligible to receive payment. If Contractor is found to be ineligible to receive payment. If Contractor is found to be ineligible to receive payment. If Contractor is found to be ineligible to receive payment and the Contract is terminated, Contractor is liable to TEA for attorney's fees, the costs necessary to complete the Contract, including the cost of advertising and awarding a second contract, and any other damages or relief provided by law or equity.
- **GG. Interpretation**: In the case of conflicts arising in the interpretation of wording and/or meaning of various sections, parts, Appendices, General Provisions, Special Provisions, Exhibits, and Attachments or other documents, the TEA Contract and its General Provisions, Appendices and Special Provisions shall take precedence over all other documents which are a part of this contract.
- HH. Registered Lobbyists: No state or federal funds transferred to a contractor/grantee may be used to hire a registered lobbyist.
- II. Test Administration and Security: This contract is executed by Agency subject to assurance by Contractor that it has at all times been and shall remain in full compliance with Title 19, Texas Administrative Code Chapter 101, and all requirements and procedures for maintaining test security specified in any test administration materials in the possession or control of Contractor, or any school, campus, or program operated by Contractor. Notwithstanding any other provision in this contract or any other document, this contract is void upon notice by Agency, in its sole discretion, that Contractor or any school, campus, or program operated by Contractor by Agency, in its sole discretion, that Contractor or any school, campus, or program operated by Contractor has at any time committed a material violation of Title 19, Texas Administrative Code Chapter 101, or any requirement or procedure for maintaining test security specified in any test administration materials in the possession or control of Contractor, or any school, campus, or program operated by Contractor, or any school, campus, or program operated by Contractor, or any school, campus, or program operated by Contractor, or any school, campus, or program operated by Contractor, or any school, campus, or program operated by Contractor. Expenditures and/or activities for which Contractor may claim reimbursement shall not be accrued or claimed subsequent to receipt of such notice from Agency.
- **JJ. Social Security Numbers**: Social Security numbers will not be provided by TEA as a part of this agreement. TEA is not requiring or requesting school districts or other grantees to provide Social Security numbers as a part of this agreement.
- **KK. Student-identifying Information**: Contractor agrees that in executing tasks on behalf of TEA, Contractor will not use any student-identifying information in any way that violates the provisions of FERPA and will destroy or return all student-identifying information to TEA within thirty (30) days of project completion.

	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY	
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LL. High-Risk Status, Special Conditions, and Enforcement Actions: Pursuant to the provisions in 34 CFR 80.12 and 74.14, a grantee may be identified by TEA as high-risk if the grantee has a history of unsatisfactory performance; is not financially stable; has a financial management system that does not meet federal financial management standards or the requirements in TEA's Financial Accounting and Reporting (FAR) module; has not conformed to terms and conditions of previous awards; or is otherwise not responsible. TEA may impose one or more special conditions or restrictions on a high-risk grantee, including payment on a reimbursement basis; withholding authority to proceed to the next phase until receipt of evidence of acceptable performance within a given funding period; requiring additional, more detailed financial reports; additional project monitoring; requiring the grantee to obtain technical or management assistance; establishing additional prior approvals; or other conditions that may be legally available. A grantee identified as high-risk status and special conditions.

Pursuant to the provisions in 34 CFR 80.43 and 74.62, if a grantee materially fails to comply with any term of an award, whether stated in a federal statute or regulation, an assurance, in a grant application, or elsewhere, TEA may take one or more of the following enforcement actions as appropriate in the circumstances: temporarily withhold cash payments pending correction of the deficiency or more severe enforcement action; disallow all or part of the cost of an activity or action not in compliance; wholly or partly suspend or terminate the current award; withhold further awards for the program; or take other remedies that may be legally available. If an enforcement action is imposed, the grantee will be notified in writing by TEA of the actions imposed and the process for remedying the noncompliance or removing the enforcement actions.

TEA reserves the right to not award a discretionary grant to a high-risk grantee or to a grantee that is materially noncompliant with the terms and conditions of another award.

Rev. 03/2010

The signing of Schedule #1 - General Information by applicant indicates acceptance of and compliance with all requirements described on this schedule.

SCHEDULE #6 B		
Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion—Lower Tier Covered Transactions	Standard Application System	240901
	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant	County-District No.

This certification is required by the Department of Education regulations implementing Executive Order 12549, Debarment and Suspension, 34 CFR Part 85, for all lower tier transactions meeting the threshold and tier requirements stated at Section 85.11.

Terms defined: As used in these Provisions and Assurances

- "Covered Transaction"— A transaction under Federal non-procurement programs, which can be either a primary covered transaction or a lower tier covered transaction.
- "Lower Tier Covered Transaction"— (1) Any transaction between a participant and a person other than a procurement contract for goods or services, regardless of type, under a primary covered transaction; (2) Any procurement contract for goods or services between a participant and a person, regardless of type, expected to equal or exceed the Federal procurement small purchase threshold of \$25,000; (3) Any procurement contract for goods or services between a participant and a person under a covered transaction, regardless of amount.
- "Participant"- Any person who submits a proposal for, enters into, or reasonably may be expected to enter into a covered transaction, including an agent or representative of another participant.
- "Principal"— An officer, director, owner, partner, principal investigator, or other person within a participant with
 management or supervisory responsibilities related to a covered transaction; or a consultant or other person, whether or
 not employed by the participant or paid with Federal funds, who (1) is in a position to handle Federal funds; (2) is in a
 position to influence or control the use of those funds; or (3) occupies a technical or professional position capable of
 substantially influencing the development or outcome of an activity required to perform the covered transaction.
- "Excluded Parties List System (EPLS)"— The list maintained and disseminated by the General Services Administration (GSA) containing names and other information about persons who are ineligible.
- "Debarment"— Action taken by a debarring official (Federal agency) to exclude a person (recipient) from participating in covered transactions.
- "Suspension"— An action taken that immediately prohibits a person from participating in covered transactions for a temporary period, pending completion of an agency investigation and any judicial or administrative proceedings that may ensue.
- "Ineligible" generally refers to a person who is either excluded or disqualified.
- "Person"— Any individual, corporation, partnership, association, unit of government or legal entity, however organized, except: foreign governments or foreign governmental entities, public international organizations, foreign government owned (in whole or in part) or controlled entities, and entities consisting wholly or partially of foreign governments or foreign governmental entities.
- "Proposal"—A solicited or unsolicited bid, application, request, invitation to consider or similar communication by or on behalf of a person seeking to participate or to receive a benefit, directly or indirectly, in or under a covered transaction.
- "Voluntarily Excluded"—A status of nonparticipation or limited participation in covered transactions assumed by a person pursuant to the terms of a settlement.
- 1. By signing SAS Schedule #1 and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- 2. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- 3. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to whom this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- 4. The terms "covered transaction", "debarred", "suspended", "ineligible", "lower tier covered transaction", "participant", "person", "primary covered transaction", "principal", "proposal", and "voluntarily excluded", as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- 5. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion—Lower Tier Covered Transactions

TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

Standard Application System School Years 2010-2013

Required for all federal grants regardless of the dollar amount

240901

County-District No.

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

- 6. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled *Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility, and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions*, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- 7. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may but is not required to, check the Non-procurement List.
- 8. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 9. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 5 of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

Certification

- (1) The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by signature on SAS Schedule #1 and by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals are presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
- (2) Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

ED 80-0014, 9/90 (Replaces GCS-009 (REV.12/88), which is obsolete)

68 FR 66544, 66611, 66612, 66613, 66614, November 26, 2003

As amended by the Texas Education Agency (04/02)

The signing of Schedule #1--General Information by applicant indicates acceptance of all requirements described on this schedule.

SCHEDULE #6C.

Lobbying Certification

TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

Standard Application System School Years 2010-2013

Required for all federally funded grants greater than \$100,000.

____240901___ County-District No.

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

Submission of this certification covers all federal programs in this application, is required by the U. S. Department of Education and Section 1352, Title 31, of the United States Code, and is a prerequisite for making or entering into a subgrant or subcontract over \$100,000 with any organization. (Read instructions for this schedule for further information.)

