

Technology Applications Vertical Alignment

For courses found in 19 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 126

Standards Organized by Substrand

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Introduction

In 2022, the State Board of Education (SBOE) the revised standards for technology applications. The revised standards are scheduled to be implemented beginning with the 2024-2025 school year and are written for each grade level (K, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8).

The revised standards for technology applications adopted in 2022 may be found in <u>Chapter 126 of the 19 Texas</u> <u>Administrative Code (TAC)</u>.

The revised standards for technology applications included many significant updates, including the following:

- Standards organized into strands and substrands.
- Concepts of communications and collaboration are integrated throughout the TEKS.
- Standards are written to connect with everyday life and real world experiences.
- Broad descriptions of terms are used to allow for emerging technology.

This version of the technology applications vertical alignment is organized by substrands. The organizing substrands for the revised technology applications standards include the following:

- Computational thinking
 - Foundations
 - Applications
- Creativity and innovation
 - Innovative design process
 - Emerging technologies

- Data literacy, management, and representation
 - Collect data
 - Organize, manage, and analyze data
 - Communicate and publish results

- Digital citizenship
 - Social interactions
 - Ethics and laws;
 - Privacy safety and security;
- Practical technology concepts
 - Processes
 - Skills and tools

Description of the Organizing Strands

The technology applications Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) consist of five strands that prepare students to be literate in technology applications by Grade 8: computational thinking; creativity and innovation; data literacy, management, and representation; digital citizenship; and practical technology concepts. Communication and collaboration skills are embedded across the strands.

- A. **Computational thinking**. Students break down the problem-solving process into four steps that include decomposition, pattern recognition, abstraction, and algorithms.
 - The computational thinking strand includes the foundations and applications substrands.
- B. **Creativity and innovation**. Students use innovative design processes to develop solutions to problems. Students will plan a solution, create the solution, test the solution, iterate, and debug the solution as needed, and implement a completely new and innovative product.
 - The creativity and innovation strand includes the innovative design process and emerging technologies substrands.
- C. **Data literacy, management, and representation**. Students collect, organize, manage, analyze, and publish various types of data for an audience.
 - The data literacy, management, and representation strand includes the collect data, organize, manage, and analyze data, and communicate and publish results substrands.

E. **Digital citizenship**. Students practice ethical and effective application of technology and develop an understanding of cybersecurity and the impact of a digital footprint to become safe, productive, and respectful digital citizens.

The digital citizenship strand includes the social interaction, ethics and laws, and privacy safety and security substrands.

F. **Practical technology concepts**. Students build their knowledge of software applications and hardware focusing on keyboarding and use of the applications and tools. (Grades 3-8 only) Students also build their knowledge and use of technology systems including integrating the use of multiple applications.

The practical technology concepts strand includes the processes and skills and tools substrands.

Computational Thinking: Foundations Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(1) Computational thinking-foundations. The student explores the core concepts of computational thinking, a set of problem-solving processes that involve decomposition, pattern recognition, abstraction, and algorithms. The student is	(1) Computational thinking-foundations. The student explores the core concepts of computational thinking, a set of problem-solving processes that involve decomposition, pattern recognition, abstraction, and algorithms. The student is	(1) Computational thinking foundations. The student explores the core concepts of computational thinking, a set of problem-solving processes that involve decomposition, pattern recognition, abstraction, and algorithms. The student is	(1) Computational thinking foundations. The student explores the core concepts of computational thinking, a set of problem-solving processes that involve decomposition, pattern recognition, abstraction, and algorithms. The student is	(1) Computational thinking foundations. The student explores the core concepts of computational thinking, a set of problem-solving processes that involve decomposition, pattern recognition, abstraction, and algorithms. The student is	(1) Computational thinking foundations. The student explores the core concepts of computational thinking, a set of problem-solving processes that involve decomposition, pattern recognition, abstraction, and algorithms. The student is	(1) Computational thinking-foundations. The student explores the core concepts of computational thinking, a set of problem-solving processes that involve decomposition, pattern recognition, abstraction, and algorithms. The student is	(1) Computational thinking-foundations. The student explores the core concepts of computational thinking, a set of problem-solving processes that involve decomposition, pattern recognition, abstraction, and algorithms. The student is	(1) Computational thinking foundations. The student explores the core concepts of computational thinking, a set of problem-solving processes that involve decomposition, pattern recognition, abstraction, and algorithms. The student is
expected to:								
(A) identify a problem or task such as making a sandwich and break it down (decompose) into smaller pieces;	(A) identify and discuss a problem or task and break down (decompose) the solution into sequential steps;	(A) identify and communicate a problem or task and break down (decompose) multiple solutions into sequential steps;	(A) decompose story problems into smaller, manageable subproblems and identify a solution to the problems;	(A) decompose story problems into smaller, manageable subproblems and discuss and document various solutions to the problems;	(A) decompose a real-world problem into smaller, manageable subproblems using graphic organizers such as learning maps, concept maps, or other representations of data;	(A) decompose real-world problems into structured parts by using visual representation;	(A) decompose real-world problems into structured parts using flowcharts;	(A) decompose real-world problems into structured parts using pseudocode;