The applicant certifies by signature on Schedule #1 - General Information, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- (1) No federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the making of any federal grant, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any federal grant or cooperative agreement.
- (2) If any funds other than federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this federal grant or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities," in accordance with its instructions. (See Schedule #6D Disclosure of Lobbying Activities.)
- (3) The applicant shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all sub-awards at all tiers (including sub-grants, contracts under grants and cooperative agreements, and subcontracts) and that all sub-recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

This certification is a material representation of fact on which the U. S. Department of Education and the Texas Education Agency relied when they made or entered into this grant or contract. Any organization that fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

Dept. of Education form #ED 80-0008 As amended by the Texas Education Agency 11/89 03/90

The signing of Schedule #1--General Information by applicant indicates acceptance of all requirements described on this schedule.

SCHEDULE #6D - Disclosure of Lobbying Activities		TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY					
		Standard Application System					
		School Years 2010-2013				240901	
		Texas Title I Prior	ity C	bools Gran		unty-Distric	ct No.
Complete this form to dis disclosure form is require subgrant/subcontract ma Do not sign and submi	ed for any fed ide by the gra	g activities for lobbying eral grant/contract rece antee/contractor. (Read	servic eived in the in	es procured (n excess of \$1 structions for	pursuant to 31 U 00,000 and on a this schedule for	ny further inf	
Federal Program:			.,				
Name:							
1. Type of Federal Action		2. Status of Federal	Action	:	3. Report Type:		
B a. Contract b. Grant		b. Initial award c. Post-award		b. Mat	a. Initial filing b. Material change		
					For Material Change Only: Year: Quarter: Date of last Report:		
4. Name and Address of	Reporting Enti	ity:	5. If I	Reporting Enti	ty in No. 4 is Sub		nter Name
Subawardee Tier (if known):		Texas Education Agency 1701 N. Congress Avenue Austin, Texas 78701					
Congressional District (if known): 6. Federal Department/Agency:		Congressional District (if known): 28 7. Federal Program Name/Description:					
			CFDA Number, if applicable:				
8. Federal Action Number, if known:		9. Award Amount, if known: \$					
10. a. Name and Address of Lobbying Registrant (if individual, last name, first name, MI):			10. b. Individuals Performing Services (including address if different from No. 10a; last name, first name, MI):				
		(Attach Continuation S)	heet(s	, if necessa:			•
		[ITEMS 11-1	5 REM	OVED]			
16. Information requested through this form is authorized by Title 31 U.S.C. Section 1352. This disclosure of lobbying activities is a mater representation of fact upon which reliance was placed by the tier when this transaction was made or entered into. This disclosure i required pursuant to 31 U.S.C 1352. This information will be report to the Congress semi-annually and will be available for public inspection. Any person who fails to file the required disclosure sh subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more the function.			Signature:	Scol	scolle		
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\$100,000 for each such				Telephone# :	(956)795- 3394	Date:	5-31-2010
Federal Use Only:							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

SCHEDU	LE #6E
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Standard Application System

NCLB ACT PROVISIONS & ASSURANCES

School Years 2010-2013

County-District No. 240901

Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant

The following special provisions apply to all programs funded under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as amended by P. L. 107-110, No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act of 2001. By signing Schedule #1 of this SAS, the applicant is assuring it is in compliance with the following provisions:

- A. Each such program will be administered in accordance with all applicable statutes, regulations, program plans, and applications.
- **B.** The control of funds provided under each such program and title to property acquired with program funds will be in a public agency or in a nonprofit private agency, institution, organization, or Indian tribe, if the law authorizing the program provides for assistance to such entities.
- **C.** The public agency, nonprofit private agency, institution, or organization, or Indian tribe will administer such funds and property to the extent required by the authorizing statutes.
- **D.** The applicant will adopt and use proper methods of administering each such program, including the enforcement of any obligations imposed by law on agencies, institutions, organizations, and other recipients responsible for carrying out each program and the correction of deficiencies in program operations that are identified through audits, monitoring, or evaluation.
- **E**. The applicant will cooperate in carrying out any evaluation of each such program conducted by or for the Texas Education Agency, the Secretary of Education or other federal officials.
- F. The applicant will use such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures as will ensure proper disbursement of, and accounting for, federal funds paid to such applicant under each such program.
- **G.** The applicant will submit such reports to the Texas Education Agency (which shall make the reports available to the Governor) and the Secretary of Education, as the Texas Education Agency and the Secretary of Education may require to enable the Texas Education Agency and the Secretary of Education to perform their duties under each such program.
- H. The applicant will maintain such records, provide such information, and afford access to the records as the Agency (after consultation with the Governor) or the Secretary may find necessary to carry out the Agency's or the Secretary's duties.
- I. Before the application was submitted, the applicant afforded a reasonable opportunity for public comment on the application and has considered such comment.
- J. Gun-Free Schools Act: The local education agency assures that it is in compliance with Section 37.007(e) of the Texas Education Code, which requires expulsion of a student who brings to school or possesses at school a firearm as defined by 18 U.S.C. Section 2891 [pursuant to the requirements in P. L. 107-110, Section 4141(d)(1)]. In addition, the local educational agency certifies that it has a policy requiring referral to the criminal justice or juvenile delinquency system of any student who brings a firearm or weapon to school [P. L. 107-110, Section 4141(h)(1)].
- K. Student Records Transfer: The local educational agency shall ensure that a student's records and, if applicable, a student's individualized education program as defined in section 602(11) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, are transferred to a charter school upon the transfer of the student to the charter school, and to another public school upon the transfer of the student from a charter school to another public school, in accordance with applicable state law (P. L. 107-110, section 5208).
- L. Consolidation of Administrative Funds: A local educational agency, with the approval of TEA, may consolidate and use for the administration of one or more programs under the No Child Left Behind Act not more than the percentage, established in each program, of the total available for the local educational agency under those programs. A local educational agency that consolidates administrative funds shall not use any other funds under the programs included in the consolidation for administration for that fiscal year. Consolidated administrative funds shall be used for the administration of the programs covered and may be used for coordination of these programs with other federal and non-federal programs and for dissemination of information regarding model programs and practices.
- M. Privacy of Assessment Results: Any results from an individual assessment referred to in the No Child Left Behind Act of a student that become part of the education records of the student shall have the protections provided in section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act [P. L. 107-110, section 9523 and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) of 1975, as amended].

	TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY		
SCHEDULE #6E - cont. NCLB ACT PROVISIONS &	Standard Application System		
ASSURANCES	School Years 2010-2013	240901 County-District No.	
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- N. School Prayer: The local educational agency certifies that it is in compliance with Section 25.901 of the Texas Education Code. In addition, as a condition of receiving funds under the No Child Left Behind Act, the local educational agency certifies that no policy of the local educational agency prevents, or otherwise denies participation in, constitutionally protected prayer in public elementary schools and secondary schools, as detailed in the guidance provided by the U. S. Secretary of Education pertaining to such. The state educational agency shall report to the Secretary of Education each year a list of those local educational agencies that have not filed this assurance or against which complaints have been made to the State educational agency that the local educational agencies are not in compliance with this requirement (P. L. 107-110, section 9524(b).
- O. Equal Access to Public Schools Facilities Boy Scouts of America Equal Access Act: No public elementary school, public secondary school or local educational agency that has a designated open forum or a limited public forum and that receives funds made available from the U. S. Department of Education shall deny equal access or a fair opportunity to meet, or to discriminate against, any group officially affiliated with the Boy Scouts of America, or any other youth group listed in Title 36 of the United States Code (as a patriotic society), that wishes to conduct a meeting within that designated open forum or limited public forum, including denying such access or opportunity or discriminating for reasons based on the membership or leadership criteria or oath of allegiance to God and country of the Boy Scouts of America or of the youth group listed in Title 36 of the United States Code (as a patriotic society). For the purposes of this section, an elementary school or secondary school has a limited public forum whenever the school involved grants an offering to, or opportunity for, one or more outside youth or community groups to meet on school premises or in school facilities before or after the hours during which attendance at the school is compulsory. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require any school, agency, or a school served by an agency to sponsor any group officially affiliated with the Boy Scouts of America, or any other youth group listed in Title 36 of the United States Code (as a patriotic society). Compliance with this provision will be enforced through rules and orders issued by the Office for Civil Rights. If the public school or agency does not comply with the rules or orders, no funds made available through the Department of Education shall be provided by a school that fails to comply with such rules or orders or to any agency or school served by an agency that fails to comply with such rules or orders (P. L. 107-110, section 9525).
- P. General Prohibitions: None of the funds authorized under the No Child Left Behind Act shall be used to develop or distribute materials, or operate programs or courses of instruction directed at youth, that are designed to promote or encourage sexual activity, whether homosexual or heterosexual; to distribute or to aid in the distribution by any organization of legally obscene materials to minors on school grounds; to provide sex education or HIV-prevention education in schools that instruction is age appropriate and includes the health benefits of abstinence; or to operate a program of contraceptive distribution in schools (P. L. 107-110, section 9526).
- Q. Armed Forces Recruiter Access to Students and Student Recruiting Information: In accordance with guidance issued by the U. S. Department of Education, each local educational agency receiving assistance under the No Child Left Behind Act shall provide, on a request made by military recruiters or an institution of higher education, access to secondary school students names, address, and telephone listings, upon prior written consent of a student or the parent of a student. A secondary school student or the parent of the student may request that the student's name, address, and telephone listing not be released without prior written parental consent, and the local educational or private nonprofit school shall notify parents of the option to make a request and shall comply with any request. Each local educational agency receiving assistance under the No Child Left Behind Act shall provide military recruiters the same access to secondary school students as is provided generally to post secondary educational institutions or to prospective employers of those students (P. L. 107-110, section 9528).
- **R. Unsafe School Choice Option**: The local educational agency certifies that it shall establish and implement a policy requiring that a student attending a persistently dangerous public elementary school or secondary school, as determined by the Texas Education Agency, or who becomes a victim of a violent criminal offense, while in or on the grounds of a public elementary or secondary school that the student attends, be allowed to attend a safe public elementary or secondary school within the local educational agency, including a public charter school (P. L. 107-110, section 9532).
- S. Civil Rights: Nothing in the No Child Left Behind Act shall be construed to permit discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex (except as otherwise permitted under Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972), national origin, or disability in any program funded under the No Child Left Behind Act (P. L. 107-110, section 9534).

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T. Student Privacy, Parental Access to Information, and Administration of Certain Physical Examinations to Minors: The local educational agency assures that it is in compliance with Chapter 26 of the Texas Education Code concerning parental rights and responsibilities. In addition, the local educational agency receiving funds under the No Child Left Behind Act certifies that it shall develop and adopt policies, in consultation with parents, regarding certain rights of a parent to access and inspect information; student privacy; the administration of physical examinations or screenings (except for examinations or screenings required by state law); and the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information collected from students for the purpose of marketing or selling that information. The local educational agency also assures that it is in compliance with the requirements for annually notifying parents of such policies and specific events (P. L. 107-110, Title X, Part F, section 1061).

U. Assurances related to the education of homeless children and youths:

- (1) The LEA assures that each child of a homeless individual and each homeless youth shall have equal access to the same free, appropriate public education, including a public preschool education, as provided to other children and youth.
- (2) The LEA assures that homeless children and youth are afforded the same free, appropriate public education as provided to other children and youth.
- (3) The LEA assures that it will review and undertake steps to revise any laws, regulations, practices, or policies that may act as a barrier to the enrollment, attendance, or success in school of homeless children and youth.
- (4) The LEA assures that it will not separate students from the mainstream school environment on the basis of homelessness alone.
- (5) The LEA assures that homeless children and youth have access to the education and other services that they need to in order to meet the same challenging State student academic achievement standards to which all students are held.
- V. **Definitions**: The following terms shall be defined as follows for programs authorized and carried out under the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001:
 - 1. **Charter School:** An open enrollment charter school receiving federal funds of any type must meet the federal definition of a charter school as provided in P. L. 107-110, Section 5210(1). The term "charter school" means a school that:
 - (A) is created by a developer as a public school, or is adapted by a developer from an existing public school, and is **operated under public supervision and control**;
 - (B) operates in pursuit of a specific set of educational objectives determined by the school's developer and agreed to by the authorized public chartering agency [i.e., the State Board of Education (SBOE)];
 - (C) provides a program of elementary or secondary education, or both;
 - (D) is nonsectarian in its programs, admissions policies, employment practices, and all other operations, and is not affiliated with a sectarian school or religious instruction;
 - (E) does not charge tuition;
 - (F) complies with the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and Part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act;
 - (G) is a school to which parents choose to send their children, and that **admits students on the basis of a lottery, if more students apply for admission than can be accommodated;**
 - (H) agrees to comply with the same Federal and State audit requirements as do other elementary schools and secondary schools in the State, unless such requirements are specifically waived for the purpose of this program;
 - (I) meets all applicable Federal, State, and local health and safety requirements;
 - (J) operates in accordance with State law; and
 - (K) has a written performance contract with the authorized public chartering agency in the State (i.e., SBOE) that includes a description of how student performance will be measured pursuant to State assessments that are required of other schools and pursuant to any other assessments mutually agreeable to the SBOE.
 - Community-Based Organization: A public or private nonprofit organization of demonstrated effectiveness that is
 representative of a community or significant segment of a community and that provides educational or related services
 to individuals in the community.
 - 3. **Core Academic Subjects**: English, reading or language arts, mathematics, science, foreign languages, civics and government, economics, art, history, and geography.

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4. Highly Qualified:

- (A) when used with respect to any public elementary school or secondary school teacher teaching in a State, means that-
 - (i) the teacher has obtained full State certification as a teacher (including certification obtained through alternative routes to certification) or passed the State teacher licensing examination, and holds a license to teach in such State, except that when used with respect to any teacher teaching in a public charter school, the term means that the teacher meets the requirements set forth in the State's public charter school law; and
 - (ii) the teacher has not had certification or licensure requirements waived on an emergency, temporary, or provisional basis;
- (B) when used with respect to-
 - (i) an elementary school teacher who is new to the profession, means that the teacher-
 - (I) holds at least a bachelor's degree; and
 - (II) has demonstrated, by passing a rigorous State test, subject knowledge and teaching skills in reading, writing, mathematics, and other areas of the basic elementary school curriculum (which may consist of passing a State-required certification or licensing test or tests in reading, writing, mathematics, and other areas of the basic elementary school curriculum); or
 - (ii) a middle or secondary school teacher who is new to the profession, means that the teacher holds at least a bachelor's degree and has demonstrated a high level of competency in each of the academic subjects in which the teacher teaches by-
 - passing a rigorous State academic subject test in each of the academic subjects in which the teacher teaches (which may consist of a passing level of performance on a State-required certification or licensing test or tests in each of the academic subjects in which the teacher teaches); or
 - (II) successful completion, in each of the academic subjects in which the teacher teaches, of an academic major, a graduate degree, coursework equivalent to an undergraduate academic major, or advanced certification or credentialing; and
- (C) when used with respect to an elementary, middle, or secondary school teacher who is not new to the profession, means that the teacher holds at least a bachelor's degree and-
 - (i) has met the applicable standard in clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (B), which includes an option for a test; or
 - (ii) demonstrates competence in all the academic subjects in which the teacher teaches based on a high objective uniform State standard of evaluation that (i) a set but the State for both for both and a subject in the state standard of evaluation that a subject is set but the State for both and a subject is set but the state standard of evaluation that a subject is set but the state standard of evaluation that a subject is set but the state standard of evaluation that a subject is set but the state standard of evaluation that a subject is set but the state stat
 - (I) is set by the State for both grade appropriate academic subject matter knowledge and teaching skills;
 - (II) is aligned with challenging State academic content and student academic achievement standards and developed in consultation with core content specialists, teachers, principals, and school administrators;
 (III)
 - (III) provides objective, coherent information about the teacher's attainment of core content knowledge in the academic subjects in which a teacher teaches;
 - (IV) is applied uniformly to all teachers in the same academic subject and the same grade level throughout the State;
 - (V) takes into consideration, but not be based primarily on, the time the teacher has been teaching in the academic subject;
 - (VI) is made available to the public upon request; and
 - (VII) may involve multiple, objective measures of teacher competency.
- 5. **Parental Involvement**: The participation of parents in regular, two-way and meaningful communication involving student academic learning and other school activities, including ensuring:
 - (A) that parents play an integral role in assisting their child's learning;
 - (B) that parents are encouraged to be actively involved in their child's education at school;
 - (C) that parents are full partners in their child's education and are included, as appropriate, in decision making and on advisory committees to assist in the education of their child; and
 - (D) the carrying out of other activities, such as those described in section 1118 of P. L. 107-110.

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6. Pr	ofessional Development in	ncludes activities that:				
(A)	 (A) improve and increase teachers' knowledge of the academic subjects the teachers teach, and enable teachers to become highly qualified; 					
	 (B) are an integral part of broad schoolwide and districtwide educational improvement plans; (C) give teachers, principals, and administrators the knowledge and skills to provide the students with the opportunity to meet challenging State academic content standards and student academic achievement standards; 					
(D)	improve classroom manage					
(E)		, intensive, and classroom-focused in order to have the teacher's performance in the classroom and are				
	qualified through State and	ng, and training of highly qualified teachers, includir I local alternative routes to certification;	ng teachers who became highly			
		iding of effective instructional strategies that are:	D. Cabaasian Education Through			
	Technology of this Act); an					
(1)	skills of teachers; and	udent academic achievement or substantially increa				
(J)		ly related to State academic content standards, stud ts and the curricula and programs tied to the standa				
(K)		ve participation of teachers, principals, parents, and				
(L)	are designed to give teach knowledge and skills to pro	ers of limited English proficient children, and other t wide instruction and appropriate language and acac ropriate use of curricula an assessments;				
(M)	to the extent appropriate, and technology application	provide training for teachers and principals in the us s are effectively used in the classroom to improve to				
	as a whole, are regularly e academic achievement wit	s in which the teachers teach; valuated for their impact on increased teacher effec n the findings of the evaluations used to improve th				
		ods of teaching children with special needs;	la como da entida d			
		se of data and assessments to inform and instruct or that teachers, principals, pupil services personnel, a				
	more effectively with parer may include activities that	its; and				
	(i) involve the forming of training programs that	partnerships with institutions of higher education to provide prospective teachers and beginning teache enced teachers and college faculty;				
	Title I Part A) to obtain teachers; and	able paraprofessionals (assisting teachers employed the education necessary for those paraprofessiona	Is to become certified and licensed			
	(iii) provide follow-up training to teachers who have participated in activities described previously in this definition that are designed to ensure that the knowledge and skills learned by the teachers are implemented in the classroom.					
	ientifically Based Researc					
	and valid knowledge releva	es the application of rigorous, systematic, and obje int to education activities and programs; and	ctive procedures to obtain reliable			
(B)	 B) includes research that: (i) employs systematic, empirical methods that draw on observation or experiment; (ii) involves rigorous data analyses that are adequate to test the stated hypotheses and justify the general conclusions drawn; 					
	(iii) relies on measurement	is or observational methods that provide reliable and iple measurements and observations, and across str				

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- (iv) relies on measurements or observational methods that provide reliable and valid data across evaluators and observers, across multiple measurements and observations, and across studies by the same or different investigators;
- (v) is evaluated using experimental or quasi-experimental designs in which individuals, entities, programs, or activities are assigned to different conditions and with appropriate controls to evaluate the effects of the condition of interest, with a preference for random-assignment experiments, or other designs to the extent that those designs contain within-condition or across-condition controls;
- (vi) ensures that experimental studies are presented in sufficient detail and clarity to allow for replication or, at a minimum, offer the opportunity to build systematically on their findings; and
- (vii) has been accepted by a peer-reviewed journal or approved by a panel of independent experts through a comparably rigorous, objective, and scientific review.

8. Teacher Mentoring: Activities that-

- (A) consist of structured guidance and regular and ongoing support for teachers, especially beginning teachers, that-
 - (i) are designed to help the teachers continue to improve their practice of teaching and to develop their instructional skills; and part of an ongoing developmental induction process that-
 - (I) involves the assistance of an exemplary teacher and other appropriate individuals from a school, local educational agency, or institution of higher education; and
 - (II) may include coaching, classroom observation, team teaching, and reduced teaching loads; and
 - (III) may include the establishment of a partnership by a local educational agency with an institution of higher education.
- 9. Technology: State-of-the-art technology products and services.
- W. ESEA Performance Goals, Indicators, and Performance Reporting: The LEA assures it has adopted the five performance goals and the related performance indicators established by the U. S. Department of Education and as submitted in the *Texas Consolidated State Application for Funds Under the No Child Left Behind Act*. The LEA also assures that it will develop and implement procedures for collecting data related to the performance indicators where such data is not already collected through the Academic Excellence Indicator System (AEIS) or PEIMS and that it will report such data to the Agency in the time and manner requested.
- X. Transfer of School Disciplinary Records: The LEA assures it has a procedure in place to transfer disciplinary records, with respect to a suspension or expulsion, to any private or public elementary school or secondary school for any student who is enrolled or seeks, intends, or is instructed to enroll, on a full- or part-time basis, in the school. This requirement shall not apply to any disciplinary records with respect to a suspension or expulsion that are transferred from a private, parochial or other nonpublic school, person, institution, or other entity, that provides education below the college level (P. L. 107-110, section 4155).

Revised 03/03

The signing of Schedule #1 - General Information by applicant indicates acceptance of and compliance with all requirements described on this schedule.

SCHEDULE #6F

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- 1) The LEA must demonstrate that the LEA has analyzed the needs of each school and selected an intervention for each school.
- 2) The LEA must demonstrate that it has the capacity to use these grant funds to provide adequate resources and related support to each Tier campus identified in the LEA's application in order to implement, fully and effectively, the required activities of the school intervention model it has selected.
- If the LEA is not applying to serve each Tier I school (through a separate application for each campus), the LEA must explain why it lacks capacity to serve each Tier I school.
- 4) The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to design and implement interventions consistent with the final federal requirements, including the services the campus will receive or the activities the campus will implement.
- 5) The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to recruit, screen, and select external providers, if applicable, to ensure their quality.
- 6) The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to align other resources with the interventions.
- 7) The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to modify its practices or policies, if necessary, to enable its schools to implement the interventions fully and effectively.
- 8) The LEA must describe actions it has taken, or will take, to sustain the reforms after the funding period ends.
- 9) The LEA must include a timeline delineating the steps it will take to implement the selected intervention in each campus.
- 10) The LEA must describe the annual goals for student achievement on the State's assessments in both reading/language arts and mathematics that it has established in order to monitor its Tier I and Tier II schools that receive school improvement funds.
- 11) As appropriate, the LEA must consult with relevant stakeholders regarding the LEA's application and implementation of school improvement models on its campus.
- 12) Applicant provides assurance that financial assistance provided under the grant program will supplement, and not supplant, the amount of state and local funds allocated to the campus.
- 13) Applicant provides assurance that it will use its School Improvement Grant to implement fully and effectively an intervention in each Tier I and Tier II school that the LEA commits to serve consistent with the final federal requirements.
- 14) Applicant provides assurance that it will establish annual goals for student achievement on the State's assessments in both reading/language arts and mathematics and measure progress on the leading indicators in section III of the final federal requirements in order to monitor each Tier I and Tier II school that it serves with school improvement funds, and establish goals (approved by the TEA) to hold accountable its Tier III schools that receive grant funds.
- 15) Applicant provides assurance that it will, if it implements a restart model in a Tier I or Tier II school, include in its contract or agreement terms and provisions to hold the charter operator, charter management organization (CMO), or education management organization (EMO) accountable for complying with the final federal requirements.
- 16) Applicant provides assurance that it will report to the TEA the school-level data required under section III of the final federal requirements.
- If the LEA/campus selects to implement the <u>turnaround model</u>, the campus must implement the following federal requirements.
 - Replace the principal and grant the principal sufficient operational flexibility (including in staffing, calendars/time, and budgeting) to implement fully a comprehensive approach in order to substantially improve student achievement outcomes and increase high school graduation rates;
 - b. Using locally adopted competencies to measure the effectiveness of staff who can work within the turnaround environment to meet the needs of students;
 - 1. Screen all existing staff and rehire no more than 50 percent; and
 - 2. Select new staff.
 - c. Implement such strategies as financial incentives, increased opportunities for promotion and career growth, and more flexible work conditions that are designed to recruit, place, and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students in the turnaround school;
 - d. Provide staff ongoing, high-quality, job-embedded professional development that is aligned with the school's comprehensive instructional program and designed with school staff to ensure that they are equipped to facilitate effective teaching and learning and have the capacity to successfully implement school reform strategies;
 - e. Adopt a new governance structure, which may include, but is not limited to, requiring the school to report to a