Computational Thinking: Foundations Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(B) identify simple patterns and make predictions based on the patterns; and	(B) identify the simple patterns found in the solutions to everyday problems or tasks; and	(B) identify complex patterns and make predictions based on the pattern;	(B) identify simple and complex patterns in story problems;	(B) identify patterns in story problems and make predictions based on the pattern;	(B) identify patterns in real- world problems and make predictions based on the pattern;	(B) analyze the patterns and sequences found in visual representations such as learning maps, concept maps, or other representations of data;	(B) analyze the patterns and sequences found in flowcharts;	(B) analyze the patterns and sequences found in pseudocode and identify its variables;
						(C) define abstraction and distinguish between generalized information and specific information in the context of solving a problem or completing a task;	(C) identify abstraction and analyze how an algorithm the student created can be generalized to solve additional problems;	(C) practice abstraction by developing a generalized algorithm that can solve different types of problems;
		(C) analyze a plan with adult assistance that outlines the steps needed to complete a task; and	(C) develop a plan collaboratively and document a plan that outlines specific steps taken to complete a project; and	(C) communicate design plans and solutions using a variety of options; and	(C) design and create an outline collaboratively that documents a problem, possible solutions, and an expected timeline for the development of a coded solution; and	(D) design a plan collaboratively using visual representation to document a problem, possible solutions, and an expected timeline for the development of a coded solution;	(D) design a plan collaboratively using flowcharts to document a problem, possible solutions, and an expected timeline for the development of a coded solution;	(D) design a plan collaboratively using pseudocode to document a problem, possible solutions, and an expected timeline for the development of a coded solution;

Technology Applications K-8 Vertical Alignment Computational Thinking: Foundations Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(C) identify algorithms (step-by-step instructions) using a sequential process such as first, next, then, and last.	(C) create a simple algorithm (step-by-step instructions) for an everyday task.	(D) create and troubleshoot simple algorithms (step-by-step instructions) that include conditionals such as if-then statements as they apply to an everyday task.	(D) debug simple algorithms (set of procedures) by identifying and removing errors.	(D) debug algorithms (set of procedures) by identifying and removing errors.	(D) compare multiple algorithms for the same task and determine which algorithm is the most appropriate for that task.	(E) analyze different techniques used in debugging and apply them to an algorithm; and	(E) analyze different techniques used in debugging and apply them to an algorithm; and	(E) develop, compare, and improve algorithms for a specific task to solve a problem; and
						(F) analyze the benefits of using iteration (code and sequence repetition) in algorithms.	(F) analyze the benefits of using iteration (code and sequence repetition) in algorithms.	(F) analyze the benefits of using iteration (code and sequence repetition) in algorithms.

Computational Thinking: Applications Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(2) Computational thinking applications. The student, with guidance from an educator, applies the fundamentals of computer science. The student is expected to	(2) Computational thinking applications. The student, with guidance from an educator, applies the fundamentals of computer science. The student is expected to	(2) Computational thinking applications. The student, with guidance from an educator, applies the fundamentals of computer science. The student is expected to:	(2) Computational thinking applications. The student applies the fundamentals of computer science. The student is expected to:	(2) Computational thinking applications. The student applies the fundamentals of computer science. The student is expected to:	(2) Computational thinking applications. The student applies the fundamentals of computer science. The student is expected to:	(2) Computational thinking applications. The student applies the fundamentals of computer science. The student is expected to:	(2) Computational thinking applications. The student applies the fundamentals of computer science. The student is expected to:	(2) Computational thinking applications. The student applies the fundamentals of computer science. The student is expected to:
·	·	(A) identify and explore what a variable is in a sequence of code; and	(A) use variables within a program to store data; and	(A) use variables within a program to modify data; and	(A) use variables within a program to store and modify data;	(A) define and label variables that relate to their programming or algorithm; and	(A) manipulate and rename variables and describe different data types; and	(A) construct named variables with multiple data types and perform operations on their values;
(2) create a sequence of code with or without technology such as solving a maze using drag-and-drop programming or creating step-by-step directions for student movement to a specific location.	(2) create a sequence of code that solves a simple problem with or without technology.	(B) use a design process to create a sequence of code that includes loops to solve a simple problem with or without technology.	(B) use a design process to create programs that include sequences, loops, and conditionals to express ideas or address a problem.	(B) use a design process to create programs that include sequences, loops, and conditionals to express ideas or address a problem.	(B) use a design process to create block-based programs that include sequences, loops, conditionals, and events to solve an everyday problem; and	(B) use a design process to create block-based and text-based programs that include sequences, loops, conditionals, and events to solve an everyday problem.	(B) use a software design process to create text-based programs with nested loops that address different subproblems within a real-world context.	(B) use a software design process to create text-based programs with nested loops that address different subproblems within a real-world context; and

Computational Thinking: Applications Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
					(C) analyze a			(C) modify and
					code and how			implement
					the code may			previously
					be reused to			written code to
					develop new or			develop
					improved			improved
					programs.			programs.

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(3) Creativity and innovation-innovative design process. The student takes an active role in learning by using a design process to solve authentic problems for a local or global audience, using a variety of technologies. The student is expected to:	(3) Creativity and innovation-innovative design process. The student takes an active role in learning by using a design process to solve authentic problems for a local or global audience, using a variety of technologies. The student is expected to:	(3) Creativity and innovation-innovative design process. The student takes an active role in learning by using a design process to solve authentic problems for a local or global audience, using a variety of technologies. The student is expected to:	(3) Creativity and innovation-innovative design process. The student takes an active role in learning by using a design process to solve authentic problems for a local or global audience, using a variety of technologies. The student is expected to:	(3) Creativity and innovation-innovative design process. The student takes an active role in learning by using a design process to solve authentic problems for a local or global audience, using a variety of technologies. The student is expected to:	(3) Creativity and innovation-innovative design process. The student takes an active role in learning by using a design process to solve authentic problems for a local or global audience, using a variety of technologies. The student is expected to:	(3) Creativity and innovation-innovative design process. The student takes an active role in learning by using a design process and creative thinking to develop and evaluate solutions, considering a variety of local and global perspectives. The student is expected to:	(3) Creativity and innovation-innovative design process. The student takes an active role in learning by using a design process and creative thinking to develop and evaluate solutions, considering a variety of local and global perspectives. The student is expected to:	(3) Creativity and innovation-innovative design process. The student takes an active role in learning by using a design process and creative thinking to develop and evaluate solutions, considering a variety of local and global perspectives. The student is expected to:

Creativity and Innovation: Innovative Design Process Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(A) practice personal skills, including following directions, needed to successfully implement design processes; and	(A) practice personal skills and behaviors, including following directions and mental agility, needed to implement a design process successfully; and	(A) demonstrate personal skills and behaviors, including effective communication, following directions, and mental agility, needed to implement a design process successfully; and	(A) explain the importance of and demonstrate personal skills and behaviors, including metacognition, effective communication, following directions, and mental agility, needed to implement the design process successfully; and	(A) explain the importance of and demonstrate personal skills and behaviors, including problem solving and questioning, effective communication, following directions, mental agility, and metacognition, that are needed to implement a design process successfully; and	(A) explain the importance of and demonstrate personal skills and behaviors, including persistence, effective communication, following directions, mental agility, metacognition, problem solving and questioning, that are needed to implement a design process successfully; and	(A) resolve challenges in design processes independently using goal setting and personal character traits such as demonstrating courage and confidence;	(A) resolve challenges in design processes independently using goal setting and personal character traits such as demonstrating responsibility and advocating for self appropriately;	(A) demonstrate innovation in a design process using goal setting and personal character traits, including demonstrating calculated risktaking and tolerance;
(B) use a design process with components such as asking questions, brainstorming, or storyboarding to identify and solve authentic problems with adult assistance.	(B) use a design process with components such as asking questions, brainstorming, or storyboarding to identify and solve authentic problems with adult assistance.	(B) apply a design process with components such as testing and reflecting to create new and useful solutions to identify and solve for authentic problems.	(B) apply an appropriate design process using components such as peer and teacher feedback to create new and useful solutions to authentic problems.	(B) apply an appropriate design process that includes components to improve processes and refine original products for authentic problems.	(B) apply an appropriate design process that includes components to generate multiple solutions for an authentic problem and develop original products.	(B) discuss and implement a design process using digital tools to compare, contrast, and evaluate student-generated outcomes; and	(B) discuss and implement a design process that includes planning and selecting digital tools to develop and refine a prototype or model through trial and error; and	(B) discuss and implement a design process that includes planning, selecting digital tools to develop, test, and evaluate design limitations, and refining a prototype or model; and (C) identify how the design
						the design process is used in various industries.	the design process is used in various industries.	the design process is used in various industries.

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
Kindergarten	Grade 1 (4) Creativity and innovation-emerging technologies. The student understands that technology is dynamic and impacts different communities. The student is expected to	(4) Creativity and innovationemerging technologies. The student demonstrates an understanding that technology is dynamic and impacts different communities. The student is	(4) Creativity and innovationemerging technologies. The student demonstrates an understanding that technology is dynamic and impacts different communities. The student is	(4) Creativity and innovationemerging technologies. The student demonstrates an understanding that technology is dynamic and impacts different communities. The student is	(4) Creativity and innovationemerging technologies. The student demonstrates an understanding that technology is dynamic and impacts different communities. The student is	(4) Creativity and innovationemerging technologies. The student demonstrates a thorough understanding of the role of technology throughout history and its impact on societies. The student is	(4) Creativity and innovationemerging technologies. The student demonstrates a thorough understanding of the role of technology throughout history and its impact on societies. The student is	(4) Creativity and innovationemerging technologies. The student demonstrates a thorough understanding of the role of technology throughout history and its impact on societies. The student is
		expected to	expected to	expected to	expected to	expected to:	expected to:	expected to:
						(A) discuss how changes in technology throughout history have impacted various areas of study;	(A) explain how changes in technology throughout history have impacted various areas of study;	(A) evaluate how changes in technology throughout history have impacted various areas of study;
	(4) identify examples of how technology has impacted different communities.	(4) identify and analyze how technology impacts different communities.	(4) define emerging technologies.	(4) identify examples of emerging technologies.	(4) predict how emerging technologies may impact different communities.	(B) discuss how global trends impact the development of technology; and	(B) explain how global trends impact the development of technology; and	(B) evaluate and predict how global trends impact the development of technology; and
						(C) transfer current knowledge to the learning of newly encountered technologies.	(C) transfer current knowledge to the learning of newly encountered technologies.	(C) transfer current knowledge to the learning of newly encountered technologies.