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new "turnaround office" in the LEA or SEA, hire a "turnaround leader" who reports directly to the Superintendent or Chief Academic Officer, or enter into a multi-year contract with the LEA or SEA to obtain added flexibility in exchange for greater accountability;

- f. Use data to identify and implement an instructional program that is research-based and vertically aligned from one grade to the next as well as aligned with State academic standards;
- g. Promote the continuous use of student data (such as from formative, interim, and summative assessments) to inform and differentiate instruction in order to meet the academic needs of individual students;
- h. Establish schedules and implement strategies that provide increased learning time (as defined in this notice); and
 i. Provide appropriate social-emotional and community-oriented services and supports for students.
- If the LEA/campus selects to implement the <u>turnaround model</u>, the campus may implement the following federal requirements.
 - 1. Any of the required and permissible activities under the transformation model; or
 - 2. A new school model (e.g., themed, dual language academy).
- 19) If the LEA/campus selects to implement the school **closure model**, the campus **must** implement the following requirement.
 - a. Enroll the students who attended that school in other schools in the LEA that are higher achieving within reasonable proximity to the closed school and may include, but are not limited to, charter schools or new schools for which achievement data are not yet available.
 - b. A grant for school closure is a one-year grant without the possibility of continued funding.
- 20) If the LEA/campus selects to implement the <u>restart model</u>, the campus **must** implement the following federal requirements.
 - a. Convert or close and reopen the school under a charter school operator, a charter management organization (CMO), or an education management organization (EMO) that has been selected through a rigorous review process. A CMO is a non-profit organization that operates or manages charter schools by centralizing or sharing certain functions and resources among schools. An EMO is a for-profit or non-profit organization that provides "whole-school operation" services to an LEA.
 - b. Enroll, within the grades it serves, any former student who wishes to attend the school.
- 21) If the LEA/campus selects to implement the **transformation model**, the campus **must** implement the following federal requirements.
 - 1. Develop and increase teacher and school leader effectiveness.
 - (A) Replace the principal who led the school prior to commencement of the transformation model;
 - (B) Use rigorous, transparent, and equitable evaluation systems for teachers and principals that--
 - (1) Take into account data on student growth as a significant factor as well as other factors such as multiple observation-based assessments of performance and ongoing collections of professional practice reflective of student achievement and increased high school graduation rates; and
 - (2) Are designed and developed with teacher and principal involvement;
 - (C) Identify and reward school leaders, teachers, and other staff who, in implementing this model, have increased student achievement and high school graduation rates and identify and remove those who, after ample opportunities have been provided for them to improve their professional practice, have not done so;
 - (D) Provide staff ongoing, high-quality, job-embedded professional development (e.g., regarding subject-specific pedagogy, instruction that reflects a deeper understanding of the community served by the school, or differentiated instruction) that is aligned with the school's comprehensive instructional program and designed with school staff to ensure they are equipped to facilitate effective teaching and learning and have the capacity to successfully implement school reform strategies; and
 - (E) Implement such strategies as financial incentives, increased opportunities for promotion and career growth, and more flexible work conditions that are designed to recruit, place, and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the needs of the students in a transformation school.
 - 2. Comprehensive instructional reform strategies.
 - (A) Use data to identify and implement an instructional program that is research-based and vertically aligned from one grade to the next as well as aligned with State academic standards; and
 - (B) Promote the continuous use of student data (such as from formative, interim, and summative assessments) to inform and differentiate instruction in order to meet the academic needs of

TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY SCHEDULE #6F Standard Application System PROGRAM-SPECIFIC PROVISIONS 240901 & ASSURANCES School Year 2010-2013 County-District No. **Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant** individual students. Increasing learning time and creating community-oriented schools. Establish schedules and strategies that provide increased learning time; and (A) Provide ongoing mechanisms for family and community engagement. (B) 4. Providing operational flexibility and sustained support. Give the school sufficient operational flexibility (such as staffing, calendars/time, and (A) budgeting) to implement fully a comprehensive approach to substantially improve student achievement outcomes and increase high school graduation rates; and (B) Ensure that the school receives ongoing, intensive technical assistance and related support from the LEA, the SEA, or a designated external lead partner organization (such as a school turnaround organization or an EMO). An LEA may also implement other strategies to develop teachers' and school leaders' effectiveness, such as--22) Provide additional compensation to attract and retain staff with the skills necessary to meet the (A) needs of the students in a transformation school; (B) Institute a system for measuring changes in instructional practices resulting from professional development; or (C) Ensure that the school is not required to accept a teacher without the mutual consent of the teacher and principal, regardless of the teacher's seniority. 23) An LEA may also implement comprehensive instructional reform strategies, such as--Conduct periodic reviews to ensure that the curriculum is being implemented with fidelity, is (A) having the intended impact on student achievement, and is modified if ineffective; (B) Implement a schoolwide "response-to-intervention" model; Provide additional supports and professional development to teachers and principals in order to (C) implement effective strategies to support students with disabilities in the least restrictive environment and to ensure that limited English proficient students acquire language skills to master academic content; (D) Use and integrate technology-based supports and interventions as part of the instructional program; and (E) In secondary schools--(1) Increase rigor by offering opportunities for students to enroll in advanced coursework (such as Advanced Placement; International Baccalaureate; or science, technology, engineering, and mathematics courses, especially those that incorporate rigorous and relevant project-, inquiry-, or design-based contextual learning opportunities), earlycollege high schools, dual enrollment programs, or thematic learning academies that prepare students for college and careers, including by providing appropriate supports designed to ensure that low-achieving students can take advantage of these programs and coursework: (2) Improve student transition from middle to high school through summer transition programs or freshman academies; (3) Increase graduation rates through, for example, credit-recovery programs, reengagement strategies, smaller learning communities, competency-based instruction and performance-based assessments, and acceleration of basic reading and mathematics skills; or Establish early-warning systems to identify students who may be at risk of failing to

- (4) Establish early-warning systems to identify students who may be at risk of failing to achieve to high standards or graduate.
- 24) An LEA may also implement other strategies that extend learning time and create community-oriented schools, such as--