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(4) Data literacy, management, and representation-collect data. The student defines data and explains how data can be found and collected. The student is expected to:	(5) Data literacy, management, and representation-collect data. The student defines data and explains how data can be found and collected. The student is expected to:	(5) Data literacy, management, and representation-collect data. The student defines data and explains how data can be found and collected. The student is expected to:	(5) Data literacy, management, and representation-collect data. The student uses digital strategies to collect and identify data. The student is expected to:	(5) Data literacy, management, and representation-collect data. The student uses digital strategies to collect and identify data. The student is expected to:	(5) Data literacy, management, and representation-collect data. The student uses digital strategies to collect and identify data. The student is expected to:	(5) Data literacy, management, and representation-collect data. The student uses advanced digital strategies to collect and represent data. The student is expected to:	(5) Data literacy, management, and representation-collect data. The student uses advanced digital strategies to collect and represent data. The student is expected to:	(5) Data literacy, management, and representation-collect data. The student uses advanced digital strategies to collect and represent data. The student is expected to:
(A) communicate an understanding that data is information collected about people, events, or objects such as computer searches and weather patterns; and	(A) explore and collect many types of data such as preferences or daily routines of people, events, or objects; and	(A) identify and collect non-numerical data, such as weather patterns, preferred reading genres, and holidays; and	(A) identify and collect numerical data such as the price of goods or temperature; and	(A) classify numerical and non-numerical data; and	(A) identify and collect quantitative and qualitative data with digital tools; and	(A) demonstrate how data can be represented in Boolean expression; and	(A) demonstrate how data can be represented in a binary number systems; and	(A) compare and contrast data types, including binary, integers, real numbers, Boolean data, and text-based representations; and
(B) communicate with adult assistance the idea that digital devices can search for and retrieve information.	(B) conduct a basic search using provided keywords and digital sources with adult assistance.	(B) conduct a basic search independently using provided keywords and digital sources.	(B) use various search strategies with adult assistance.	(B) identify and collect data by using various search strategies, including two or more keywords within specific parameters.	(B) identify keyword(s), Boolean operators, and limiters within provided search strategies.	(B) discuss and use advanced search strategies, including keywords, Boolean operators, and limiters.	(B) evaluate advanced search strategies, including keywords, Boolean operators, and limiters.	(B) apply appropriate search strategies, including keywords, Boolean operators, and limiters, to achieve a specified outcome that includes a variety of file formats.

Technology Applications K-8 Vertical Alignment Data Literacy, Management, and Representation: Organize, Manage, and Analyze Data

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
			(6) Data literacy, management, and representation-organize, manage, and analyze data. The student uses data to answer questions. The student is expected to	(6) Data literacy, management, and representation-organize, manage, and analyze data. The student uses data to answer questions. The student is expected to	(6) Data literacy, management, and representation-organize, manage, and analyze data. The student uses data to answer questions. The student is expected to	(6) Data literacy, management, and representation-organize, manage, and analyze data. The student uses digital tools to transform data, make inferences, and predictions. The student is expected to	(6) Data literacy, management, and representation-organize, manage, and analyze data. The student uses digital tools to transform data, make inferences, and predictions. The student is expected to	(6) Data literacy, management, and representation-organize, manage, and analyze data. The student uses digital tools to transform data, make inferences, and predictions. The student is expected to
-	-	-	(6) analyze data in graphs to identify and discuss trends and inferences.	(6) use digital tools to transform and make inferences about data to answer a question.	(6) use digital tools to analyze and transform data and make inferences to answer questions.	(6) use digital tools to transform data in order to identify and discuss trends and make inferences.	(6) use digital tools in order to transform data to analyze trends and make inferences and predictions.	(6) use digital tools in order to transform data, analyze trends, and predict possibilities and develop steps for the creation of an innovative process or product.