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		hea	tner with parents and parent organizations, faith- and Ith clinics, other State or local agencies, and others to et students' social, emotional, and health needs;	
		(B) Ext	end or restructure the school day so as to add time for t build relationships between students, faculty, and of	
		(C) Im sys	blement approaches to improve school climate and dis tem of positive behavioral supports or taking steps to assment; or	scipline, such as implementing a
			and the school program to offer full-day kindergarten	or pre-kindergarten.
25)	The LEA may also	implemer	t other strategies for providing operational flexibility a	and intensive support, such as
			w the school to be run under a new governance arrar	ngement, such as a turnaround
			sion within the LEA or SEA; or plement a per-pupil school-based budget formula that	is weighted based on student needs.
	ory Program Assu			
1)			e that financial assistance provided under the grant pr	ogram will supplement, and not
יר			e and local funds allocated to the campus.	is much fully and offertively an
2)			e that it will use its School Improvement Grant to imp nd Tier II school that the LEA commits to serve consis	
3)	Applicant provides	s assuranc	e that it will establish annual goals for student achieve	ement on the State's assessments in
			and mathematics and measure progress on the leading	
			r to monitor each Tier I and Tier II school that it serve	
		ls (approve	d by the TEA) to hold accountable its Tier III schools	that receive school improvement
4)	funds. Applicant provides	accurance	e that it will, if it implements a restart model in a Tier	Lor Tier II school include in its
7)			and provisions to hold the charter operator, charter	
			nization accountable for complying with the final fede	
	federal requirement	nts.	e that it will report to the TEA the school-level data re	
6)			e that it will participate in any evaluation of the grant ractors, or the Texas Education Agency, including its o	
FEA P	rogram Assurance	s		
	activities have Quarterly In	e been con 1plement a	on funds are made available, the grantee must demon pleted. Successful completion of the early implement ation Reports , the Model Selection and Descriptic ice. Copies of the above named reports can be found	ation will be measured in the on Report, and through participation
			ate.tx.us/index4.aspx?id=7354&menu_id=798	on the fift o website at the following
			and Description Report must be submitted to TEA no	later than February 1, 2011 . This
			itted at any time prior to the deadline. Grantees must	

- the following activities: i. Comprehensive Needs Assessment process.
 - ii. Establish the grant budget by the required categories.
 - iii. Identification and Selection of the intervention model.
 - iv. Development of activities to implement selected intervention model.
 - v. Development of Timeline of Grant Activities.
- 2) The applicant provides assurance that the LEA will designate an individual or office with primary responsibilities for supporting the LEA/campus' school improvement efforts. This individual/office will have primary responsibility and authority for ensuring the effective implementation of the grant option approved by TEA; serve as the district liaison to TEA and those providing technical assistance and/or contracted service to the LEA/campus as part of the approved grant.
- 3) The applicant provides assurance that a team from the grantee LEA/campus will attend and participate in grant orientation meetings, technical assistance meetings, other periodic meetings of grantees, the Texas School Improvement Conference, and sharing of best practices.

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		igned Model, the applicant must participate in and r FEA, SIRC, and/or its subcontractors.	nake use of technical assistance and	
5) The Kno alig can	e applicant will establish or p owledge and Skills which pro nment with instruction occu npus level; and guide instru	provide evidence of a system of formative assessme poides robust, targeted data to evaluate the effective arring on the campus; assesses progress on student ctional decisions by teachers for individual students.	eness of the LEA's curriculum and its groups' academic achievement at the .	
	e applicant will participate in prvention models.	a formative assessment of the LEA's capacity and o	commitment to carry out the grant	
		ss for onsite visits to the LEA and campus by TEA, S	IRC and its contractors.	
8) The	applicant, if selecting the I	Restart Model, agrees to contract only with CMO or E		
9) The par		providers. Furnaround Model or Transformation Model (Tiers I a ncipal or principal candidates in a formative assessm		
10) If t	he LÉA/Tier III campus sele	cts to implement the transformation model , the c	ampus assures that it will it	
	lement the following federa			
		er and school leader effectiveness. ss of the current principal and use the results of the	evaluation to determine whether the	
	principal should be repla	ced, be retained on the campus, or be provided lead	lership coaching or training.	
		ol leaders, teachers, and other staff who, in implem		
		d high school graduation rates and identify and remo provided for them to improve their professional pra-		
	C. Provide staff ongoing, hig pedagogy, instruction th differentiated instruction school staff to ensure th successfully implement s	gh-quality, job-embedded professional development at reflects a deeper understanding of the community) that is aligned with the school's comprehensive ins ey are equipped to facilitate effective teaching and le school reform strategies; and es as financial incentives, increased opportunities fo	(<u>e.g.</u> , regarding subject-specific y served by the school, or structional program and designed with earning and have the capacity to	
	more flexible work condi	tions that are designed to recruit, place, and retain s in a transformation school based on rigorous, tran	staff with the skills necessary to meet	
		ount data on student growth as a a factor as well as		
2	practice refl 2.Are designed	-based assessments of student performance and one ective of student achievement and increased high so and developed and with teacher and principal involve	chool graduation rates; and	
		implement an instructional program that is research		
В	. Promote the continuous	well as aligned with State academic standards; and use of student data (such as from formative, interim instruction in order to meet the academic needs of in	n, and summative assessments) to	
	ncreasing learning time and	creating community-oriented schools.		
		strategies that provide increased learning time; and is for family and community engagement.		
	viding operational flexibility			
 A. Give the school sufficient operational flexibility (such as staffing, calendars/time, and budgeting) to implement fully a comprehensive approach to substantially improve student achievement outcomes and increase high school graduation rates; and 				
	Ensure that the school re SEA, or a designated ext LEA may also implement ot	eceives ongoing, intensive technical assistance and r cernal lead partner organization (such as a school tur ther strategies to develop teachers' and school leade pensation to attract and retain staff with the skills n pation school:	rnaround organization or an EMO). ers' effectiveness, such as	
	B. Institute a system forC. Ensure that the school	measuring changes in instructional practices resultin is not required to accept a teacher without the muti the teacher's seniority.		

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12) An LEA may also implement or	Texas Title I Priority Schools Grant omprehensive instructional reform strategies, such a	96
 A. Conduct periodic revie intended impact on si B. Implement a school wi C. Provide additional sup effective strategies to limited English profici D. Use and integrate tech E. In secondary schools	ws to ensure that the curriculum is being implemen- tudent achievement, and is modified if ineffective; ide "response-to-intervention" model; ports and professional development to teachers and o support students with disabilities in the least restri- ent students acquire language skills to master acad nology-based supports and interventions as part of ffering opportunities for students to enroll in advance tional Baccalaureate; or science, technology, engine at incorporate rigorous and relevant project-, inquiry ies), early-college high schools, dual enrollment pro- pare students for college and careers, including by p that low-achieving students can take advantage of ansition from middle to high school through summe in rates through, for example, credit-recovery progra- mmunities, competency-based instruction and perfor c reading and mathematics skills; or ning systems to identify students who may be at rise	ted with fidelity, is having the principals in order to implement ctive environment and to ensure that emic content; the instructional program; and red coursework (such as advanced eering, and mathematics courses, /-, or design-based contextual grams, or thematic learning providing appropriate supports these programs and coursework; r transition programs or freshman ams, re-engagement strategies, irmance-based assessments, and
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	her strategies that extend learning time and create	community-oriented schools, such
	l parent organizations, faith- and community-based and others to create safe school environments that	
relationships between st	e school day so as to add time for such strategies as udents, faculty, and other school staff;	
behavioral supports or ta	o improve school climate and discipline, such as impaking steps to eliminate bullying and student harass	ment; or
	am to offer full-day kindergarten or pre-kindergarte ther strategies for providing operational flexibility a	
A. Allow the school to be run SEA; or	under a new governance arrangement, such as a t	urnaround division within the LEA or
	nool-based budget formula that is weighted based o	
	hat data to meet the following federal requirements	will be available and reported as
requested. a. Number of minutes wit	thin the school year	
 Average scale scores of students" group, for each 	on State assessments in reading/language arts and in achievement quartile, and for each subgroup.	
or dual enrollment clas d. College enrollment rat		 AP/IB), early-college high schools,
e. Teacher Attendance Ra f. Student Completion Ra		
g. Student Drop-Out Rate		
h. Locally developed com	petencies created to identify teacher strengths/wea	knesses
 Types of support ofference Types of on-going, job 	ed to teachers -embedded professional development for teachers	
k. Types of on-going, job	-embedded professional development for administra parent/community involvement	ators

m. Strategies which increase student learning time

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By submitting the application for American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) funds (P.L. 111-5), the applicant agrees to comply with the following provisions and assurances for all programs authorized in Division A of the ARRA, Title I School Improvement Grant (SIG). The applicant understands that failure to comply with one or more of these provisions and assurances may result in the Texas Education Agency (TEA) taking one or more enforcement actions authorized in Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) §§ 74.62 and 80.43.

In addition to the standard terms of award, all funding provided under the Recovery Act will be subject to the provisions, assurances and conditions for American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA or Recovery Act).

Terms defined:

RECIPIENT – The term "recipient" means a State and includes the Texas Education Agency (TEA). It also includes any entity that applies for and receives a grant directly from the federal government.

RECOVERY FUNDS —The term "recovery funds" means any funds that are made available from appropriations made under the Recovery Act.

RECOVERY ACT - the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 (P.L. 111-5)

STIMULUS FUNDS – The term "stimulus funds" means any funds that are made available from appropriations under the Recovery Act; the term may be used interchangeably with "recovery funds."

GRANTEE – the su-recipient of TEA and applicant of funds.

A. One-Time Funding: Unless otherwise specified, ARRA funding is considered one-time funding that is expected to be temporary. Grantees should expend funds in ways that do not result in unsustainable continuing commitments after the funding expires. Grantees must move rapidly, while using prudent grant management practices, to develop plans for using funds, consistent with the ARRA's reporting and accountability requirements, and promptly begin spending funds to help drive the nation's economic recovery. All ARRA funds must be separately accounted for and tracked in their obligation, expenditure, and reporting.

B. Period of Availability and Encumbrances/Obligations: Unless otherwise specified in the Notice of Grant Award (NOGA), all funds are effective from the beginning date specified on the Notice of Grant Award (NOGA) through June 30, 2013. Carryover of funds will not be available beyond that date. Unobligated/unexpended funds will be returned to the Department of Treasury. The paragraph in the General Provisions pertaining to Encumbrances and Obligations applies as follows:

All encumbrances shall occur on or between the beginning and ending dates of the contract. All goods must be received and services rendered and subsequently liquidated (recorded as an expenditure or accounts payable) within the contract dates. In no manner shall encumbrances be considered or reflected as accounts payable or as expenditures. Obligations that are liquidated and recognized as expenditures must meet the allowable cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, A-21, or A-122 (as applicable) and program rules, regulations, and guidelines contained elsewhere. When an obligation is made is defined in 34 CFR 76.707.

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C. Compliance with Other Provisions and Assurances: All provisions and assurances stated in the General Provisions, Certification Regarding Debarment and Suspension, Lobbying Certification and Disclosure of Lobbying, No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB) Special Provisions and Assurances, and all other program-specific provisions and assurances apply unless they conflict or are superseded by the following terms and conditions implementing the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) requirements below. This includes compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972; the Age Discrimination Act of 1975; and all other nondiscrimination provisions. It also includes Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (prohibiting race, color, national origin, religion, and sex discrimination in employment; the Americans with Disabilities Act (prohibiting disability discrimination in employment and in services provided by entities receiving federal funds); as well as any other applicable civil rights laws. By submitting this application, the applicant agrees to comply with all such provisions and assurances.

D. Compliance with Other Program Statutes: The applicant agrees to comply with the authorizing program statutes, regulations, non-regulatory guidelines, and other guidance in the implementation of the programs receiving funding under ARRA. This includes compliance with comparability; supplement, not supplant; maintenance of effort (MOE); equitable participation for private nonprofit school students and teachers; and all other program-specific provisions and requirements. All such are hereby incorporated by reference.

E. DUNS Number: All entities receiving any federal funds, including ARRA funds, are required to have a DUNS (Dunn & Bradstreet) number. The DUNS number serves as the grantee organization's unique identifier for reporting federal funds received and expended. TEA must use this same DUNS number to report grant awards and expenditures for subrecipients under ARRA to the website specifically provided for in ARRA - http://www.FederalReporting.gov/. The assignment of a DUNS number is a condition of award of ARRA funds and must be validated by TEA prior to issuing a NOGA for ARRA funds. (Section 1512[c][4] of ARRA and the federal Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to comply with the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act [FFATA], P.L. 109-282. OMB adopted the DUNS number as the "unique identifier" required for reporting under FFATA).

F. Central Contractor Registration (CCR): All grantees receiving ARRA funds, as well as any other federal funds, are required to register and maintain current registration with the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database at http://www.ccr.gov. Registration in CCR is a condition of award of ARRA funds and must be validated by TEA prior to issuing a NOGA for ARRA funds.

G. ARRA Reporting Requirements: The federal Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has issued guidance related to reporting the use of ARRA funds to the various websites. The definition of terms and data elements, as well as any specific instructions for reporting, including required formats, are provided in separate guidance issued by the TEA.

The Texas Education Agency as a direct recipient of funds is required to report certain information at certain intervals throughout the grant period as required in Section 1512 of ARRA. In order to meet the reporting requirements, grantees will be required to provide certain information to TEA. By submitting this application, the grantee agrees to provide information in the form, time, and manner requested so that TEA can meet its reporting requirements and deadlines.

1. Separate Tracking and Monitoring of ARRA Funds: ARRA funds must be separately tracked and monitored independently of any non-Recovery Act funding. Grantees must submit certain information to TEA in order for TEA to comply with quarterly reporting requirements established in Section 1512 of the Recovery Act. Recovery Act-related reporting requirements are incorporated as a special condition of this award.

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- 3. Quarterly Reporting for ARRA: Not later than 10 calendar days after the end of each calendar quarter, TEA and any other direct recipient of ARRA funds must report to the U.S. Department of Education with regard to recovery funds received in accordance with number 4 below (Section 1512[c]). (A "direct recipient" is a state agency or any entity that applies for and receives funds directly from a federal government agency.) TEA must obtain certain information from grantees in order to comply with this reporting requirement. By submitting this application, the grantee agrees to submit information to TEA in the time, form, and manner requested.
- 4. Data Elements for Quarterly Reporting for ARRA: In accordance with Section 1512(c) of ARRA and the <u>Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-282)</u>, TEA is required to provide quarterly reports to the U.S. Department of Education or through a central government-wide portal (<u>http://www.FederalReporting.gov</u>). The information adopted by OMB contains the following data elements: submitting this application, the grantee agrees to submit the information to TEA in the time, form, and manner requested. The information may change pending final adoption by OMB.

For each grant that equals or exceeds \$25,000 in total grant award amount:

- a. The grantee organization's DUNS number (TEA will need to collect this information from grantees)
- b. The grant award number (i.e., NOGA ID number) assigned by TEA (TEA will have this information on file)
- c. The legal name of the grantee organization (as registered in the Central Contractor Registration (CCR), if registered) (TEA will have this information on file provided it is the same legal name on file with TEA)
- d. The physical location (street address) (as listed in the CCR, if registered) (TEA will have this information on file provided it is the same street address on file with TEA)
- e. The (federal) Congressional district number
- f. The grantee organization type (i.e., independent school district, nonprofit organization, etc) (TEA will have this information on file)
- g. The total amount of the grant award (TEA will have this information on file)
- h. The total amount paid to the grantee as of date of report (TEA will have this information on file)
- i. The physical location (street address) of the primary place of performance of the grant (TEA will have this information on file provided it is the same address on file with TEA.)
- j. An evaluation (i.e., status report) of the completion status of the project or activity (for example, Not Started; Less than 50% Completed; Completed 50% or More; Fully Completed) (It is not clear at this time whether this information will need to be collected from the grantees. TEA will notify the grantee in the event status information needs to be collected.)
- k. An estimate of the number of jobs created and the number of jobs retained by the project or activity and a brief description of the types of those jobs (i.e., job titles) (TEA will need to collect this information from grantees.)
- The names and total compensation of the five most highly compensated officers of the grantee organization if the organization in its preceding year received 80% or more of its annual gross revenues in Federal awards and \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal awards and the public does not have access to information about the compensation of senior executives. (It is not known at this time whether this data element will be required once the data elements are finalized by OMB. If it is required in the final data elements, TEA will need to collect this information from the grantees.)

For grants that equal less than \$25,000 in total grant award amount or for grantees that in the previous tax year had gross income under \$300,000, amounts will be reported in the aggregate according to the following:

- a. The total number of grants awarded less than \$25,000 (TEA will have this information file)
- b. The total award (aggregate) amount for all grants less than \$25,000 (TEA will have this information on file)
- c. The total (aggregate) amount paid to grantees for all grants less than \$25,000 as of date of report (TEA will have this information on file)

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5. **Posting the Information on Public Website**: Not later than 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter, each federal agency, including the U.S. Department of Education, shall make the information in those reports publicly available by posting the information on the designated public website (Section 1512[d]). Grantees will not be required to post information on the public website unless they apply for and receive other ARRA grants directly from a federal government agency.