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
		(6) Data literacy, management, and representation-communicate and publish results. The student communicates data through the use of digital tools. The student is expected to	(7) Data literacy, management, and representation-communicate and publish results. The student communicates data through the use of digital tools to inform an audience. The student is expected to	(7) Data literacy, management, and representation-communicate and publish results. The student communicates data through the use of digital tools to inform an audience. The student is expected to	(7) Data literacy, management, and representation-communicate and publish results. The student communicates data through the use of digital tools to inform an audience. The student is expected to	(7) Data literacy, management, and representation-communicate and publish results. The student creates digital products to communicate data to an audience for an intended purpose. The student is expected to	(7) Data literacy, management, and representation-communicate and publish results. The student creates digital products to communicate data to an audience for an intended purpose. The student is expected to	(7) Data literacy, management, and representation-communicate and publish results. The student creates digital products to communicate data to an audience for an intended purpose. The student is expected to
-	-	(6) use a digital tool to individually or collaboratively create and communicate data visualizations such as pictographs and bar graphs.	(7) use digital tools to communicate and publish results to inform an intended audience.	(7) use digital tools to communicate results of an inquiry to inform an intended audience.	(7) use digital tools to communicate and display data using appropriate visualization to inform an intended audience.	(7) use digital tools to communicate and display data from a product or process to inform an intended audience.	(7) use digital tools to communicate and display data from a product or process to inform or persuade an intended audience.	(7) use digital tools to communicate and publish data from a product or process to persuade an intended audience.

Digital Citizenship: Social Interactions Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(5) Digital citizenship-social interactions. The student identifies appropriate ways to communicate in various digital environments. The student is expected to	(6) Digital citizenship social interactions. The student identifies appropriate ways to communicate in various digital environments. The student is expected to	(7) Digital citizenship social interactions. The student identifies appropriate ways to communicate in various digital environments. The student is expected to	(8) Digital citizenship social interactions. The student understands different styles of digital communication and that a student's actions online can have a long- term impact. The student is expected to:	(8) Digital citizenship social interactions. The student understands different styles of digital communication and that a student's actions online can have a long- term impact. The student is expected to:	(8) Digital citizenship social interactions. The student understands different styles of digital communication and that a student's actions online can have a long- term impact. The student is expected to:	(8) Digital citizenship social interactions. The student understands different styles of digital communication and that a student's actions online can have a long- term impact. The student is expected to:	(8) Digital citizenship social interactions. The student understands different styles of digital communication and that a student's actions online can have a long- term impact. The student is expected to:	(8) Digital citizenship social interactions. The student understands different styles of digital communication and that a student's actions online can have a long- term impact. The student is expected to:
(5) identify and demonstrate responsible behavior within a digital environment.	(6) describe and demonstrate respectful behavior within a digital environment.	(7) participate in digital environments to develop responsible and respectful interactions.	(A) define digital footprint;	(A) describe how information retained online creates a	(A) identify the components of a digital footprint such as online	(A) identify the impact of a digital footprint;	(A) classify actions as having a positive or negative effect on	(A) analyze the importance of managing a digital footprint
				permanent digital footprint;	activity, game use, or social media platforms;		a digital footprint;	and how a digital footprint can affect the future;

Digital Citizenship: Social Interactions Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
			(B) define digital etiquette; and	(B) describe appropriate digital etiquette for various forms of digital communication such as text, email, and online chat; and	(B) describe appropriate digital etiquette for addressing different audiences such as peers, teachers, and other adults; and	(B) create formal and informal digital communications using appropriate digital etiquette; and	(B) create and revise formal and informal communications using a feedback process and appropriate digital etiquette; and	(B) create and publish a formal digital communication for a global audience using appropriate digital etiquette; and
			(C) define digital collaboration.	(C) demonstrate appropriate digital etiquette for various forms of digital collaboration such as shared documents, video conferencing, and other platforms.	(C) apply appropriate digital etiquette for collaborating with different audiences such as peers, teachers, and other adults.	(C) collaborate on digital platforms such as recording a video conference presentation using appropriate formal and informal digital etiquette.	(C) collaborate on digital platforms such as recording a video conference presentation using appropriate formal and informal digital etiquette.	(C) collaborate and publish for a global audience on digital platforms such as recording and editing videos using appropriate formal and informal digital etiquette.