Once OMB adopts the final data reporting elements and TEA receives specific instructions for reporting, TEA will provide subsequent guidance to grantees related to required reporting information.

H. Electronic Drawdown of ARRA Funds from TEA and Use of FAR Fund Codes: Recipients will draw down ARRA funds on an award-specific basis. **Pooling of ARRA award funds with other funds for drawdown or other purposes is not permitted.** Recipients must account for each ARRA award separately by referencing the assigned FAR (Financial Accounting and Resource) fund code for each award.

I. Availability of Records: The applicant agrees to make all financial and programmatic records available in detail for inspection by TEA auditors, local independent auditors, and the offices described below.

- 1. **Examination of Records:** The Comptroller General of the United States and any of its employees, contractors, agents, representatives, or designees, may examine any records related to obligations and use by any state or local government of funds made available under ARRA. (Section 901[b]).
- 2. Access of Government Accountability Office (GAO): Each contract and each subcontract awarded using funds made available under ARRA shall provide that the Comptroller General of the United States and his representatives are authorized to examine any records of the contractor or any of its subcontractors, or any State or local agency administering such contract, that directly pertain to, and involve transactions relating to, the contract or subcontract and to interview any officer or employee of the contractor or any of its subcontractors, or of any State or local government agency administering the contract, regarding such transactions (Section 902).
- 3. Reviews by Inspector General: The inspector general of the U.S. Department of Education shall review, as appropriate, any concerns raised by the public about specific investments using funds made available in this Act. Any findings of such reviews shall be relayed immediately to the Secretary of Education. In addition, the findings of such reviews, along with any audits conducted by any inspector general of ARRA funds, shall be posted on the inspector general's website and linked to the recovery.gov website, except that portions of reports may be redacted to the extent the portions would disclose information that is protected from public disclosure under sections 552 and 552a of Title 5, United States Code (Section 1514).
- 4. Access of Offices of Inspector General to Certain Records and Employees: With respect to each contract or grant awarded using ARRA funds, any representative of an Inspector General of the U.S. Department of Education or other appropriate federal agency is authorized to examine any records of the contractor or grantee, any of its subcontractors or sub-grantees, or any State or local agency administering such contract, that pertain to, and involve transactions relating to, the contract, subcontract, grant, or sub-grant, and to interview any officer or employee of the contractor, grantee, sub-grantee, or agency regarding such transactions (Section 1515).
- 5. Recovery Accountability and Transparency Board: Section 1521 of the ARRA establishes the Recovery Accountability and Transparency Board to coordinate and conduct oversight of ARRA funds to prevent fraud, waste, and abuse. The Board shall submit "flash reports" on potential management and funding problems that require immediate attention; quarterly reports; and annual reports to the President and Congress, including the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives, summarizing the findings on the use of ARRA funds. The Board may conduct its own independent audits and reviews of ARRA funds. All reports shall be made publicly available on the <u>www.recovery.gov</u> website established by the Board. See paragraphs J and K below with regard to reports of suspected fraud or abuse (Sections 1523 and 1524).

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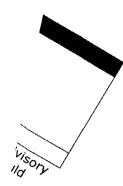
6. **Recovery Independent Advisory Panel**: Section 1541 of the ARRA establishes the Recovery Independent Ad Panel to make recommendations to the Recovery Accountability and Transparency Board on action the Board countake to prevent fraud, waste, and abuse relating to ARRA funds.

J. Disclosure of Fraud or Misconduct: Each grantee awarded funds made available under the ARRA shall promptly refer to the USDE Office of Inspector General any credible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, contractor, sub-recipient, subcontractor, or other person has submitted a false claim under the False Claims Act or has committed a criminal or civil violation of laws pertaining to fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, gratuity, or similar misconduct involving those funds.

K. Protection for Whistleblowers: Section 1553 of the ARRA provides protection for State and local government and contractor whistleblowers. Any employee of any employer receiving ARRA funds may not be discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for disclosing, including a disclosure made in the ordinary course of an employee's duties, to the Recovery Accountability and Transparency Board, an inspector general, the U. S. Comptroller General, a member of Congress, a State or federal regulatory or law enforcement agency, a person with supervisory authority over the employee (or such other person working for the employer who has the authority to investigate, discover, or terminate misconduct), a court or grand jury, the head of a federal agency, or their representatives, information that the employee reasonably believes is evidence of (1) gross mismanagement of an agency contract or grant relating to ARRA funds; (2) a gross waste of ARRA funds; (3) a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety related to the implementation or use of ARRA funds; (4) an abuse of authority related to the implementation or use of ARRA funds; (4) an abuse of authority related to the implementation or safety related to a contract), or grant, awarded or issued relating to ARRA funds. A person who believes that he or she has been subjected to a reprisal may submit a complaint regarding the reprisal to the inspector general for the appropriate federal agency (in most cases, the U.S. Department of Education).

L. Use of Funds: The grantee agrees to comply with the applicable federal cost principles in the obligation and expenditure of ARRA funds as identified in the General Provisions and Assurances as well as other limitations or restrictions and expenditures identified therein. The grantee also agrees to the following:

- Consolidation of ARRA Administrative Funds: Due to the significant reporting requirements under ARRA, it is not known at this time whether grantees may consolidate ARRA administrative funds with other NCLB consolidated administrative funds. TEA will issue further guidance with regard to this provision once guidance is provided by the U.S. Department of Education. If ARRA funds are permitted to be consolidated with other NCLB consolidated administrative funds, grantees must still be able to report the types and number of jobs that were created or saved with ARRA funds.
- Combining ARRA funds on a Schoolwide Program. ARRA funds are permitted to be used on a Title I Part A schoolwide Campus/Program, funds may be combined with other funding sources, but grantees still must be able to identify precisely the items of obligation and expenditure for ARRA reporting. You must also be able to report the types and number of jobs that were created or saved with ARRA funds.
- 3. Special Contracting Provisions: To the maximum extent possible, contracts funded under the ARRA shall be awarded as fixed-price contracts through the use of competitive procedures. A summary of any new contract awarded with ARRA funds that is not fixed-price and not awarded using competitive procedures shall be posted in a special section of the <u>www.recovery.gov</u> website established by the Recovery Accountability and Transparency Board (Section 1554).



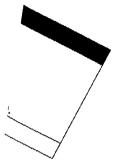
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- 4. **Use of Funds for Certain Expenditures Prohibited:** ARRA funds shall not be used for any casino or other gambling establishment, aquarium, zoo, golf course, or swimming pool (Section 1604).
- 5. **Use of Funds for Construction Prohibited:** Unless specifically authorized in the applicable program statute, regulations, guidelines, Request for Application (RFA), TEA Standard Application System (SAS), the approved grapplication, or other written authorization, none of the ARRA additional formula funds shall be used for construction, remodeling, or renovation.
- 6. **Buy American Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods:** If construction is allowed and approved pursuant to the previous paragraph pertaining to "Use of Funds for Construction Prohibited", none of the funds may be used for the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of a public building or public work unless all of the iron, steel, and manufactured goods used in the project are produced in the United States unless waived by the Secretary of Education (Section 1605).
- 7. Wage Rate Requirements for Contracted Laborers and Mechanics- Compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act: Subject to further clarification issued by the Office of Management and Budget, and notwithstanding any other provision of law and in a manner consistent with other provisions of ARRA, all laborers and mechanics employed by contractors and subcontractors on projects funded directly by or assisted in whole or in part by and through the Federal Government pursuant to this award shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a character similar in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code. With respect to the labor standards specified in this section, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United States Code (Section 1606).

M. Compliance with OMB Circular A-133 Audits and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

Grantees agree to separately identify the expenditures for each grant award funded under ARRA as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations" and to comply with all other provisions of the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133.

The signing of Schedule #1 - General Information by applicant indicates acceptance of and compliance with all requirements described on this schedule



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