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(6) Digital citizenship ethics and laws. The student recognizes and practices responsible, legal, and ethical behavior while using digital tools and resources. The student is expected to: (A) demonstrate acceptable use of digital resources and devices as outlined in local policies or acceptable use policy (AUP); and	(7) Digital citizenship ethics and laws. The student recognizes and practices responsible, legal, and ethical behavior while using digital tools and resources. The student is expected to: (A) explain and demonstrate the importance of acceptable use of digital resources and devices as outlined in local policies or acceptable use policy (AUP); and	(8) Digital citizenship ethics and laws. The student recognizes and practices responsible, legal, and ethical behavior while using digital tools and resources. The student is expected to: (A) explain and demonstrate the importance of acceptable use of digital resources and devices as outlined in local policies or acceptable use policy (AUP); and	(9) Digital citizenship ethics and laws. The student recognizes and practices responsible, legal, and ethical behavior while using digital tools and resources. The student is expected to: (A) demonstrate adherence to local acceptable use policy (AUP) that reflects positive social behavior in the digital environment;	(9) Digital citizenship ethics and laws. The student recognizes and practices responsible, legal, and ethical behavior while using digital tools and resources. The student is expected to: (A) demonstrate adherence to local acceptable use policy (AUP) and explain the importance of responsible and ethical technology use;	(9) Digital citizenship ethics and laws. The student recognizes and practices responsible, legal, and ethical behavior while using digital tools and resources. The student is expected to: (A) demonstrate adherence to local acceptable use policy (AUP) and explain the importance of responsible and ethical technology use;	(9) Digital citizenship ethics and laws. The student recognizes and practices responsible, legal, and ethical behavior while using digital tools and resources. The student is expected to: (A) adhere to local acceptable use policy (AUP) and practice safe, ethical, and positive online behaviors;	(9) Digital citizenship ethics and laws. The student recognizes and practices responsible, legal, and ethical behavior while using digital tools and resources. The student is expected to: (A) adhere to local acceptable use policy (AUP) and practice and model safe, ethical, and positive online behaviors;	(9) Digital citizenship ethics and laws. The student recognizes and practices responsible, legal, and ethical behavior while using digital tools and resources. The student is expected to: (A) adhere to local acceptable use policy (AUP) and practice and advocate for safe, ethical, and positive online behaviors;
(B) communicate an understanding that all digital content has owners.	(B) communicate an understanding that all digital content has owners and explain the importance of respecting others' belongings as they apply to digital content and information.	(B) communicate an understanding that all digital content has owners and explain the importance of respecting others' belongings as they apply to digital content and information.	(B) communicate the purpose of copyright law and identify appropriate and inappropriate uses of digital content and information; and	(B) describe the rights and responsibilities of a creator, define copyright law, and explain how copyright law applies to creative work; and	(B) describe the purpose of copyright law and the possible consequences for inappropriate use of digital content; and	(B) discuss and define intellectual property and associated terms, including copyright law, permission, fair use, creative commons, open source, and public domain;	(B) explain the importance of intellectual property laws, including the benefits of protection for content owners, and the consequences of violating these laws;	(B) adhere to appropriate intellectual property law when creating digital products;

Digital Citizenship: Ethics and Laws Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
			(C) identify the required elements of citations for digital forms of media.	(C) create citations for digital forms of media with assistance.	(C) create citations for digital forms of media with assistance.	(C) create citations and cite sources for a variety of digital forms of intellectual property; and	(C) create citations and cite sources for a variety of digital forms of intellectual property; and	(C) create citations and cite sources for a variety of digital forms of intellectual property; and
						(D) describe how information can be exaggerated or misrepresented online.	(D) evaluate how various types of media, including social media, and technology can be used to exaggerate and misrepresent information.	(D) evaluate the bias of digital information sources, including websites.

Digital Citizenship: Privacy, Safety, and Security Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(7) Digital citizenship privacy, safety, and security. The student practices safe, legal, and ethical digital behaviors to become a socially responsible digital citizen. The student is expected to:	(8) Digital citizenship privacy, safety, and security. The student practices safe, legal, and ethical digital behaviors to become a socially responsible digital citizen. The student is expected to:	(9) Digital citizenship privacy, safety, and security. The student practices safe, legal, and ethical digital behaviors to become a socially responsible digital citizen. The student is expected to:	(10) Digital citizenship privacy, safety, and security. The student practices safe, legal, and ethical digital behaviors to become a socially responsible digital citizen. The student is expected to:	(10) Digital citizenship privacy, safety, and security. The student practices safe, legal, and ethical digital behaviors to become a socially responsible digital citizen. The student is expected to:	(10) Digital citizenship privacy, safety, and security. The student practices safe, legal, and ethical digital behaviors to become a socially responsible digital citizen. The student is expected to:	(10) Digital citizenship privacy, safety, and security. The student practices safe, legal, and ethical digital behaviors to become a socially responsible digital citizen. The student is expected to:	(10) Digital citizenship privacy, safety, and security. The student practices safe, legal, and ethical digital behaviors to become a socially responsible digital citizen. The student is expected to:	(10) Digital citizenship privacy, safety, and security. The student practices safe, legal, and ethical digital behaviors to become a socially responsible digital citizen. The student is expected to:
(A) identify ways to keep a user account safe, including not sharing login information and logging off accounts and devices; and	(A) identify ways to keep a user account safe, including not sharing login information and logging off accounts and devices;	(A) demonstrate account safety, including creating a strong password and logging off accounts and devices;	(A) demonstrate account safety, including creating a strong password and logging off accounts and devices;	(A) demonstrate account safety, including creating a strong password and logging off devices, and explain the importance of these practices;	(A) discuss cybersecurity strategies such as using a secured internet connection to protect digital information;	(A) identify real-world cybersecurity problems such as phishing, malware, password attacks, identity theft, and hacking; and	(A) describe and model ways to protect oneself from real-world cybersecurity attacks; and	(A) analyze real-world scenarios to identify cybersecurity threats and propose ways to prevent harm; and
(B) identify and discuss what information is safe to share online such as hobbies and likes and dislikes and what information is unsafe such as identifying information.	(B) identify and discuss what information is safe to share online such as hobbies and likes and dislikes and what information is unsafe such as identifying information; and	(B) compare and contrast private and public information and discuss what is safe to be shared online and with whom; and	(B) describe ways to employ safe practices such as protecting digital identity and avoid online dangers such as accessing unsafe websites or clicking on suspicious links; and	(B) identify and discuss types of data collection tools such as cookies, pop-ups, smart devices, and unsecured networks and explain why it is important to maintain digital privacy; and	(B) discuss how data collection technology is used to track online navigation and identify strategies to maintain digital privacy and security; and			

Digital Citizenship: Privacy, Safety, and Security Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
	(C) discuss and define cyberbullying with teacher support and guidance.	(C) discuss cyberbullying and identify examples.	(C) discuss cyberbullying and explain how to respond to cyberbullying.	(C) discuss and explain how to respond to cyberbullying, including advocating for self and others.	(C) discuss and identify how interactions can escalate online and explain ways to stand up to cyberbullying, including advocating for self and others.	(B) identify various methods of cyberbullying such as harassment, impersonation, and cyberstalking.	(B) analyze the negative impacts of cyberbullying on the victim and the bully.	(B) evaluate scenarios or case studies to identify warning signs of a cyberbullying victim such as withdrawal or lack of sleep and predict the outcomes for both the victim and the bully.

Practical Technology Concepts: Processes Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
			(11) Practical technology concepts processes. The student engages with technology systems, concepts, and operations. The student is expected to:	(11) Practical technology concepts processes. The student engages with technology systems, concepts, and operations. The student is expected to:	(11) Practical technology concepts processes. The student engages with technology systems, concepts, and operations. The student is expected to:	(11) Practical technology concepts processes. The student evaluates and selects appropriate methods or techniques for an independent project and identifies and solves common hardware and software problems using troubleshooting strategies. The student is expected to	(11) Practical technology concepts processes. The student evaluates and selects appropriate methods or techniques for an independent project and identifies and solves common hardware and software problems using troubleshooting strategies. The student is expected to	(11) Practical technology concepts processes. The student evaluates and selects appropriate methods or techniques for an independent project and identifies and solves common hardware and software problems using troubleshooting strategies. The student is expected to:
			(A) compare and contrast applications such as word processor, spreadsheet, and presentation tools for relevance to an assigned task; and	(A) evaluate and choose applications for relevance to an assigned task; and	(A) identify file types for text, graphics, and multimedia files; and	(11) create and design files in various formats such as text, graphics, video, and audio files.	(11) choose a variety of digital tools to create, share, and communicate digital artifacts.	(A) combine various file formats for a specific project or audience; and

Practical Technology Concepts: Processes Substrand

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
			(B) perform	(B) perform	(B) perform			(B) share and
			software	software	software			seek feedback on
			application	application	application			files in various
			functions such as	functions such as	functions,			formats,
			inserting or	outline options,	including			including text,
			deleting text,	bulleting, and	inserting or			raster and vector
			inserting images,	numbering lists,	deleting text and			graphics, video,
			and formatting	and perform	images and			and audio files.
			page layout and	editing functions	formatting tools			
			margins.	such as finding	or options.			
			_	and replacing.	•			

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(8) Practical technology conceptsskills and tools. The student demonstrates knowledge and appropriate use of technology systems, concepts, and operations. The student is expected to:	(9) Practical technology conceptsskills and tools. The student demonstrates knowledge and appropriate use of technology systems, concepts, and operations. The student is expected to:	(10) Practical technology conceptsskills and tools. The student demonstrates knowledge and appropriate use of technology systems, concepts, and operations. The student is expected to:	(12) Practical technology conceptsskills and tools. The student selects appropriate methods or techniques for an assigned task and identifies and solves simple hardware and software problems using common troubleshooting strategies. The student is expected to:	(12) Practical technology conceptsskills and tools. The student selects appropriate methods or techniques for an assigned task and identifies and solves simple hardware and software problems using common troubleshooting strategies. The student is expected to:	(12) Practical technology conceptsskills and tools. The student selects appropriate methods or techniques for an assigned task and identifies and solves simple hardware and software problems using common troubleshooting strategies. The student is expected to:	(12) Practical technology conceptsskills and tools. The student leverages technology systems, concepts, and operations to produce digital artifacts. The student is ex	(12) Practical technology conceptsskills and tools. The student leverages technology systems, concepts, and operations to produce digital artifacts. The student is expected to:	(12) Practical technology conceptsskills and tools. The student leverages technology systems, concepts, and operations to produce digital artifacts. The student is expected to:
(A) use a variety of applications, devices, and online learning environments to engage with content;	(A) select and use a variety of applications, devices, and online learning environments to create an original product;	(A) select and use a variety of applications, devices, and online learning environments to create and share content;						

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(B) identify basic computer hardware, including a variety of input and output devices, and software using accurate terminology;	(B) describe basic computer hardware, including a variety of input and output devices, and software using accurate terminology;	(B) identify, compare, and describe the function of basic computer hardware, including a variety of input and output devices, and software applications using accurate terminology;	(A) communicate an understanding of terminology related to operating systems and network systems such as internet, intranet, wireless network, shortrange wireless technology, and learning management systems;	(A) communicate an understanding of terminology related to virtual systems such as video conferencing, augmented reality, and virtual reality environments;	(A) describe and evaluate operating systems, learning management systems, virtual systems, and network systems such as internet, intranet, wireless network, and short-range wireless technology;	(A) apply appropriate technology terminology such as cloud applications, input, output, and basic programming;	(A) demonstrate proficiency in the appropriate use of technology terminology in projects through team collaboration and communication;	(A) integrate use of appropriate technology terminology in scholarly inquiry and dialogue such as classroom discussion and written samples;
(C) perform software application functions such as opening an application and modifying, printing, and saving digital artifacts using a variety of developmentally appropriate digital tools and resources;	(C) perform software application functions such as file management, collaboration, and the creation and revision of digital artifacts using a variety of developmentally appropriate digital tools and resources;	(C) operate a variety of developmentally appropriate digital tools and resources to perform software application functions such as reviewing digital artifacts and designing solutions to problems;	(B) identify where and how to save files such as using appropriate naming conventions and effective file management strategies;	(B) evaluate where and how to save, including the use of appropriate naming conventions and effective file management strategies and folder structures;	(B) organize files using appropriate naming conventions and folder structures;	(B) identify effective file management strategies such as file naming conventions, local and remote locations, backup, hierarchy, folder structure, file conversion, tags, and emerging digital organizational strategies;	(B) demonstrate effective file management strategies such as file naming conventions, local and remote locations, backup, hierarchy, folder structure, file conversion, tags, and emerging digital organizational strategies with assistance;	(B) implement effective file management strategies independently, including file naming conventions, local and remote locations, backup, hierarchy, folder structure, file conversion, tags, and emerging digital organizational strategies;
						(C) select and use the appropriate platform and tools to complete a specific task or project;	(C) select and use appropriate platform and tools, including selecting and using software or hardware for a defined task;	(C) select and use appropriate platform and tools, including selecting and using software or hardware to transfer data;

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
(D) practice ergonomically correct keyboarding techniques and developmentally appropriate hand and body positions; and	(D) practice ergonomically correct keyboarding techniques and developmentally appropriate hand and body positions; and	(D) practice ergonomically correct keyboarding techniques and developmentally appropriate hand and body positions; and	(C) demonstrate proper touch keyboarding techniques with accuracy and ergonomic strategies such as correct hand and body positions;	(C) demonstrate proper touch keyboarding techniques with speed and accuracy and ergonomic strategies such as correct hand and body positions;	(C) demonstrate proper touch keyboarding techniques with increasing speed and accuracy and ergonomic strategies such as correct hand and body positions;	(D) demonstrate improvement in speed and accuracy as measured by words per minute when applying correct keyboarding techniques;	(D) demonstrate improvement in speed and accuracy as measured by words per minute when applying correct keyboarding techniques;	(D) demonstrate improvement in speed and accuracy as measured by words per minute when applying correct keyboarding techniques;
(E) identify, locate, and practice using keys on the keyboard, including letters, numbers, and special keys such as space bar and backspace.	(E) identify, locate, and practice using keys on the keyboard, including upperand lower-case letters, numbers, and special keys such as space bar, shift, and backspace.	(E) identify, locate, and practice using keys on the keyboard, including secondary actions of different keys such as "@," "#," "\$," and "?".	(D) identify and practice using keyboard or other input device shortcuts for actions such as copy, paste, undo, or closing windows; and	(D) identify and practice using cross-curricular symbols or other input device shortcuts on a keyboard; and	(D) demonstrate keyboard or other input device shortcuts with fluency; and	(E) select and use appropriate shortcuts within applications;	(E) select and use appropriate shortcuts within applications;	(E) select and use appropriate shortcuts within applications;
	backspace.		(E) identify minor technical problems with hardware and software and solve the issues with assistance.	(E) use troubleshooting strategies to solve minor technical problems with hardware and software such as restarting software or rebooting hardware.	(E) use help sources to research application features and solve software issues.	(F) use help sources to research application features and solve software issues;	(F) research and test potential solutions to solve hardware and software problems;	(F) apply appropriate troubleshooting techniques and seek technical assistance as needed;

Kindergarten	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	Grade 8
						(G) identify types of local and remote data storage such as cloud architecture or local server; and	(G) use a variety of types of local and remote data storage to store or share data such as cloud architecture or local server; and	(G) compare types of local and remote data storage such as cloud architecture or local server and select the appropriate type of storage to store and share data; and
						(H) use productivity tools found in spread sheet, word processing, and publication applications to create digital artifacts such as reports, graphs, and charts.	(H) select and use productivity tools found in spread sheet, word processing, and publication applications to create digital artifacts such as reports, graphs, and charts with increasing complexity.	(H) select and use productivity tools found in spread sheet, word processing, and publication applications to create digital artifacts, including reports, graphs, and charts, with increasing complexity.